

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

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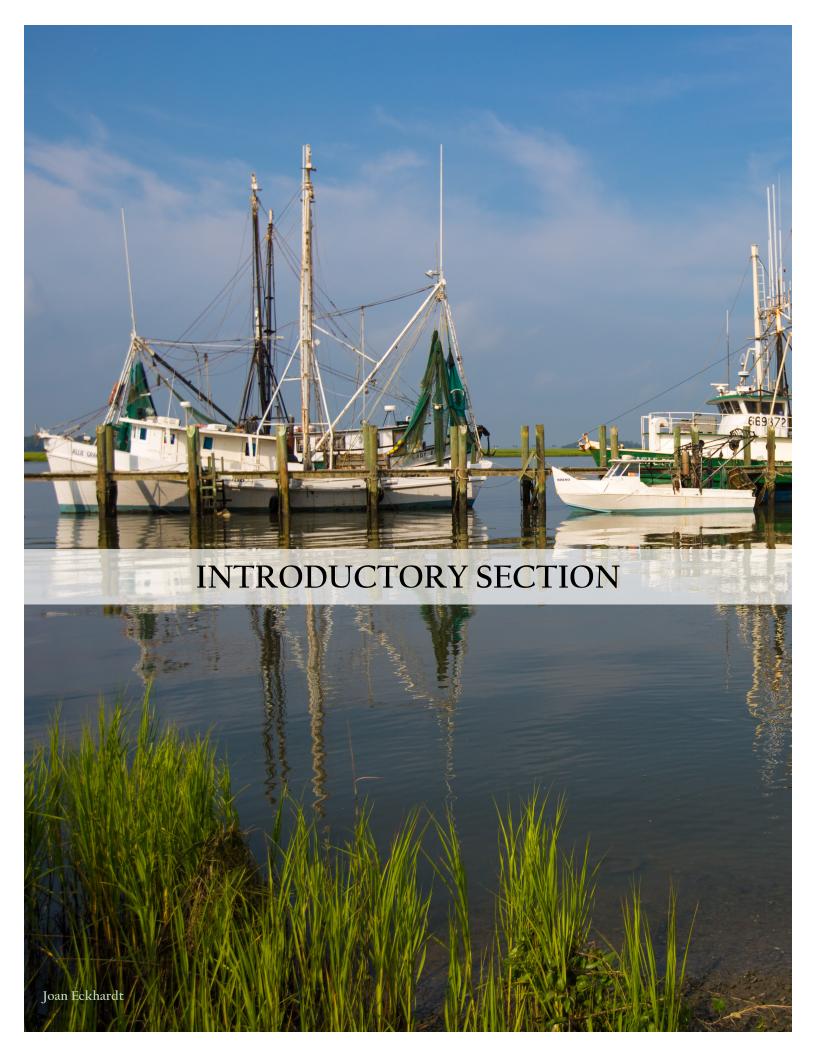
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County Council of Beaufort County

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February 29, 2020

To the Chairman, Members of Beaufort County Council, And Citizens of Beaufort County Beaufort, South Carolina

Presented herein is the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") of Beaufort County, South Carolina for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. This report has been prepared by the County's Finance Department, and the responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the County. We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material aspects; that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the County as measured by the financial activity of its various funds; and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the County's financial affairs are included.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Mauldin & Jenkins LLC, a firm of licensed certified public accountants, has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the County's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2019. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A") immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

PROFILE OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT

Beaufort County, which was founded in 1769, operates under the Council/Administrator form of government with Council members elected for four-year terms from each of the eleven single-member districts. This report includes all funds of Beaufort County that are controlled by this governing body, and are considered to be the "reporting entity" known as Beaufort County. The services provided by this reporting entity, and therefore reflected in this financial report, include, but are not limited to: General Government (general administrative services, tax assessment and collection, courts and criminal justice administration, economic development); Public Safety (law enforcement, detention center, emergency medical services, emergency management, building codes enforcement, animal services); Public Works (facilities and grounds maintenance, roads and drainage, engineering, solid waste); Public Health (mosquito control, alcohol and drug abuse programs, disabilities and special needs programs, various subsidies); Public Welfare (veterans services, social services, various subsidies); and Cultural and Recreation (library, parks and recreational services, education subsidies).

In light of GASB Statement 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, the County has excluded the school district, the various public service districts, the fire districts, and the municipalities located within its boundaries as County Council does not exercise oversight responsibility, and accordingly each entity has sufficient discretion in the management of its own affairs. The County Treasurer does collect property taxes and other forms of revenue on behalf of these other political entities. The results of the fiduciary responsibility are reported on the combined financial statements as Agency Funds.

LOCAL ECONOMY

Beaufort County is located in the southeastern corner of the State of South Carolina, known as the "Lowcountry." With a total area of approximately 923 square miles, of which approximately 576 square miles or 62% is land and approximately 347 square miles or 38% is water, it is bordered to the south and east by the Atlantic Ocean, to the west by Jasper County, and to the north by Hampton and Colleton Counties. Beaufort County stretches nearly 30 miles along the Atlantic Ocean and includes 64 major islands and hundreds of small islands.

The County is one of the fastest growing areas in South Carolina, with an estimated population of 188,715 in 2019, up from 162,233 in 2010 and 86,425 in 1990. The County is a center for tourism, retirement and the associated services, and the military in South Carolina. The County has a balanced and very stable economy, created by a diversity of public and private employers, with the unemployment rate well below the statewide average and that of the neighboring counties. The local tax base has grown an average of approximately 2% per year over the last five years (discounting the reassessment years).

In addition to the established resort community of Hilton Head Island, there are several major developments established in southern Beaufort County. These developments include Sun City Hilton Head, with more than 15,000 residents expected at build-out; Spring Island, Callawassie Island, Colleton River Plantation, Belfair, Berkeley Hall, Palmetto Bluff and Westbury Park. As expected, these developments have sparked an increase in commercial construction along the Highway 278 corridor, including a Home Depot, a Lowe's, an expanded Factory Outlet Mall, a Dick's Sporting Goods store, a Target department store, Sam's Club Wholesale store, Wal-mart and several major supermarkets. During fiscal year 2019, a Kroger Marketplace store was completed and opened at Buckwalter Place in Bluffton. Kroger is the anchor for a 34-acre mixed use development that also includes restaurant and retail space, multi-family housing and public common areas. Likewise, in northern Beaufort County, communities continue to develop at Dataw Island, Lady's Island, Cat Island, Brays Island, and Habersham and throughout the City of Beaufort, as well as the Town of Port Royal.

At the end of fiscal year 2019, Beaufort Memorial Hospital was constructing a new medical pavilion in the southern area of the County. The new medical pavilion will be 70,000 square feet and is on a 19 acre site located in Okatie, South Carolina. The facility is scheduled to be completed in the fall of 2020 and will provide Beaufort County residents more convenient access to a variety of medical services and specialties, from primary care to cancer treatment.

Along with the Okatie Medical Pavilion, plans are in the works to build a \$44 million micro hospital – the first of its kind in South Carolina – on 13 acres near the corner of Buckwalter and Bluffton parkways. A joint venture between Beaufort Memorial Hospital and Medical University of South Carolina Health, the medical facility will include a 15-bed emergency room and 20 beds for acute care with a variety of service lines, including orthopaedics, cardiology and general surgery as well as lab and imaging.

Beaufort County is also the location for three major military installations, the U.S. Marine Corps Recruit Depot located at Parris Island, the Marine Corps Air Station-Beaufort, and the Beaufort Naval Hospital. These locations have benefited by the Department of Defense closing certain other military bases in the nation.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

Our number one goal is to make sure that Beaufort County remains financially sound and that we maintain a respectable contingency account to take care of the true emergencies that do arise from time to time; and to provide for a sufficient fund balance to enable our cash flow to carry us through those months prior to the billing and collection of property tax revenues. We have taken a systematic, businesslike approach to the running of Beaufort County. Additionally, we want to preserve our current "Aa1" Moody's and "AA+" Standard & Poor's bond ratings.

In December 2018, the County formally adopted written financial policy guidelines. This document provides policies and guidance for the County's operating budget, capital improvement projects ("CIP") budget, financial reserves including the general fund and debt service fund and a cash management and investment policy.

In December 1997, the County adopted a Comprehensive Plan for Beaufort County. A portion of this plan is a comprehensive land use study which proposes various "preservation areas and greenways". As a result, the County taxpayers approved four bond referendums totaling \$135,000,000 for the purchase of rural and critical lands. The County has issued the entire \$135 million of General Obligation bonds approved by the referendums. The County had expenditures of \$6,299,957 for this initiative during fiscal year 2019. The fifth bond referendum was approved in November 2018 in an amount not to exceed \$25 million for the purchase and maintenance of rural and critical lands.

In November 2006, County voters approved a 1% sales tax referendum, with the proceeds, along with County road impact fees, funding various major road projects throughout Beaufort County. This 1% sales tax ended in 2013. These projects include the expansion of the Bluffton Parkway, Boundary Street improvements and the widening of South Carolina Highway 170. In addition to the sales tax and impact fee revenue, the County has obtained partial grant funding for these projects as well. The County had expenditures of \$1,121,175 for these projects during fiscal year 2019.

In November 2018, County voters approved a 1% sales tax referendum that became effective in May 2019 and will be in place for four years, or until a total of \$120 million in resulting revenue has been collected. This revenue will fund the repair and/or replacement of the Hilton Head Island bridge, roadway traffic improvements between the Woods Memorial Bridge and the Chowan Creek Bridge as outlined in the Lady's Island Corridor Study dated May 19, 2017, and install and repair sidewalks and multi-use pathways at multiple locations within Beaufort County to provide safe walking routes to schools and improved access to residential communities.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

In November 2014, the County issued \$19,450,000 of general obligation bonds bearing interest rates of 2.0% to 3.25% and with varying maturity dates through 2034. The proceeds of these bonds are currently being used for various planned facility upgrades including roof replacements, HVAC replacement, technology upgrades, a new Animal Services Facility that is centrally located within the County, as well as Hilton Head Island Airport Projects. The County had expenditures of \$1,171,205 for these projects during fiscal year 2019.

In March 2016, the County issued \$17,950,000 of general obligation advance refunding bonds bearing interest rates of 2.0% to 4.0% and with varying maturity dates through 2027. The bond proceeds were used to advance refund \$18,375,000 of outstanding 2007A general obligation bonds which had interest rates ranging from 4.0% to 4.75%.

In 2017, the County issued \$51,000,000 of general obligation bonds bearing interest rates of 3.13% to 5% and with varying maturity dates through 2037. \$31 million of the proceeds of these bonds will be used for various County and Stormwater Utility capital projects and \$20 million of the proceeds of these bonds will be used for the County's rural and critical land projects, as approved by referendum in November 2014. During fiscal year 2019, the County had expenditures of \$10,731,485 related to the capital projects funded by these bonds.

In 2017, the County issued \$6,110,000 of general obligation refunding bonds bearing interest rates of 5.0% and with varying maturity dates through 2020. The net proceeds of \$6,424,372 (including a \$362,230 premium and after payment of \$47,858 in underwriting fees and other issuance costs) were used to provide funds for the defeasance of the 2007B general obligation bonds in the amount of \$6,405,000 bearing interest rates of 4.0% to 5.0%. As a result, the 2007B general obligation bonds are considered to be fully defeased.

In 2019, the County issued \$11.25 million of general obligation bonds bearing interest rates of 2.75% to 5% and with varying maturity dates through 2039. The proceeds of these bonds will be used to replace and repair critical County facilities at the main administration building in Beaufort, South Carolina, security upgrades to the County's detention center, and improve information technology infrastructure.

During fiscal year 2020, the County intends to update its capital project plan and contract with a vendor to conduct a facilities master plan for the major County facilities that house various administrative offices. The County will also update its compensation and classification study in an effort to recruit and retain quality employees.

RELEVANT FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The management of Beaufort County is responsible for developing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the County are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The County's accounting system has given consideration to the adequacy of internal accounting controls. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. This concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and that the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. Accordingly, management believes that the County's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada ("GFOA") awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Beaufort County, South Carolina for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. This was the tenth consecutive year that the government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

State statues require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants or independent public accountants. The accounting firm of Mauldin & Jenkins LLC was selected and approved by County Council. In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in the statutes, the audit also was designed to meet the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards ("Uniform Guidance"). The auditor's report on the financial statements is included in the financial section of this report. The auditor's reports, pertinent to the requirements of the Uniform Guidance, are included in the Single Audit Section.

The preparation of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report could not have been accomplished without the professional and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance Department throughout the fiscal year. We sincerely appreciate the efforts of other department heads and their employees who contributed to this report.

Additionally, we would like to express our appreciation to the County Council, County Administrator, Deputy County Administrator and the County legal staff for their continued support and understanding of the benefits of professional financial operations and reporting.

Respectfully submitted,

Alicia Holland, CPA, CGMA

Assistant County Administrator, Finance



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

Presented to

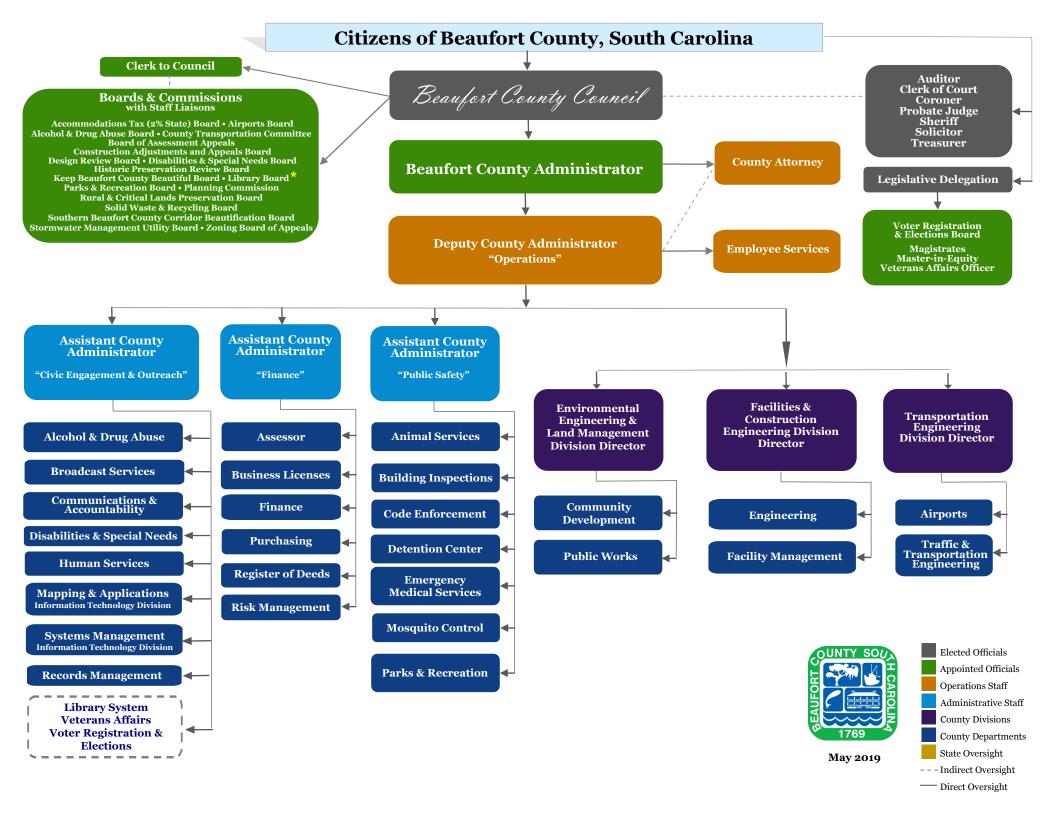
Beaufort County South Carolina

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2018

Christopher P. Morrill

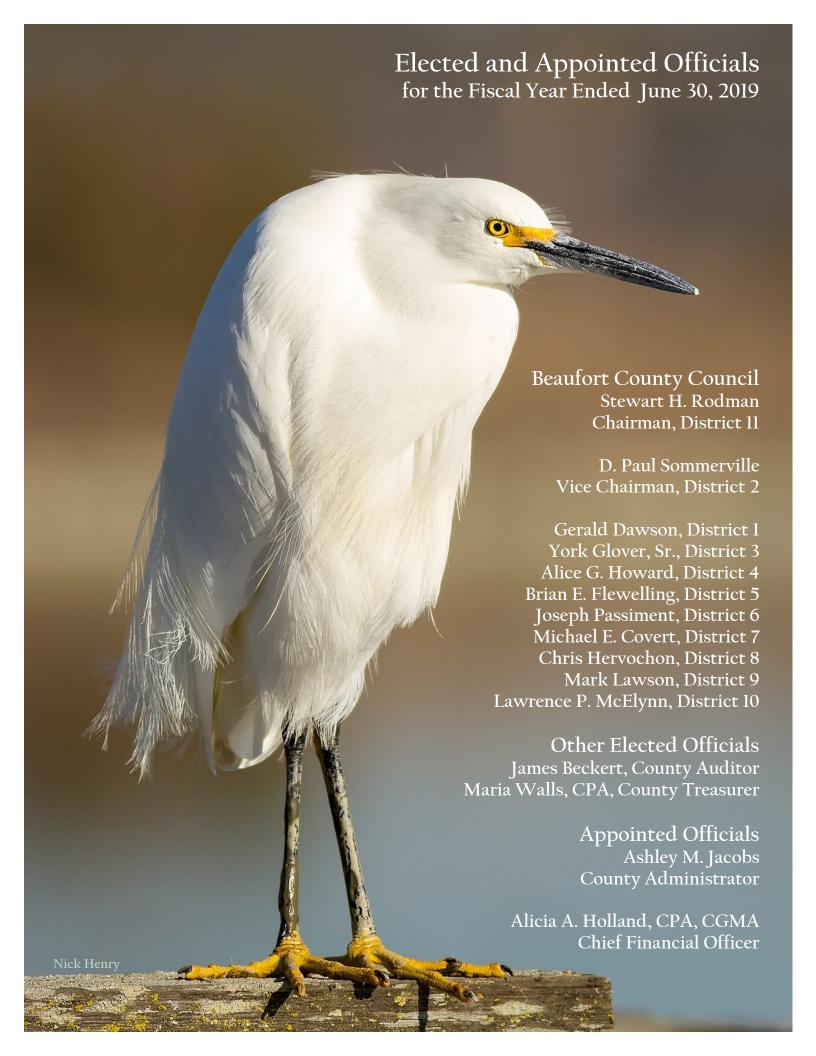
Executive Director/CEO

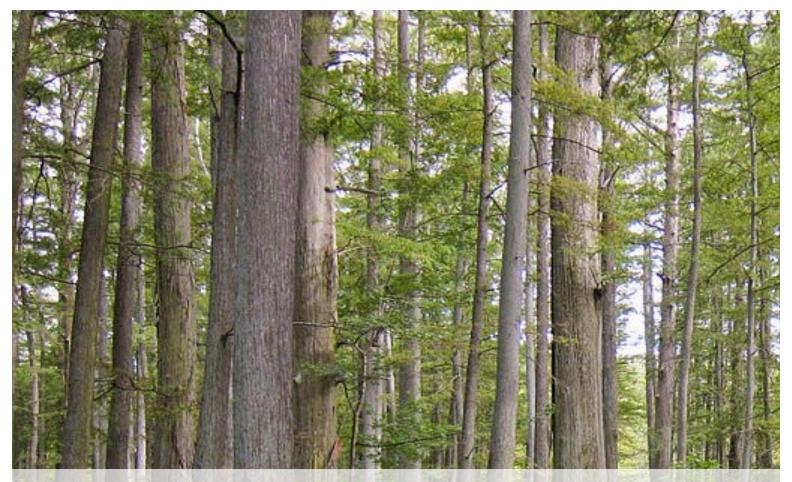


Commitment to Transparency

Beaufort County is pleased to present this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR), which has also been posted at our website (www.beaufortcountysc.gov). The CAFR is intended to give readers an idea of what Beaufort County strives to accomplish in its financial reporting and public programs and services. The goal of the CAFR is to present correct and complete data so that County finances will be understood and to visually show the value of what the numbers represent—a treasured quality of life and amazing outdoor environment, illustrated herein with photographs of images taken locally. The CAFR offers an effective and transparent venue for delivering this important information. Transparency in government is essential for building public trust and is one of Beaufort County's top priorities. We are proud of the recognition Beaufort County has received for its commitment to transparency and excellence, including consistent Certificates of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting from the Government Finance Officers Association.







FINANCIAL SECTION





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

County Council
of Beaufort County
Beaufort, South Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of **Beaufort County, South Carolina** (the "County"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Beaufort County, South Carolina's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis (on pages 4 – 19), the Schedule of Modified Approach for Airport Infrastructure Assets (on page 79), the Schedule of County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (on page 77), the Schedule of County's Pension Contributions (on page 78), and the Budgetary Comparison Schedule of the General Fund (on pages 74 – 76) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The introductory section, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, the budgetary comparison schedules, the combining statement of changes in assets and liabilities – agency funds, the statistical section, the Alcohol and Drug Abuse Programs Profit and Loss Statement, and the Daufuskie Ferry Schedule of Budgeted to Actual listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Uniform Schedule of Court Fines, Assessments, and Surcharges (per ACT 96) is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the State of South Carolina, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (the Uniform Guidance), and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, the budgetary comparison schedules, the combining statement of changes in assets and liabilities – agency funds, the Alcohol and Drug Abuse Programs Profit and Loss Statement, the Daufuskie Ferry Schedule of Budgeted to Actual, the Uniform Schedule of Court Fines, Assessments, and Surcharges (per ACT 96), and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, the budgetary comparison schedules, the combining statement of changes in assets and liabilities – agency funds, the Alcohol and Drug Abuse Programs Profit and Loss Statement, the Daufuskie Ferry Schedule of Budgeted to Actual, the Uniform Schedule of Court Fines, Assessments, and Surcharges (per ACT 96), and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 29, 2020, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC

Savannah, Georgia February 29, 2020



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

As management of Beaufort County, South Carolina (the "County"), we offer the readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage the readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages v – ix of this report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at June 30, 2019 by \$411,718,530 (net position). The County's net position is categorized in three categories. Of the total net position, \$380,789,689 is the County's investment in capital assets less the related debt, \$129,027,665 is restricted for specific purposes and (\$66,668,317) is the County's unrestricted deficit.
- The government's total net position increased by \$24,975,764 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 with a \$21,990,160 increase resulting from governmental activities and a \$2,985,604 increase resulting from business type activities.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$172,338,593, an increase of \$9,766,353 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 22%, \$37,214,289 is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the County's unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$37,214,289, or approximately 29% of the general fund expenditures and transfers out.
- The County's net capital assets increased by \$10,867,250 during the current fiscal year. The increase in governmental activities net capital assets of \$11,106,961 was the result of significant road improvements, the construction of a new animal services campus, the addition to a recreation center and real property acquisition as part of the County's land preservation program. The decrease in business type activities net capital assets of \$239,711 was due to disposal of capital equipment for the Stormwater Utility program as well as an increase in accumulated depreciation.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements – The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the County's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the County include general government, public safety, public works, public health, public welfare, and cultural and recreation. The business-type activities include the Stormwater Utility, the Lady's Island Airport, and the Hilton Head Island Airport. The business-type activities function for all practical purposes as departments of the County and, therefore, have been included as integral parts of the primary government.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 20 and 21 of this report.

Fund financial statements – A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows* and *outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the County's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, the County wide general obligation bonds fund, and the sales tax projects fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* following the notes to the financial statements in this report.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic fund financial statements for governmental funds can be found on pages 22 – 25 of this report.

Proprietary funds – The County maintains four different types of proprietary funds, three of which are enterprise funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for its Stormwater Utility, Lady's Island Airport and Hilton Head Island Airport operations. These funds report the services provided by the County for which the County charges a user fee or charge intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs.

Proprietary fund financial statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for Stormwater Utility, Lady's Island Airport, and the Hilton Head Island Airport, all of which are considered to be major funds of the County.

Internal service funds are an accounting mechanism to accumulate and allocate costs internally for the County. The County uses internal service funds to account for its garage.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 26 – 29 of this report.

Fiduciary funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs. The accounting used for the fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The statement of fiduciary net position can be found on page 30 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in both the government-wide and the fund financial statements. The notes are presented on pages 31 - 73 of the report.

Other supplemental information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain supplemental information that further supports the financial statements.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented within this section of this report and can be found on pages 88 – 153.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the County, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$411,718,530 as of June 30, 2019.

Of this amount, \$380,789,689 (approximately 92%) reflects the County's investment in capital assets (land, buildings and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses these capital assets to provide a variety of services to citizens. Accordingly, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to repay the debt.

An additional \$97,597,158 of the County's net position (approximately 24%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position is a deficit of \$66,668,317.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County is able to report positive balances in two categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The third category of net position is an unrestricted deficit for governmental activities of \$64,605,798 and business-type activities of \$2,062,519. These unrestricted deficits in net position are a result of the increased pension liability reported in fiscal year 2019. The pension liability is required to be measured and recognized in accordance with standards established by Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 68 and No. 71.

Beaufort County's Net Position

June 30, 2019 and 2018

	Governmen	ntal Activities Bu			Business-Ty	usiness-Type Activities			Total				
	2019		2018		2019		2018		2019		2018	Percent Change	
Current and other assets	\$ 180,777,693	\$	168,066,339	\$	14,015,431	\$	14,114,007	\$	194,793,124	\$	182,180,346	6.9%	
Capital assets	541,517,587		530,428,311		30,353,828		30,593,539		571,871,415		561,021,850	1.9%	
Total assets	\$ 722,295,280	\$	698,494,650	\$	44,369,259	\$	44,707,546	\$	766,664,539	\$	743,202,196	3.2%	
resources	\$ 25,405,408	\$	28,745,705	\$	861,795	\$	982,401	\$	26,267,203	\$	29,728,106	-11.6%	
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities	\$ 336,839,104 26,168,661	\$	342,452,533 22,729,518	\$	5,134,439 11,762,933	\$	5,079,691 15,279,649	\$	341,973,543 37,931,594	\$	347,532,224 38,009,167	-1.6% -0.2%	
Total liabilities	\$ 363,007,765	\$	365,182,051	\$	16,897,372	\$	20,359,340	\$	379,905,137	\$	385,541,391	-1.5%	
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 1,265,702	\$	621,243	\$	42,373	\$	24,902	\$	1,308,075	\$	646,145	102.4%	
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted (deficit)	\$ 350,435,861 97,597,158 (64,605,798)	\$	341,399,499 130,694,943 (110,657,381)	\$	30,353,828 - (2,062,519)	\$	30,593,539 - (5,287,834)	\$	380,789,689 97,597,158 (66,668,317)	\$	371,993,038 130,694,943 (115,945,215)	2.4% -25.3% -42.5%	
Total Net Position	\$ 383,427,221	\$	361,437,061	\$	28,291,309	\$	25,305,705	\$	411,718,530	\$	386,742,766	6.5%	

The County's total net position increased by nearly \$25 million during the 2019 fiscal year. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- The County's current and other assets increased by nearly \$12.6 million as compared to fiscal year 2018. This increase is mainly due to an increase in the County's cash and investments. During fiscal years 2017 and 2018, the County spent nearly \$40 million related to the recovery efforts of Hurricane Matthew. During fiscal years 2018 and 2019, the County received reimbursements from federal and state agencies for these recovery costs. Therefore, the County's cash balances have been fully restored as a result of Hurricane Matthew costs and related reimbursements.
- The County's net capital assets increased by \$10.9 million as compared to fiscal year 2018. This increase occurred mostly from the completion of significant road projects, the construction of a new animal services campus, the addition to a recreation center and real property acquisition as part of the County's land preservation program. See the capital assets and debt administration section below for more detail.
- The County's long-term liabilities decreased by \$5.6 million. This decrease is attributable to the net decrease of general obligation bonds outstanding in the amount of \$7 million. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 68 and No. 71 the County reported \$129.7 million as its proportionate share of pension liability as of June 30, 2019, an increase of \$2 million as compared to June 30, 2018.
- In fiscal year 2019, the County had \$26.2 million of deferred outflows of resources related to the inclusion of the County's proportionate share of its pension liability in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68 and No. 71. This is a \$3.5 million decrease as compared to fiscal year 2018.

Beaufort County's Changes in Net Position

For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018

	Governmental Activities		Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	
Revenues							
Program Revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 38,634,187	\$ 37,666,620	\$ 8,534,736	\$ 7,936,798	\$ 47,168,923	\$ 45,603,418	
Operating grants and contributions	13,405,223	14,438,073	47,260	42,960	13,452,483	14,481,033	
Capital grants and contributions	9,275,113	33,826,796	7,290,165	15,956,279	16,565,278	49,783,075	
General Revenues:							
Property taxes	119,334,712	116,478,416	-	=	119,334,712	116,478,416	
Sales taxes	46,453	109,728	-	-	46,453	109,728	
Grants and contributions	9,215,559	9,452,285		-	9,215,559	9,452,285	
Unrestricted investment earnings	5,557,428	1,495,650	272,185	150,396	5,829,613	1,646,046	
Miscellaneous	3,631,771	2,202,199			3,631,771	2,202,199	
Total Revenues	199,100,446	215,669,767	16,144,346	24,086,433	215,244,792	239,756,200	
Program Expenses							
Governmental Activities:							
General government	67,483,600	49,612,892	-	-	67,483,600	49,612,892	
Public safety	55,090,970	56,674,563	-	-	55,090,970	56,674,563	
Public works	13,085,477	19,930,159	-	-	13,085,477	19,930,159	
Public health	14,714,866	14,011,837	-	-	14,714,866	14,011,837	
Public welfare	4,208,514	5,935,476	-	-	4,208,514	5,935,476	
Cultural and recreation	17,544,898	15,682,409	-	=	17,544,898	15,682,409	
Interest	4,981,961	6,116,157	-	=	4,981,961	6,116,157	
Business-Type Activities:			4,366,551	E 404 400	4 200 EE4	E 424 400	
Stormwater Utility	-	-	1,404,657	5,431,198 996,300	4,366,551 1,404,657	5,431,198 996,300	
Lady's Island Airport Hilton Head Airport	•	-	7,587,534	17,922,483	7,587,534	17,922,483	
•	477 440 000	407.000.400					
Total Expenses	177,110,286	167,963,493	13,358,742	24,349,981	190,469,028	192,313,474	
Change in net position	21,990,160	47,706,274	2,785,604	(263,548)	24,775,764	47,442,726	
Net Position, beginning, as							
originally reported	361,437,061	313,730,787	25,305,705	25,569,253	386,742,766	339,300,040	
Net Position, beginning	361,437,061	313,730,787	25,305,705	25,569,253	386,742,766	339,300,040	
Net Position, ending	\$ 383,427,221	\$ 361,437,061	\$ 28,091,309	\$ 25,305,705	\$ 411,518,530	\$ 386,742,766	

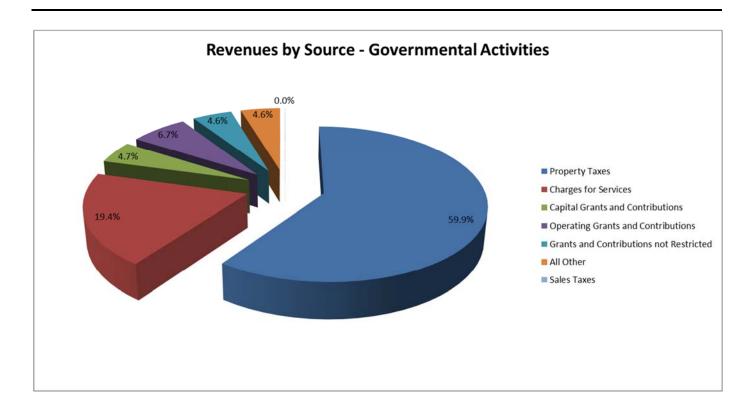
Governmental activities increased the County's net position by \$22 million, thereby accounting for 88% of the total increase in the net position of the County. Key elements in fiscal year 2019's activity are as follows:

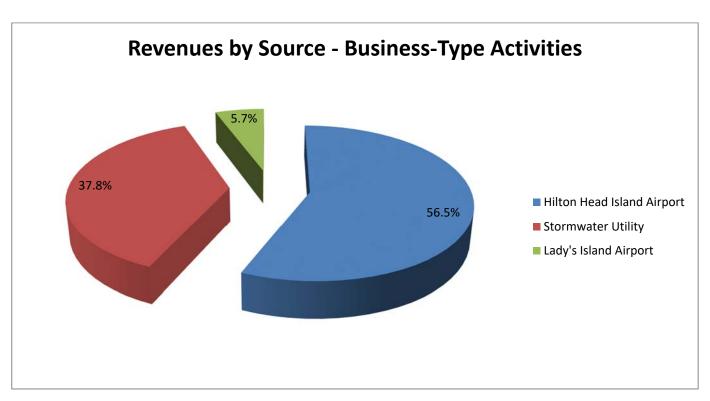
- Charges for services increased by \$1 million, or 2.6%, in fiscal year 2019 as compared to fiscal year 2018. The increase in charges for services is due to increased recording fees and emergency medical fees. The increased recording fees are directly related to the growth of the economy in the County, specifically the residential growth in the southern area of the County.
- Property tax revenues increased by nearly \$3 million, or 2.5%, in fiscal year 2019 as compared to fiscal year 2018. This increase is attributable to the County continuing to recover from the recession that began in 2007 and a millage rate increase in fiscal year 2019 as compared to fiscal year 2018.

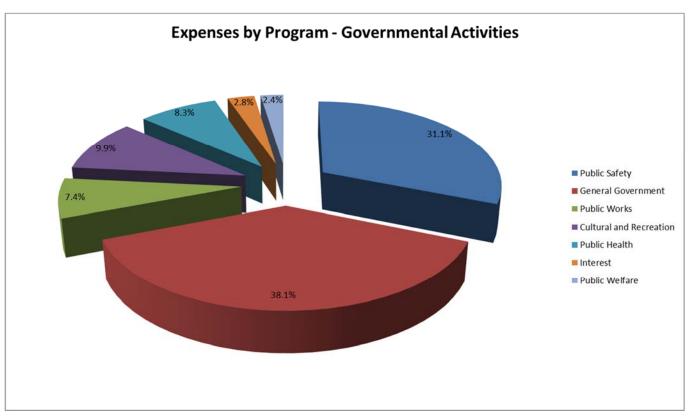
• During fiscal year 2019, the County received \$7.3 million or 20% of federal and state reimbursements for Hurricane Matthew (2016) recovery efforts. This was a decrease of \$21.1 million or 74% as compared to federal and state reimbursements received during fiscal year 2018. During fiscal year 2018, the County received \$28.4 million or 80% of federal and state reimbursements for Hurricane Matthew (2016) recovery efforts.

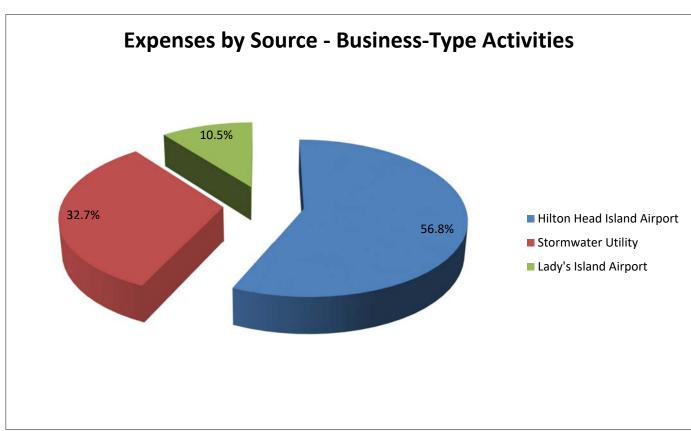
Business-type activities increased the County's net position by nearly \$3 million, accounting for 12% of the total growth in the net position of the County. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- The runway extension project at the Hilton Head Island Airport was completed by the end of fiscal year 2018. During fiscal year 2019, capital contributions and non-operating grant expenses decreased \$8.4 million (55%) and \$11 million (71%) as compared to fiscal year 2018.
- The Hilton Head Island Airport's operating revenues increased \$668 thousand (42%) in fiscal year 2019, as compared to fiscal year 2018. The increase in operating revenue is related to the completion of the runway extension project that has allowed an increase in commercial jet service.
- In fiscal year 2019, the Stormwater Utility's expenses decreased by \$1 million in fiscal year 2019 as compared to fiscal year 2018. This decrease was due to an increase in personnel vacancies and a decrease in professional services utilized during fiscal year 2019 as compared to fiscal year 2018.
- The Lady's Island Airport's expenses increased in fiscal year 2019 by \$408 thousand as compared to fiscal year 2018. This increase in expenses was due to airport improvement projects at the airport.









FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds – The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$172,338,593, an increase of \$9,766,353, in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 22% of this total fund balance, \$37,214,289 constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance totaling \$135,124,304 is either nonspendable, restricted, committed, or assigned for specific spending. This includes \$1,603,844 "not in spendable form" for items that are not expected to be converted to cash within one year, such as prepaid items. The remainder includes \$133,520,460 restricted, committed, or assigned for programs.

General Fund – The general fund is the main operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned portion of the fund balance of the general fund was \$37,214,289, while the total fund balance was \$43,310,928. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, a comparison is made of both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents approximately 30% of total general fund expenditures and transfers out, while the total fund balance represents approximately 35% of total general fund expenditures and transfers out. Refer to pages 22 and 24 for the key elements of fiscal year 2019's general fund activity.

County Wide General Obligation Bonds Fund – At the end of the current fiscal year, the total fund balance of the county wide general obligation bonds fund was \$21,841,334. The County wide general obligation bonds fund balance is restricted for debt service. This fund recognized revenues of \$11,156,919, total expenditures of \$10,698,322 and other financing sources of \$609,072, for a net change in fund balance of \$1,067,669. The County has a debt fund balance policy requiring millage to be set at annual required debt service levels and for the fund balance to cover the following 12 months of the County's interest only payments.

Local Hospitality Tax Program Fund – At the end of the current fiscal year, the total fund balance of the local hospitality tax program fund was \$2,351,748, all of which was restricted in accordance with the County's code of ordinances that authorizes the imposition and collection of the hospitality tax. The local hospitality tax program fund recognized revenues of \$2,577,337, total expenditures of \$4,733,118 and other financing uses of \$1,500,000, for a net change in fund balance of (\$3,655,781).

Road Impact Fees Fund – At the end of the current fiscal year, the total fund balance of the road impact fees fund was \$20,396,031, all of which was restricted for system improvements as set forth in the County's adopted capital improvements plan. The road impact fees fund recognized revenues of \$5,588,851, total expenditures of \$266,320 and other financing uses of \$1,133,980, for a net change in fund balance of \$4,188,551.

Further details of the County's major funds and nonmajor funds can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Proprietary funds – The focus of the County's proprietary funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County proprietary funds' financing requirements. As restrictions, commitments, and other limitations on net position significantly affect the availability of fund resources for future use, unreserved net position may serve as a useful measure of a government's proprietary net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's proprietary reported combined ending net position of \$28,291,309, which is an increase of \$2,985,604 in comparison with the prior year. The proprietary funds recognized operating revenues of \$8,534,736 and operating expenses of \$7,596,122. Non-operating revenues and expenses totaled (\$5,543,175), while capital contributions totaled \$7,290,165 and interfund transfers totaled \$200,000 in fiscal year 2019, for a change in net position of \$2,985,604.

Stormwater Utility – At the end of the current fiscal year, the net position of the stormwater utility fund was \$7,680,494, of which \$3,305,311 was invested in capital assets, net of related debt, leaving a balance of \$4,375,183 in unrestricted net position. The stormwater utility fund recognized operating revenues of \$5,653,287, total operating expenses of \$4,254,293, \$159,927 in net non-operating revenues and \$175,010 in capital contributions for an increase in net position of \$1,733,931. The increase in net position within the Stormwater Utility Fund for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, was related to decreased operating expenses.

Lady's Island Airport – At the end of the current fiscal year, the net position of the Lady's Island Airport fund was \$2,625,057, of which \$3,667,328 was invested in capital assets, net of related debt, leaving a deficit balance of \$1,042,271 in unrestricted net position. The Lady's Island Airport recognized operating revenues of \$611,654, total operating expenses of \$637,640, \$767,017 in net non-operating expenses and \$307,643 in capital contributions for a decrease in net position of \$485,360. The decrease in the Lady's Island Airport fund balance in the 2019 fiscal year was the result of increased non-operating expenses.

Hilton Head Island Airport – At the end of the current fiscal year, the net position of the Hilton Head Island Airport fund was \$17,985,758, of which \$23,381,189 was invested in capital assets, net of related debt, leaving a deficit balance of \$5,395,431 in unrestricted net position. The Hilton Head Island Airport recognized operating revenues of \$2,269,795, total operating expenses of \$2,704,189, \$4,836,085 in net non-operating expenses, \$6,807,512 in capital contributions and \$200,000 of interfund transfers in for an increase in net position of \$1,737,033. The increase in net position within the Hilton Head Island Airport fund in the 2019 fiscal year was related to the Airport obtaining federal and state grant funding for prior and current fiscal year grant related expenditures after the end of the fiscal year as well as increased operating revenues.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Original Budget to Final Budget Comparison for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original Budget			Final Budget	Bud	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:						,		
Taxes	\$	99,699,070	\$	99,699,070	\$	-		
Licenses and permits		2,579,000		2,579,000		-		
Intergovernmental		9,197,645		9,197,645		-		
Charges for services		12,287,085		12,287,085		-		
Fines and forfeitures		750,000		750,000		-		
Interest		442,805		442,805		-		
Miscellaneous		251,136		251,136		-		
Total Revenues		125,206,741		125,206,741		-		
Expenditures:								
General government		40,023,515		39,427,194		596,321		
Public safety		45,500,668		45,366,261		134,407		
Public works		16,828,498		15,972,936		855,562		
Public health		3,245,985		3,256,853		(10,868)		
Public welfare		670,162		628,772		41,390		
Cultural and recreation		12,004,068		13,131,239		(1,127,171)		
Capital		3,381,341		6,106,666		(2,725,325)		
Total Expenditures		121,654,237	,	123,889,921		(2,235,684)		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
expenditures		3,552,504		1,316,820		(2,235,684)		
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in		1,568,750		1,568,750		-		
Transfers out		(5,121,254)		(5,279,500)		(158,246)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(3,552,504)		(3,710,750)		(158,246)		
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		(2,393,930)		(2,393,930)		
Fund balance - beginning		31,877,297		31,877,297				
Fund balance - ending	\$	31,877,297	\$	29,483,367	\$	(2,393,930)		

The general fund original budget's net position varied from its final budget's net position by \$2.4 million. This variation is due to three actions by County Council during fiscal year 2019 that amended the original budget ordinance and increased expenditure appropriation levels related to supplemental appropriation as follows:

- On June 25, 2018, Council approved a real property purchase as a matter arising out of executive session in the amount of \$2,204,430.
- On November 5, 2018, Council adopted an ordinance providing a supplemental appropriation in the amount of \$10,000 to fund the hiring of independent legal counsel for the purpose of investigating certain matters raised by Council.
- On December 10, 2018, Council adopted an ordinance providing a supplemental appropriation in the amount of \$179,500 for additional personnel in the Solicitor's office.

Final Budget to Actual Comparison for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

	<u></u> F	inal Budget	 Actual	ance with Final dget Positive (Negative)
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$	99,699,070	\$ 99,991,673	\$ 292,603
Licenses and permits		2,579,000	3,640,472	1,061,472
Intergovernmental		9,197,645	16,264,247	7,066,602
Charges for services		12,287,085	13,737,980	1,450,895
Fines and forfeitures		750,000	897,996	147,996
Interest		442,805	719,249	276,444
Miscellaneous		251,136	 400,053	148,917
Total Revenues		125,206,741	135,651,670	10,444,929
Expenditures:				
General government		39,427,194	34,932,931	4,494,263
Public safety		45,366,261	45,336,058	30,203
Public works		15,972,936	15,349,571	623,365
Public health		3,256,853	3,114,348	142,505
Public welfare		628,772	619,686	9,086
Cultural and recreation		13,131,239	13,061,787	69,452
Disaster related		-	950,677	(950,677)
Debt Service - principal		-	-	-
Debt Service - interest and fees		-	-	-
Capital		6,106,666	 6,101,216	5,450
Total Expenditures		123,889,921	119,466,274	4,423,647
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
expenditures		1,316,820	16,185,396	14,868,576
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in		1,568,750	1,564,996	(3,754)
Transfers out		(5,279,500)	(6,316,761)	(1,037,261)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(3,710,750)	(4,751,765)	(1,041,015)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(2,393,930)	11,433,631	13,827,561
Fund balance - beginning		31,877,297	31,877,297	
Fund balance - ending	\$	29,483,367	\$ 43,310,928	\$ 13,827,561

The actual net position of the County's general fund varied from its final budget's net position by \$13.8 million. Key elements of this are as follows:

- The County's general fund actual revenues had a positive variance of \$10.4 million as compared to the final budget of fiscal year 2019. This positive variance is attributable to increased actual revenue as compared to expected revenue related to Hurricane Matthew federal and state reimbursements as well as Business License, Register of Deeds, and Emergency Medical Services fees.
- The County's general fund actual expenditures had a positive variance of \$4.4 million as compared to the final budget of fiscal year 2019. This positive variance is directly related to decreased expenditures as a result of the County realizing cost differences from transitioning to self-insured programs for health, dental and workers' compensation insurances.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets –The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2019 was \$571,889,100 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land and easements, buildings and improvements, infrastructure, and equipment. The total increase in the County's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 1.9% (in which governmental activities capital assets increased by 2.1% and business-type activities capital assets decreased by 0.8%).

In lieu of annual depreciation, the County has elected to use the modified approach for its airport infrastructure assets, which include runways, taxiways, and aprons. As of June 30, 2019, 100% of airport infrastructure assets were in a fair or better condition.

Additional information on the County's modified approach for airport infrastructure assets can be found on Schedule 1 on page 79 of this report.

Beaufort County's Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

June 30, 2019 and 2018

	Governmental Activities		Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018		
Land	\$ 131,740,701	\$ 124,152,640	\$ 13,561,714	\$ 13,561,714	\$ 145,302,415	\$ 137,714,354		
Easements	18,059,927	18,059,927	-	-	18,059,927	18,059,927		
Construction in progress	16,823,960	44,517,092	257,890	257,890	17,081,850	44,774,982		
Buildings and improvements	101,904,692	90,354,959	4,292,660	4,677,767	106,197,352	95,032,726		
Infrastructure	257,172,929	237,955,576	9,229,801	9,229,801	266,402,730	247,185,377		
Equipment	15,833,063	18,388,117	3,011,763	2,866,367	18,844,826	21,254,484		
Total Capital Assets	\$ 541,535,272	\$ 533,428,311	\$ 30,353,828	\$ 30,593,539	\$ 571,889,100	\$ 564,021,850		

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- The County completed the Boundary Street Redevelopment road project in the amount of \$28.8 million.
- The new Animal Services Campus and an addition to the existing Buckwalter Recreation Center were also completed in the amount of \$8.6 million and \$6.1 million, respectively.
- An additional \$9.7 million of governmental capital assets were added during fiscal year 2019 related to the preservation of rural lands and the County's Disabilities and Special Needs residential home program.
- The Whitehall Factory Creek Boat Ramp was renovated in the amount of \$1.5 million.
- \$4.7 million of vehicles, heavy equipment and other equipment were acquired during fiscal year 2019.

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in note 4 on pages 49 – 51 of this report.

Long-Term Debt – At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had \$353,890,980 of total long-term obligations outstanding. The total amount of general obligation debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the government.

Beaufort County's Outstanding Debt

June 30, 2019 and 2018

	Governmental Activities					
		2019	2018			
General Obligation Bonds	\$	213,830,070	\$	218,159,372		
General Obligation BAN		-		-		
Net Pension Liability		124,654,927		122,749,447		
Mortgage		-		-		
Compensated Absences		3,568,726		4,118,499		
Premiums		11,837,257		13,539,922		
Total Outstanding Debt	\$	353,890,980	\$	358,567,240		
Deferred Charge on Refundings	<u>\$</u>	3,137,408	\$	3,661,682		

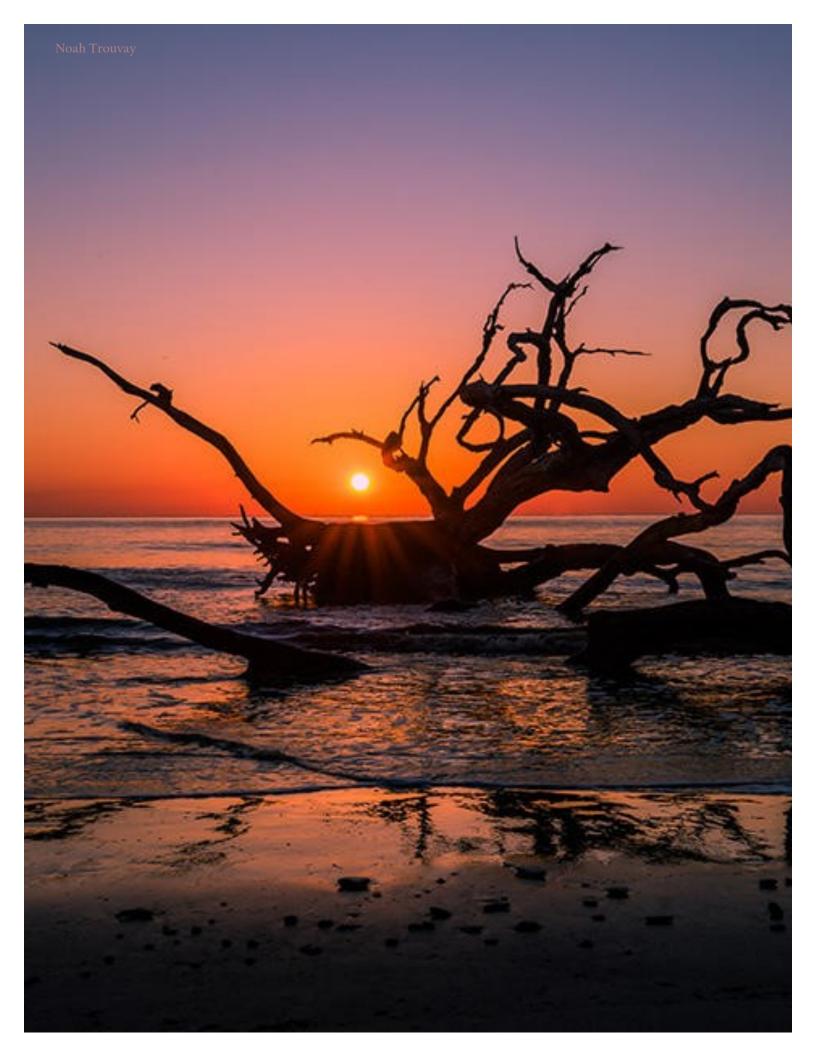
Major outstanding debt events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- The County issued \$11.25 million of general obligation bonds for various county facility capital projects. General obligation bonds were also retired in the amount of \$15.6 million as well as \$2.3 million of bond premiums.
- The County's pension liability increased by \$2 million as compared to fiscal year 2018.

The County maintains an underlying, uninsured "AA+" bond rating from Standard & Poor's Rating Group for all of its general obligation bonds, an underlying, uninsured "Aa1" bond rating from Moody's Investors Service for all of its general obligation bonds.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 8% of its total assessed valuation less debt issued by referendum and debt issued and paid by other sources. The current debt limitation for the County is \$158,428,334. The County was \$60,969,275 under this legal limit at June 30, 2019.

Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in note 5 on pages 51 – 57 of this report.



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

- The unemployment rate for the County was 3.3% at June 30, 2019, which is lower than the rate of 3.4% a year ago. This compares favorably with the State of South Carolina's average unemployment rate of 3.5% at June 30, 2019, and with the national average unemployment rate of 3.6% at June 30, 2019.
- The cost of living in this region still compares favorably to other areas of the country.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the County's budget for the 2019 fiscal year. As of June 30, 2019, the County's unassigned general fund balance was \$37,214,289. During fiscal year 2019, there was an increase to the County's general fund balance in the amount of \$11,433,631.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Beaufort County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Department, Post Office Box 1228, Beaufort, South Carolina 29901-1228.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Totals
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Current assets	A		A
Cash and equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 115,194,385	\$ 12,344,711	\$ 127,539,096
Receivables, net	6,179,739	535,860	6,715,599
Due from other governments Notes receivable	7,287,744	901,704	8,189,448
Inventories	85,089	159.029	85,089 159,029
Prepaid items	1,605,010	74,127	1,679,137
r repaid items	130,351,967	14.015.431	144,367,398
Non-current assets	130,331,307	14,010,401	144,507,550
Equity in pooled investments	49,864,445	-	49,864,445
Notes receivable	561,281	-	561,281
110.00 10001140.00	50,425,726		50,425,726
Capital assets			
Non-depreciable	166,624,588	23,049,405	189,673,993
Depreciable	374,892,999_	7,304,423	382,197,422
	541,517,587	30,353,828	571,871,415
Total non-current assets	591,943,313	30,353,828	622,297,141
Total assets	722,295,280	44,369,259	766,664,539
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred charge on refundings	3,137,408	-	3,137,408
Pension	22,268,000	861.795	23,129,795
Total deferred outflows of resources	25,405,408	861,795	26,267,203
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	747,700,688	45,231,054	792,931,742
	141,100,000	40,201,004	102,001,142
LIABILITIES Current liabilities			
Accounts payable	12,695,348	460,832	13,156,180
Accrued payroll	2,718,243	117,258	2,835,501
Accrued liabilities	2,960,416	117,200	2,960,416
Accrued compensated absences	499,622	22,538	522,160
Internal balances	(11,162,305)	11,162,305	022,100
Current portion of long-term debt	16,552,253	- 11,102,000	16,552,253
Due to others	1,905,084	=	1,905,084
	26,168,661	11,762,933	37,931,594
Non-current liabilities			
Accrued compensated absences	3,069,104	138,448	3,207,552
Net pension liability	124,654,927	4,995,991	129,650,918
Long-term obligations	209,115,073		209,115,073
	336,839,104	5,134,439	341,973,543
Total liabilities	363,007,765	16,897,372	379,905,137
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension	1,265,702	42,373	1,308,075
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,265,702	42,373	1,308,075
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	350,435,861	30,353,828	380,789,689
Restricted for	330,433,001	30,333,020	300,703,003
General government programs:	10,263,110	_	10,263,110
Public safety programs	6,224,827	_	6,224,827
Public works programs	8,425,312	_	8,425,312
Public health programs	5,070,349	_	5,070,349
Public welfare programs	1,166,240	-	1,166,240
Cultural and recreational programs	10,851,784	_	10,851,784
Capital projects	30,176,304	_	30,176,304
Debt service	25,419,232	-	25,419,232
Unrestricted (deficit)	(64,605,798)	(2,062,519)	(66,668,317)
Total net position	383,427,221	28,291,309	411,718,530
·			
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$ 747,700,688	\$ 45,231,054	\$ 792,931,742

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

											ense) Revenue a es in Net Position		
				Proc	ram Revenues				`		ary Government	•	
	Expenses	C	harges for Services	Ope	rating Grants Contributions		oital Grants Contributions	G	overnmental Activities	Bu	isiness Type Activities		Totals
Functions/Programs													
Governmental activities:													
General government	\$ 67,483,600	\$	17,035,862	\$	2,298,028	\$	7,955,966	\$	(40,193,744)	\$	-	\$	(40,193,744)
Public safety	55,090,970		9,336,041		1,341,606		72,660		(44,340,663)		-		(44,340,663)
Public works	13,085,477		8,081,666		374,197		1,246,487		(3,383,127)		-		(3,383,127)
Public health	14,714,866		691,268		7,613,629		-		(6,409,969)		-		(6,409,969)
Public welfare	4,208,514		308,496		1,422,116		-		(2,477,902)		-		(2,477,902)
Cultural and recreation	17,544,898		3,180,854		355,647		-		(14,008,397)		-		(14,008,397)
Interest	4,981,961		-		-		=		(4,981,961)		-		(4,981,961)
Total governmental activities	177,110,286		38,634,187		13,405,223		9,275,113		(115,795,763)		-		(115,795,763)
Business-type activities:													
Stormwater utility	4,366,551		5,653,287		-		175,010		-		1,461,746		1,461,746
Lady's Island Airport	1,404,657		611,654		-		307,643		-		(485,360)		(485,360)
Hilton Head Airport	7,587,534		2,269,795		47,260		6,807,512		=		1,537,033		1,537,033
Total business-type activities	13,358,742		8,534,736		47,260		7,290,165		-		2,513,419		2,513,419
Total	\$ 190,469,028	\$	47,168,923	\$	13,452,483	\$	16,565,278		(115,795,763)		2,513,419		(113,282,344)
				Gener	al revenues								
				Prope	rty taxes				119,334,712		-		119,334,712
				Sales	taxes				46,453		-		46,453
				Grants	and contribution	ns not re	estricted		9,215,559		-		9,215,559
					tricted investmer		•		5,557,428		272,185		5,829,613
					loss) on sale of o	capital a	ssets		=		-		-
					laneous				3,631,771		-		3,631,771
				Trans	ers				<u>-</u>		200,000		200,000
				Total	general revenues	;			137,785,923		472,185		138,258,108
				Chang	ge in net position				21,990,160		2,985,604		24,975,764
				Net po	sition, beginning				361,437,061		25,305,705		386,742,766
				Net po	sition, ending			\$	383,427,221	\$	28,291,309	\$	411,718,530

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	General	County Wide General Obligation Bonds	Local Hospitality Tax Program	Road Impact Fees	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Cash and equity						
in pooled cash and investments	\$ 42,501,789	\$ 12,982,776	\$ 4,608,337	\$ 19,528,828	\$ 85,437,100	\$ 165,058,830
Receivables, net	2,304,519	289,351	-	875,516	2,414,849	5,884,235
Due from other governments	4,778,213	205,527	-	=	2,304,004	7,287,744
Due from other funds	3,218,826	-	-	-	-	3,218,826
Advances to enterprise funds	-	7,943,479	-	-	-	7,943,479
Notes receivable	=	646,370	=	-	=	646,370
Prepaid items	1,441,679				162,165	1,603,844
Total assets	54,245,026	22,067,503	4,608,337	20,404,344	90,318,118	191,643,328
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	5,517,134	1,612	2,254,909	8,313	4,575,581	12,357,549
Accrued payroll	2,074,874	-	1,680	-	641,689	2,718,243
Accrued liabilities	778,203	-	-	-	-	778,203
Due to others	1,242,788	-	-	=	662,296	1,905,084
Total liabilities	9,612,999	1,612	2,256,589	8,313	5,879,566	17,759,079
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF						
RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue -						
property taxes	1,321,099	224,557	_	_	_	1,545,656
Total deferred inflows of	1,521,099	224,337				1,343,030
resources	1,321,099	224,557				1,545,656
100041000	1,321,099	224,337				1,545,656
FUND BALANCE						
Nonspendable	1,441,679	-	-	=	162,165	1,603,844
Restricted	=	21,841,334	2,351,748	20,396,031	83,968,807	128,557,920
Committed	1,104,309	-	-	-	307,580	1,411,889
Assigned	3,550,651	-	-	-	-	3,550,651
Unassigned	37,214,289					37,214,289
Total fund balances	43,310,928	21,841,334	2,351,748	20,396,031	84,438,552	172,338,593
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources, and fund balances	\$ 54.245.026	\$ 22.067.503	\$ 4.608.337	\$ 20,404,344	\$ 90.318.118	\$ 191,643,328

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

Total governmental fund balances:	\$ 172,338,593
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because of the following:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the government funds.	541,476,458
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds:	
Property taxes and other special assessments \$ 1,545,656 Deferred charge on refunding \$ 3,137,408	4,683,064
Deferred outflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. These deferred outflows of resources consist of pension related experience differences, assumption changes, and differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments:	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	22,268,000
Long term liabilities, including bonds payable and accrued interest, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	
General obligation bonds \$ (213,830,069) Bond premiums (11,837,257) Compensated absences (3,568,726) Accrued interest (2,182,213) Net pension liability (124,654,927)	(356,073,192)
Deferred inflows of resources are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. These deferred inflows of resources consist of pension related differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments.	
Deferred inflows related to pensions	 (1,265,702)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 383,427,221

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	General	County Wide General Obligation Bonds	Local Hospitality Tax Program	Road Impact Fees	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues	Ф 00 004 0 7 0	Ф 40 5 0 7 044	Φ.	Φ.	Ф 0.400.04 5	Ф 440 000 0E0
Property taxes	\$ 99,991,673	\$ 10,587,341	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,103,645	\$ 119,682,659
Licenses and permits	3,640,472	-	2,332,813	5,306,976	5,610,838	16,891,099
Intergovernmental	16,264,247	268,092	163,700	-	18,206,547	34,902,586
Charges for services	13,737,980	-		-	6,430,742	20,168,722
Fines and forfeitures	897,996	-	2,876	-	356,846	1,257,718
Interest	719,249	301,486	77,948	281,669	1,328,300	2,708,652
Miscellaneous	400,053			206	3,416,211	3,816,470
Total revenues	135,651,670	11,156,919	2,577,337	5,588,851	44,453,129	199,427,906
Expenditures						
General government services	34,932,931	-	4,733,118	-	6,155,133	45,821,182
Public safety services	45,336,058	-	=	-	2,958,922	48,294,980
Public works services	15,349,571	-	-	-	585,360	15,934,931
Public health services	3,114,348	-	-	-	10,776,817	13,891,165
Public welfare services	619,686	-	-	-	2,028,409	2,648,095
Cultural and recreation services	13,061,787	-	-	-	547,794	13,609,581
Disaster related expenditures	950,677	-	-	-	· -	950,677
Debt service - principal	· -	7,138,585	=	-	8,440,718	15,579,303
Debt service - interest and fees	_	3,559,737	_	-	4,392,262	7,951,999
Bond issuance costs	_	-	_	-	94,500	94,500
Capital projects	6,101,216	-	_	266,320	29,588,588	35,956,124
Total expenditures	119,466,274	10,698,322	4,733,118	266,320	65,568,503	200,732,537
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	16,185,396	458,597	(2,155,781)	5,322,531	(21,115,374)	(1,304,631)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Issuance of bonds	-	-	-	-	11,250,000	11,250,000
Bond premiums	-	609,072	-	-	-	609,072
Transfers in	1,564,996	=	=	=	9,288,797	10,853,793
Transfers out	(6,316,761)		(1,500,000)	(1,133,980)	(2,691,140)	(11,641,881)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(4,751,765)	609,072	(1,500,000)	(1,133,980)	17,847,657	11,070,984
Net Change in Fund Balance	11,433,631	1,067,669	(3,655,781)	4,188,551	(3,267,717)	9,766,353
Fund balance - beginning	31,877,297	20,773,665	6,007,529	16,207,480	87,706,269	162,572,240
Fund balance - ending	\$ 43,310,928	\$ 21,841,334	\$ 2,351,748	\$ 20,396,031	\$ 84,438,552	\$ 172,338,593

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ 9,766,353
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.		
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	\$ 37,410,059 (24,725,564)	12,684,495
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position.		(1,577,534)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds:		
Property taxes and other special assessments		(327,460)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. The effects of these items are as follows:		
Repayment of the principal of long-term debt Issuance of long-term debt Amortization of premium on long-term debt Amortization of deferred charge on refunding	\$ 15,579,303 (11,859,072) 2,311,737 (524,274)	5,507,694
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. The following amounts represent the net liability changes using the full accrual method of accounting:		
Pension liability Landfill closure and post-closure liability	\$ (5,365,962)	
Compensated absences Accrued interest on long-term debt	549,773 752,801	(4,063,388)
Accided interest on long-term debt	 1 32,001	\$ 21,990,160

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Busi	ness-Type Activ	ities - Enterprise	Internal Service Fund	
	Stormwater	Lady's Island	Hilton Head		
	Utility	Airport	Airport	Totals	Garage
<u>ASSETS</u>					
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,344,261	\$ 250	\$ 200	\$ 12,344,711	\$ -
Receivables, operating	126,751	26,993	382,116	535,860	295,504
Receivables, federal and state grants Inventories	132,776	82,273 26,253	819,431	901,704 159.029	-
Prepayments	39,399	6,424	28,304	74,127	1,166
Total current assets	12,643,187	142,193	1,230,051	14,015,431	296,670
Total danoni addoto	12,010,101	1 12,100	1,200,001	11,010,101	200,010
Capital assets	5,856,418	4,833,031	34,378,577	45,068,026	445,159
Accumulated depreciation	(2,551,107)	(1,165,703)	(10,997,388)	(14,714,198)	(404,030)
	3,305,311	3,667,328	23,381,189	30,353,828	41,129
Total assets	15,948,498	3,809,521	24,611,240	44,369,259	337,799
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pension	558,667	39,889	263,239	861,795	
Total deferred outflows of resources	558,667	39,889	263,239	861,795	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 16,507,165	\$ 3,849,410	\$ 24,874,479	\$ 45,231,054	\$ 337,799
LIABILITIES_					
Current liabilities:					
Account payable	\$ 242,413	\$ 32,215	\$ 186.204	\$ 460,832	\$ 337,799
Accrued payroll	77,704	5,371	34,183	117,258	-
Accrued compensated absences	16,302	908	5,328	22,538	-
Due to general fund	=	937,692	2,281,134	3,218,826	-
Current portion - due to debt service fund			169,896	169,896	
Total current liabilities	336,419	976,186	2,676,745	3,989,350	337,799
Non-current liabilities:					
Accrued compensated absences	100,143	5,576	32,729	138,448	_
Net pension liability	3,367,583	241,029	1,387,379	4,995,991	_
Due to debt service fund	5,000,000		2,773,583	7,773,583	_
Total non-current liabilities	8,467,726	246,605	4,193,691	12,908,022	
Total liabilities	8,804,145	1,222,791	6,870,436	16,897,372	337,799
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pension Total deferred inflows of resources	22,526	1,562	18,285	42,373	
rotal deferred inflows of resources	22,526	1,562	18,285	42,373	
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	3,305,311	3,667,328	23,381,189	30,353,828	41,129
Unrestricted (deficit)	4,375,183	(1,042,271)	(5,395,431)	(2,062,519)	(41,129)
Total net position	7,680,494	2,625,057	17,985,758	28,291,309	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows	A (A B A B A B B B B B B B B B B	A B B B B B B B B B B	.	A	
of resources, and net position	\$ 16,507,165	\$ 3,849,410	<u>\$ 24,874,479</u>	\$ 45,231,054	\$ 337,799

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Rusi	iness-Tyne Activi	ities - Enterprise F	Funds	Internal Service Fund
	Stormwater	Lady's Island	Hilton Head	unuo	OCI VIOC I UIIU
	Utility	Airport	Airport	Totals	Garage
Operating Revenues					
Garage billings	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 113,275
Fuel and oil sales	-	413,725	-	413,725	751,506
Stormwater Utility fees	5,011,062	-	-	5,011,062	-
Stormwater Utility project billings	628,729	=	-	628,729	-
Fixed base operator revenue	-	=	435,567	435,567	-
Passenger facility charges	-	-	286,464	286,464	-
Operating agreements/commission revenue	-	2,187	531,140	533,327	-
Concession sales	-	3,042	· -	3,042	-
Firefighting/security fees	-	· -	387,494	387,494	-
Landing fees	-	12,463	138,029	150,492	-
Parking/taxi fees	_	-,	41,232	41,232	_
Rentals	-	_	201,121	201,121	-
Hangar rentals	_	145,203	174,593	319,796	_
Other charges	13,496	35,034	74,155	122,685	43,239
Total operating revenues	5,653,287	611,654	2,269,795	8,534,736	908,020
Total operating revenues	3,033,201	011,034	2,209,793	0,334,730	908,020
Operating Expenses					
Costs of sales and services	-	260,939	-	260,939	-
Personnel	2,379,957	157,884	1,092,780	3,630,621	-
Purchased services	1,111,262	152,770	995,992	2,260,024	730,685
Supplies	301,147	12,041	46,362	359,550	747,738
Capital	66,759	-	-	66,759	-
Depreciation	395,168	54,006	569,055	1,018,229	8,768
Total operating expenses	4,254,293	637,640	2,704,189	7,596,122	1,487,191
Operating income (loss)	1,398,994	(25,986)	(434,394)	938,614	(579,171)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)			47.000	47.000	
Operating grant - Transportation Security	-	=	47,260	47,260	-
Non-operating grant expenses	-	(767,017)	(4,804,746)	(5,571,763)	-
Gain on sale of capital assets	75,935	-	1,023	76,958	-
Interest income	272,185	-	-	272,185	-
Interest expense	(188,193)		(79,622)	(267,815)	
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	159,927	(767,017)	(4,836,085)	(5,443,175)	<u> </u>
Income (loss) before capital contributions and transfers	1,558,921	(793,003)	(5,270,479)	(4,504,561)	(579,171)
Capital Contributions					
Capital grants - federal	175,010	286,353	6,032,531	6,493,894	_
Capital grants - rederal	173,010	21,290	774,981	796,271	_
Total capital contributions	175,010	307,643	6,807,512	7,290,165	
Transfers					
Transfer in			200,000	200,000	588,088
Total other financing sources			200,000	200,000	588,088
Change in net position	1,733,931	(485,360)	1,737,033	2,985,604	8,917
Net position, beginning	5,946,563	3,110,417	16,248,725	25,305,705	(8,917)
Net position, ending	\$ 7,680,494	\$ 2,625,057	\$ 17,985,758	\$ 28,291,309	\$ -



STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Busin	ess-Type Activ	ities - Enterprise	e Funds	Internal Service Fund
	Stormwater Utility	Lady's Island Airport		Totals	Garage
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:					
Cash received from customers and users	\$ 6,368,816	\$ 678,494	\$ 3,172,219	\$ 10,219,529	\$ 850,834
Cash received from other funds	=	378,148	(1,545,928)	(1,167,780)	(8,917)
Cash paid to employees	(2,318,416)	(163,291)	(935,854)	(3,417,561)	-
Cash paid to suppliers	(2,199,360)	(433,977)	(2,530,307)	(5,163,644)	(1,430,005)
Total provided by (used in) operating activities	1,851,040	459,374	(1,839,870)	470,544	(588,088)
Cash Flows from Non-capital Financing Activities:					
Operating grant - TSA	-	=	47,260	47,260	-
Interfund transfer	-	-	200,000	200,000	588,088
Non-operating grant expenses	-	(767,017)	(4,804,746)	(5,571,763)	-
Principal payment on note payable	-	-	(165,620)	(165,620)	-
Interest paid	(188,193)	-	(79,622)	(267,815)	-
Total provided by (used in) non-capital financing activities	(188,193)	(767,017)	(4,802,728)	(5,757,938)	588,088
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:					
FAA grants	175,010	286,353	6,032,531	6,493,894	_
SCAC grants	-,	21,290	774,981	796,271	=
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	97,850	, -	1,023	98,873	-
Purchase of capital assets	(634,496)	-	(165,937)	(800,433)	-
	(361,636)	307,643	6,642,598	6,588,605	-
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:					
Interest income	272,185	-	=	272,185	-
Total provided by investing activities	272,185			272,185	
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,573,396	-	-	1,573,396	-
Cash and Cash Equivalents, beginning of year	10,770,865	250	200	10,771,315	-
Cash and Cash Equivalents, end of year	\$ 12,344,261	\$ 250	\$ 200	\$ 12,344,711	\$ -

(Continued)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds						Internal Service Fund			
	S			Lady's Island		Hilton Head				
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Flows Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities:		Utility		Airport		Airport		Totals		Garage
Operating Income (loss)	\$	1,398,994	\$	(25,986)	\$	(434,394)	\$	938,614	\$	(579,171)
Adjustments to reconcile: Depreciation		395,168		54,006		569,055		1,018,229		8,768
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:										
Decrease (increase) in accounts receivable Decrease (increase) in inventories		715,529 (13,021)		66,840 7,972		902,424		1,684,793 (5,049)		(57,186) -
Decrease (increase) in other current assets Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(10,014) (697,157)		1,967 (18,166)		275 (1,488,228)		(7,772) (2,203,551)		367 48,051
Increase in due to general fund Increase in accrued payroll		6,892		378,148 307		(1,545,928) 7,928		(1,167,780) 15,127		(8,917) -
Increase (decrease) in accrued compensated absences Increase (decrease) in pension deferred		32,168		(1,630)		(3,629)		26,909		-
inflows/outflows and liability		22,481		(4,084)		152,627		171,024		-
·		56,878		431,354		(1,974,531)		(1,486,299)		(17,685)
Net Cash Flow Provided by (used in) Operating Activities	\$	1,851,040	\$	459,374	\$	(1,839,870)	\$	470,544	\$	(588,088)

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

ASSETS

Cash and Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments

\$ 111,938,036

LIABILITIES

Due to other taxing districts and agencies

\$ 111,938,036

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Beaufort County, South Carolina (the "County") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

Reporting Entity

The County operates under the Council/Administrator form of government with Council members elected for four-year terms from each of the eleven single-member districts. This report includes all funds of the County that are controlled by this governing body, and are considered to be the "reporting entity" known as Beaufort County.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the County as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from the statements. The statements distinguish between those activities of the County that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities for the County at year-end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the County's governmental activities and for the business-type activities of the County. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and, therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient for the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program, and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the County, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the County.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the County segregates transactions related to certain county functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the County at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary funds. The fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using no measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

- The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The County Wide General Obligation Bond Fund accounts for the debt service of the bonds issued for various capital projects throughout the County.
- The Local Hospitality Tax Program Fund accounts for the 2% hospitality tax imposed on the gross proceeds derived from the sale of prepared meals and beverages sold in establishments located in unincorporated areas of the County. The revenue generated by the hospitality tax must be used exclusively for the purposes specified in Section 66-534 of the Code of Ordinances Beaufort County, South Carolina.
- The *Road Impact Fees Fund* accounts for the road facilities development impact fees imposed on and collected from all developers (fee payors) for which authorization of commencement of a development (building permit or, if no subsequent building permit is required, a development permit), is sought from the County, or from a municipality in the County pursuant to an intergovernmental agreement, in accordance with the procedures set forth in the Beaufort County Impact Fee Procedures Ordinance. All road facilities development impact fees collected shall be used for system improvements as set forth in the County's adopted capital improvements plan for roads in the County. System improvements generally include, but are not limited to, the following: acquisition of land for, and construction of, new roads, road improvements, new intersection and intersection improvements, traffic signals and related facilities designed to expand the road system capacity, longevity and durability.

The County reports the following enterprise funds as major proprietary funds:

- The **Stormwater Utility Fund** is used to account for all revenue and expenses related to the County's Stormwater Utility operations.
- The *Lady's Island Airport Fund* is used to account for all revenue and expenses related to the County's Lady's Island Airport.
- The *Hilton Head Island Airport Fund* is used to account for all revenue and expenses related to the County's Hilton Head Island Airport.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The County's proprietary funds also include an Internal Service Fund to account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the County or to other governments, on a user charge basis. This fund includes the County Garage, which accounts for the maintenance and repair of vehicles.

Additionally, the government reports the following non-major fund types:

Special Revenue Funds

 The special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, or major capital projects) that are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service and capital projects.

Debt Service Funds

 Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of restricted resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest.

Capital Projects Funds

• Capital projects funds are used to account for financial restricted resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

Agency Funds

The agency funds account for monies held on behalf of school districts, special districts, and
other agencies that use the County as a depository or property taxes are collected on behalf
of the other governments. These funds are custodial in nature and do not involve
measurement of results of operations.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the government's garage function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Amount reported as program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets, liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows of resources. Net position invested in net capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the County or through external restriction imposed by creditors, grantors, laws, or regulations of other governments. Net position invested in net capital assets was as follows:

	Governmental	Business Type			
Net Capital Assets	\$ 541,517,587	\$ 30,353,828			
Less: Current Portion of Long-Term Debt	(16,552,253)				
Long-Term Obligations	(209,115,073)	-			
Unspent Bond Proceeds	31,430,507	-			
Add Deferred Charge on Refundings	3,137,408	_			
	\$ 350,418,176	\$ 30,353,828			

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has six items that qualify for reporting in this category. These six items relate to the County's pension plan are reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund Statements of Net Position. (1) Experience gains result from periodic studies by the County's actuary, which adjust the net pension liability for actual experience for certain trend information that was previously assumed, for example the assumed dates of retirement of plan members. These experience gains are recorded as deferred outflows of resources and are amortized into pension expense over the expected remaining service lives of the plan members. (2) Changes in actuarial assumptions adjust the net pension liabilities and are amortized into pension expense over the expected remaining service lives of plan members. (3) The differences between projected investment return on pension investments and actual return on those investments are deferred and amortized against pension expense over a five-year period. (4) The changes in the County's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability and differences between actual employer contributions and proportionate share of the total plan employer contributions are specific to costsharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plans and represent the current period amortized portions of these deferred outflows. (5) Any contributions made by the County to the pension plan before year-end but subsequent to the measurement date of the County's net pension liability are reported as deferred outflows of resources.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position and the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of fund balance or net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has three types of items that qualify for reporting in this category, one of which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, the items, unavailable revenue, are reported only in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from: 1) property taxes, and these amounts are deferred and will be recognized as an inflow of resources in the period in which the amounts become available. The other items relate to the County's pension and are reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund Statements of Net Position; 2) certain experience losses (discussed on the previous page) are deferred and amortized against expense over a five-year period, resulting in recognition as deferred inflows of resources; and 3) additionally, the changes in the County's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability and differences between actual employer contributions and proportionate share of the total plan employer contributions (discussed in the previous paragraph) are specific to cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plans and represent the current period amortized portions of these deferred inflows.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments

The County maintains a pooled cash and investment account for all funds for accounting and investment purposes. This gives the County the ability to invest idle cash for short periods of time and to earn the most favorable available rate of return. The "equity in pooled cash and investments" represents the amount of pooled cash and investments owned by each fund of the County. Certain individual funds may reflect a cash deficit, from time to time. These cash deficits are not considered an equity transfer since the transfer has not been approved by County Council and is considered to be temporary in nature.

Investments

Investments with a readily determined fair value are stated at fair value, which approximates cost. State statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the United States and its agencies, general obligations (not revenue obligations) of the State of South Carolina and its political subdivisions, savings and loan associations to the extent of federal insurance, certificates of deposits collaterally secured, and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool ("LGIP"). The LGIP is an investment mechanism authorized by the South Carolina State Legislature and is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. There is no regulatory oversight of the pool. The pool's primary objective is to acquire maximum returns on investments by pooling available funds with funds from other political subdivisions. The total fair value of the investment pool is apportioned to the entities with funds invested on an equal basis for each share owned, which are acquired at a cost of \$1. Investments in the pool are stated at fair value, which approximates cost. The remaining investments of the County are reported at fair value.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Receivables

All receivables are reported at their gross value and when appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is uncollectible.

Inventories

Inventories recorded in the Lady's Island Airport Fund and the Stormwater Utility Fund consist of fuels and supplies. Supplies are reported at cost, and fuel is reported at the lower of "first in, first out" cost or market.

Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at acquisition value as of the date received rather than fair market value. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is calculated on the straight-line basis starting in the month of purchase/completion over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings25 YearsImprovements25 YearsInfrastructure25 YearsEquipment5 – 10 Years

In lieu of annual depreciation, the County has elected to use the "modified approach" for its infrastructure assets within its Hilton Head Island Airport and its Lady's Island Airport, which consists of reporting as required supplemental information ("RSI") the current assessed condition of the assets pursuant to its runway, taxiway, and apron management system and the estimated annual amounts to maintain and preserve such assets along with actual amounts expensed during the period.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable government activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as bond proceeds. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as interest on investments while discounts and issuance costs are reported as interest and fees expenditures.

Compensated Absences

The County accrues compensated absences and associated employee-related costs when earned by the employee. The General Fund is used to liquidate the liability for non-proprietary fund accrued compensated absences.

Due to and from Other Funds/Internal Balances

Interfund receivables and payables in the fund financial statements and internal balances in the government-wide financial statements arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Revenues

Substantially all governmental fund revenues are accrued. Property taxes are billed and collected within the same period in which the taxes are levied.

Expenditures

Expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the County's financial position and results of operations and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The County uses GAAP as the basis for its budgeting and uses the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- (1) The County Administrator submits to County Council, prior to June 1, proposed operating, special revenue, debt service, and capital improvement ("CIP") budgets for the fiscal year commencing July 1. The operating, special revenue, debt service, and CIP budgets include proposed expenditures, revenues, and financing sources.
- (2) The Council requires such changes to be made as it deems necessary, provided the budget remains in balance and is subject to the notice of hearing requirements of Section 4-9-140 of the South Carolina Statutes.
- (3) Public hearings are held pursuant to Section 4-9-140 of the South Carolina Statutes in order for the Council to adopt the tentative and final budget.
- (4) Prior to July 1, the operating, special revenue, debt service and CIP budgets are legally enacted through passage of an ordinance setting forth anticipated revenues and appropriations by fund.
- (5) The County Administrator or his designee is authorized to transfer funds among operating accounts or among capital accounts within a department. All transfers over \$25,000 between departments and programs or between operating and capital accounts must be authorized by the Council in accordance with Section 4-9-140 of the South Carolina Statutes. In accordance with County Ordinance 2012/07, Section 10, amounts of \$25,000 or less can be approved by the County Administrator and/or his designee. Any transfer in excess of \$25,000 for individual expenditures or in excess of \$50,000 cumulatively during any fiscal year is to be authorized by County Council, or its designee.
- (6) Formal budgetary integration is employed as a measurement control device for all governmental funds of the County. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e. the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the department level.
- (7) Budgets for the governmental fund types are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.
- (8) Revenues in excess of the current budget ordinance may be expended as directed by the revenue source or for the purpose for which the funds were generated without further approval by County Council, as per Section 14 of County Ordinance 2006/14.

NOTE 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

State Statute authorizes the County to invest in: 1) obligations of the United States and agencies thereof; 2) general obligations of the State of South Carolina or any of its political units provided such obligations are rated as an "A" or better by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. and Standard and Poor's Corporation or their respective successors; 3) interest bearing accounts in financial institutions to the extent that same are insured by an agency of the Federal Government; 4) certificates of deposit where the certificates are collaterally secured by securities of the type described above, held by a third-party as escrow agent or custodian, of a market value not less than the amount of the certificates of deposit so secured, including interest, provided, however, such collateral shall not be required to the extent the same are insured by an agency of the Federal Government; or 5) deposit accounts with banking institutions insured and secured in the same manner. The Statutes provide that all authorized investments shall have maturities consistent with the time or times when the invested monies will be needed in cash.

Deposits

Deposits include cash and cash equivalents on deposits in banks and non-negotiable certificates of deposit. All deposits under the control of the County Treasurer are fully insured or collateralized as of June 30, 2019 with securities held by the counterparty's trust department, line of credit, or agent in the County's name.

Investments

The County's certificates of deposit are presented at cost, whereas, the County's remaining investments are presented at fair value. Securities are valued at the last reported sales price as provided by an independent pricing service. Investment income consists of realized and unrealized appreciation (depreciation) in the fair value of investments and interest income earned.

NOTE 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

As of June 30, 2019, the County had the following investments and maturities:

			_	Inve	s				
Investment Type		Fair Value		Less than 1 year		than 1 ut less years	More than 5 years		
Money Market Funds	\$	602,875	\$	602,875	\$	-	\$	-	
Municipal Bonds		453,942		453,942		-		-	
U.S. Government Agencies Securities State of S.C. Treasurer's	1	108,358,330		57,488,573		89,875	3,079,882		
Investment Pool	1	53,176,685	1	53,176,685		_			
Total Investments held in the County's name	\$ 2	62,591,832	\$ 2	11,722,075	\$ 47,7	89,875	\$ 3,07	9,882	

The County's investments measured and reported at fair value are classified according to the following hierarchy:

- Level 1 Investments reflect prices quoted in active markets.
- Level 2 Investments reflect prices that are based on a similar observable asset either directly or indirectly, which may include inputs in markets that are not considered to be active.
- Level 3 Investments reflect prices based upon unobservable sources.

The categorization of investments within the hierarchy is based upon the pricing transparency of the instrument and should not be perceived as the particular investment's risk. Money market mutual funds classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued directly from a predetermined primary external pricing vendor. Assets classified in Level 2 are subject to pricing by an alternative pricing source due to lack of information available by the primary vendor. The County has no investments classified in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

NOTE 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

				Fair	Valu	e Measureme	nts	
Investment	F	air Value		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3
Investments by Fair Value Level	_	_		_				
Municipal Bonds	\$	453,942	\$	-	\$	453,942	\$	-
U.S. Government Agencies Securities	1	108,358,330		42,558,945		65,799,385		-
Total Investments by Fair Value Level	<u> </u>	108,812,272	\$	42,558,945	\$	66,253,327	\$	_
	<u> </u>	,	<u> </u>	:=,::0,0::0	<u> </u>	,,	<u>~</u>	

The South Carolina Local Government Investment Pool ("State of S.C. Treasurer's Investment Pool") investments are invested with the South Carolina State Treasurer's Office, which established the State of S.C. Treasurer's Investment Pool pursuant to Section 6-6-10 of the South Carolina Code. The State of S.C. Treasurer's Investment Pool is an investment trust fund, in which public monies in excess of current needs, which are under the custody of any county treasurer or any governing body of a political subdivision of the State, may be deposited. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools, investments are carried at fair value determined annually based upon quoted market prices for identical or similar investments. The total fair value of the State of S.C. Treasurer's Investment Pool is apportioned to the entities with funds invested on an equal basis for each share owned, which are acquired at a cost of \$1.00. Funds may be deposited by State of S.C. Treasurer's Investment Pool participants at any time and may be withdrawn upon 24 hours' notice. Financial Statements for the State of S.C. Treasurer's Investment Pool may be obtained by writing the Office of State Treasurer, Local Government Investment Pool, Post Office Box 11778, Columbia, South Carolina 29211.

NOTE 2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial Credit Risk for investments is the risk that in the event of a failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the County will not be able to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The County's policy with respect to custodial credit risk is that all of the County's investments must be insured or collateralized.

Credit Risk

As of June 30, 2019, the County's investments in U.S. Government Agencies Securities are rated Aaa by Moody's Investors. Statutes also allow the State Treasurer to assist local governments in investing funds. The State Treasurer also provides oversight for the State Treasurer's Investment Pool which is unrated, of which; the fair value of the County's investments is the same as the value of the pooled shares. The County's investment in the certificate of deposit is also unrated. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations to the County. The County's credit risk policy to mitigate the potential loss of principal is to purchase only high investment grade fixed-income securities. The County's investments are fully collateralized by U.S. Government Securities and are not subject to credit risk.

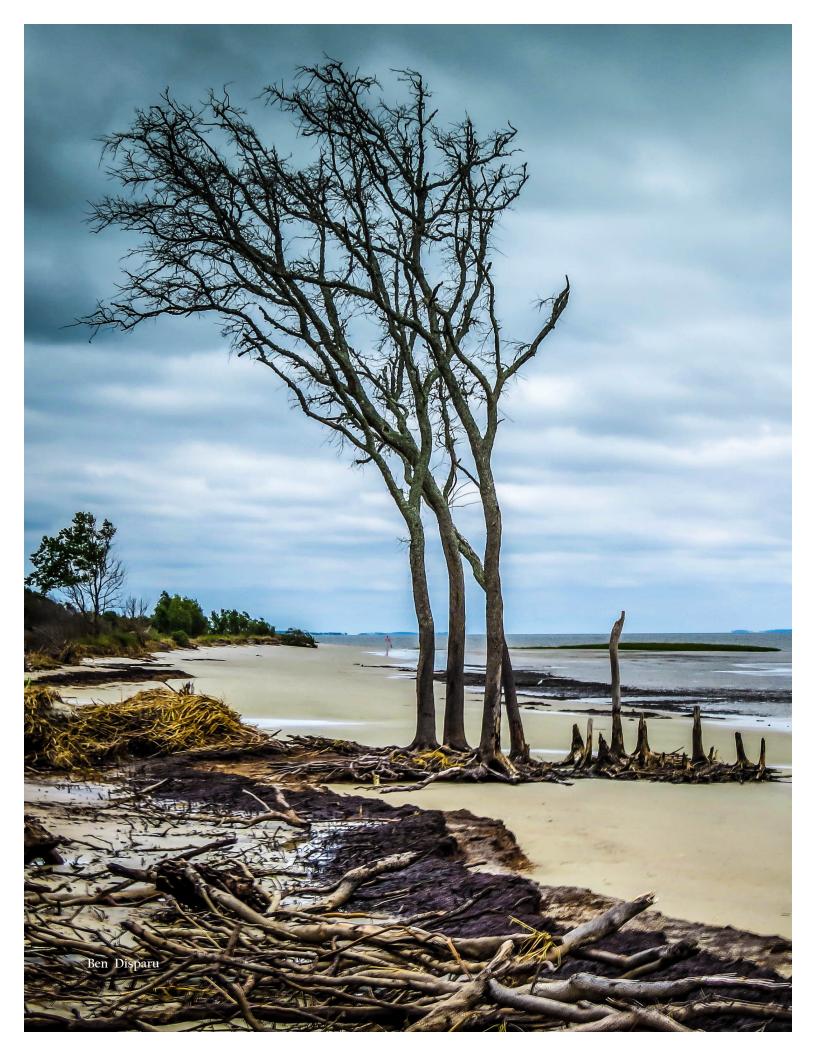
Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in the interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The County's respective maturity dates are as noted on a previous page. The County does not have a policy with respect to interest rate risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk

This is the risk of loss attributable to the magnitude of the County's investment in a single issuer. The County's policy is to minimize the concentration of credit risk by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized, although there is no formal limit on the amount the County may invest in any one issuer.

The County does not invest in foreign securities or have transactions with foreign currency, and as a result does not have a policy for foreign currency risk.



NOTE 3. RECEIVABLES/DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS/NOTE RECEIVABLE

Receivables

All property taxes receivable are shown net of allowances for uncollectibles. The County considers all taxes to be collectible; therefore, no allowance for uncollectibles has been established.

The following details net receivables by governmental fund:

	 General	0	unty Wide General bligation Bonds	Ro	ad Impact Fees	Nonmajor vernmental Funds
Property Tax Receivable Accounts Receivable -	\$ 2,108,660	\$	289,351	\$	875,516	\$ -
Other	 195,859				=	 2,414,849
	\$ 2,304,519	\$	289,351	\$	875,516	\$ 2,414,849

The following details net receivables by proprietary fund:

	Sto	ormwater Utility	y's Island Airport	ton Head Airport	Serv	nternal /ice Fund - Garage
Licenses and Fees			 			
Receivable	\$	126,751	\$ 26,993	\$ 382,116	\$	295,504
	\$	126,751	\$ 26,993	\$ 382,116	\$	295,504

Due from Other Governments

The following details the due from other governments by governmental fund:

	_ Ge	eneral Fund	0	unty Wide General bligation Bonds	Nonmajor vernmental Funds
Due from Other		_	'		 _
Governments	\$	4,778,213	\$	205,527	\$ 2,304,004
	\$	4,778,213	\$	205,527	\$ 2,304,004

NOTE 3. RECEIVABLES/DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS/NOTE RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

Due from Other Governments (Continued)

The following details the due from other governments by proprietary fund:

	y's Island Airport	Hilton Head Airport		
Due from Other Governments	\$ 82,273	\$	819,431	
	\$ 82,273	\$	819,431	

Note Receivable from the Technical College of the Lowcountry

In November 2006, the County issued \$17,500,000 in General Obligation bonds bearing interest rates of 3.5% to 8.0% and with varying maturities through 2026. The Technical College of the Lowcountry's portion of this bond is \$1,500,000.

The following reflects the future minimum payments receivable at June 30, 2019, under this note receivable:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	 Amount
2020	\$ 102,724
2021	102,724
2022	102,724
2023	102,724
2024 – 2027	308,171
Total Minimum Note Payments	719,067
Less Amount Representing Interest	 (72,697)
Present Value of Minimum Note Payments	646,370
Less Current Portion	 (85,089)
Long-Term Portion	\$ 561,281

Note Receivable from Hilton Head Airport Fund

In September 2007, the County issued a note for \$1,800,000 for the balance owed for the construction of hangars at the Hilton Head Island Airport. The note is payable in quarterly payments of \$24,185, including interest at 2.07% through June 2032.

NOTE 3. RECEIVABLES/DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS/NOTE RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

Note Receivable from Hilton Head Airport Fund (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize the note receivable from Hilton Head Airport Fund outstanding at June 30, 2019, are as follows:

Note Payable to

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	e Payable to ebt Service Fund	P	rincipal	ı	nterest
2020	\$ 96,740	\$	74,543	\$	22,197
2021	96,740		76,098		20,642
2022	96,740		77,685		19,055
2023	96,740		79,306		17,434
2024	96,740		80,961		15,779
2025 – 2029	483,703		430,857		52,846
2030 – 2032	 290,225		280,694		9,531
Total	\$ 1,257,628	\$ ^	1,100,144	\$	157,484

In November 2014, the County issued a note for \$2,260,000 for various capital projects at the Hilton Head Island Airport. The Federal Aviation Administration ("FAA") provides grants that are 90% funded. The other 10% of project costs are provided by the South Carolina Aeronautical Commission ("SCAC") and the Hilton Head Island Airport, 5% each. The proceeds from this note are intended to offset the Airport's share of costs for these projects. The note is payable in quarterly payments of \$37,125, including interest at 2.94% through December 2034.

Annual requirements to amortize the note receivable from Hilton Head Airport Fund outstanding at June 30, 2019, are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,		e Payable to ebt Service Fund	P	rincipal		nterest
2020	\$	148,502	\$	95.353	\$	53,149
2021	•	148,502	•	98,187	•	50,315
2022		148,502		101,106		47,396
2023		148,502		104,111		44,391
2024		148,502		107,206		41,296
2025 – 2029		742,509		585,769		156,740
2030 – 2034		742,509		678,163		64,346
2035		74,251		73,440		811
Total	\$	2,301,779	\$	1,843,335	\$	458,444

NOTE 3. RECEIVABLES/DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS/NOTE RECEIVABLE (CONTINUED)

Note Receivable from Stormwater Utility Fund

In June 2017, the County issued a bond for \$5,000,000 to provide capital funding for the MS4 Stormwater initiative. The bond is payable in semi-annual payments, including interest at 2.88% through June 2037.

Annual requirements to amortize the note receivable from Stormwater Utility Fund outstanding at June 30, 2019, are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	e Payable to ebt Service Fund	Prir	ncipal		nterest
2020	\$ 188,193	\$	_	\$	188,193
2021	188,193		-		188,193
2022	246,993		58,800		188,193
2023	244,053		58,800		185,253
2024	241,113		58,800		182,313
2025 – 2029	2,066,103	1,2	47,540		818,563
2030 – 2034	2,544,647	2,1	08,960		435,687
2035 – 2037	 1,559,588	1,4	67,100		92,488
Total	\$ 7,278,883	\$ 5,0	00,000	\$ 2	2,278,883

Interfund Balances between the General Fund and the Proprietary Funds

Interfund receivable and payable balances as of June 30, 2019, are as follows:

Payable Fund		Total
Hilton Head Airport Fund	\$	2,281,134
Lady's Island Airport Fund		937,692
	\$	3,218,826
	Hilton Head Airport Fund	Hilton Head Airport Fund \$ Lady's Island Airport Fund

Interfund receivables and payables result from timing differences and other year-end transactions which normally clear within one or two months.

NOTE 4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Governmental Activities

GOVERNMENTAL CAPITAL ASSETS

	Balance June 30, 2018	Additions	Disposals and Transfers	Balance June 30, 2019
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 124,152,640	\$ 7,588,061	\$ -	\$ 131,740,701
Easements	18,059,927	-	-	18,059,927
Construction in progress	44,517,092	23,482,695	(51,175,827)	16,823,960
Total capital assets				
not being depreciated	186,729,659	31,070,756	(51,175,827)	166,624,588
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings and improvements	195,940,543	1,608,610	15,463,991	213,013,144
Infrastructure	301,708,957	-	34,280,482	335,989,439
Equipment	87,145,907	4,730,693	(2,066,599)	89,810,001
Total capital assets				
being depreciated	584,795,407	6,339,303	47,677,874	638,812,584
Less accumulated depreciation				
Buildings and improvements	105,585,584	5,522,868	-	111,108,452
Infrastructure	63,753,381	15,063,129	-	78,816,510
Equipment	71,757,790	4,157,252	(1,920,419)	73,994,623
Total accumulated depreciation	241,096,755	24,743,249	(1,920,419)	263,919,585
Total capital assets				
being depreciated, net	343,698,652	(18,403,946)	49,598,293	374,892,999
Governmental activities				
capital assets, net	\$ 530,428,311	\$ 12,666,810	\$ (1,577,534)	\$ 541,517,587

For the capital assets of the governmental activities, depreciation is computed on the straight-line method of depreciation over the estimated useful lives of the assets, which range from five to 25 years. Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2019 was \$24,725,564 and the accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2019 was \$263,901,900.

NOTE 4. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Governmental Activities (Continued)

The depreciation expense was allocated as follows:

GOVERNMENTAL DEPRECIATION EXPENSE

General Government	\$ 7,146,086
Public Safety	2,843,472
Public Works	10,133,889
Public Health	765,419
Public Welfare	4,716
Cultural and Recreation	 3,849,667
Total	\$ 24,743,249

Business-Type Activities

PROPRIETARY CAPITAL ASSETS

	Balance June 30, 2018		Additions		-	osals and ansfers	Balance June 30, 2019		
Capital assets not being depreciated									
Land	\$ 13	3,561,714	\$	-	\$	-	\$	13,561,714	
Infrastructure	Ś	9,229,801		-		-		9,229,801	
Construction in progress		257,890		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		257,890	
Total capital assets									
not being depreciated	23	3,049,405		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		23,049,405	
Capital assets being depreciated									
Buildings and improvements	14	1,193,462		165,937		-		14,359,399	
Equipment	7	7,653,962		634,496		(629,236)		7,659,222	
Total capital assets									
being depreciated	21	1,847,424		800,433		(629,236)		22,018,621	
Less accumulated depreciation									
Buildings and improvements	9	9,515,695		551,044		-		10,066,739	
Equipment		1,787,59 <u>5</u>		467,185		(607,321)		4,647,459	
Total accumulated depreciation	14	1,303,290		1,018,229		(607,321)		14,714,198	
Total capital assets									
being depreciated, net	7	7,544,134		(217,796)		(21,915)	_	7,304,423	
Business-type activities									
capital assets, net	\$ 30	0,593,539	\$	(217,796)	\$	(21,915)	\$	30,353,828	

NOTE 4. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Business-Type Activities (Continued)

For the capital assets of the business–type activities, depreciation is computed on the straight-line method of depreciation over the estimated useful lives of the assets, which range from five to 25 years. Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2019 was \$1,018,229 and the accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2019 was \$14,714,198.

The depreciation expense was allocated as follows:

PROPRIETARY DEPRECIATION EXPENSE

Stormwater Utility	\$ 395,168
Lady's Island Airport	54,006
Hilton Head Airport	 569,055
Total	\$ 1,018,229

NOTE 5. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A schedule of the County's long-term obligations for governmental activities as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

		Balance June 30, 2018		Additions		Retirements	Balance June 30, 2019	Due in One Year	
General Obligation Bonds Premiums Compensated Absences Net pension liability	\$	218,159,372 13,539,922 4,118,499 122,749,447	\$	11,250,000 609,072 6,015,576 15,915,268	\$	15,579,302 2,311,738 6,565,349 14,009,788	\$213,830,070 11,837,256 3,568,726 124,654,927	\$ 16,552,253 - 499,622	
Total	\$	358,567,240	\$	33,789,916	\$	38,466,177	\$353,890,979	\$ 17,051,875	
Deferred Charge on Refundings	\$	3,661,682	\$	_	\$	524,274	\$ 3,137,408		

A schedule of the County's long-term obligations for business-type activities as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2018		Additions		Retirements		Balance June 30, 2019		Due in One Year	
Compensated Absences Net pension liability	\$ 134,077 4,963,044	\$	321,966 613,851	\$	295,057 580,904	\$	160,986 4,995,991	\$	22,538	
Total	\$ 5,097,121	\$	935,817	\$	875,961	\$	5,156,977	\$	22,538	

NOTE 5. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

For the governmental activities, compensated absences and the net pension liability are substantially liquidated by the General Fund.

General Obligation Bonds

In March 2010, the County issued \$48,755,000 of general obligation bonds and Build America General Obligation Bonds bearing interest rates of 2.0% to 5.625% and with maturity dates through 2029. The proceeds of these bonds were used to pay off the related bond anticipation notes that were issued in March 2009. \$20,000,000 of the proceeds of the bond anticipation notes were used for the County's rural and critical lands projects and \$28,755,000 of the proceeds were used for various County projects.

In November 2010, the County issued \$8,125,000 of general obligation refunding bonds bearing interest rates of 2.0% to 4.0% and with varying maturity dates through 2022. The refunding bonds provide resources to purchase U.S. Government State and Local Government Series Securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for most future debt service payments on the 2002 County Bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be partially defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying value of the old debt by \$547,943, as the transaction resulted in an economic gain of \$420,749.

In December 2011, the County issued \$10,000,000 of general obligation bonds bearing interest rates of 2.0% to 3.5% and with varying maturity dates through 2031. The proceeds of these bonds were used for the County's rural and critical lands projects, as approved by referendum in November 2006.

In January 2012, the County issued \$15,295,000 of general obligation refunding bonds bearing interest rates of 2.0% to 4.0% and with varying maturity dates through 2023. The refunding bonds provide resources to purchase U.S. Government State and Local Government Series Securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for most future debt service payments on the 2003 County Bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be partially defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying value of the old debt by \$1,400,206, as the transaction resulted in an economic gain of \$2,196,519.

NOTE 5. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

General Obligation Bonds (Continued)

In August 2012, the County issued \$25,185,000 of general obligation refunding bonds bearing interest rates of 2.0% to 5.0% and with varying maturity dates through 2025. The proceeds were used to advance refund \$27,050,000 of outstanding 2005 general obligation bonds which had interest rates ranging from 3.0% to 5.0%. The net proceeds of \$28,882,311 (including a \$3,938,020 premium and after payment of \$240,709 in underwriting fees and other issuance costs) were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide funds for the future debt service payments on the refunded bonds. As a result, the 2005 general obligation bonds are considered to be partially defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying value of the old debt by \$1,832,311, as the transaction resulted in an economic gain of \$4,316,298.

In October 2012, the County issued \$6,000,000 of general obligation bonds through the United States Department of Agriculture bearing an interest rate of 3.5% and with varying maturity dates through 2052. The proceeds of these bonds were used for the County's St. Helena Library project.

In May 2013, the County issued \$7,580,000 of general obligation bonds bearing interest rates of 1.5% to 4.0% and with varying maturity dates through 2033. The proceeds of these bonds were used to pay off the related bond anticipation notes of \$2,500,000 and \$5,000,000 that were issued in May 2012 and October 2012, respectively.

In May 2013, the County issued \$25,000,000 of general obligation bonds bearing interest rates of 1.5% to 5.0% and with varying maturity dates through 2029. The proceeds of these bonds were used for the County's rural and critical land projects, as approved by referendum in November 2012.

In May 2013, the County issued \$33,150,000 of general obligation refunding bonds bearing interest rates of 1.5% to 5.0% and with varying maturity dates through 2026. The proceeds were used to advance refund \$11,250,000 and \$21,900,000 of outstanding 2006 and 2006B general obligation bonds which had interest rates ranging from 3.5% to 8.0% and 4.0% to 6.75%, respectively. The net proceeds of \$37,026,992 (including a \$4,174,601 premium and after payment of \$297,609 in underwriting fees and other issuance costs) were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide funds for the future debt service payments on the refunded bonds. As a result, the 2006 and 2006B general obligation bonds are considered to be partially defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying value of the old debt by \$3,876,919, as the transaction resulted in an economic gain of \$2,013,870.

NOTE 5. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

General Obligation Bonds (Continued)

In November 2014, the County issued \$19,450,000 of general obligation bonds bearing interest rates of 2% to 5% and with varying maturity dates through 2034. The proceeds of these bonds will be used for various County and Hilton Head Island Airport capital projects.

In November 2014, the County issued \$22,570,000 of general obligation refunding bonds bearing interest rates of 2.5% to 4% and with varying maturity dates through 2029. The proceeds of these bonds will be used to advance refund the outstanding 2010B Build America General Obligation Bonds. The net proceeds of \$25,106,406 (including a \$2,246,455 premium after payment of \$289,951 in underwriting fees and other issuance costs) were deposited with an escrow agent to refund the bonds. As a result, the 2010B general obligation bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying value of the old debt by \$225,674, as the transaction resulted in an economic gain of \$2,439,944.

In March 2016, the County issued \$17,950,000 of general obligation refunding bonds bearing interest rates of 2.0% to 4.0% and with varying maturity dates through 2027. The proceeds were used to advance refund \$18,375,000 of outstanding 2007 general obligation bonds which had interest rates ranging from 4.0% to 5.0%. The net proceeds of \$19,200,267 (including a \$1,312,194 premium and after payment of \$168,556 in underwriting fees and other issuance costs) were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide funds for the future debt service payments on the refunded bonds. As a result, the 2007 general obligation bonds are considered to be partially defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. The prior debt service, \$24,241,000, exceeded the refunding debt service, \$21,453,453, and results in cash flow savings in the amount of \$2,787,547. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying value of the old debt by \$716,723, as the transaction resulted in an economic gain of \$2,551,735.

In June 2017, the County issued \$51,000,000 of general obligation bonds bearing interest rates of 3.13% to 5% and with varying maturity dates through 2037. \$31 million of the proceeds of these bonds will be used for various County and Stormwater Utility capital projects and \$20 million of the proceeds of these bonds will be used for the County's rural and critical land projects, as approved by referendum in November 2014.

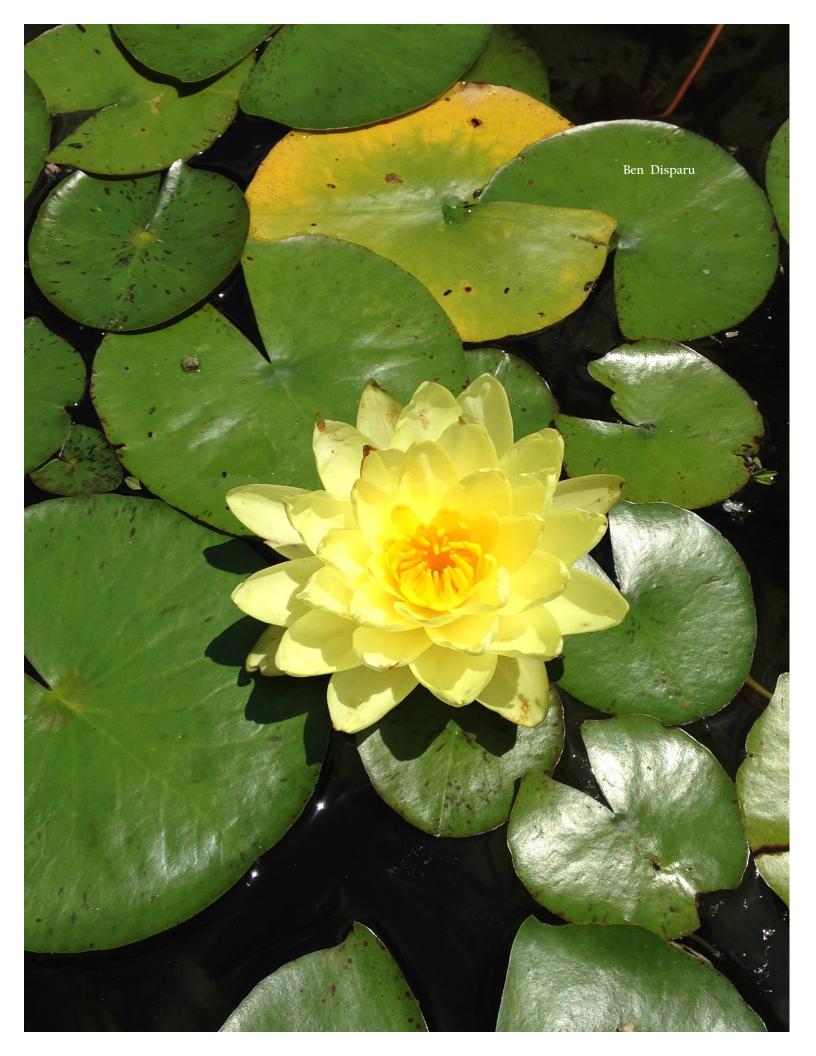
NOTE 5. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

General Obligation Bonds (Continued)

In June 2017, the County issued \$6,110,000 of general obligation refunding bonds bearing interest rates of 5.0% and with varying maturity dates through 2020. The net proceeds of \$6,424,372 (including a \$362,230 premium and after payment of \$47,858 in underwriting fees and other issuance costs) were used to provide funds for the defeasance of the 2007B general obligation bonds in the amount of \$6,405,000 bearing interest rates of 4.0% to 5.0%. As a result, the 2007B general obligation bonds are considered to be fully defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. The prior debt service, \$6,794,700, exceeded the refunding debt service, \$6,556,679, and results in cash flow savings in the amount of \$238,021. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying value of the old debt by \$14,945, as the transaction resulted in an economic gain of \$237,486.

In March 2019, the County issued \$11,250,000 of general obligation bonds bearing interest rates of 2.5% to 5% and with varying maturity dates through 2039. The net proceeds of \$11,740,552 (including a \$609,072 premium and after payment of \$118,520 in underwriting fees and other issuance costs) were used to provide funds to finance various projects including the re-skinning of the County administration building, phase one of the Arthur Horn building replacement, detention center security upgrades, and the renovation of three County pools.

The 2010A, 2010C, 2011, 2012A, 2012C, 2012E, 2013A, 2013B, 2013C, 2014A, 2014B, 2016A, 2017A, 2017B, and 2019A general obligation bonds are collateralized by the full faith and credit of the County and are payable from ad valorem taxes.



NOTE 5. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

General Obligation Bonds (Continued)

General obligation bonds accounted for in the County's Statement of Net Position consist of the following at June 30, 2019:

Description	Rates	Dates	Maturity	Original Issue	Outstanding at June 30, 2019
2010A County Bonds	2.0% - 5.0%	3/1 and 9/1	2020	24,205,000	2,780,000
2010C County Bonds	2.0% - 4.0%	2/1 and 8/1	2022	8,125,000	2,975,000
2011 County Bonds	2.0% - 3.5%	3/1 and 9/1	2031	10,000,000	9,195,000
2012A County Bonds	2.0% - 4.0%	3/1 and 9/1	2023	15,295,000	6,785,000
2012C County Bonds	2.0% - 5.0%	2/1 and 8/1	2025	25,185,000	20,120,000
2012E County Bonds	3.5%	10/12	2052	6,000,000	5,535,070
2013A County Bonds	1.5% - 4.0%	5/1 and 11/1	2033	7,580,000	5,470,000
2013B County Bonds	1.5% - 5.0%	5/1 and 11/1	2029	25,000,000	18,225,000
2013C County Bonds	1.5% - 5.0%	3/1 and 9/1	2026	33,150,000	24,960,000
2014A County Bonds	2.0% - 5.0%	3/1 and 9/1	2034	19,450,000	15,725,000
2014B County Bonds	2.5% - 4.0%	3/1 and 9/1	2029	22,570,000	22,570,000
2016A County Bonds	2.0% - 4.0%	3/1 and 9/1	2027	17,950,000	15,135,000
2017A County Bonds	3.0% - 5.0%	2/1 and 8/1	2037	51,000,000	51,000,000
2017B County Bonds	5.0%	2/1 and 8/1	2020	6,110,000	2,105,000
2019A County Bonds	2.5% - 5.0%	3/1 and 9/1	2039	11,250,000	11,250,000
				\$ 282,870,000	\$213,830,070

NOTE 5. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

General Obligation Bonds (Continued)

A schedule of the debt service requirements associated with the general obligation bonds is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 - 2029 2030 - 2034 2035 - 2038 2039 - 2043	\$ 16,552,253 17,615,306 18,308,467 18,271,738 18,475,124 58,650,706 43,565,003 19,323,877 931,000	\$ 7,957,393 7,260,231 6,554,370 6,078,849 5,087,463 17,099,966 7,510,036 1,926,048 531,202	\$ 24,509,646 24,875,537 24,862,837 24,350,587 23,562,587 75,750,672 51,075,039 21,249,925 1,462,202
2039 – 2043 2044 – 2048	1,105,736	336,556	1,462,202
	* *	,	, , -
2049 – 2053 Total	1,030,860 \$ 213,830,070	111,599 \$ 60,453,713	1,142,459 \$ 274,283,783

Total interest paid on bonds outstanding for the year ended June 30, 2019 was \$8,121,428.

NOTE 6. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers (in/out) were used to move resources to/from other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, or other requirements. These transfers were permanent in nature and as such there are not any anticipated repayments. The following interfund transfers were made during the year ended June 30, 2019.

Recipient Fund	Transferring Fund		Amount		
General Fund	Local Hosp Tax	\$	1,500,000		
General Fund	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		64,998		
Road Impact Fees Fund Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds			1,133,980		
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		2,426,142		
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	General Fund		5,728,673		
HH Airport	Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds		200,000		
Internal Service Fund	General Fund		588,088		
		\$	11,641,881		

NOTE 7. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS

All state and local government employees can participate in a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code 457. The plan, administered by the state public employee retirement system through a state approved nongovernmental third-party, permits governmental employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to an employee until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Contributions by employees under the 457 program totaled \$375,850 for the year ended June 30, 2019. There are no employer contributions made by the County to this plan. Participant account balances are not included in these financial statements.

County employees may participate in a 401(k) or a Roth 401(k) deferred compensation plans available to state and local governmental employees through the state public employee retirement system. The 401(k) and Roth 401(k) programs are administered by a state approved nongovernmental third party. Contributions by employees under the 401(k) and Roth 401(k) programs totaled \$720,783 and \$25,855, respectively, for the year ended June 30, 2019. There are no employer contributions made by the County to these plans. Participant account balances are not included in these financial statements.

NOTE 8. SELF-INSURED HEALTH INSURANCE

The County is self-insured for health claims incurred by employees and/or their dependents. The plan establishes a "Stop Loss" of \$200,000 per person per contract year. There are not any individuals excluded from the stop loss coverage with a specific deductible. At June 30, 2019, claims due and payable total approximately \$778,000 and are recorded as a liability and expenditure within the General Fund.

The following indicates claims versus premiums for the past fiscal year:

For the Year Ended June 30,	eginning Liability	Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimate		Claim Payments		Ending Liability	
2019	\$ 632,077	\$	11,373,425	\$	11,227,299	\$	778,203
2018	\$ 772,526	\$	10,356,566	\$	10,497,015	\$	632,077

NOTE 9. PENSION PLANS

Overview

The South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority ("PEBA"), which was created July 1, 2012, administers the various retirement systems and retirement programs managed by its Retirement Division. PEBA has an 11-member Board of Directors, appointed by the Governor and General Assembly leadership, which serves as co-trustee and co-fiduciary of the systems and the trust funds. By law, the State Fiscal Accountability Authority ("SFAA"), which consists of five elected officials, also reviews certain PEBA Board decisions regarding the funding of the Systems and serves as a cotrustee of the Systems in conducting that review. Effective July 1, 2017, the Retirement System Funding and Administration Act of 2017 assigned the PEBA Board of Directors as the Custodian of the Retirement Trust Funds and assigned SC PEBA and the Retirement Systems Investment Commission ("RSIC") as co-trustees of the Retirement Trust Funds. PEBA issues a Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") containing financial statements and required supplementary information for the South Carolina Retirement Systems' Pension Trust Funds. The CAFR is publicly available on the Retirement Benefits' link on PEBA's website at www.peba.sc.gov, or a copy may be obtained by submitting a request to PEBA, P.O. Box 11960, Columbia, South Carolina 29211-1960. PEBA is considered a division of the primary government of the State of South Carolina, and, therefore, retirement trust fund financial information is also included in the comprehensive annual financial report of the state.

Plan Description

The County contributes to the South Carolina Retirement System ("SCRS"), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that was established effective July 1, 1945, pursuant to the provisions of Section 9-1-20 of the South Carolina Code of Laws for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other benefits for employees of the state, its public school districts and political subdivisions.

In addition to the SCRS pension plan, the County also contributes to the South Carolina Police Officers Retirement System ("PORS"), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that was established effective July 1, 1962, pursuant to the provisions of Section 9-11-20 of the South Carolina Code of Laws for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other benefits for police officers and firemen of the state and its political subdivisions.

Membership

Membership requirements are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. A brief summary of the requirements under each system is described below.

NOTE 9. PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Membership (Continued)

South Carolina Retirement System. Generally, all employees of covered employers are required to participate in and contribute to the SCRS as a condition of employment. This plan covers general employees, teachers and individuals newly elected to the South Carolina General Assembly beginning with the November 2012 general election.

An employee member of the SCRS with an effective date of membership prior to July 1, 2012, is a Class Two member. An employee member of the SCRS with an effective date of membership on or after July 1, 2012, is a Class Three member.

South Carolina Police Officers Retirement System. To be eligible for PORS membership, an employee must be required by the terms of his employment, by election or appointment, to preserve public order, protect life and property, and detect crimes in the state; to prevent and control property destruction by fire; or to serve as a peace officer employed by the Department of Corrections, the Department of Juvenile Justice, or the Department of Mental Health. Probate judges and coroners may elect membership in PORS. Magistrates are required to participate in PORS for service as a magistrate. PORS members, other than magistrates and probate judges, must also earn at least \$2,000 per year and devote at least 1,600 hours per year to this work, unless exempted by statute. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership prior to July 1, 2012, is a Class Two members. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership on or after July 1, 2012, is a Class Three member.

Benefits

Benefit terms are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. PEBA does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms without a legislative change in the code of laws. Key elements of the benefit calculation include the benefit multiplier, years of service, and average final compensation. A brief summary of benefit terms for each system is presented below.

South Carolina Retirement System. A Class Two member who has separated from service with at least five or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 65 or with 28 years credited service regardless of age. A member may elect early retirement with reduced pension benefits payable at age 55 with 25 years of service credit. A Class Three member who has separated from service with at least eight or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension upon satisfying the Rule of 90 requirement that the total of the member's age and the member's creditable service equals at least 90 years. Both Class Two and Class Three members are eligible to receive a reduced deferred annuity at age 60 if they satisfy the five or eight-years earned service requirement, respectively. An incidental death benefit is also available to beneficiaries of active and retired members of employers who participate in the death benefit program.

NOTE 9. PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Membership (Continued)

The annual retirement allowance of eligible retirees or their surviving annuitants is increased by the lesser of 1% or \$500 every July 1. Only those annuitants in receipt of a benefit on July 1 of the preceding year are eligible to receive the increase. Members who retire under the early retirement provisions at age 55 with 25 years of service are not eligible for the benefit adjustment until the second July 1 after reaching age 60 or the second July 1 after the date they would have had 28 years of service credit had they not retired.

South Carolina Police Officers Retirement System. A Class Two member who has separated from service with at least five or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 55 or with 25 years of service regardless of age. A Class Three member who has separated from service with at least eight or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 55 or with 27 years of service regardless of age. Both Class Two and Class Three members are eligible to receive a deferred annuity at age 55 with five or eight-years of earned service, respectively. An incidental death benefit is also available to beneficiaries of active and retired members of employers who participate in the death benefit program. Accidental death benefits are also provided upon the death of an active member working for a covered employer whose death was a natural and proximate result of an injury incurred while in the performance of duty.

The retirement allowance of eligible retirees or their surviving annuitants is increased by the lesser of 1% or \$500 every July 1. Only those annuitants in receipt of a benefit on July 1 of the preceding year are eligible to receive the increase.

Contributions

Contributions are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. The PEBA Board may increase the SCRS and PORS employer and employee contribution rates on the basis of the actuarial valuations, but any such increase may not result in a differential between the employee and employer contribution rate that exceeds 2.9% of earnable compensation for SCRS and 5% for PORS. An increase in the contribution rates adopted by the Board may not provide for an increase of more than one-half of 1% in any one year. If the scheduled employee and employer contributions provided in statute or the rates last adopted by the Board are insufficient to maintain a 30-year amortization schedule of the unfunded liabilities of the plans, the Board shall increase the contribution rates in equal percentage amounts for the employer and employee as necessary to maintain the 30-year amortization period; and, this increase is not limited to one-half of 1% per year.

NOTE 9. PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Contributions (Continued)

If the most recent annual actuarial valuation of the Systems for funding purposes shows a ratio of the actuarial value of system assets to the actuarial accrued liability of the system (the funded ratio) that is equal to or greater than 90%, then the Board, effective on the following July first, may decrease the then current contribution rates upon making a finding that the decrease will not result in a funded ratio of less than 90%. Any decrease in contribution rates must maintain the 2.9% and 5% differentials between the SCRS and PORS employer and employee contribution rates, respectively.

If contribution rates are decreased pursuant to this provision, and the most recent annual actuarial valuation of the system shows a funded ratio of less than 90%, then effective on the following July 1st, and annually thereafter as necessary, the Board shall increase the then current contribution rates until a subsequent annual actuarial valuation of the system shows a funded ratio that is equal to or greater than 90%.

The Retirement System Funding and Administration Act increases employer contribution rates to 13.56% for SCRS and 16.24% for PORS, effective July 1, 2017. It also removes the 2.9% and 5% differential and increases and establishes a ceiling on employee contribution rates at 9% and 9.75% for SCRS and PORS, respectively. The employer contribution rates will continue to increase annually by 1% through July 1, 2022. The legislation's ultimate scheduled employer rate is 18.56% for SCRS and 21.24% for PORS. The amortization period is scheduled to be reduced one year for each of the next ten years to a 20-year amortization schedule. The recent pension reform legislation also changes the long-term funded ratio requirement from 90 to 85. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County contributed \$6,136,750 to the SCRS plan and \$3,440,718 to the PORS plan.

Required employee contribution rates for the year ended June 30, 2019, are as follows:

South Carolina Retirement System

Employee Class Two 9.00% of earnable compensation Employee Class Three 9.00% of earnable compensation

South Carolina Police Officers Retirement System

Employee Class Two 9.75% of earnable compensation Employee Class Three 9.75% of earnable compensation

NOTE 9. PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Contributions (Continued)

Required employer contribution rates for the year ended June 30, 2019, are as follows:

South Carolina Retirement System

Employee Class Two 14.41% of earnable compensation Employee Class Three 14.41% of earnable compensation Employer incidental death benefit 0.15% of earnable compensation

South Carolina Police Officers Retirement System

Employee Class Two

Employee Class Three

Employer incidental death benefit

Employer accidental death program

16.84% of earnable compensation

0.20% of earnable compensation

0.20% of earnable compensation

Net Pension Liability

The June 30, 2018 (the measurement date) total pension liability, net pension liability, and sensitivity information were determined by the consulting actuary, Gabriel, Roeder, Smith and Company ("GRS") and are based on the July 1, 2017, actuarial valuations, as adopted by the PEBA Board and Budget and Control Board, which utilized membership data as of July 1, 2017. The total pension liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date to the plan's fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, using generally accepted actuarial principles. Information included in the following schedules is based on the certification provided by GRS.

The net pension liability is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB No. 67, less that system's fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2019 (measurement date of June 30, 2018), the net pension liability amounts for the County's proportionate share of the collective net pension liabilities associated with the SCRS and PORS plans are as follows:

Dian Eidusians

System	Total Pension Liability	Pension Fiduciary Net		Employers' let Pension Liability	Net Position as a percentage of the Total Pension Liability	County's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net Pension Liability	
SCRS	\$ 192,138,407	\$ 103,956,209	\$	88,182,198	54.1%	0.393551%	
PORS	\$ 108,356,696	\$ 66,887,976	\$	41,468,720	61.7%	1.463494%	

NOTE 9. PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and future salary increases. Amounts determined during the valuation process are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. South Carolina State Statute requires that an actuarial experience study be completed at least once in each five-year period. The last experience study was performed on data through June 30, 2015, and the next experience study is scheduled to be conducted after the June 30, 2020, annual valuation is complete.

The following table provides a summary of the actuarial assumptions and methods used in the July 1, 2017 valuations for SCRS and PORS.

	SCRS	PORS
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal
Actuarial assumptions:	7.25%	7 25%
		, ,
Projected salary increases	3.0% to 12.5% (varies by service)	3.5% to 9.5% (varies by service)
Benefit adjustments	Lesser of 1% or \$500 annually	Lesser of 1% or \$500 annually

The post-retiree mortality assumption is dependent upon the member's job category and gender. The base mortality assumption, the 2016 Public Retirees of South Carolina Mortality Table ("2016 PRSC"), was developed using the Systems' mortality experience. These base rates are adjusted for future improvement in mortality using published Scale AA projected from the year 2016.

Former Job Class	Males	Females		
General Employees and Members of the General Assembly	2016 PRSC Males multiplied by 125%	2016 PRSC Females multiplied by 111%		
Public Safety and Firefighters	2016 PRSC Males multiplied by 125%	2016 PRSC Females multiplied by 111%		

NOTE 9. PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions and Methods (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for actuarial purposes is based upon the 30-year capital market assumptions. The actuarial long-term expected rates of return represent assumptions developed using an arithmetic building block approach primarily based on consensus expectations and market based inputs. Expected returns are net of investment fees. The expected real rates of investment return, along with the expected inflation rate, form the basis for the target asset allocation adopted at the beginning of the 2017 fiscal year of the Systems. For actuarial purposes, the long-term expected rate of return is calculated by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target allocation percentage and then adding the actuarial expected inflation, which is summarized in the table below.

		Expected	Long-Term	
	Target Asset	Arithmetic Real	Expected Portfolio	
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return	Real Rate of Return	
Global Equity	47.0%			
Global public equity	33.0%	6.99%	2.31%	
Private equity	9.0%	8.73%	0.79%	
Equity options securities	5.0%	5.52%	0.28%	
Real assets	10.0%			
Real estate (private)	6.0%	3.54%	0.21%	
Real estate (REITs)	2.0%	5.46%	0.11%	
Infrastructure	2.0%	5.09%	0.10%	
Opportunistic	13.0%			
GTAA/Risk parity	8.0%	3.75%	0.30%	
Hedge funds (non-PA)	2.0%	3.45%	0.07%	
Other opportunistic strategies	3.0%	375.00%	0.11%	
Diversified credit	18.0%			
Mixed credit	6.0%	3.05%	0.18%	
Emerging markets	5.0%	3.94%	0.20%	
Private debt	7.0%	3.89%	0.27%	
Conservative fixed income	12.0%			
Core fixed income	10.0%	0.94%	0.09%	
Cash and short duration (net)	2.0%	0.34%	0.01%	
	100%			
	Total expected real retu	ırn	5.03%	
	Inflation for actuarial pu	ırposes	2.25%	
	Total expected nominal	l return	7.28%	

NOTE 9. PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers in SCRS and PORS will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on provisions in the South Carolina State Code of Laws. Based on those assumptions, the County's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The following table presents the sensitivity of the net pension liabilities to changes in the discount rate.

The following table presents the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate.

Sensitivity of the Net Position Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate										
		Current								
	1	% Decrease (6.25%)	Di	scount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)					
SCRS	\$	112,680,526	\$	88,182,198	\$	70,668,311				
PORS	\$	55,905,021	\$	41,468,720	\$	29,644,183				

Pension Expense

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the County recognized its proportionate share of collective pension expense of \$8,584,402 and recognition of deferred amounts from changes in proportionate share and differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of total plan employer contributions of \$1,260,437 for a total of \$9,844,839 for the SCRS plan. Additionally, for the year ended June 30, 2019, the County recognized its proportionate share of collective pension expense of \$5,417,244 and recognition of deferred amounts from changes in proportionate share and differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of total plan employer contributions of (\$147,631) for a total of \$5,269,613 for the PORS plan.

NOTE 9. PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the SCRS and PORS pension plans, respectively, from the following sources:

SCRS	of	Deferred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected					
and actual experience	\$	159,180	\$	518,928	
Net difference between projected and actual					
earnings on pension plan investments		1,400,776		-	
Assumption changes		3,498,576		-	
Changes in proportion and differences					
between employer contributions and					
proportionate share of contributions		3,370,269		53,970	
Employer contributions subsequent					
to the measurement date		6,136,750			
Total	\$	14,565,551	\$	572,898	
		Deferred			
DODO		Outflows		rred Inflows	
PORS	of			rred Inflows Resources	
Differences between expected		Outflows Resources	of		
Differences between expected and actual experience	o <u>1</u>	Outflows			
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual		Outflows FResources 1,277,718	of		
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		Outflows FResources 1,277,718 829,275	of		
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Assumption changes		Outflows FResources 1,277,718	of		
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Assumption changes Changes in proportion and differences		Outflows FResources 1,277,718 829,275	of		
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Assumption changes Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and		Outflows FResources 1,277,718 829,275 2,734,235	of	Resources - -	
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Assumption changes Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		Outflows FResources 1,277,718 829,275	of		
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Assumption changes Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and		Outflows FResources 1,277,718 829,275 2,734,235	of	Resources - -	

NOTE 9. PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

County contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$6,136,750 and \$3,440,718 for the SCRS plan and the PORS plan, respectively, are deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	SCRS			PORS		
2020	\$	4,984,352	\$	2,438,169		
2021		3,477,374		1,758,256		
2022		(494,366)		205,045		
2023		(111,457)		(13,121)		
Total	\$	7,855,903	\$	4,388,349		

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information regarding the fiduciary net position of the plans administered by PEBA is available in the separately issued CAFR containing financial statements and required supplementary information for SCRS and PORS. The CAFR of the Pension Trust Funds is publicly available on PEBA's Retirement Benefits' website at www.retirement.sc.gov, or a copy may be obtained by submitting a request to PEBA, P.O. Box 11960, Columbia, South Carolina 29211-1960.

NOTE 10. ACCRUED COMPENSATED ABSENCES AND OTHER BENEFITS

Effective February 15, 1993, Beaufort County adopted a new leave policy for all employees. The TOWP/SCA policy was replaced with a policy granting Personal Leave Days and Personal Disability Leave. Under the new policy, employees were entitled to a maximum Personal Leave balance of 280 hours. Upon termination, employees will be paid for all unused, unpaid Personal Leave up to this maximum. The liability recorded at June 30, 2019, to cover unused, unpaid Personal Leave including fringe benefits totaled \$3,729,712.

Accrued compensated absences for governmental activities as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

	Balance		Balance		Due in				
Jui	ne 30, 2018		Additions	R	Retirements June		ne 30, 2019	C	ne Year
\$	4,118,499	\$	6,015,576	\$	6,565,349	\$	3,568,726	\$	499,622

Accrued compensated absences for business-type activities as of June 30, 2019 are as follows:

Balance						ı	Balance	Due in			
June 30, 2018		Additions		Retirements		Jur	ne 30, 2019	One Year			
\$	134,077	\$	321,966	\$	295,057	\$	160,986	\$	22,538		

The County considers accrued compensated absences to be reported as a current and long-term liability. For governmental activities, compensated absences payable are liquidated by the General Fund.

All leave hours accrued in excess of this Personal Leave maximum were accrued to the employee's Personal Disability leave account. A maximum of 360 hours may be maintained in an employee's Personal Disability leave account. The only accrual to this balance occurs when an employee's Personal Leave account exceeds 280 hours, at which time excess hours are "rolled over" to the Personal Disability leave account. Personal Disability leave is to be used in the case of an extended or life threatening illness. This account can only be used once all accrued hours in the Personal Leave account have been used to a balance of 80 hours or less. The employee must present a doctor's statement verifying the disability or illness in order to utilize his/her Personal Disability leave. Employees with remaining SCA leave balances may retain those balances. The same rules governing the use of Personal Disability leave apply to the use of SCA leave. Upon termination of employment with Beaufort County, no payment for any unused SCA or Personal Disability leave will be made.

The County does not provide post-employment health care benefits except those mandated by the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act ("COBRA"). The requirements established by COBRA are fully funded by employees who elect coverage under the Act, and no direct costs are incurred by the County.

NOTE 11. FUND BALANCES

As prescribed by GASB Statement No. 54, governmental funds report fund balance in classifications based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds can be spent. As of June 30, 2019, fund balances for government funds are made up of the following:

- Nonspendable Fund Balance includes amounts that are: a) not in spendable form, or b)
 legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion
 includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example: inventories,
 prepaid amounts, and long-term notes receivable.
- Restricted Fund Balance includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may effectively be changed or lifted only with the consent of the resource providers.
- Committed Fund Balance includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes
 determined by a formal action of the County's highest level of decision-making authority,
 County Council. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the County taking the same
 formal action that imposes the constraint originally.
- Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the County for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. County Council has by resolution authorized the County Administrator to assign fund balance. County Council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.
- Unassigned Fund Balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all amounts not contained in the other classifications. Unassigned amounts are technically available for any purpose.

In circumstances when an expenditure is made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, fund balance is generally depleted in the order of restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

NOTE 11. FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED)

Beaufort County Council is the County's highest level of decision-making authority that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

The County considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for the purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted amounts are available. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned amounts could be used, the County considers expenditures to be used in this respective order.

The County has established a General Fund fund balance policy, through Ordinance No. 2014/6, that requires the maintenance of a fund balance of at least 30% of the total General Fund expenditures of the previous fiscal year as an unassigned General Fund fund balance.

The County has established a Debt Service Fund balance policy, through Ordinance No. 2014/7, that requires the maintenance of a fund balance that covers the County's interest payments, occurring on August 1st and September 1st of every fiscal year.

NOTE 11. FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED)

Fund balances for all the major and nonmajor funds as of June 30, 2019, were distributed as follows:

	General Fund	County Wide General Obligation Bonds	Local Hospitality Tax Program	Road Impact Fees	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable:	Ф 4.444.070	Ф.	Ф.	Ф.	\$ 162,165	Ф. 4.602.044
Prepaid items	\$ 1,441,679 1,441,679	\$ <u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	162,165	\$ 1,603,844 1,603,844
Destricted.						
Restricted: General government grants			2,351,748		10,258,508	12,610,256
Public safety grants	=	-	2,351,740	-	6,107,435	6,107,435
Public works grants	-	-	-	20,396,031	8,425,312	28,821,343
Public works grants Public health grants	-	-	-	20,390,031	5,030,178	5,030,178
Public Welfare grants	_	_	_	_	1,166,240	1,166,240
Cultural and recreation grants	-	-	-	-	10,544,204	10,544,204
Capital projects	_	_	_	_	38,859,032	38,859,032
Debt service		21,841,334	_	_	3,577,898	25,419,232
Bost convice		21,841,334	2,351,748	20,396,031	83,968,807	128,557,920
Committed:						
Parks and leisure capital program	-	-	-	-	307,580	307,580
General government services	159,379	-	-	-	-	159,379
Public safety facility	245,585	-	-	-	-	245,585
Public works equipment	691,623	-	-	-	-	691,623
Cultural and recreation						
equipment	7,722	-	-	-	-	7,722
	1,104,309		_	-	307,580	1,411,889
Assigned:						
General government	3,261,035	_	_	_	_	3,261,035
Traffic engineering	29,260		_	_	_	29,260
Parks and leisure special events	260,356	-	-	-	_	260,356
•	3,550,651					3,550,651
Unassigned	37,214,289					37,214,289
	\$ 43,310,928	\$ 21,841,334	\$ 2,351,748	\$ 20,396,031	\$ 84,438,552	\$ 172,338,593

NOTE 12. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Arbitrage rules - State and local bonds issued after 1984 are subject to arbitrage restrictions as enacted by the Federal Government. To retain the bonds' tax exempt status, local governments must comply with the regulations as adopted by the government and expend all of the bond proceeds within designated periods which could be up to three years. The County believes it is in compliance with all arbitrage rules.

As of June 30, 2019, the County has outstanding construction contracts of \$16,563,168.

NOTE 13. RISK MANAGEMENT AND LITIGATION

The County is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; thefts of; damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster. The County manages risk through employee educational and prevention programs and through the purchase of casualty and liability insurance. All risk management activities are accounted for in the General Fund.

For all of these risks, the County is a member of the State of South Carolina Insurance Reserve Fund. The County pays premiums to the Fund for its general insurance coverage. The agreement for formation of the Fund provides that the Fund will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for each insured event.

Expenditures and claims are recognized when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. In determining claims, events that might create claims, but for which none have been reported are considered.

The County is a party to several lawsuits which seek to recover property taxes paid under protest and to overturn property sold at "tax sales." The County's attorney estimates that the amount of actual or potential claims against the County at June 30, 2019 will not materially affect the financial conditions of the County. Therefore, the General Fund contains no provision for estimated claims.

The County is a party to a lawsuit regarding the termination of other post-employment healthcare insurance coverage for which management cannot determine the outcome. Therefore, there is no provision provided in the financial statements.

The County has not significantly reduced insurance coverage from the previous year nor has it settled claims in excess of insurance coverage for the last three years that were material.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Revenues Property taxes: Current taxes Delinquent taxes Automobile taxes	Original	Final		Docitive /
Property taxes: Current taxes Delinquent taxes Automobile taxes			Actual	Positive / (Negative)
Current taxes Delinquent taxes Automobile taxes			7 totaai	(Hoganio)
Delinquent taxes Automobile taxes				
Automobile taxes	\$ 88,869,810	\$ 88,869,810	\$ 91,339,301	\$ 2,469,491
	3,278,061	3,278,061	1,726,448	(1,551,613)
	6,221,537	6,221,537	6,018,832	(202,705)
Penalties	1,329,662	1,329,662	907,092	(422,570)
Total property taxes	99,699,070	99,699,070	99,991,673	292,603
Licenses and permits				
Business licenses	800,000	800,000	1,720,108	920,108
Building permits	1,143,800	1,143,800	1,270,404	126,604
Cable franchise fees	450,000	450,000	457,395	7,395
Marriage licenses	90,000	90,000	87,535	(2,465)
Other licenses and permits	95,200	95,200	105,030	9,830
Total licenses and permits	2,579,000	2,579,000	3,640,472	1,061,472
Intergovernmental				
State aid to subdivisions	6,952,193	6,952,193	6,245,500	(706,693)
Homestead exemption	1,802,269	1,802,269	1,924,097	121,828
Merchants' inventory tax	186,308	186,308	186,309	1
Manufacturers tax	36,000	36,000	29,198	(6,802)
Motor carrier tax	100,000	100,000	222,107	122,107
Payments in lieu of taxes	85,000	85,000	162,935	77,935
Veterans office stipend	4,000	4,000	5,371	1,371
Registration and election	3,000	3,000	15,810	12,810
Salary supplements	7,875	7,875	7,875	-
Local traffic signal maintenance	20,000	20,000	107,296	87,296
Local, state and federal grant funds	-	-	7,352,553	7,352,553
Pollution control penalties	1,000	1,000	5,196	4,196
Total intergovernmental	9,197,645	9,197,645	16,264,247	7,066,602
Charges for services				
Register of deeds fees	3,706,907	3,706,907	4,591,812	884,905
Sheriff's service contracts and fees	3,348,963	3,348,963	3,238,896	(110,067)
Emergency medical service fees	2,679,000	2,679,000	3,234,028	555,028
Court support services	1,698,126	1,698,126	1,591,955	(106,171)
Recreation fees	554,408	554,408	538,154	(16,254)
Administrative services	241,681	241,681	450,076	208,395
DSO/rezoning/CRB fees	50,000	50,000	86,509	36,509
Solid waste disposal fees	5,000	5,000	6,550	1,550
Animal shelter fees	3,000	3,000	-	(3,000)
Total charges for services	12,287,085	12,287,085	13,737,980	1,450,895
Fines and forfeitures				
Clerk of court fines	11,300	11,300	15,968	4,668
Bond escreatment	55,000	55,000	26,140	(28,860)
Magistrate's court fines	607,700	607,700	663,858	56,158
Library fines	75,000	75,000	93,323	18,323
Other fines	1,000	1,000	91,408	90,408
Forfeitures	· <u>-</u>	· -	7,299	7,299
Total fines and forfeitures	750,000	750,000	897,996	147,996
Interest earned on investments	442,805	442,805	719,249	276,444
Miscellaneous				
Rental of county property	78,000	78,000	50,364	(27,636)
Sale of county property	121,136	121,136	319,492	198,356
Miscellaneous	52,000	52,000	30,197	(21,803)
Total Miscellaneous	251,136	251,136	400,053	148,917
Total Revenues	125,206,741	125,206,741	135,651,670	10,444,929

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Budgeted	l Amo	ounts				iance from
						Actual	P	ositive / legative)
Expenditures		Original	-	Final		Actual		vegative)
General government								
Elected and state appointed officials:								
Magistrate's court	\$	2,063,293	\$	2,063,293	\$	2,035,420	\$	27,873
Clerk of court and family court		1,150,605		1,176,331		1,030,669		145,662
Treasurer		1,573,963		1,602,663		1,521,733		80,930
Solicitor		1,245,000		1,424,500		1,424,500		-
Probate court		790,257		811,925		834,452		(22,527)
County council		681,397		681,397		761,013		(79,616)
County council - supplemental appropriations		-		10,000		10,000		-
Auditor		891,578		912,186		855,370		56,816
Coroner Moster in aguity		518,796		527,432		550,335		(22,903)
Master in equity		321,892		329,369 147,349		291,517		37,852 8,611
Department of social services Legislative delegation		147,349 65,760		65,760		138,738 53,204		12,556
Total elected and state appointed officials	-	9,449,890	-	9,752,205	_	9,506,951		245,254
••						-,,		-, -
Administrative services County administrator		772,692		775,012		573,014		201 009
•		578,342		586,190		445,512		201,998 140,678
Communications and accountability Broadcast services		323,416		330,801		369,221		(38,420)
County attorney		383,653		389,774		652,182		(262,408)
Finance, risk management and purchasing		1,153,736		1,172,469		1,176,166		(3,697)
Assessor		2,421,600		2,464,743		2,177,753		286,990
Register of deeds		545,224		551,188		524,824		26,364
Community planning and development		917,200		933,645		885,382		48,263
Business license		67,884		72,600		81,537		(8,937)
Voter registration and elections		662,289		670,907		410,392		260,515
Management and geographical information systems		4,451,783		4,484,910		4,384,844		100,066
Records management		602,108		613,215		509,357		103,858
Employee services		849,179		860,108		793,848		66,260
Nondepartmental		15,677,458		14,602,366		11,500,579		3,101,787
Total administrative services		29,406,564		28,507,928		24,484,611		4,023,317
Economic and regional development								
Lowcountry Council of Governments		143,217		143,217		121,675		21,542
Lowcountry Regional Transportation Authority		228,844		228,844		285,094		(56,250)
Economic development		770,000		770,000		509,600		260,400
Small business center		25,000		25,000		25,000		-
Total economic and regional development		1,167,061		1,167,061		941,369		225,692
Total General Government Services		40,023,515		39,427,194		34,932,931		4,494,263
Public safety services								
Sheriff's office		23,383,449		22,728,939		22,368,417		360,522
Emergency and traffic management		7,024,905		7,162,754		6,591,229		571,525
Emergency medical services		6,584,214		6,756,495		7,739,699		(983,204)
Detention center		5,841,318		5,951,082		5,934,352		16,730
Building codes and enforcement		1,192,242		1,222,640		1,126,963		95,677
Animal services		939,217		999,235		944,100		55,135
Traffic and transportation engineering		535,323		545,116		631,298		(86,182)
Total public safety services		45,500,668		45,366,261		45,336,058		30,203

(Continued)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budgeted	d Amounts		Variance from Final Budget Positive /
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Expenditures (Continued)	Original		Actual	(Negative)
Public works services				
Public works general support	\$ 2,426,279	\$ 2,471,291	\$ 2,339,698	\$ 131,593
Engineering	426,441	436,208	315,208	121,000
Facilities maintenance	6,518,125	5,494,042	5,045,220	448,822
Solid waste and recycling	7,457,653	7,571,395	7,649,445	(78,050)
Total public works services	16,828,498	15,972,936	15,349,571	623,365
Public health services				
Mosquito control	1,614,985	1,625,853	1,483,348	142,505
Medical indigent act contributions	1,631,000	1,631,000	1,631,000	-
Total public health services	3,245,985	3,256,853	3,114,348	142,505
Public welfare services				
Veterans' affairs office	173,162	174,772	165,686	9,086
Human services alliance	441,000	398,000	398,000	-
HUD home consortium	56,000	56,000	56,000	_
Total public welfare services	670,162	628,772	619,686	9,086
·	010,102	020,772	010,000	0,000
Cultural and recreation services				
Parks and seisure services	3,388,127	4,346,753	4,261,581	85,172
Libraries	4,106,651	4,275,196	4,290,916	(15,720)
Education allocation	4,509,290	4,509,290	4,509,290	
Total cultural and recreation services	12,004,068	13,131,239	13,061,787	69,452
Disaster related expenditures			950,677	(950,677)
Capital outlay	3,381,341	6,106,666	6,101,216	5,450
Total Expenditures	121,654,237	123,889,921	119,466,274	4,423,647
Excess of revenues over expenditures	3,552,504	1,316,820	16,185,396	14,868,576
Issuance of BAN	-	-	-	-
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	1,568,750	1,568,750	1,564,996	3,754
Transfers out	(5,121,254)	(5,279,500)	(6,316,761)	1,037,261
Appropriated fund balance	-			
Total other financing sources (uses)	(3,552,504)	(3,710,750)	(4,751,765)	1,041,015
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	(2,393,930)	11,433,631	(13,827,561)
Fund Balance - beginning	31,877,297	31,877,297	31,877,297	
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 31,877,297	\$ 29,483,367	\$ 43,310,928	\$ (13,827,561)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES OF COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,

South	Carolina	Retirement	System
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Plan Year Ended June 30,	County's proportion of the net pension liability	County's proportionate share of the net pension liability		Cou	nty's covered payroll	County's share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	
2018	0.393551%	\$	88,182,198	\$	38,542,987	228.8%	54.1%	
2017	0.384938%		86,655,734		38,829,871	223.2%	53.3%	
2016	0.368452%		78,700,803		35,677,230	220.6%	52.9%	
2015	0.300690%		68,288,822		33,748,204	202.3%	57.0%	
2014	0.367597%		63,288,017		33,248,858	190.3%	59.9%	

South Carolina Police Officers Retirement System

Plan Year Ended June 30,	County's proportion of the net pension liability	County's proportionate share of the net pension liability		Cou	inty's covered payroll	County's share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	
2018	1.46349%	\$	41,468,720	\$	17,304,198	239.6%	61.7%	
2017	1.49866%		41,056,757		20,178,336	203.5%	60.9%	
2016	1.49638%		37,955,357		19,093,765	198.8%	60.4%	
2015	1.46238%		31,872,585		17,974,479	177.3%	64.6%	
2014	1.48971%		28,534,997		18,070,889	157.9%	67.5%	

The above schedules will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

The assumptions used in the preparation of the above schedules are disclosed in Note 10 to the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULES OF COUNTY PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Statutorily required contribution		Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution		Contribution deficiency (excess)			Cou	nty's covered payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	
2019	\$	6,136,750	\$	6,136,750	\$		_	\$	40,402,521	15.19%	
2018		5,530,147		5,530,147			-		38,542,987	14.35%	
2017		4,488,733		4,488,733			-		38,829,871	11.56%	
2016		3,945,902		3,945,902			-		35,677,230	11.06%	
2015		3,678,554		3,678,554			-		33,478,204	10.99%	

South Carolina	Police	Officare	Petirement	Systom

Fiscal Year Ended red		Statutorily required ontribution	Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution		Contribution deficiency (excess)		_ c	County's covered payroll		Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		
2019	\$	3,440,718	\$	3,440,718	\$		- \$	\$	17,288,882	19.90%		
2018		3,288,903		3,288,903			-		17,304,198	19.01%		
2017		2,873,395		2,873,395			-		20,178,336	14.24%		
2016		2,623,483		2,623,483			-		19,093,765	13.74%		
2015		2,410,378		2,410,378			-		17,974,479	13.41%		
System	SCRS					PORS						
Calculation date	July 1, 20	July 1, 2016					2016					
Actuarial cost method	Entry Ag	e Normal				Entry Ag	ge Norm	nal				
Asset valuation method	Five-yea	r smoothed				Five-yea	Five-year smoothed					
Amortization method	Level %	of pay				Level %	Level % of pay					
Amortization period	30 years exceed 3	variable, but not to 30 years)			•	30 years variable, but not to exceed 30 years					
Investment return	7.50%					7.50%						
Inflation	2.25%					2.25%						
Salary increases		us step-rate increa	ses for	members with le	ss than	•	3.50% plus step-rate increases for members with less than 15 years of service.					
Mortality	The 2016 Public Retirees of South Carolina Mortality Tables for Males and Females, both projected at Scale AA from the year 2016. Male rates multiplied by 100% for non-educators and 92% for educators. Female rates multiplied by 111% for non-educators and 98% for educators.						The 2016 Public Retirees of South Carolina Mortality Tables for Males and Females, both projected at Scale AA from the year 2016. Male rates are multiplied by 125% and female rates are multiplied by 111%.					

The above schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF MODIFIED APPROACH FOR AIRPORT INFRASTRUCTURE ASSETS JUNE 30, 2019

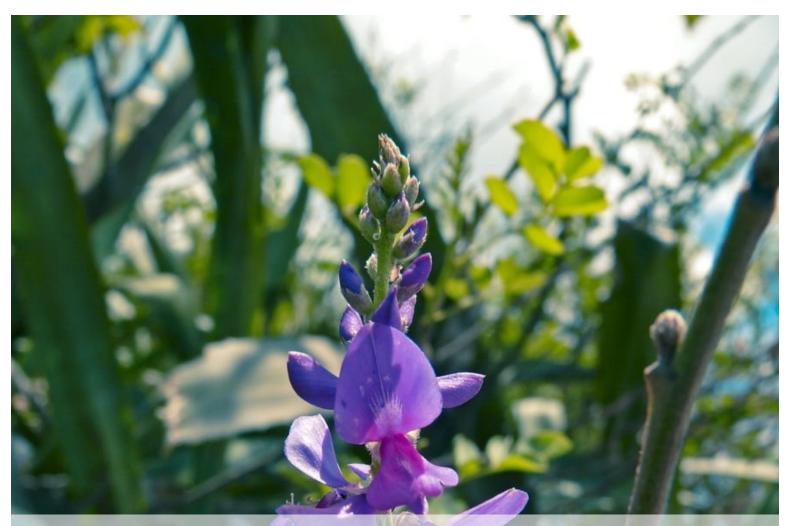
Beaufort County's airport infrastructure assets consist of approximately 25% airport runways, 25% airport taxiways, and 50% airport aprons. The condition of the runways, taxiways, and aprons is measured using several distress factors found in pavement surfaces. The airports' pavement management system uses a measurement scale that is based on a condition index. For the Lady's Island Airport, the South Carolina Aeronautics Commission ("SCAC") condition scale is used to classify runways, taxiways, and aprons. The SCAC condition scale is as follows: good or better condition (70 - 100), fair condition (50 - 69), and substandard condition (less than 50). For the Hilton Head Island Airport, the Federal Aviation Administration ("FAA") condition scale is used to classify runways, taxiways, and aprons. The FAA condition scale is as follows: excellent condition (5), good condition (4), fair condition (3), poor condition (2), and failed condition (1). It is the County's policy to maintain the runways, taxiways, and aprons at a fair condition or better. Condition assessments are determined every year by the County at both airports, the SCAC at the Lady's Island Airport, and the FAA at the Hilton Head Island Airport. The County's runways, taxiways, and aprons have an estimated useful life, without resurfacing, of 25 years. Due to the strong safety concerns of airplanes landing, taking off, and taxiing on these surfaces, all surfaces are repaired immediately if and when there is a need for such repairs.

Actual maintenance of runways, taxiways, and aprons involves scraping and providing improved surface materials on an as needed basis or filling cracks within the pavement on an as needed basis.

	FY 2019	FY 2018	FY 2017	FY 2016	FY 2015
Percent of Runways in Fair or Better Condition	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Percent of Taxiways in Fair or Better Condition	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Percent of Aprons in Fair or Better Condition	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%
Percent of Annual Resurfacing of Runways Completed	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Percent of Annual Resurfacing of Taxiways Completed	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Percent of Annual Resurfacing of Aprons Completed	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

The County estimates maintenance expense in the amount of \$650,000 to be incurred every five years for paving costs in order to maintain and preserve at (or above) the condition level established and disclosed above. The County adopted the modified approach for its airport infrastructure assets in fiscal year 2011. There were no actual maintenance and preservation costs for fiscal years 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014 and 2015.

During Fiscal Years 2019, 2018, 2017 and 2016, the Hilton Head Island Airport expended \$4.4 million, \$15.6 million, \$9.2 million and \$4.3 million, respectively, related to the relocation of taxiways A and F and replacement of the general aviation ("GA") ramp and the runway extension project. The County also has a grant request in process with the FAA and the SCAC to obtain funding for the resurfacing of the entire runway to increase the weight bearing capacity due to jet service beginning July 2018.



OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL COUNTY WIDE GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Final Budget			
Revenues	6 40 074 004	Ф 40 F07 044	ф <u>г</u> 45.057	
Property taxes	\$ 10,071,984	\$ 10,587,341	\$ 515,357	
Intergovernmental	235,450	268,092	32,642	
Interest	145,000	301,486	156,486	
Total revenues	10,452,434	11,156,919	704,485	
Expenditures				
Debt service - principal	6,885,124	7,138,585	(253,461)	
Debt service - interest and fees	3,180,246	3,559,737	(379,491)	
Total debt service expenditures	10,065,370	10,698,322	(632,952)	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	387,064	458,597	71,533	
Other Financing Sources				
Bond premiums	609,072	609,072	-	
Total other financing sources	609,072	609,072		
Net Change in Fund Balance	996,136	1,067,669	71,533	
Fund Balance - beginning	20,773,665	20,773,665		
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 21,769,801	\$ 21,841,334	\$ 71,533	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL LOCAL HOSPITALITY TAX PROGRAM FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Intergovernmental - 163,700 163,700 Fines and forfeitures - 2,876 2,876 Interest 10,000 77,948 67,5 Total revenues 2,010,000 2,577,337 567,3 Expenditures General government: Personnel 66,626 48,375 18,2 Purchased services 8,243 20,563 (12,3 Supplies 1,850 530 1,5 Capital - 1,420,650 (1,420,650 (1,420,650 (1,420,650 (1,420,650,000) (3,243,000) (3,243,000) (3,243,000) (3,243,000) (3,243,000) (3,243,000) (3,243,000) (3,243,000) (3,243,000) (3,243,000) (4,089,000) (4,089,000) (50		Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Intergovernmental - 163,700 163,700 Fines and forfeitures 2,876 2,8 Interest 10,000 77,948 67,5 Total revenues 2,010,000 2,577,337 567,3 Expenditures Expenditures General government: Purchased services 48,243 20,563 18,2 Purchased services 8,243 20,563 (12,5 1,850 530 1,3 1,2 1,20,650 (1,420,650 (1,420,650 (1,420,650 (1,420,650 (1,420,650 (1,420,650 (1,430,000) (3,243,000	Revenues			
Fines and forfeitures - 2,876 2,8 Interest 10,000 77,948 67,5 Total revenues 2,010,000 2,577,337 567,3 Expenditures General government: Personnel 66,626 48,375 18,2 Purchased services 8,243 20,563 (12,3 Supplies 1,850 530 1,5 Capital - 1,420,650 (1,420,6 Other - 3,243,000 (3,243,0 Total expenditures 76,719 4,733,118 (4,656,3) Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 1,933,281 (2,155,781) (4,089,0) Other Financing Sources (Uses) - (50,0) - (50,0) Transfers out (1,500,000) (1,500,000) (1,500,000) (1,500,000) (50,0) Net Change in Fund Balance 483,281 (3,655,781) (4,139,0) (4,139,0)	Licenses and permits	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 2,332,813	332,813
Interest	•	-		163,700
Total revenues 2,010,000 2,577,337 567,337 Expenditures General government: Personnel 66,626 48,375 18,243 Purchased services 8,243 20,563 (12,343,000) Supplies 1,850 530 1,550,000 Capital - 1,420,650 (1,420,650) (1,420,650) (1,420,650) (1,420,650) (1,420,650,000) (3,243,000) (4,089,000) (4,089,000) (4,089,000) (4,089,000) (4,089,000) (4,089,000) (5,000,000)	Fines and forfeitures	-	2,876	2,876
Expenditures General government: Fersonnel 66,626 48,375 18,2 (4,25,63)	Interest	10,000	77,948	67,948
General government: 66,626 48,375 18,2 Personnel 66,626 48,375 18,2 Purchased services 8,243 20,563 (12,3 Supplies 1,850 530 1,3 Capital - 1,420,650 (1,420,6 Other - 3,243,000 (3,243,0 Total expenditures 76,719 4,733,118 (4,656,3 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 1,933,281 (2,155,781) (4,089,0 Other Financing Sources (Uses) 50,000 - (50,0 Transfers out (1,500,000) (1,500,000) (1,500,000) Total other financing sources (uses) (1,450,000) (1,500,000) (50,0 Net Change in Fund Balance 483,281 (3,655,781) (4,139,0	Total revenues	2,010,000	2,577,337	567,337
General government: 66,626 48,375 18,2 Purchased services 8,243 20,563 (12,3 Supplies 1,850 530 1,3 Capital - 1,420,650 (1,420,6 Other - 3,243,000 (3,243,0 Total expenditures 76,719 4,733,118 (4,656,3 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 1,933,281 (2,155,781) (4,089,00) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 50,000 - (50,000) Transfers out (1,500,000) (1,500,000) (1,500,000) Total other financing sources (uses) (1,450,000) (1,500,000) (50,000) Net Change in Fund Balance 483,281 (3,655,781) (4,139,000)	Expenditures			
Purchased services 8,243 20,563 (12,35) Supplies 1,850 530 1,500 Capital - 1,420,650 (1,420,650) (1,420,650) (1,420,650) (1,420,650) (1,420,650) (1,420,650) (1,420,650) (3,243,000) (3,243,000) (3,243,000) (3,243,000) (3,243,000) (3,243,000) (3,243,000) (4,089,000) (2,155,781) (4,089,000) (4,089,000) - (50,000) - (50,000) - (50,000) - (50,000) - (50,000) (1,500,000) (1,500,000) (1,500,000) (50,000)	•			
Supplies 1,850 530 1,5 Capital - 1,420,650 (1,420,6 Other - 3,243,000 (3,243,0 Total expenditures 76,719 4,733,118 (4,656,3 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 1,933,281 (2,155,781) (4,089,0 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in 50,000 - (50,0 Transfers out (1,500,000) (1,500,000) (1,500,000) Total other financing sources (uses) (1,450,000) (1,500,000) (50,0 Net Change in Fund Balance 483,281 (3,655,781) (4,139,0	Personnel	66,626	48,375	18,251
Capital - 1,420,650 (1,420,650 (1,420,650 (1,420,650 (1,420,650 (1,420,650 (3,243,000 (3,243,000 (3,243,000 (3,243,000 (4,656,300) (4,656,300) (2,155,781) (4,089,000) (4,089,000) (4,089,000) (50,000) (50,000) (1,500,000) (1,500,000) (1,500,000) (50,000)<	Purchased services	8,243	20,563	(12,320)
Other - 3,243,000 (3,243,00 Total expenditures 76,719 4,733,118 (4,656,3) Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 1,933,281 (2,155,781) (4,089,000) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 50,000 - (50,000) Transfers out (1,500,000) (1,500,000) (1,500,000) Total other financing sources (uses) (1,450,000) (1,500,000) (50,000) Net Change in Fund Balance 483,281 (3,655,781) (4,139,000)	Supplies	1,850	530	1,320
Total expenditures 76,719 4,733,118 (4,656,3) Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 1,933,281 (2,155,781) (4,089,000) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 50,000 - (50,000) Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses) (1,500,000) (1,500,000) (1,500,000) Net Change in Fund Balance 483,281 (3,655,781) (4,139,000)	Capital	-	1,420,650	(1,420,650)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures 1,933,281 (2,155,781) (4,089,000) Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses) Net Change in Fund Balance 1,933,281 (2,155,781) (4,089,000) - (50,000) (1,500,000) (1,500,000) (1,500,000) (1,500,000) (50,000) (4,139,000)	Other	=	3,243,000	(3,243,000)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in 50,000 - (50,000) (1,500,000) (1,500,000) (1,500,000) (50,000)	Total expenditures	76,719	4,733,118	(4,656,399)
Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses) 50,000 (1,500,000) (1,500,000) (1,500,000) (1,500,000) (1,500,000) (50,000) (1,500,000) (1,500,000) (1,500,000) Net Change in Fund Balance 483,281 (3,655,781) (4,139,000)	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	1,933,281	(2,155,781)	(4,089,062)
Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses) (1,500,000) (1,500,000) (1,500,000) (50,000) (50,000) Net Change in Fund Balance 483,281 (3,655,781) (4,139,000) (4,139,000)	Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Total other financing sources (uses) (1,450,000) (1,500,000) (50,000) Net Change in Fund Balance 483,281 (3,655,781) (4,139,000)	Transfers in	50,000	-	(50,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance 483,281 (3,655,781) (4,139,0	Transfers out	(1,500,000)	(1,500,000)	-
	Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,450,000)	(1,500,000)	(50,000)
Fund Balance - beginning	Net Change in Fund Balance	483,281	(3,655,781)	(4,139,062)
	Fund Balance - beginning	6,007,529	6,007,529	
Fund Balance - ending \$ 6,490,810 \$ 2,351,748 \$ (4,139,0)	Fund Balance - ending	\$ 6,490,810	\$ 2,351,748	\$ (4,139,062)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL ROAD IMPACT FEES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

P	Final Budget	Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues Licenses and permits	\$ 3,770,000	\$ 5,306,976	\$ 1,536,976
Interest	\$ 3,770,000 16,000	281,669	265,669
Miscellaneous	10,000	201,009	205,009
	2.700.000		
Total revenues	3,786,000	5,588,851	1,802,851
Expenditures Capital projects	2,779,706	266,320	2,513,386
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	1,006,294	5,322,531	4,316,237
Other Financing Uses			
Transfers out	(1,006,294)	(1,133,980)	(127,686)
Total other financing uses	(1,006,294)	(1,133,980)	(127,686)
Total other linaricing uses	(1,000,294)	(1,133,960)	(127,000)
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	4,188,551	4,188,551
Fund Balance - beginning	16,207,480	\$ 16,207,480	
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 16,207,480	\$ 20,396,031	\$ 4,188,551

BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS GENERAL GOVERNMENT PROGRAMS

	Special Debt Revenue Service Funds Funds		Capital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Cash and equity in pooled cash and investments Receivables, net Due from other governments Prepaid items Total assets	\$ 44,722,298 601,242 2,027,320 162,165 \$ 47,513,025	\$ 3,577,898 - - - \$ 3,577,898	\$ 37,136,904 1,813,607 276,684 - \$ 39,227,195	\$ 85,437,100 2,414,849 2,304,004 162,165 \$ 90,318,118
Accounts payable Accrued payroll Due to others Total liabilities	\$ 4,207,859 641,248 662,296 5,511,403	\$ -	\$ 367,722 441 - 368,163	\$ 4,575,581 641,689 662,296 5,879,566
FUND BALANCE Nonspendable Restricted Committed Total fund balance	162,165 41,531,877 307,580 42,001,622	3,577,898 - 3,577,898	38,859,032 - 38,859,032	162,165 83,968,807 307,580 84,438,552
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 47,513,025	\$ 3,577,898	\$ 39,227,195	\$ 90,318,118

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Special Revenue Funds			
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues				
Property taxes	\$ 8,678,588	\$ 9,103,645	\$ 425,057	
Licenses and permits	4,367,000	5,610,838	1,243,838	
Intergovernmental	13,506,435	16,910,078	3,403,643	
Charge for services	5,202,276	6,430,742	1,228,466	
Fines and forfeitures	194,000	356,846	162,846	
Interest	51,300	676,871	625,571	
Miscellaneous	1,008,106	1,373,811	365,705	
Total revenues	33,007,705	40,462,831	7,455,126	
Expenditures				
General government	6,378,629	6,155,133	223,496	
Public safety	2,627,218	2,958,922	(331,704)	
Public works	563,587	585,360	(21,773)	
Public health	11,083,797	10,776,817	306,980	
Public welfare	2,136,002	2,028,409	107,593	
Cultural and recreation	1,009,500	547,794	461,706	
Capital projects	5,212,478	10,114,355	(4,901,877)	
Debt service - principal	5,972,905	6,271,734	(298,829)	
Debt service - interest and fees	3,399,337	3,627,266	(227,929)	
Total expenditures	38,383,453	43,065,790	(4,682,337)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(5,375,748)	(2,602,959)	2,772,789	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	6,224,970	6,216,020	(8,950)	
Transfers out	(2,791,562)	(1,864,998)	926,564	
Total other financing sources, net	3,433,408	4,351,022	917,614	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,942,340)	1,748,063	3,690,403	
Fund Balance - beginning	40,253,559	40,253,559		
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 38,311,219	\$ 42,001,622	\$ 3,690,403	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Debt Service Funds					
	Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues Interest	\$	- \$	56,288	\$	56,288	
Total revenues	Ψ	<u>-</u> <u>Ψ</u>	56,288	Ψ	56,288	
Expenditures						
Debt service - principal	2,021,96	67	2,168,984		(147,017)	
Debt service - interest and fees	799,69)4	764,996		34,698	
Total expenditures	2,821,66	51	2,933,980		(112,319)	
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(2,821,66	51)	(2,877,692)		(56,031)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in	3,006,29		2,933,981		(72,314)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,006,29)5	2,933,981		(72,314)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	184,63	34	56,289		(128,345)	
Fund Balance - beginning	3,521,60	9	3,521,609			
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 3,706,24	\$	3,577,898	\$	(128,345)	

(Continued)

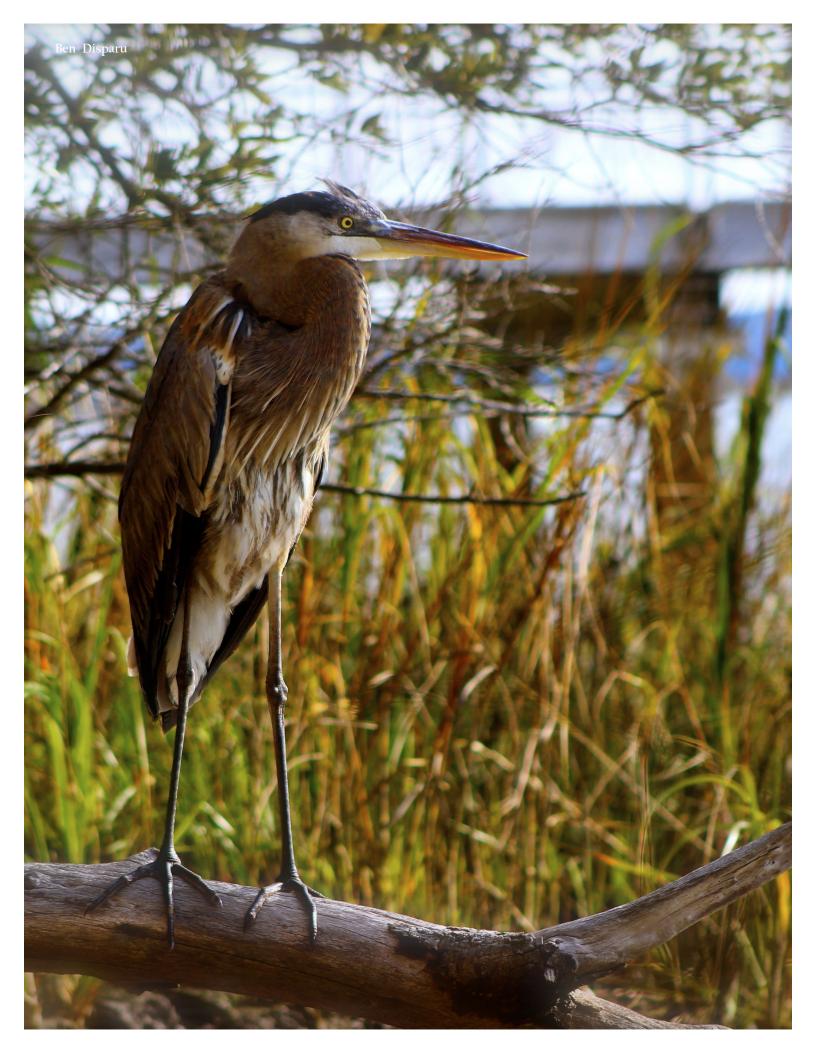
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Capital Projects Funds						
		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$	5,708,435	\$	1,296,469	\$	(4,411,966)		
Interest		32,000		595,141		563,141		
Miscellaneous		250,800		2,042,400		1,791,600		
Total revenues		5,991,235		3,934,010		(2,057,225)		
Expenditures								
Capital projects		53,230,721		19,474,233		33,756,488		
Bond issuance costs		94,500		94,500		-		
Debt service - principal		4,000,000		-		4,000,000		
Total expenditures	<u> </u>	57,325,221		19,568,733		37,756,488		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(51,333,986)		(15,634,723)		35,699,263		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Issuance of bonds		11,250,000		11,250,000		-		
Transfers in		-		138,796		138,796		
Transfers out		(200,000)		(826,142)		(626,142)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		11,050,000		10,562,654		(487,346)		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(40,283,986)		(5,072,069)		35,211,917		
Fund Balance - beginning		43,931,101		43,931,101				
Fund Balance - ending	\$	3,647,115	\$	38,859,032	\$	35,211,917		

(Continued)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Total N	onmajor Governmen			
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$ 8,678,588	\$ 9,103,645	\$ 425,057		
Licenses and permits	4,367,000	5,610,838	1,243,838		
Intergovernmental	19,214,870	18,206,547	(1,008,323)		
Charge for services	5,202,276	6,430,742	1,228,466		
Fines and forfeitures	194,000	356,846	162,846		
Interest	83,300	1,328,300	1,245,000		
Miscellaneous	1,258,906	3,416,211	2,157,305		
Total revenues	38,998,940	44,453,129	5,454,189		
Expenditures					
General government	6,378,629	6,155,133	223,496		
Public safety	2,627,218	2,958,922	(331,704)		
Public works	563,587	585,360	(21,773)		
Public health	11,083,797	10,776,817	306,980		
Public welfare	2,136,002	2,028,409	107,593		
Cultural and recreation	1,009,500	547,794	461,706		
Debt service - principal	11,994,872	8,440,718	3,554,154		
Debt service - interest and fees	4,199,031	4,392,262	(193,231)		
Capital projects	58,443,199	29,588,588	28,854,611		
Bond issuance costs	94,500	94,500	-		
Total expenditures	98,530,335	65,568,503	32,961,832		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(59,531,395)	(21,115,374)	38,416,021		
Other Financing Sources					
Issuance of bonds	11,250,000	11,250,000	=		
Transfers in	9,231,265	9,288,797	57,532		
Transfers out	(2,991,562)	(2,691,140)	300,422		
Total other financing sources, net	17,489,703	17,847,657	357,954		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(42,041,692)	(3,267,717)	38,773,975		
Fund Balance - beginning	87,706,269	87,706,269			
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 45,664,577	\$ 84,438,552	\$ 38,773,975		



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET ALL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	General Government Programs			Public Safety Programs	 Public Works Programs
ASSETS Cash and equity in pooled cash and investments Receivables, net Due from other governments Prepaid items	\$	10,470,343 95,093 583,080 4,602	\$	6,933,906 95,830 209,505 117,392	\$ 9,011,357 11,470 589,081
Total assets	\$	11,153,118	\$	7,356,633	\$ 9,611,908
Accounts payable Accrued payroll Due to others Total liabilities	\$	772,976 117,032 - 890,008	\$	264,177 250,083 617,546 1,131,806	\$ 1,181,989 4,607 - 1,186,596
FUND BALANCE Nonspendable Restricted Committed Total fund balances		4,602 10,258,508 - 10,263,110		117,392 6,107,435 - 6,224,827	 8,425,312 - 8,425,312
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	11,153,118	\$	7,356,633	\$ 9,611,908

	Public Health Programs		Public Welfare Programs		Cultural and Recreational Programs		Total
\$	5,809,452 22,485 208,446 40,171	\$	1,621,280 29,645 387,208	\$	10,875,960 346,719 50,000	\$	44,722,298 601,242 2,027,320 162,165
\$	6,080,554	\$	2,038,133	\$	11,272,679	\$	47,513,025
\$	704,877 260,578 44,750 1,010,205	\$	862,945 8,948 - 871,893	\$	420,895 - - - 420,895	\$	4,207,859 641,248 662,296 5,511,403
	40,171 5,030,178 - 5,070,349		1,166,240		10,544,204 307,580 10,851,784		162,165 41,531,877 307,580 42,001,622
Ф	6,080,554	\$	2,038,133	\$	11,272,679	\$	47,513,025

	Gene	General Government Progr					
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)				
Revenues							
Property taxes	\$ 8,678,588	\$ 9,103,645	\$ 425,057				
Licenses and permits	2,800,000	3,150,693	350,693				
Intergovernmental	2,344,350	2,487,472	143,122				
Charge for services	1,400,000	1,241,718	(158,282)				
Fines and forfeitures	65,000	202,991	137,991				
Interest	22,100	167,371	145,271				
Miscellaneous	637,300	707,434	70,134				
Total revenues	15,947,338	17,061,324	1,113,986				
Expenditures							
General government	6,378,629	6,155,133	223,496				
Debt service - principal	5,489,612	5,764,974	(275,362)				
Debt service - interest and fees	3,174,507	3,417,808	(243,301)				
Total expenditures	15,042,748	15,337,915	(295,167)				
Excess of revenues over expenditures	904,590	1,723,409	818,819				
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in	911,349	849,809	(61,540)				
Transfers out	(2,118,750)	(1,864,998)	253,752				
Total other financing sources (uses), net	(1,207,401)	(1,015,189)	192,212				
Net Change in Fund Balance	(302,811)	708,220	1,011,031				
Fund Balance - beginning	9,554,890	9,554,890					
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 9,252,079	\$ 10,263,110	\$ 1,011,031				

	Public Safety Programs						
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)				
Revenues							
Licenses and permits	\$ -	\$ 31,550	\$ 31,550				
Intergovernmental	1,358,436	1,809,328	450,892				
Charge for services	525,000	1,469,198	944,198				
Fines and forfeitures	129,000	153,855	24,855				
Interest	11,500	84,157	72,657				
Miscellaneous	115,000	172,699	57,699				
Total revenues	2,138,936	3,720,787	1,581,851				
Expenditures							
Public safety	2,627,218	2,958,922	(331,704)				
Capital	94,458	669,301	(574,843)				
Total expenditures	2,721,676	3,628,223	(906,547)				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(582,740)	92,564	675,304				
Other Financing Sources							
Transfers in	194,408	194,408	-				
Total other financing sources	194,408	194,408	-				
Net Change in Fund Balance	(388,332)	286,972	675,304				
Fund Balance - beginning	5,937,855	5,937,855					
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 5,549,523	\$ 6,224,827	\$ 675,304				

	Public Works Programs						
	Final Budget				Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues Intergovernmental Charge for services Interest	\$ 265,000 2,400,000	\$	3,206,553 2,768,140	\$	2,941,553 368,140		
Miscellaneous Total revenues	 10,000 37,000 2,712,000		169,119 103,305 6,247,117		159,119 66,305 3,535,117		
	 2,712,000		0,247,117		3,555,117		
Expenditures Public works Capital	563,587 2,662,255		585,360 7,949,874		(21,773) (5,287,619)		
Debt service - principal Debt service - interest and fees	285,326 76,832		304,936 65,419		(19,610) 11,413		
Total expenditures	 3,588,000		8,905,589	-	(5,317,589)		
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	 (876,000)		(2,658,472)	-	(1,782,472)		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(876,000)		(2,658,472)		(1,782,472)		
Fund Balance - beginning	 11,083,784		11,083,784		-		
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 10,207,784	\$	8,425,312	\$	(1,782,472)		

	Public Health Programs						
	Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	\$ 7,667,18	5 \$	7,632,239	\$	(34,947)		
Charge for services	580,47	6	691,267	·	110,791		
Interest		=	95,153		95,153		
Miscellaneous	187,75	3	248,783		61,027		
Total revenues	8,435,41	3	8,667,442		232,024		
Expenditures							
Public health	11,083,79	7	10,776,817		306,980		
Capital	2,077,76	5	1,021,412		1,056,353		
Total expenditures	13,161,56	2	11,798,229		1,363,333		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(4,726,14	1)	(3,130,787)		1,595,357		
Other Financing Sources							
Transfers in	3,623,95	3	3,632,987		9,031		
Transfers out	(672,81	2)	=		672,812		
Total other financing sources	2,951,14	1	3,632,987		681,843		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,775,00	0)	502,200		2,277,200		
Fund Balance - beginning	4,568,14	<u> </u>	4,568,149				
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 2,793,14	9 \$	5,070,349	\$	2,277,200		

	Public Welfare Programs							
	Final Budget		Actual		/ariance Positive Negative)			
Revenues								
Intergovernmental		7,761 \$	1,416,745	\$	(101,016)			
Charge for services	17	1,800	135,348		(36,452)			
Interest Miscellaneous	1	- 6,050	244 126,585		244 110,535			
Total revenues		5,611	1,678,922		(26,689)			
Expenditures								
Public welfare	2,13	6,002	2,028,409		107,593			
Total expenditures	2,13	6,002	2,028,409		107,593			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(43	0,391)	(349,487)		80,904			
Other Financing Sources								
Transfers in	1,49	5,257	1,508,917		13,660			
Total other financing sources	1,49	5,257	1,508,917		13,660			
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,06	4,866	1,159,430		94,564			
Fund Balance - beginning		6,810	6,810		-			
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 1,07	1,676 \$	1,166,240	\$	94,564			

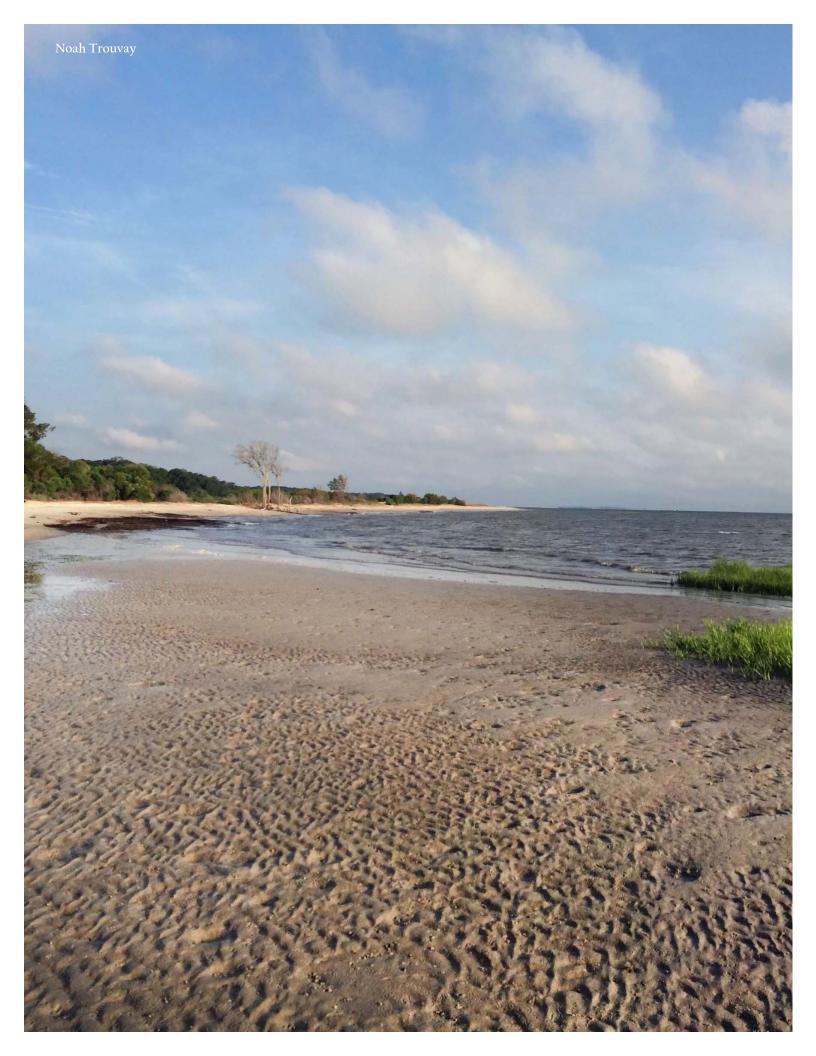
	Cultural and Recreation Programs							
	Final Budget	Actual			Variance Positive Negative)			
Revenues								
Licenses and permits	\$ 1,567,000	\$	2,428,595	\$	861,595			
Intergovernmental	353,702		357,741		4,039			
Charge for services	125,000		125,071		71			
Interest	7,700		160,827		153,127			
Miscellaneous	15,000		15,005		5			
Total revenues	2,068,402		3,087,239		1,018,837			
Expenditures								
Cultural and recreation	1,009,500		547,794		461,706			
Capital	378,000		473,768		(95,768)			
Debt service - principal	197,967		201,824		(3,857)			
Debt service - interest and fees	147,998		144,039		3,959			
Total expenditures	1,733,465		1,367,425		366,040			
Net Change in Fund Balance	334,937		1,749,713		1,414,776			
Fund Balance - beginning	9,102,071		9,102,071					
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 9,437,008	\$	10,851,784	\$	1,414,776			

		Totals	
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Property taxes	\$ 8,678,588	\$ 9,103,645	\$ 425,057
Licenses and permits	4,367,000	5,610,838	1,243,838
Intergovernmental	13,506,435	16,910,078	3,403,643
Charge for services	5,202,276	6,430,742	1,228,466
Fines and forfeitures	194,000	356,846	162,846
Interest	51,300	676,871	625,571
Miscellaneous	1,008,106	1,373,811	365,705
Total revenues	33,007,705	40,462,831	7,455,126
Expenditures			
General government	6,378,629	6,155,133	223,496
Public safety	2,627,218	2,958,922	(331,704)
Public works	563,587	585,360	(21,773)
Public health	11,083,797	10,776,817	306,980
Public welfare	2,136,002	2,028,409	107,593
Cultural and recreation	1,009,500	547,794	461,706
Capital	5,212,478	10,114,355	(4,901,877)
Debt service - principal	5,972,905	6,271,734	(298,829)
Debt service - interest and fees	3,399,337	3,627,266	(227,929)
Total expenditures	38,383,453	43,065,790	(4,682,337)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(5,375,748)	(2,602,959)	2,772,789
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers in	6,224,970	6,216,020	(8,950)
Transfers out	(2,791,562)	(1,864,998)	926,564
Total other financing sources, net	3,433,408	4,351,022	917,614
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,942,340)	1,748,063	3,690,403
Fund Balance - beginning	40,253,559	40,253,559	
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 38,311,219	\$ 42,001,622	\$ 3,690,403

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS GENERAL GOVERNMENT PROGRAMS JUNE 30, 2019

	State Accommodations Purchase of Tax Real Property Program Program		Local ommodations Tax Program	Local dmissions Fee Program	
ASSETS					
Cash and equity in pooled cash and investments Receivables, net	\$	-	\$ 804,492 57,215	\$ 3,599,938	\$ 1,219,527 -
Due from other governments Prepaid items		305,404	176,798 -	-	-
Total assets	\$	305,404	\$ 1,038,505	\$ 3,599,938	\$ 1,219,527
<u>LIABILITIES</u>					
Accounts payable Accrued payroll	\$	259,370 -	\$ -	\$ 4,742 1,191	\$ 433,698 2,170
Total liabilities		259,370	-	5,933	435,868
FUND BALANCE					
Nonspenable		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	
Restricted		46,034	 1,038,505	 3,594,005	 783,659
Total fund balance		46,034	 1,038,505	 3,594,005	 783,659
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	305,404	\$ 1,038,505	\$ 3,599,938	\$ 1,219,527

Treasurer Execution Fees	Clerk of Court ncentives	Clerk of Court Unit Cost	 Employer Group Benefit Trust	 Public Defender Trust	Re	forestation Trust	Total
\$ 2,669,715 - - 515	\$ 346,745 - 1,825 -	\$ 73,559 28,109 48,277	\$ 321,017 9,769 -	\$ 408,775 - 50,776 4,087	\$	1,026,575 - - -	\$ 10,470,343 95,093 583,080 4,602
\$ 2,670,230	\$ 348,570	\$ 149,945	\$ 330,786	\$ 463,638	\$	1,026,575	\$ 11,153,118
\$ 18,570 29,947 48,517	\$ 12,109 - 12,109	\$ 3,545 9,058 12,603	\$ 7,779 - 7,779	\$ 33,163 74,666 107,829	\$	- - -	\$ 772,976 117,032 890,008
515 2,621,198 2,621,713	336,461 336,461	 137,342 137,342	323,007 323,007	4,087 351,722 355,809		1,026,575 1,026,575	4,602 10,258,508 10,263,110
\$ 2,670,230	\$ 348,570	\$ 149,945	\$ 330,786	\$ 463,638	\$	1,026,575	\$ 11,153,118



		State Ac	comm	odations Tax I	Progran	n
	Final Budget		Actual		V P	ariance Positive egative)
Revenues	\$	860,000	\$	924.069	\$	(35,032)
Intergovernmental Total revenues	_ Φ		Φ	824,968	Φ	
Total revenues		860,100		824,968		(35,132)
Expenditures General government:						
Other		791,350		729,990		61,360
Total expenditures		791,350		729,990		61,360
•		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Excess of revenues over expenditures		68,750		94,978		26,228
·						
Other Financing Uses						
Transfers out		(118,750)		(64,998)		53,752
Total other financing uses		(118,750)		(64,998)		53,752
Net Change in Fund Balance		(50,000)		29,980		79,980
Fund Balance - beginning		16,054		16,054		
					_	
Fund Balance - ending	\$	(33,946)	\$	46,034	\$	79,980

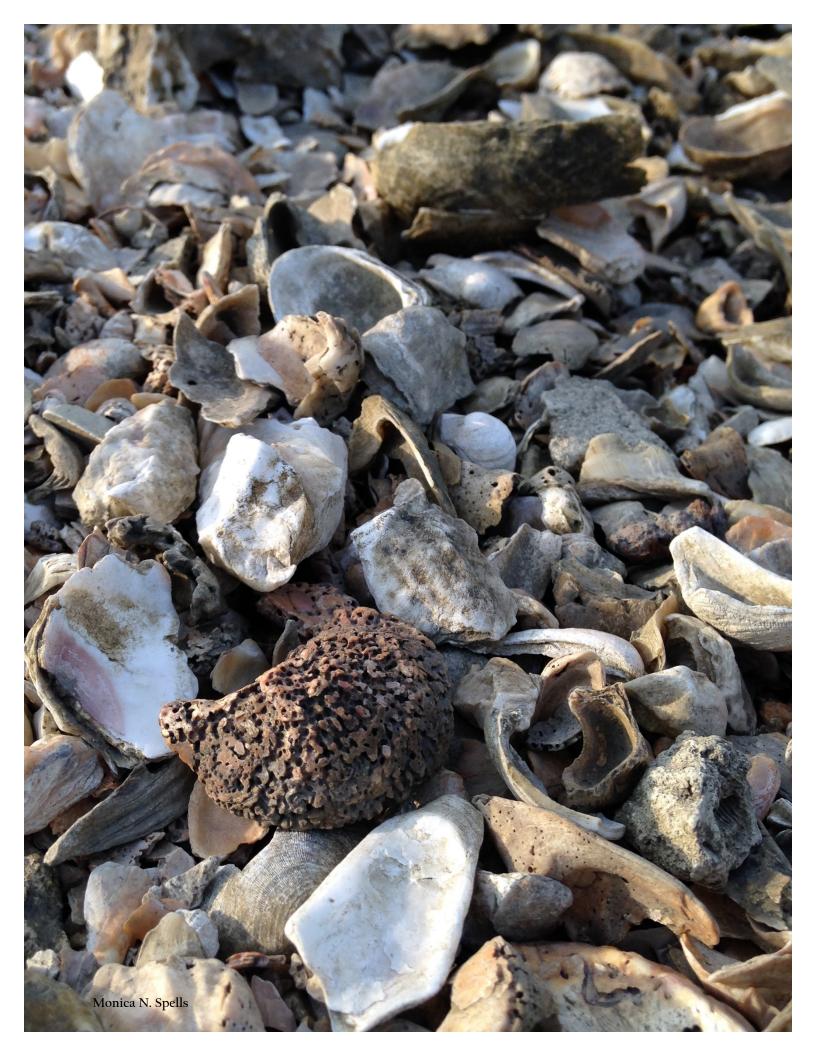
	Purcha	ase of Real Property F	/ Program		
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues	•				
Property taxes	\$ 8,678,588	\$ 9,103,645	\$ 425,057		
Intergovernmental	184,350	197,124	12,774		
Interest	2,000	19,019	17,019		
Miscellaneous	7,800	16,232	8,432		
Total revenues	8,872,738	9,336,020	463,282		
Expenditures General government:					
Purchased services	62,650	40,414	22,236		
Debt service:					
Principal	5,489,612	5,764,974	(275,362)		
Interest and fees	3,174,507	3,417,808	(243,301)		
Total expenditures	8,726,769	9,223,196	(496,427)		
Net Change in Fund Balance	145,969	112,824	(33,145)		
Fund Balance - beginning	925,681	925,681	<u> </u>		
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 1,071,650	\$ 1,038,505	\$ (33,145)		

	Local A	Local Accommodations Tax				
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)			
Revenues			(22.222)			
Licenses and permits	\$ 1,300,000	\$ 1,237,638	\$ (62,362)			
Intergovernmental	-	16,005	16,005			
Fines and forfeitures	- -	1,137	1,137			
Interest	5,000	53,712	48,712			
Total revenues	1,305,000	1,308,492	3,492			
Expenditures General government:						
Personnel	66,626	50,869	15,757			
Purchased services	7,843	20,682	(12,839)			
Supplies	1,850	503	1,347			
Other	1,228,681	841,107	387,574			
Total expenditures	1,305,000	913,161	391,839			
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	395,331	395,331			
Fund Balance - beginning	3,198,674	3,198,674	<u> </u>			
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 3,198,674	\$ 3,594,005	\$ 395,331			

	Lo	cal Adn	nissions Fee Pro	ogram	
	Final Budget			!	/ariance Positive Negative)
Revenues					
Licenses and permits	\$ 1,500,00	0 \$	1,913,055	\$	413,055
Interest	1,00	0	18,773		17,773
Total revenues	1,501,00	0	1,931,828		430,828
Expenditures					
General government:					
Personnel	66,62		48,388		18,238
Purchased services	7,84		20,542		(12,699)
Supplies	1,85		492		1,358
Total expenditures	76,31	9	69,422		6,897
Excess of revenues over expenditures	1,424,68	1	1,862,406		437,725
Other Financing Uses					
Transfers out	(2,000,00	0)	(1,800,000)		200,000
Total other financing uses	(2,000,00	0)	(1,800,000)		200,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	(575,31	9)	62,406		637,725
Fund Balance - beginning	721,25	3	721,253		
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 145,93	4 \$	783,659	\$	637,725

		Tro	easure	r Execution Fe	Fees		
	Final Budget		Actual		Actual (
Revenues Charges for services	\$	1,400,000	\$	1,241,718	\$	(158,282)	
Interest	Ψ	10,000	*	45,583	*	35,583	
Miscellaneous		8,000		10,051		2,051	
Total revenues		1,418,000		1,297,352		(120,648)	
Expenditures General government:							
Personnel		658,420		688,810		(30,390)	
Purchased services		452,800		620,639		(167,839)	
Supplies		28,300		12,530		15,770	
Other		500		961		(461)	
Total expenditures		1,140,020		1,322,940		(182,920)	
Net Change in Fund Balance		277,980		(25,588)		(303,568)	
Fund Balance - beginning		2,647,301		2,647,301			
Fund Balance - ending	\$	2,925,281	\$	2,621,713	\$	(303,568)	

		Clerk of Court Incentives					
_	Final Budge		Actual	Р	ariance ositive egative)		
Revenues Intergovernmental	\$ 5	50,000 \$	58,432	\$	8,432		
Interest	•	500	5,006	•	4,506		
Total revenues		50,500	63,438		12,938		
Expenditures							
General government:							
Purchased services		8,800	20,342		(11,542)		
Supplies	4	11,700_	250		41,450		
Total expenditures		50,500	20,592		29,908		
Net Change in Fund Balance		-	42,846		42,846		
Fund Balance - beginning	29	93,615	293,615				
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 29	93,615 \$	336,461	\$	42,846		



		С	lerk of	Court Unit Co	st	
			Actual	P	ariance ositive egative)	
Revenues						,
Intergovernmental	\$	250,000	\$	274,485	\$	24,485
Total revenues		250,000		274,485		24,485
Expenditures						
General government: Personnel		205 540		206.256		70.004
Personnel Purchased services		285,540		206,256		79,284 468
Supplies		25,500 500		25,032 1,703		(1,203)
Total expenditures	-	311,540		232,991		78,549
Total experiultures		311,540		202,001		70,043
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(61,540)		41,494		103,034
Other Financing Sources						
Transfers in		61,540		-		(61,540)
Total other financing sources		61,540		_		(61,540)
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		41,494		41,494
Fund Balance - beginning		95,848		95,848		
Fund Balance - ending	\$	95,848	\$	137,342	\$	41,494

	Er	Employer Group Benefit Trust						
	Final Budget							
Revenues			_					
Interest	\$ 500	•	\$	(500)				
Miscellaneous	200,000			54,750				
Total revenues	200,500	254,750		54,250				
Expenditures								
General government:								
Other	200,500	242,369		(41,869)				
Total expenditures	200,500	242,369		(41,869)				
Net Change in Fund Balance		- 12,381		12,381				
Fund Balance - beginning	310,626	310,626						
Fund Balance - ending	_\$ 310,626	<u>\$</u> \$ 323,007	\$	12,381				

	Public Defender Trust					
	Final Budget			Actual	F	/ariance Positive legative)
Revenues						
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,	000,000	\$	1,116,458	\$	116,458
Interest		1,000		8,728		7,728
Miscellaneous		421,500		426,401		4,901
Total revenues	1,	422,500		1,551,587		129,087
Expenditures						
General government:						
Personnel	2,	270,700		2,297,285		(26,585)
Purchased services		81,350		106,366		(25,016)
Supplies Capital		21,700		16,022 -		5,678 -
Total expenditures	2,	373,750		2,419,673		(45,923)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(951,250)		(868,086)		83,164
Other Financing Sources						
Transfers in		849,809		849,809		-
Total other financing sources		849,809		849,809		-
Net Change in Fund Balance	(101,441)		(18,277)		83,164
Fund Balance - beginning		374,086		374,086		
Fund Balance - ending	\$	272,645	\$	355,809	\$	83,164

			Refor	estation Trust			
	Final Budget Actual			Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues Fines and forfeitures Interest	\$	65,000 2,000	\$	201,854 16,550	\$	136,854 14,550	
Total revenues Expenditures General government:		67,000		218,404		151,404	
Purchased services Total expenditures		67,000 67,000		163,581 163,581		(96,581) (96,581)	
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		54,823		54,823	
Fund Balance - beginning Fund Balance - ending	\$	971,752 971,752	\$	971,752 1,026,575	\$	54,823	

		Total		
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues				
Property taxes	\$ 8,678,588	\$ 9,103,645	\$ 425,057	
Licenses and permits	2,800,000	, ,	350,693	
Intergovernmental	2,344,350	2,487,472	143,122	
Charges for services	1,400,000	1,241,718	(158,282)	
Fines and forfeitures	65,000	202,991	137,991	
Interest	22,100	167,371	145,271	
Miscellaneous	637,300		70,134	
Total revenues	15,947,338	17,061,324	1,113,986	
Expenditures				
General government:				
Personnel	3,347,912	3,291,608	56,304	
Purchased services	713,786	1,017,598	(303,812)	
Supplies	95,900	31,500	64,400	
Other	2,221,031	1,814,427	406,604	
Debt service:				
Principal	5,489,612	5,764,974	(275,362)	
Interest and fees	3,174,507	3,417,808	(243,301)	
Total expenditures	15,042,748	15,337,915	(295,167)	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	904,590	1,723,409	818,819	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	911,349	849,809	(61,540)	
Transfers out	(2,118,750	·	253,752	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,207,401		192,212	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(302,811	708,220	1,011,031	
Fund Balance - beginning	9,554,890	9,554,890		
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 9,252,079	\$ 10,263,110	\$ 1,011,031	



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS PUBLIC SAFETY PROGRAMS JUNE 30, 2019

	E-911 Telephone Program	As	Victims ssistance Program	 eriff's Office cial Projects	 Public Safety Grants	 Total
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Cash and equity in pooled cash						
and investments	\$ 3,586,321	\$	563,771	\$ 2,412,789	\$ 371,025	\$ 6,933,906
Receivables, net	56,070		12,192	18,305	9,263	95,830
Due from other governments	150,136		-	20,858	38,511	209,505
Prepaid items	 113,749		-	 3,643	 -	 117,392
Total assets	\$ 3,906,276	\$	575,963	\$ 2,455,595	\$ 418,799	\$ 7,356,633
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$ 57,581	\$	2,633	\$ 203,957	\$ 6	\$ 264,177
Accrued payroll	13,526		214,398	22,159	-	250,083
Due to others	-		-	591,414	26,132	617,546
Total liabilities	71,107		217,031	817,530	26,138	1,131,806
FUND BALANCE						
Nonspendable	113,749		-	3,643	-	117,392
Restricted	3,721,420		358,932	1,634,422	392,661	6,107,435
Total fund balance	3,835,169		358,932	1,638,065	392,661	6,224,827
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 3,906,276	\$	575,963	\$ 2,455,595	\$ 418,799	\$ 7,356,633

	E-911 Telephone Program								
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)						
Revenues	Ф 705 000	ф 7 07 000	ф (27.00 7)						
Intergovernmental	\$ 765,000	\$ 727,993	\$ (37,007)						
Charges for services	525,000	1,211,894	686,894						
Interest	10,000	57,271	47,271						
Total revenues	1,300,000	1,997,158	697,158						
Expenditures Public safety:									
Personnel	431,643	363,227	68,416						
Purchased services	1,045,181	960,618	84,563						
Supplies	8,552	78,755	(70,203)						
Capital	67,315	469,007	(401,692)						
Other	142,641	125,650	16,991						
Total expenditures	1,695,332	1,997,257	(301,925)						
Net Change in Fund Balance	(395,332)	(99)	395,233						
Fund Balance - beginning	3,835,268	3,835,268							
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 3,439,936	\$ 3,835,169	\$ 395,233						

	Victims Assistance Program								
	Final Budget			Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)				
Revenues									
Intergovernmental	\$	63,542	\$	63,542	\$	-			
Fines and forfeitures		129,000		153,855		24,855			
Interest		1,500		8,155		6,655			
Total revenues		194,042		225,552		31,510			
Expenditures									
Public safety: Personnel		240.040		100 600		26 406			
		219,819		183,623		36,196			
Total expenditures		219,819		183,623		36,196			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(25,777)		41,929		67,706			
Other Financing Sources									
Transfers in		32,777		32,777		-			
Total other financing sources		32,777		32,777					
Net Change in Fund Balance		7,000		74,706		67,706			
Fund Balance - beginning		284,226		284,226					
Fund Balance - ending	\$	291,226	\$	358,932	\$	67,706			

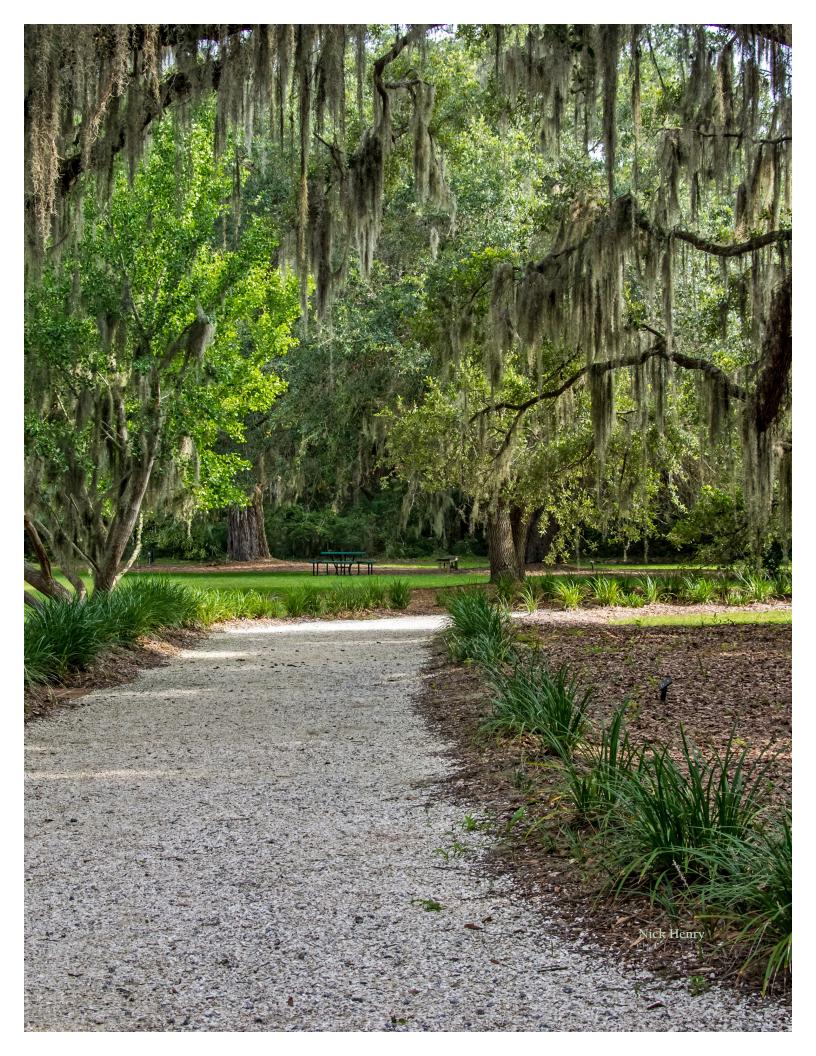
	Sheriff's Office Special Projects							
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)					
Revenues Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Charges for services Interest Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$ - 484,894 - - - 484,894	\$ 31,550 580,107 257,304 14,125 56,145 939,231	\$ 31,550 95,213 257,304 14,125 56,145 454,337					
Expenditures Public safety: Personnel Purchased services Supplies Capital Other Total expenditures	576,634 29,611 13,137 27,143 - 646,525	688,593 19,867 23,483 61,902 187,859 981,704	(111,959) 9,744 (10,346) (34,759) (187,859) (335,179)					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(161,631)	(42,473)	119,158					
Other Financing Sources Transfers in Total other financing sources Net Change in Fund Balance	161,631 161,631	161,631 161,631 119,158	119,158					
Fund Balance - beginning	1,518,907	1,518,907						
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 1,518,907	\$ 1,638,065	\$ 119,158					

	Public Safety Grants								
	Final Budget		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)					
Revenues Intergovernmental Interest Miscellaneous	\$ 45,000 - 115,000	\$ 437,686 4,606 116,554		\$	392,686 4,606 1,554				
Total revenues	160,000		558,846		398,846				
Expenditures Public safety Purchased services Supplies Capital Other Total expenditures	30,000 - 130,000 160,000		185,349 25,868 138,392 116,030 465,639		(155,349) (25,868) (138,392) 13,970 (305,639)				
Net Change in Fund Balance	-		93,207		93,207				
Fund Balance - beginning	299,454		299,454						
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 299,454	\$	392,661	\$	93,207				

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues	_			
Licenses and permits	\$ -	\$ 31,550	\$ 31,550	
Intergovernmental	1,358,436	1,809,328	450,892	
Charges for services	525,000	1,469,198	944,198	
Fines and forfeitures	129,000	153,855	24,855	
Interest Miscellaneous	11,500 115,000	84,157 172,699	72,657 57,699	
Total revenues	2,138,936	3,720,787	1,581,851	
Total Tevenues	2,130,930	3,720,707	1,301,031	
Expenditures Public safety:				
Personnel	1,228,096	1,235,443	(7,347)	
Purchased services	1,104,792	1,165,834	(61,042)	
Supplies	21,689	128,106	(106,417)	
Capital	94,458	669,301	(574,843)	
Other	272,641	429,539	(156,898)	
Total expenditures	2,721,676	3,628,223	(906,547)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(582,740)	92,564	675,304	
Other Financing Sources				
Transfers in	194,408	194,408	-	
Total other financing sources	194,408	194,408		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(388,332)	286,972	675,304	
Fund Balance - beginning	5,937,855	5,937,855		
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 5,549,523	\$ 6,224,827	\$ 675,304	

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS PUBLIC WORKS PROGRAMS JUNE 30, 2019

	Solid Waste & Recycling Grants		County Road Improvement Program		Barton's Run Agreement		Del Webb Boat Ramp Repair Fees		Total
ASSETS Cash and equity in pooled cash									
and investments	\$	316,652	\$	8,659,627	\$	31,658	\$	3,420	\$ 9,011,357
Receivables, net		-		11,470		-		· -	11,470
Due from other governments		71,419		517,662		-		-	589,081
Total assets	\$	388,071	\$	9,188,759	\$	31,658	\$	3,420	\$ 9,611,908
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable	\$	5,114	\$	1,176,875	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,181,989
Accrued payroll		-		4,607		-		-	4,607
Total liabilities		5,114		1,181,482				-	1,186,596
FUND BALANCE									
Restricted		382,957		8,007,277		31,658		3,420	8,425,312
Total fund balance		382,957		8,007,277		31,658		3,420	8,425,312
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	388,071	\$	9,188,759	\$	31,658	\$	3,420	\$ 9,611,908



		Solid V	Vaste a	and Recycling	g Grants			
		Final Budget			Variance Positive (Negative)			
Revenues	_		_		_			
Intergovernmental	\$	265,000	\$	267,990	\$	2,990		
Miscellaneous		12,000		12,950		950		
Total revenues		277,000		280,940		3,940		
Expenditures Public works								
Purchased services		175,000		157,457		17,543		
Supplies		102,000		83,212		18,788		
Total expenditures		277,000		240,669		36,331		
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		40,271		40,271		
Fund Balance - beginning		342,686		342,686		-		
Fund Balance - ending	\$	342,686	\$	382,957	\$	40,271		

	County	Road Improvement I	Program
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Intergovernmental	\$ -	2,938,563	\$ 2,938,563
Charges for services	2,400,000	2,765,440	365,440
Interest	10,000	169,064	159,064
Miscellaneous	25,000	90,315	65,315
Total revenues	2,435,000	5,963,382	3,528,382
Expenditures			
Public works:			
Personnel	29,016	72,790	(43,774)
Purchased services	237,800	261,156	(23,356)
Supplies	19,771	10,745	9,026
Capital	2,662,255	7,949,874	(5,287,619)
Debt service:			
Principal	285,326	304,936	(19,610)
Interest and fees	76,832	65,419	11,413
Total expenditures	3,311,000	8,664,920	(5,353,920)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(876,000)	(2,701,538)	(1,825,538)
Fund Balance - beginning	10,708,815	10,708,815	
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 9,832,815	\$ 8,007,277	\$ (1,825,538)

	Barton's Run Agreement								
Revenues	Fina Budg		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)					
Revenues Charges for services Total revenues	\$	<u>-</u> <u>-</u>	\$ 2,700 2,700	\$	2,700 2,700				
Net Change in Fund Balance		-	2,700		2,700				
Fund Balance - beginning	;	28,958	28,958						
Fund Balance - ending	\$	28,958	\$ 31,658	\$	2,700				

	Del Webb Boat Ramp Repair Fees							
Revenues	Final Budget			Variance Positive (Negative)				
Revenues Interest Miscellaneous Total revenues	\$ - - -	\$	55 40 95	\$	55 40 95			
Net Change in Fund Balance	-		95		95			
Fund Balance - beginning	 3,325		3,325					
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 3,325	\$	3,420	\$	95			

		Total			
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues	-				
Intergovernmental	\$ 265,000	\$ 3,206,553	\$ 2,941,553		
Charges for services	2,400,000	2,768,140	368,140		
Interest	10,000	169,119	159,119		
Miscellaneous	37,000	103,305	66,305		
Total revenues	2,712,000	6,247,117	3,535,117		
Expenditures					
Public works:					
Personnel	29,016	72,790	(43,774)		
Purchased services	412,800	418,613	(5,813)		
Supplies	121,771	93,957	27,814		
Capital	2,662,255	7,949,874	(5,287,619)		
Debt service:					
Principal	285,326	304,936	(19,610)		
Interest and fees	76,832	·	11,413		
Total expenditures	3,588,000	8,905,589	(5,317,589)		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(876,000	(2,658,472)	(1,782,472)		
Fund Balance - beginning	11,083,784	11,083,784	-		
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 10,207,784	\$ 8,425,312	\$ (1,782,472)		

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS PUBLIC HEALTH PROGRAMS JUNE 30, 2019

	Alcohol Drug Al Departr		Disabilities and Special Needs Department		 Total
<u>ASSETS</u>					
Cash and equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	1,557,484	\$	4,251,968	\$ 5,809,452
Receivables, net Due from other governments		9,062 207,921		13,423 525	22,485 208,446
Prepaid items		4,950		35,221	40,171
Total assets	\$	1,779,417	\$	4,301,137	\$ 6,080,554
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$	445,450	\$	259,427	\$ 704,877
Accrued payroll		45,351		215,227	260,578
Due to others				44,750	 44,750
Total liabilities		490,801		519,404	 1,010,205
FUND BALANCE					
Nonspendable		4,950		35,221	40,171
Restricted		1,283,666		3,746,512	5,030,178
Total fund balance		1,288,616		3,781,733	 5,070,349
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	1,779,417	\$	4,301,137	\$ 6,080,554

		Alcohol and	Drug Abuse De				
	Final Budge		Actual	F	/ariance Positive legative)		
Revenues	Φ 05		000.054	•	(00.040)		
Intergovernmental	· ·	57,000 \$	836,351	\$	(20,649)		
Charges for services Interest	25	57,500	391,569 18,208		134,069 18,208		
Miscellaneous		500	16,206 550		16,206 50		
Total revenues	1 11	5,000	1,246,678		131,678		
Total Teverides		3,000	1,240,070		101,070		
Expenditures							
Public health:							
Personnel	1,48	39,020	1,314,893		174,127		
Purchased services	15	6,806	103,839		52,967		
Supplies	5	6,677	88,381		(31,704)		
Capital		-	22,018		(22,018)		
Total expenditures	1,70	02,503	1,529,131		173,372		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(58	37,503)	(282,453)		305,050		
Other Financing Sources							
Transfers in	58	37,503	596,533		9,030		
Total other financing sources	58	37,503	596,533		9,030		
Net Change in Fund Balance		-	314,080		314,080		
Fund Balance - beginning	97	74,536	974,536				
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 97	4,536 \$	1,288,616	\$	314,080		

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS PUBLIC HEALTH PROGRAMS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Disabiliti	Special Needs					
	Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive Negative)		
Revenues				_			
Intergovernmental	\$ 6,810,186		6,795,888	\$	(14,298)		
Charges for services	322,976		299,698		(23,278)		
Interest Miscellaneous	107.056		76,945 248.233		76,945 60.977		
	187,256		-,		, -		
Total revenues	7,320,418		7,420,764		100,346		
Expenditures							
Public health:							
Personnel	6,932,723		6,825,568		107,155		
Purchased services	2,047,410		2,086,878		(39,468)		
Supplies	401,161		357,258		43,903		
Capital	2,077,765		999,394		1,078,371		
Total expenditures	11,459,059		10,269,098		1,189,961		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(4,138,641)	(2,848,334)		1,290,307		
Other Financing Sources							
Transfers in	3,036,453		3,036,454		1		
Total other financing sources	2,363,641	_	3,036,454		672,813		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,775,000)	188,120		1,963,120		
Fund Balance - beginning	3,593,613		3,593,613				
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 1,818,613	\$	3,781,733	\$	1,963,120		

				Total	
	Final Budget Actual			Actual	Variance Positive Negative)
Revenues	_				<i>(</i>)
Intergovernmental	\$	7,667,186	\$	7,632,239	\$ (34,947)
Charges for services		580,476		691,267	110,791
Interest		407.750		95,153	95,153
Miscellaneous		187,756		248,783	 61,027
Total revenues		8,435,418		8,667,442	 232,024
Expenditures					
Public health:					
Personnel		8,421,743		8,140,461	281,282
Purchased services		2,204,216		2,190,717	13,499
Supplies		457,838		445,639	12,199
Capital		2,077,765		1,021,412	1,056,353
Total expenditures		13,161,562		11,798,229	 1,363,333
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(4,726,144)		(3,130,787)	 1,595,357
Other Financing Sources					
Transfers in		3,623,956		3,632,987	9,031
Transfers out		(672,812)		-	672,812
Total other financing sources		2,951,144		3,632,987	 681,843
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,775,000)		502,200	2,277,200
Fund Balance - beginning		4,568,149		4,568,149	
Fund Balance - ending	\$	2,793,149	\$	5,070,349	\$ 2,277,200



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS PUBLIC WELFARE PROGRAMS JUNE 30, 2019

	D	aufuskie Ferry Grant	HUD Homes rogram	CDBG Water Grants	Org for	aborative anization Services Youth	Total
ASSETS Cash and equity in pooled cash and investments Receivables, net Due from other governments	\$	77,525 26,845	\$ 17,458 - 43,050	\$ 1,464,043 - 344,158	\$	62,254 2,800	\$ 1,621,280 29,645 387,208
Total assets	\$	104,370	\$ 60,508	\$ 1,808,201	\$	65,054	\$ 2,038,133
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Accrued payroll Total liabilities	\$	53,036 - 53,036	\$ 60,508 - 60,508	\$ 741,485 - 741,485	\$	7,916 8,948 16,864	\$ 862,945 8,948 871,893
FUND BALANCE Restricted Total fund balance		51,334 51,334	 -	 1,066,716 1,066,716		48,190 48,190	 1,166,240 1,166,240
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	104,370	\$ 60,508	\$ 1,808,201	\$	65,054	\$ 2,038,133

		Daufuskie Ferry Grant								
	Final Budget		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)						
Revenues										
Intergovernmental	\$ 85,00	00 \$	80,000	\$	(5,000)					
Charges for services	50,00	00	44,770		(5,230)					
Miscellaneous		-	110,778		110,778					
Total revenues	135,00	00	235,548		100,548					
Expenditures										
Public welfare:	207.0	,_	440,000		(40.044)					
Other Total expanditures	397,0		446,289 446,289		(49,214)					
Total expenditures	397,0	5	440,209		(49,214)					
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(262,0)	<u>′5)</u>	(210,741)		51,334					
Other Financing Sources										
Transfers in	262,0	' 5	262,075		-					
Total other financing sources	262,0	'5	262,075		-					
Net Change in Fund Balance		-	51,334		51,334					
Fund Balance - beginning										
Fund Balance - ending	\$	- \$	51,334	\$	51,334					

			HUD H	omes Progran	n	
		Final Budget			I	/ariance Positive Negative)
Revenues	Φ.	F00 000	Φ.	200.050	r.	(444.040)
Intergovernmental	\$	500,000	\$	388,058	\$	(111,942)
Total revenues		500,000		388,058		(111,942)
Expenditures						
Public welfare						
Other		500,000		388,058		111,942
Total expenditures		500,000		388,058		111,942
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		-
Fund Balance - beginning						-
Fund Balance - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-



		CDBG Water Grants					
	Final Budget		Actual	Pos	ance itive ative)		
Revenues			_				
Intergovernmental	\$ 751,48	5 \$	751,485	\$			
Total revenues	751,48	5	751,485				
xpenditures							
Public welfare:	754.46	_	754 405				
Purchased services	751,48		751,485				
Total expenditures	751,48	5	751,485				
excess of revenues over expenditures		-	-				
Other Financing Sources							
Transfers in	1,064,86		1,064,866				
Total other financing sources	1,064,86	6	1,064,866				
let Change in Fund Balance	1,064,86	6	1,064,866				
und Balance - beginning	1,85	0	1,850				
und Balance - ending	\$ 1,066,71	6 \$	1,066,716	\$			

	C	Collaborative Organization for Services to Youth					
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)				
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	\$ 181,276	\$ 197,202	\$ 15,926				
Charges for services	121,800	90,578	(31,222)				
Interest	-	244	244				
Miscellaneous	16,050	15,807	(243)				
Total revenues	319,126	303,831	(15,295)				
Expenditures							
Public welfare:							
Personnel	222,626	247,653	(25,027)				
Purchased services	169,600	86,955	82,645				
Supplies	1,600	4,603	(3,003)				
Other	93,616	103,366	(9,750)				
Total expenditures	487,442	442,577	44,865				
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(168,316	(138,746)	29,570				
Other Financing Sources							
Transfers in	168,316	181,976	13,660				
Total other financing sources	168,316	181,976	13,660				
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	43,230	43,230				
Fund Balance - beginning	4,960	4,960					
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 4,960	\$ 48,190	\$ 43,230				

	 Total				
	Final Budget		Actual	I	/ariance Positive Negative)
Revenues					
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,517,761	\$	1,416,745	\$	(101,016)
Charges for services	171,800		135,348		(36,452)
Interest	-		244		244
Miscellaneous	 16,050		126,585		110,535
Total revenues	 1,705,611		1,678,922		(26,689)
Expenditures Public welfare:					
	222 626		0.47.050		(05.007)
Personnel	222,626		247,653		(25,027)
Purchased services	921,085		838,440		82,645
Supplies	1,600		4,603		(3,003)
Other	 990,691		937,713		52,978
Total expenditures	 2,136,002		2,028,409		107,593
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	 (430,391)		(349,487)		80,904
Other Financing Sources					
Transfers in	1,495,257		1,508,917		13,660
Total other financing sources	1,495,257		1,508,917		13,660
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,064,866		1,159,430		94,564
Fund Balance - beginning	 6,810		6,810		-
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 1,071,676	\$	1,166,240	\$	94,564

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS CULTURAL AND RECREATION PROGRAMS JUNE 30, 2019

	.ibrary Grants	Library Trusts	Library Impact Fees	PALS Capital Program
<u>ASSETS</u>				
Cash and equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 30,847	\$ 243,106	\$ 4,163,679	\$ 307,924
Receivables, net	36,289	-	92,986	-
Due from other governments	 - 07.400	 - 0.40.400	 4.050.005	
Total assets	 67,136	 243,106	 4,256,665	 307,924
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	-	-	1,106	344
Total liabilities	-		1,106	344
FUND BALANCE				
Restricted	67,136	243,106	4,255,559	-
Committed	-	-	-	307,580
Total fund balance	 67,136	243,106	4,255,559	307,580
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 67,136	\$ 243,106	\$ 4,256,665	\$ 307,924

PALS Impact Fees	PA	LS PARD Grant	Total
\$ 6,130,404	\$	-	\$ 10,875,960
217,444		-	346,719
-		50,000	50,000
6,347,848		50,000	 11,272,679
410,802		8,643	420,895
410,802		8,643	 420,895
5,937,046 -		41,357 -	10,544,204 307,580
 5,937,046		41,357	 10,851,784
\$ 6,347,848	\$	50,000	\$ 11,272,679

		Library Grants						
	Final Budget				ariance Positive legative)			
Revenues	ф <u>о</u> гг о	м ф	207 744	Ф	FO 744			
Intergovernmental Total revenues	\$ 255,00 255,00		307,741 307,741	\$	52,741 52,741			
Expenditures								
Cultural and recreation: Purchased services		_	2,856		(2,856)			
Supplies	255,0	00	279,886		(24,886)			
Total expenditures	255,0		282,742		(27,742)			
Net Change in Fund Balance		-	24,999		24,999			
Fund Balance - beginning	42,1	37	42,137					
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 42,1	37 <u>\$</u>	67,136	\$	24,999			



	Library Trusts						
	Final Budget		Actual	Po	riance sitive gative)		
Revenues							
Interest	\$ 3,70) \$	3,733	\$	33		
Miscellaneous	12,00)	11,589		(411)		
Total revenues	15,70)	15,322		(378)		
Expenditures Cultural and recreation:							
Supplies	10,50)	10,435		65		
Other	5,20)	5,287		(87)		
Total expenditures	15,70)	15,722		(22)		
Net Change in Fund Balance		-	(400)		(400)		
Fund Balance - beginning	243,50	<u> </u>	243,506		-		
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 243,50	5 \$	243,106	\$	(400)		

		Library Impact Fees						
		Final Budget Actual			ariance Positive legative)			
Revenues								
Licenses and permits	\$ 56	\$2,000	810,537	\$	248,537			
Interest		-	61,758		61,758			
Miscellaneous		-	135		135			
Total revenues	56	62,000	872,430		310,430			
Expenditures Cultural and recreation:								
Purchased Services		-	39,599		(39,599)			
Supplies	56	62,000	183,585		378,415			
Total expenditures	56	62,000	223,184		338,816			
Net Change in Fund Balance		-	649,246		649,246			
Fund Balance - beginning	3,60	06,313	3,606,313					
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 3,60	06,313 \$	4,255,559	\$	649,246			

	PALS Capital Program						
	Final Budget Actua		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)			
Revenues			_		_		
Charges for services	\$	125,000	\$	125,071	\$	71	
Interest		4,000		4,046		46	
Miscellaneous		3,000		3,281		281	
Total revenues		132,000		132,398		398	
Expenditures Cultural and recreation:							
Supplies		132,000		2,130		129,870	
Total expenditures		132,000		2,130		129,870	
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		130,268		130,268	
Fund Balance - beginning		177,312		177,312			
Fund Balance - ending	\$	177,312	\$	307,580	\$	130,268	

		PALS Impact Fees				
		Final Budget Actual		Actual	F	/ariance Positive legative)
Revenues	•	4 005 000	•	4 040 050	Φ.	040.050
Licenses and permits Interest	\$	1,005,000	\$	1,618,058 91,290	\$	613,058 91,290
Total revenues		1,005,000		1,709,348		704,348
Expenditures						
Cultural and recreation:						
Purchased services		50,000		24,016		25,984
Capital		225,000		399,169		(174,169)
Debt service:						
Principal		197,967		201,824		(3,857)
Interest and fees		147,998		144,039		3,959
Total expenditures		620,965		769,048		(148,083)
Net Change in Fund Balance		384,035		940,300		556,265
Fund Balance - beginning		4,996,746		4,996,746		
Fund Balance - ending	\$	5,380,781	\$	5,937,046	\$	556,265

		PARD Grant					
	Final Budget		Actual		ariance Positive legative)		
Revenues	Φ 00.70		50.000	•	(40.700)		
Intergovernmental	\$ 98,70		50,000	\$	(48,702)		
Total revenues	98,70	<u> </u>	50,000		(48,702)		
Expenditures							
Cultural and recreation:							
Capital	153,00)	74,599		78,401		
Total expenditures	153,00)	74,599		78,401		
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(54,29	3)	(24,599)		29,699		
Other Financing Sources							
Transfers In		-	29,899		29,899		
Total other financing sources			29,899		29,899		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(54,29	3)	5,300		59,598		
Fund Balance - beginning	36,05	<u> </u>	36,057				
Fund Balance - ending	\$ (18,24	1) \$	41,357	\$	59,598		

		Total			
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues					
Licenses and permits	\$ 1,567,000	\$ 2,428,595	\$ 861,595		
Intergovernmental	353,702	357,741	4,039		
Charges for services	125,000	125,071	71		
Interest Miscellaneous	7,700	160,827	153,127		
	15,000	15,005	5		
Total revenues	2,068,402	3,087,239	1,018,837		
Expenditures					
Cultural and recreation:					
Purchased services	50,000	66,471	(16,471)		
Supplies	959,500	476,036	483,464		
Capital	378,000	473,768	(95,768)		
Other	5,200	5,287	(87)		
Debt service:					
Principal	197,967	201,824	(3,857)		
Interest and fees	147,998	144,039	3,959		
Total expenditures	1,738,665	1,367,425	371,240		
Excess of revenues over expenditures	329,737	1,719,814	1,390,077		
Other Financing Sources					
Transfers in	-	29,899	29,899		
Total Other Financing Sources	-	29,899	29,899		
Net Change in Fund Balance	329,737	1,749,713	1,419,976		
Fund Balance - beginning	9,102,071	9,102,071			
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 9,431,808	\$ 10,851,784	\$ 1,419,976		

BALANCE SHEET ALL NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Blufft Parkv Bond	vay	Total
ASSETS Cash and equity in pooled cash and investments Total assets	<u></u>	577,898 \$ 577,898 \$	3,577,898 3,577,898
FUND BALANCE Restricted Total fund balance		\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	3,577,898 3,577,898



COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ALL NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	E	Bluffton Parkway Bonds										
	Final Budget		Actual	\	/ariance Positive Negative)							
Revenues	•	•	50.000	•	50.000							
Interest	\$ -	\$	56,288	\$	56,288							
Total revenues	-		56,288		56,288							
Expenditures												
Debt service - principal	2,021,967		2,168,984		(147,017)							
Debt service - interest and fees	799,694		764,996		34,698							
Total debt service expenditures	2,821,661		2,933,980		(112,319)							
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(2,821,661)		(2,877,692)		(56,031)							
Other Financing Sources												
Transfers in	3,006,295		2,933,981		(72,314)							
Total other financing sources	3,006,295		2,933,981		(72,314)							
Net Change in Fund Balance	184,634		56,289		(128,345)							
Fund Balance - beginning	3,521,609		3,521,609									
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 3,706,243	\$	3,577,898	\$	(128,345)							

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ALL NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			Total		
	Final Budget		Actual	- 1	/ariance Positive Negative)
Revenues	•	•	50.000	•	50.000
Interest	\$ -	\$	56,288	\$	56,288
Total revenues	-		56,288		56,288
Expenditures					
Debt service - principal	2,021,967		2,168,984		(147,017)
Debt service - interest and fees	799,694		764,996		34,698
Total debt service expenditures	2,821,661		2,933,980		(112,319)
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(2,821,661)		(2,877,692)		(56,031)
Other Financing Sources					
Transfers in	3,006,295		2,933,981		(72,314)
Total other financing sources	3,006,295		2,933,981		(72,314)
Net Change in Fund Balance	184,634		56,289		(128,345)
Fund Balance - beginning	3,521,609		3,521,609		
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 3,706,243	\$	3,577,898	\$	(128,345)

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET ALL NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	2009 GO Bond Projects		2013 SO Bond Projects	2014 GO Bond Projects		2017 GO Bond Projects			2019 GO Bond Projects
ASSETS Cash and equity in pooled cash and investments Receivables, net	\$	1,298	\$ 445,561	\$	13,956 103,281	\$	14,746,186 160,000		11,014,765
Due from other governments Total assets	\$	1,298	\$ - 445,561	\$	117,237	\$	14,906,186	\$	11,014,765
<u>LIABILITIES</u> Accounts payable	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	54,539	\$	-
Accrued payroll Total liabilities		-	-		-	_	54,539	_	- -
FUND BALANCE Restricted for capital projects		1,298	445,561		117,237		14,851,647		11,014,765
Total fund balance Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	1,298 1,298	\$ 445,561 445,561	\$	117,237 117,237	\$	14,851,647	\$	11,014,765

Cri	Rural and itical Lands Program	ulticounty ndustrial Park	 Sales Tax Projects	Administrative Building Renovations		Spanish Moss Rail Trail		 Myrtle Park Phase II	Totals
\$	8,769,073 310	\$ 365,270 - -	\$ 910,818 1,250,016 276,684	\$	300,000	\$	142,048	\$ 727,929 - -	\$ 37,136,904 1,813,607 276,684
\$	8,769,383	\$ 365,270	\$ 2,437,518	\$	300,000	\$	142,048	\$ 727,929	\$ 39,227,195
\$	1,899 - 1,899	\$ - - -	\$ 11,284 441 11,725	\$	300,000	\$	- - -	\$ - - -	\$ 367,722 441 368,163
<u> </u>	8,767,484 8,767,484 8,769,383	 \$ 365,270 365,270 365,270	 2,425,793 2,425,793 2,437,518	<u> </u>	300,000	<u> </u>	142,048 142,048	 727,929 727,929 727,929	 38,859,032 38,859,032 39,227,195

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	2009 GO Bond Projects		2013 GO Bond Projects		2014 GO Bond Projects		2017 GO Bond Projects		2019 GO Bond Projects	
Project Authorization	\$ 5,134,187	\$	7,588,225	\$	17,288,002	\$	26,215,502	\$	-	
Prior year's revenues	5,134,187		7,588,225		17,288,002		26,215,502		-	
Prior year's expenditures	5,121,514		7,149,216		16,006,963		2,471,720		-	
Fund Balances - beginning of year	 12,673		439,009		1,281,039	_	23,743,782		-	
Revenues										
Intergovernmental	-		-		-		-		-	
Interest	-		6,792		7,403		326,696		59,265	
Miscellaneous	-		-		-		2,000,000		-	
Total revenues	 -		6,792		7,403		2,326,696	_	59,265	
Expenditures										
Capital projects	11,375		139,036		1,171,205		10,731,485		-	
Bond issuance costs	=		=		-		-		94,500	
Total expenditures	11,375		139,036		1,171,205	_	10,731,485		94,500	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures	(11,375)		(132,244)		(1,163,802)		(8,404,789)		(35,235)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Issuance of bonds	-		-		-		-		11,250,000	
Transfers In	-		138,796		-		-		-	
Transfers out	 -		-		-		(487,346)		(200,000)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	 		138,796				(487,346)		11,050,000	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(11,375)		6,552		(1,163,802)		(8,892,135)		11,014,765	
Fund Balances - end of year	\$ 1,298	\$	445,561	\$	117,237	\$	14,851,647	\$	11,014,765	

Rural and Critical Lands Program	Multicounty Industrial Park		Sales Tax Projects	Administrative Building Renovations			Spanish Moss Rail Trail	Myrtle Park Phase II	Totals														
\$ 147,922,050	\$	707,528	\$ 225,969,089	\$	26,811,670	\$	2,273,751	\$ 5,930,492	\$ 504,795,449														
147,922,050		707,528	225,969,089		26,811,670		2,273,751	5,930,492	504,795,449														
133,077,107		348,118	223,727,615		26,672,874		2,131,703	5,202,563	460,864,346														
14,844,941		359,410	2,241,474		138,796		142,048	 727,929	 43,931,101														
-		-	1,296,469		-		-	-	1,296,469														
180,100		5,860	9,025		=		=		-		=		-		-		-		=		-	-	595,141
42,400		-	=		=		-	-	2,042,400														
222,500		5,860	1,305,494		-		-	-	3,934,010														
6,299,957		-	1,121,175		-		-	-	19,474,233														
-		-			=		-	-	94,500														
6,299,957		-	1,121,175		-		-	 -	19,568,733														
(6,077,457)		5,860	184,319		-		-	-	(15,634,723														
-		-	-		-		_	-	11,250,000														
-		-	-		-		-	-	138,796														
=		-	=		(138,796)		-	-	(826,142)														
-		-			(138,796)		-	-	10,562,654														
(6,077,457)		5,860	184,319		(138,796)		-	-	(5,072,069														
\$ 8,767,484	\$	365,270	\$ 2,425,793	\$	-	\$	142,048	\$ 727,929	\$ 38,859,032														

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Balance July 01, 2018		Additions			eductions	Balance June 30, 2019		
Broad Creek Public Service District									
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 106,869	<u> </u>	\$	2,297,787	\$	2,276,261	\$	128,391	
Due to Agency:									
Operations	105,176	6		1,523,799		1,547,875		81,100	
Water/sewer	1,372	2		26,867		27,802		437	
Debt service	245			747,119		700,584		46,780	
Capital projects	72			2		-		74	
	\$ 106,869	<u> </u>	\$	2,297,787	\$	2,276,261	\$	128,391	
Fripp Island Public Service District Assets:									
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 1,395,000	} == =	\$	1,867,769	\$	1,606,081	\$	1,656,694	
Due to Agency:									
Erosion control	98,877			140,393		75,000		164,270	
Water/sewer	352,000			371,783		364,218		359,565	
Debt service	300,310			756,161		649,970		406,501	
Fire department 40/ for de	351,074			565,122		500,000		416,196	
Fire department 1% funds	292,745 \$ 1,395,000		\$	34,310 1,867,769	\$	16,893 1,606,081	\$	310,162 1,656,694	
		= =			-		-		
Forest Beach Public Service District Assets:									
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	<u> </u>	\$	290,859	\$	290,856	\$	9	
Due to Agency:									
Operations		-		96		96		-	
Fire operations				5,921		5,918		8	
Fire debt service	•			736		736		1	
Fire department 1% funds				284,106		284,106		-	
	\$	<u> </u>	\$	290,859	\$	290,856	\$	9	

	Balance July 01, 2018	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2019
Hilton Head #1 Public Service District				
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 2,255,837	\$ 3,123,266	\$ 4,606,120	\$ 772,983
, , ,	 			
Due to Agency:				
Operations	1,064,131	1,036,251	2,049,000	51,382
Water/sewer	485,520	431,355	899,000	17,875
Debt service	703,738	1,408,972	1,414,675	698,035
Assessment A	146	2	146	2
Assessment B	243	25,873	25,400	716
Assessment C	508	75,913	76,000	421
Assessment D	105	30,656	30,500	261
Assessment H11	208	37,090	36,999	299
Folly field area front foot assessment	1,075	30,343	29,500	1,918
Front foot assessment revenue bonds	163	19,016	18,500	679
Front foot assessment revenue bonds	-	27,795	26,400	1,395
	\$ 2,255,837	\$ 3,123,266	\$ 4,606,120	\$ 772,983
South Beach Public Service District Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 50,849	\$ 27,143	\$ 37,942	\$ 40,050
Due to Agency:				
Water/sewer	18,272	11,866	25,000	5,138
Debt service	32,566	2,328	=	34,894
Fire operations	10	12,223	12,216	17
Fire debt service	1	726	726	1
	\$ 50,849	\$ 27,143	\$ 37,942	\$ 40,050
Bluffton Fire District				
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 3,004,046	\$ 22,851,840	\$ 16,095,022	\$ 9,760,864
Due to Agency:				
Due to Agency: Operations	2,511,724	14,721,442	14,174,131	3,059,035
Debt service	43,092	1,089,606	571,769	560,929
Capital projects	15,566	5,994,900	716,432	5,294,034
Fire department 1% fund	47,687	379,061	336,624	90,124
Fire impact fees	385,977	666,831	296,066	756,742
5pub. 1000	\$ 3,004,046	\$ 22,851,840	\$ 16,095,022	\$ 9,760,864
	Ψ 3,004,040	Ψ	Ψ 10,033,022	ψ 3,100,004

	Balance July 01, 2018	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2019
Burton Fire District				
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 462,957	\$ 5,466,006	\$ 5,444,313	\$ 484,650
Due to Agency:				
Operations	81,798	4,995,857	5,153,560	(75,905)
Debt service	258,055	378,049	272,490	363,614
Fire department 1% fund	21,205	55,359 36,744	18,263	58,301
Fire impact fees	101,899 \$ 462,957	36,741 \$ 5,466,006	\$ 5,444,313	138,640 \$ 484,650
	φ 402,937	\$ 3,400,000	φ 5,444,515	404,030
Daufuskie Island Fire District				
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ (63,825)	\$ 1,302,811	\$ 1,265,242	\$ (26,256)
Due to Agency:				
Operations	(117,208)	1,326,930	1,246,855	(37,133)
Debt service	41,520	(40,899)	-	621
Fire department 1% fund	3,678	11,337	12,418	2,597
Fire impact fees	8,185 \$ (63,825)	5,443 \$ 1,302,811	5,969 \$ 1,265,242	7,659 \$ (26,256)
Ladys Island/St Helena Island Fire District Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 1,809,564	\$ 6,498,584	\$ 6,656,040	\$ 1,652,108
Due to Agency:				
Operations	617,609	5,919,663	6,089,019	448,253
Debt service	32,862	300,945	311,338	22,469
Fire department 1% fund	329,397	171,110	255,683	244,824
Fire impact fees	829,696	106,866	<u>+</u>	936,562
	\$ 1,809,564	\$ 6,498,584	\$ 6,656,040	\$ 1,652,108
Sheldon Fire District Assets:				
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 405,928	\$ 1,548,359	\$ 1,511,299	\$ 442,988
Due to Agency:				
Operations	215,566	1,387,076	1,409,078	193,564
Debt service	76,060	120,292	72,046	124,306
Fire department 1% fund	86,448	23,775	21,710	88,513
Fire impact fees	27,854 \$ 405,928	17,216 \$ 1,548,359	8,465 \$ 1,511,299	36,605 \$ 442,988
	\$ 405,928	\$ 1,548,359	\$ 1,511,299	\$ 442,988



		alance 01, 2018	Additions		Deductions		Balance June 30, 2019	
City of Beaufort								
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	156,398	\$	7,841,752	\$	7,929,287	\$	68,863
Due to Agency:								
Municipal Stormwater fees Fire department 1% fund		146,805 9,593		6,693,250 1,087,538 60,964		6,782,517 1,085,806 60,964		57,538 11,325
	\$	156,398	\$	7,841,752	\$	7,929,287	\$	68,863
Town of Port Royal								
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	64,689	\$	3,087,233	\$	3,101,029	\$	50,893
Due to Agency:								
Municipal Stormwater fees		61,373 3,316		2,866,617 208,613		2,878,810 210,216		49,180 1,713
Fire department 1% fund		-		12,003		12,003		1,713
	\$	64,689	\$	3,087,233	\$	3,101,029	\$	50,893
Town of Bluffton								
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	138,509	\$	10,433,239	\$	10,489,213	\$	82,535
Due to Agency:								
Municipal Stormwater fees		129,305 9,204		8,930,065 1,503,174		8,981,098 1,508,115		78,272 4,263
5.6111 	\$	138,509	\$	10,433,239	\$	10,489,213	\$	82,535
Town of Yemassee								
Assets:	¢.	828	ď	20.022	¢.	20.462	¢.	598
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	020	\$	39,233	\$	39,463	\$	598
Due to Agency:		920		20.405		20.225		EOO
Municipal Fire department 1% fund		828 -		39,105 128		39,335 128		598 -
	\$	828	\$	39,233	\$	39,463	\$	598

Due to Agency:	Balance June 30, 2019	Deductions	Additions	Balance July 01, 2018	
Equity in pooled cash and investments					
Motor vehicle fee	\$ 268,748	\$ 36,158,648	\$ 35,654,953	\$ 772,443	
Motor vehicle fee					Due to Agency:
Stormwater fees	163,997	29,858,441	29,503,368	519,070	Municipal
Fire department 1% fund 18,777 1,249 1,2777 1,249 1,2777 1,249 330,971 330,971 330,971 1,249 1,2	78,800	, ,			
Fire debt service	5,935		· · ·	42,333	
City of Hardeeville Sesets: Equity in pooled cash and investments Sests: Sests: Equity in pooled cash and investments Sests: Sests: Equity in pooled cash and investments Sests: Sests: Equity in pooled cash and investments Sests:	-	19,777	·	40.707	•
Section Sect	20,016	220.071	·	18,767	
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments \$ 46 \$ 71,762 \$ 71,724 \$ Due to Agency: Municipal \$ 46 \$ 71,762 \$ 71,724 \$ \$ 46 \$ 71,762 \$ 71,724 \$ \$ 46 \$ 71,762 \$ 71,724 \$ \$ 46 \$ 71,762 \$ 71,724 \$ \$ 46 \$ 71,762 \$ 71,724 \$ \$ 46 \$ 71,762 \$ 71,724 \$ \$ 46 \$ 71,762 \$ 71,724 \$ \$ 46 \$ 71,762 \$ 71,724 \$ \$ 46 \$ 71,762 \$ 71,724 \$ \$ 46 \$ 71,762 \$ 71,724 \$ \$ 46 \$ 71,762 \$ 71,724 \$ \$ 46 \$ 71,762 \$ 71,724 \$ \$ 46 \$ 71,762 \$ 71,724 \$ \$ 46 \$ 71,762 \$ 71,724 \$ \$ 46 \$ 71,762 \$ 71,724 \$ \$ 46 \$ 71,762 \$ 71,724 \$ \$ 46 \$ 71,762 \$ 71,724 \$ \$ 5 46 \$ 71,762 \$ 71,724 \$ \$ 5 6 71,762 \$ 71,724 \$ \$ 5 71,724 \$ \$ 7 7,72	\$ 268,748		·	\$ 772,443	гне аераппент толина
Due to Agency:	¢ 04	¢ 74.704	¢ 74.760	¢ 46	Assets:
Municipal 46 71,762 71,724	\$ 84	Φ 71,724	Φ 71,762	Ф 46	Equity in pooled cash and investments
Municipal 46 71,762 71,724					Due to Agency:
Beaufort-Jasper Academy for Career Excellence	84	71,724	71,762	46	
Assets:	\$ 84		\$ 71,762	\$ 46	·
General Special revenue funds 797,008 33,249 2,613,826 26,487 2,967,123 28,365 Education improvement act 123,540 181,184 125,823 \$ 953,797 \$ 2,821,497 \$ 3,121,311 \$ Beaufort County School District Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments \$ 92,598,899 \$ 366,861,434 \$ 373,665,757 \$ 85, Due to Agency: General 44,048,122 230,373,432 246,760,765 27, Special revenue funds (229,863) 14,357,213 15,266,418 (1, School lunch program (2,117,708) 11,541,439 9,527,206 (Education improvement act 5,170,626 14,458,010 7,379,042 12, Debt service 15,774,952 63,044,785 60,562,990 18, Capital projects 1,321,189 86,087 64,548 1, School 8% projects 15,869,734 32,531,042 34,104,788 14, Facilities 2005 7,654,409 305,945 - 7, Facilities 2007 30,636 500 </td <td>\$ 653,983</td> <td>\$ 3,121,311</td> <td>\$ 2,821,497</td> <td>\$ 953,797</td> <td>Assets:</td>	\$ 653,983	\$ 3,121,311	\$ 2,821,497	\$ 953,797	Assets:
General Special revenue funds 797,008 33,249 2,613,826 26,487 2,967,123 28,365 Education improvement act 123,540 181,184 125,823 \$ 953,797 \$ 2,821,497 \$ 3,121,311 \$ Beaufort County School District Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments \$ 92,598,899 \$ 366,861,434 \$ 373,665,757 \$ 85, Due to Agency: General 44,048,122 230,373,432 246,760,765 27, Special revenue funds (229,863) 14,357,213 15,266,418 (1, School lunch program (2,117,708) 11,541,439 9,527,206 (Education improvement act 5,170,626 14,458,010 7,379,042 12, Debt service 15,774,952 63,044,785 60,562,990 18, Capital projects 1,321,189 86,087 64,548 1, School 8% projects 15,869,734 32,531,042 34,104,788 14, Facilities 2005 7,654,409 305,945 - 7, Facilities 2007 30,636 500 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>D A</td>					D A
Special revenue funds 33,249 26,487 28,365 123,540 181,184 125,823 \$ 953,797 \$ 2,821,497 \$ 3,121,311 \$ \$ \$ \$ 953,797 \$ 2,821,497 \$ 3,121,311 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 953,797 \$ 2,821,497 \$ 3,121,311 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 953,797 \$ 2,821,497 \$ 3,121,311 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	440 744	0.067.400	2 642 926	707 000	
Education improvement act 123,540 181,184 125,823	443,711 31,371		· · ·	·	
Seaufort County School District	178,901	·	·	·	•
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments \$ 92,598,899 \$ 366,861,434 \$ 373,665,757 \$ 85, Due to Agency: General					
Equity in pooled cash and investments \$ 92,598,899 \$ 366,861,434 \$ 373,665,757 \$ 85, Due to Agency: General 44,048,122 230,373,432 246,760,765 27, Special revenue funds (229,863) 14,357,213 15,266,418 (1, School lunch program (2,117,708) 11,541,439 9,527,206 (Education improvement act 5,170,626 14,458,010 7,379,042 12, Debt service 15,774,952 63,044,785 60,562,990 18, Capital projects 1,321,189 86,087 64,548 1, School 8% projects 15,869,734 32,531,042 34,104,788 14, Facilities 2005 7,654,409 305,945 - 7, Facilities 2007 30,636 500 - 7,					
General 44,048,122 230,373,432 246,760,765 27, Special revenue funds (229,863) 14,357,213 15,266,418 (1, School lunch program (2,117,708) 11,541,439 9,527,206 (Education improvement act 5,170,626 14,458,010 7,379,042 12, Debt service 15,774,952 63,044,785 60,562,990 18, Capital projects 1,321,189 86,087 64,548 1, School 8% projects 15,869,734 32,531,042 34,104,788 14, Facilities 2005 7,654,409 305,945 - 7, Facilities 2007 30,636 500 - -	\$ 85,794,576	\$ 373,665,757	\$ 366,861,434	\$ 92,598,899	
General 44,048,122 230,373,432 246,760,765 27, Special revenue funds (229,863) 14,357,213 15,266,418 (1, School lunch program (2,117,708) 11,541,439 9,527,206 (Education improvement act 5,170,626 14,458,010 7,379,042 12, Debt service 15,774,952 63,044,785 60,562,990 18, Capital projects 1,321,189 86,087 64,548 1, School 8% projects 15,869,734 32,531,042 34,104,788 14, Facilities 2005 7,654,409 305,945 - 7, Facilities 2007 30,636 500 - -					Due to Agency:
Special revenue funds (229,863) 14,357,213 15,266,418 (1, School lunch program (2,117,708) 11,541,439 9,527,206 (Education improvement act 5,170,626 14,458,010 7,379,042 12, Debt service 15,774,952 63,044,785 60,562,990 18, Capital projects 1,321,189 86,087 64,548 1, School 8% projects 15,869,734 32,531,042 34,104,788 14, Facilities 2005 7,654,409 305,945 - 7, Facilities 2007 30,636 500 - -	27,660,789	246,760,765	230,373,432	44,048,122	
Education improvement act 5,170,626 14,458,010 7,379,042 12, Debt service 15,774,952 63,044,785 60,562,990 18, Capital projects 1,321,189 86,087 64,548 1, School 8% projects 15,869,734 32,531,042 34,104,788 14, Facilities 2005 7,654,409 305,945 - 7, Facilities 2007 30,636 500 -	(1,139,068)				
Debt service 15,774,952 63,044,785 60,562,990 18, Capital projects 1,321,189 86,087 64,548 1, School 8% projects 15,869,734 32,531,042 34,104,788 14, Facilities 2005 7,654,409 305,945 - 7, Facilities 2007 30,636 500 -	(103,475)				
Capital projects 1,321,189 86,087 64,548 1, School 8% projects 15,869,734 32,531,042 34,104,788 14, Facilities 2005 7,654,409 305,945 - 7, Facilities 2007 30,636 500 - -	12,249,594				•
School 8% projects 15,869,734 32,531,042 34,104,788 14, Facilities 2005 7,654,409 305,945 - 7, Facilities 2007 30,636 500 -	18,256,747				
Facilities 2005 7,654,409 305,945 - 7, Facilities 2007 30,636 500 -	1,342,728	·	·		
Facilities 2007 30,636 500 -	14,295,988 7,960,354	34,104,708			
	31,136	-			
Facilities 2008 5,076,802 162,981 - 5,	5,239,783	-	162,981	5,076,802	Facilities 2008
		\$ 373,665,757			

	Balance July 01, 2018	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2019
Special Assessments				
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 152,625	\$ 49,666	\$ 47,434	\$ 154,857
Due to Agency:				
Burlington estates	24,376	397	_	24,773
Burlington land	17,951	293	_	18,244
Kings grant II	21,093	344	-	21,437
O'Neal place	14,598	238	-	14,836
Pleasant farm	7	-	-	7
Robin wood	19,860	324	-	20,184
Seabrook point	37,701	37,497	37,356	37,842
Woodland estates	16,993	277	, -	17,270
Brown's island	46	10,296	10,078	264
	\$ 152,625	\$ 49,666	\$ 47,434	\$ 154,857
Assets: Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 14,340,094	\$ 26,020,734	\$ 30,410,410	\$ 9,950,418
Dura da Amara ana				
Due to Agency: Clerk of court	2,840,459	593,455	1,473,835	1,960,079
Master in equity - foreclosures	790,310	12,001,692	12,429,671	362,331
Register of deeds - bonds	67,869	69,420	49,010	88,279
Treasurer - JPC escrow	427,555	15,578		443,133
Treasurer - bankruptcy escrow	520,978	107,458	218,184	410,252
Treasurer - surplus tax escrow	9,692,923	13,233,131	16,239,710	6,686,344
	\$ 14,340,094	\$ 26,020,734	\$ 30,410,410	\$ 9,950,418
Total - All Agency Funds Assets:				
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$ 118,605,561	\$ 498,155,927	\$ 504,823,452	\$ 111,938,036
Due to Agency: General	\$ 118,605,561	\$ 498,155,927	\$ 504,823,452	\$ 111,938,036

BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA UNIFORM SCHEDULE OF COURT FINES, ASSESSMENTS AND SURCHARGES (per ACT 96) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

FOR THE STATE TREASURER'S OFFICE1

COUNTY / MUNICIPAL FUNDS COLLECTED BY CLERK OF COURT	General Sessions		Magistrate Court		<u>Municipal</u> <u>Court</u>	<u>Total</u>
Court Fines and Assessments:						
Court fines and assessments collected	\$	605,634	\$	1,972,652	N/A	\$ 2,578,286
Court fines and assessments remitted to State Treasurer and other State Agencies	\$	431,701	\$	934,037	N/A	\$ 1,365,738
Total Court Fines and Assessments retained	\$	173,933	\$	1,038,615	N/A	\$ 1,212,548
Surcharges and Assessments retained for victim services:						
Surcharges collected and retained		44,500.00		-	N/A	\$ 44,500
Assessments retained		-		-	N/A	\$ -
Total Surcharges and Assessments retained for victim services	\$	44,500	\$	-	N/A	\$ 44,500

FOR THE DEPARTMENT OF CRIME VICTIM COMPENSATION (DCVC)

VICTIM SERVICE FUNDS COLLECTED	Municipal	9	County	<u>Total</u>		
Carryforward from Previous Year – Beginning Balance	N/A	\$	284,226	\$	284,226	
Victim Service Revenue:						
Victim Service Fines Retained by City/County Treasurer	N/A	\$	109,519	\$	109,519	
Victim Service Assessments Retained by City/County Treasurer	N/A		-		-	
Victim Service Surcharges Retained by City/County Treasurer	N/A	\$	44,336	\$	44,336	
Interest Earned	N/A	\$	8,155	\$	8,155	
Grant Funds Received						
Grant from:	N/A		-		-	
General Funds Transferred to Victim Service Fund	N/A	\$	32,777	\$	32,777	
Contribution Received from Victim Service Contracts:						
(1) Town of Hilton Head Island	N/A	\$	63,542	\$	63,542	
(2) Town of	N/A		-		-	
(3) City of	N/A		-		-	
Total Funds Allocated to Victim Service Fund + Beginning Balance (A)	N/A	\$	542,555	\$	542,555	

BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA UNIFORM SCHEDULE OF COURT FINES, ASSESSMENTS AND SURCHARGES (per ACT 96) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Expenditures for Victim Service Program:	Municipal	<u>County</u>	<u>Total</u>
Salaries and Benefits	N/A	\$ 183,623	\$ 183,623
Operating Expenditures	N/A	-	-
Victim Service Contract(s):			
(1) Entity's Name	N/A	-	-
(2) Entity's Name	N/A	-	-
Victim Service Donation(s):			
(1) Domestic Violence Shelter:	N/A	-	-
(2) Rape Crisis Center:	N/A	-	-
(3) Other local direct crime victims service agency:	N/A	-	-
Transferred to General Fund	N/A	-	-
Total Expenditures from Victim Service Fund/Program (B)	N/A	\$ 183,623	\$ 183,623
Total Victim Service Funds Retained by Municipal/County Treasurer (A-B)	N/A	\$ 358,932	\$ 358,932
Less: Prior Year Fund Deficit Repayment	N/A	-	-
Carryforward Funds – End of Year	N/A	\$ 358,932	\$ 358,932

ALCOHOL AND DRUG ABUSE PROGRAMS - PROFIT AND LOSS STATEMENT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2019

	Central Safety Administration Action		School Based Intervention Treatment		Preventive Education	Intensive Outpatient	Total	
venues								
State Mini Bottles	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 92,585	\$ 92,585	\$ 92,584	\$ 92,585	\$ 370,33	
DAODOS Block Grant:1								
IOP Uninsured Treatment	-	-	-	-	-	38,783	38,78	
Outpatient - TB Testing	-	-	-	1,356	-	-	1,35	
Outpatient	-	-	-	148,617	-	-	148,61	
Outpatient Uninsured Treatment	-	-	-	21,785	-	15,142	36,92	
Outpatient - Adolescent	-	-	-	31,000	-	-	31,00	
ADSAP	-	29,007	-	-	-	-	29,00	
Adolescent Intervention	-	-	1,753	-	-	-	1,75	
Primary Prevention	-	-	-	-	96,884	-	96,88	
SAPT BG Assessment ²	-	-	-	16,000	-	-	16,00	
Synar/STEP Youth Tobacco Buys ³	-	-	-	-	1,177	-	1,17	
SBG (State Block Grant)4	-	6,308	-	-	-	-	6,30	
COLA (Cost of Living Allowance)5	-	9,906	2,568	14,676	6,971	2,568	36,68	
DSS DTS ⁶	-	-	-	2,400	-	-	2,40	
STEP UP ⁷	-	-	-	6,611	-	-	6,61	
Charges for Services - Fees	-	170,744	-	500	-	-	171,24	
Charges for Services - Medicaid	-	-	-	153,476	-	-	153,47	
Interest Income	18,208	-	-	67,349	-	-	85,55	
Beaufort County School District	-	-	-	-	12,000	-	12,00	
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	550	-	55	
al Revenues	18,208	215,965	96,906	556,355	210,166	149,078	1,246,67	
enditures								
Personnel	197,314	78,016	64,446	585,992	169,324	219,801	1,314,89	
Purchased Services	58,818	20,628	2,880	15,545	4,515	1,453	103,83	
Supplies	60,904	11,478	3,119	5,967	790	6,123	88,38	
Capital	22,018	-	-	-	-	-	22,01	
al Expenditures	339,054	110,122	70,445	607,504	174,629	227,377	1,529,13	
ess of Revenues Over (Under)								
penditures	(320,846)	105,843	26,461	(51,149)	35,537	(78,299)	(282,45	
er Financing Sources	500 500						500 50	
Transfers In (Out)	596,533						596,53	
Change in Fund Balance	275,687	105,843	26,461	(51,149)	35,537	(78,299)	314,08	
d Balance - beginning	796,662	106,502	128,825	199,376	(33,186)	(223,643)	974,53	
d Balance - ending	\$ 1,072,349	\$ 212,345	\$ 155,286	\$ 148,227	\$ 2,351	\$ (301,942)	\$ 1,288,61	

Notes:

- 1: Fiscal Year 2019 Department of Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse Services (DAODAS) Block Grant is contract number BEA-BG-19 and is comprised of federal funds in the amount of \$382,574 and state funds in the amount of \$1,753, for a total annual contract amount of \$384,327 (contract number BEA-BG-19; CFDA No. 93.959).
- 2: Fiscal Year 2019 Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment Block Grant (SAPT BG) for Assessment consists of federal funds in the amount of \$16,000 (CFDA No. 93.959).
- 3: Fiscal Year 2019 Synar/STEP Youth Tobacco Buys consists of federal funds in the amount of \$1,177 (CFDA No. 93.959).
- 4: Fiscal Year 2019 DAODAS State Block Grant consists of state funds in the amount of \$6,308 (contract number BEA-SBG-19).
- 5: Fiscal Year 2019 Cost of Living Allowance (COLA) is state funds in the amount of \$36,689 (contract number BEA-COLA-19).
- $\hbox{6: Fiscal Year 2019 Assessment State is identified as state funds in the amount of $2,400. } \\$
- 7: Fiscal Year 2019 STEP UP is identified as other funds in the amount of \$6,611 (contract number STEP UP).
- 8: Fiscal Year 2019 Gambling is identified as other funds in the amount of \$500 (contract number Gambling).

Legend:

- F Federal Funds
- S State Funds O - Other Funds

399,751 47,150 7,111 454,012

DAUFUSKIE FERRY SCHEDULE OF BUDGETED TO ACTUAL SOUTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION - STATE MASS TRANSIT FUNDS (SMTF) CONTRACT PT-9G699-28

FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING JULY 1, 2018 AND ENDING JUNE 30, 2019

	Budget /		Actual - SMTF		Actual - Local		Total Actual		Variance	
Revenues										
Intergovernmental ¹	\$	80,000	\$	80,000	\$	-	\$	80,000	\$	-
Charges for Services ²		45,000		-		44,770		44,770		(230)
		110,000		-		110,778		110,778		778
Total Revenues		235,000		80,000		155,548		235,548		548
Expenditures										
Ferry Service		441,037		80,000		361,037		441,037		-
Parking Fees		1,052		-		1,052		1,052		-
Administration		4,200		-		4,200		4,200		-
Total Expenditures		446,289		80,000		366,289		446,289		
Other Financing Sources										
Transfers In ²		262,075		-		262,075		262,075		-
Total Other Financing Sources		262,075		-		262,075		262,075		
Net Change in Fund Balance		50,786		-		51,334		51,334		548
Fund Balance - beginning		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>				
Fund Balance - ending	\$	50,786	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	51,334	\$	51,334	\$	548

Notes:

- 1. The intergovermental revenues are provided by the South Carolina Department of Transportation, State Mass Transit Funds.
- 2. The Charges for Services are Ridership Fees. The transfer in is funding provided by Beaufort County's General Fund.
- 3. In July 2018, Beaufort County purchased real property that is the embarkation point for the Daufuskie Ferry. Beaufort County receives rental income and also incurs utility expenditures for the real property.



STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Beaufort County, South Carolina comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, notes disclosure, and required supplementary information says about the County's overall financial health.

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County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
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These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the	
County's ability to generate its property and sales taxes.	
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These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the	
County's current levels of outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
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These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand	
the environment within which the County's financial activities take place and to help	
comparisons over time and with other governments.	
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These schedules contain information about the County's operations and resources to	
help the reader understand how the County's financial information relates to the services the	
County provides and the activities it performs.	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Governmental Activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 126,759,144	\$ 150,354,190	\$ 182,140,936	\$ 235,805,103	\$ 248,042,213	\$ 258,464,624	\$ 297,559,730	\$ 250,724,674	\$ 341,399,499	\$ 350,435,861
Restricted	76,403,806	110,042,845	109,480,674	81,168,869	94,621,380	103,427,275	74,429,250	132,328,862	130,694,943	97,597,158
Unrestricted	27,135,536	1,807,004	2,286,272	5,092,524	(9,776,030)	(67,733,915)	(47,981,906)	(69,322,749)	(110,657,381)	(64,605,798)
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 230,298,486	\$ 262,204,039	\$ 293,907,882	\$ 322,066,496	\$ 332,887,563	\$ 294,157,984	\$ 324,007,074	\$ 313,730,787	\$ 361,437,061	\$ 383,427,221
Business-Type Activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 23,805,330	\$ 24,456,698	\$ 23,927,764	\$ 23,961,592	\$ 23,319,358	\$ 27,565,326	\$ 28,123,049	\$ 28,226,279	\$ 30,593,539	\$ 30,353,828
Unrestricted	(1,764,310)	(1,979,580)	(1,466,786)	(1,180,550)	(741,276)	(8,545,869)	(4,534,745)	(2,657,026)	(5,287,834)	(2,062,519)
Total business-type activities net position	\$ 22,041,020	\$ 22,477,118	\$ 22,460,978	\$ 22,781,042	\$ 22,578,082	\$ 19,019,457	\$ 23,588,304	\$ 25,569,253	\$ 25,305,705	\$ 28,291,309
Primary Government	•			•			•			•
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 150,564,474	\$ 174,810,888	\$ 206,068,700	\$ 259,766,695	\$ 271,361,571	\$ 286,029,950	\$ 325,682,779	\$ 278,950,953	\$ 371,993,038	\$ 380,789,689
Restricted	76,403,806	110,042,845	109,480,674	81,168,869	94,621,380	103,427,275	74,429,250	132,328,862	130,694,943	97,597,158
Unrestricted	25,371,226	(172,576)	819,486	3,911,974	(10,517,306)	(76,279,784)	(52,516,651)	(71,979,775)	(115,945,215)	(66,668,317)
Total primary government net position	\$ 252,339,506	\$ 284,681,157	\$ 316,368,860	\$ 344,847,538	\$ 355,465,645	\$ 313,177,441	\$ 347,595,378	\$ 339,300,040	\$ 386,742,766	\$ 411,718,530

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Expenses	_									
Governmental Activities	_									
General Government	\$ 35,336,670	\$ 33,610,134	\$ 32,119,250	\$ 32,641,163	\$ 34,741,478	\$ 34,268,122	\$ 42,236,133	\$ 48,649,308	\$ 49,612,892	\$ 67,483,600
Public Safety	50,524,200	48,927,744	51,231,345	52,481,136	57,185,897	53,323,890	48,929,013	87,661,802	56,674,563	55,090,970
Public Works	20,434,597	20,753,287	19,944,114	23,403,821	22,259,047	24,696,310	22,106,941	23,251,203	19,930,159	13,085,477
Public Health	12,267,824	11,859,259	11,881,484	11,987,651	11,462,648	10,667,458	12,128,941	12,440,379	14,011,837	14,714,866
Public Welfare	2,402,787	3,143,475	2,373,551	2,317,902	3,243,469	3,023,487	2,108,695	2,342,367	5,935,476	4,208,514
Cultural and Recreation	15,963,929	15,339,501	13,863,794	16,064,581	15,583,049	14,936,898	13,887,875	14,006,380	15,682,409	17,544,898
Interest	10,812,119	11,585,371	10,596,657	9,087,049	9,293,605	6,641,311	6,222,321	5,643,381	6,116,157	4,981,961
I otal Governmental Activities										
Expenses	147,742,126	145,218,771	142,010,195	147,983,303	153,769,193	147,557,476	147,619,919	193,994,820	167,963,493	177,110,286
Business-Type Activities										
Stormwater Utility	3,677,985	3,758,958	3,124,645	3,246,022	3,175,708	3,534,035	3,663,825	4,063,867	5,431,198	4,366,551
Lady's Island Airport	664,128	693,783	668,094	667,068	602,879	703,949	901,521	610,714	996,300	1,404,657
Hilton Head Airport	2,558,747	2,191,050	3,236,793	2,565,348	2,829,612	4,517,883	8,330,082	11,505,178	17,922,483	7,587,534
Total Business-Type Expenses	6,900,860	6,643,791	7,029,532	6,478,438	6,608,199	8,755,867	12,895,428	16,179,759	24,349,981	13,358,742
Total Government Expenses	\$ 154,642,986	\$ 151,862,562	\$ 149,039,727	\$ 154,461,741	\$ 160,377,392	\$ 156,313,343	\$ 160,515,347	\$ 210,174,579	\$ 192,313,474	\$ 190,469,028

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Program Revenues Governmental Activities										
Charges for services	Ф 47.040.000	Ф 47.000.000	Ф 40 400 0 7 0	Ф. 40.040.000	Ф. 40.000.400	Ф 40.074.70 <i>г</i>	Ф. 45.700.000	Ф 40 404 7 40	Ф 47 470 000	Ф 47.00F.000
General Government	\$ 17,046,292 7,130,652	\$ 17,668,968 7,437,462	\$ 18,499,976 6,871,580	\$ 18,342,329	\$ 18,929,100	\$ 18,874,705	\$ 15,720,868 8,153,290	\$ 18,431,740	\$ 17,473,663	\$ 17,035,862
Public Safety Public Works	3,502,896	3,031,913	3,680,979	8,510,306 4,283,664	6,774,011 4,319,788	7,372,252 4,545,834	5,865,323	8,674,298 9,444,459	8,121,902 8,001,763	9,336,041 8,081,666
		·			535,092	4,545,654 597,297				
Public Health	551,682	525,615	525,594	522,846			591,235	626,822	599,225	691,268
Public Welfare	72,702	40,715	40,913	64,283	60,147	87,992	144,682	170,795	132,341	308,496
Cultural and Recreation Operating Grants and	1,279,808	1,453,157	1,602,628	1,912,336	2,035,420	2,301,655	2,019,478	3,478,117	3,337,726	3,180,854
Contributions	8,353,023	9,055,697	9,549,138	9,328,245	10,398,779	11,962,524	11,249,681	12,444,349	14,438,073	13,405,223
Capital Grants and Contributions	2,654,488	1,833,055	2,405,145	13,271,813	17,270,372	16,053,234	17,613,148	9,881,571	33,826,796	9,275,113
Total Governmental Activities Program										
Revenues	40,591,543	41,046,582	43,175,953	56,235,822	60,322,709	61,795,493	61,357,705	63,152,151	85,931,489	61,314,523
Business-Type Activities Charges for services Garage	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stormwater Utility	3,713,687	3,381,644	3,209,895	3,155,000	3,190,705	3,232,499	5,393,162	5,818,715	5,715,709	5,653,287
Lady's Island Airport	490,691	530,525	567,734	560,766	528,390	552,091	529,750	567,029	619,624	611,654
Hilton Head Airport	1,435,463	1,449,414	1,495,360	1,793,155	1,830,654	1,777,043	1,638,483	1,605,813	1,601,465	2,269,795
Operating Grants and										
Contributions Capital Grants and	133,223	134,837	116,234	112,695	116,090	65,450	65,440	50,560	42,960	47,260
Contributions	1,862,895	1,563,425	1,562,938	1,175,792	735,231	1,476,192	9,782,233	10,095,453	15,956,279	7,290,165
Total Business-Type Activities Program										
Revenues	7,635,959	7,059,845	6,952,161	6,797,408	6,401,070	7,103,275	17,409,068	18,137,570	23,936,037	15,872,161
Total Government Program										
Revenues	\$ 48,227,502	\$ 48,106,427	\$ 50,128,114	\$ 63,033,230	\$ 66,723,779	\$ 68,898,768	\$ 78,766,773	\$ 81,289,721	\$ 109,867,526	\$ 77,186,684
	Ψ 40,227,302	Ψ 40,100,427	φ 30,120,114	Ψ 03,033,230	Ψ 00,723,779	Ψ 00,090,700	Ψ 70,700,773	Ψ 01,209,721	ψ 109,007,320	Ψ 77,100,004
Net (Expense) / Revenue										
Governmental Activities	\$ (104,627,228)	\$ (100,963,613)	\$ (104,807,350)	\$ (97,533,371)	\$ (87,234,767)	\$ (85,824,426)	\$ (132,637,115)	\$ (104,811,342)	\$ (82,032,004)	\$ (115,795,763)
Business-Type Activities	992,168	30,313	473,723	189,209	(2,354,797)	(5,792,153)	1,229,309	(6,212,411)	(413,944)	2,513,419
Total Government Net										
(Expense) / Revenue	\$ (103,635,060)	\$ (100,933,300)	\$ (104,333,627)	\$ (97,344,162)	\$ (89,589,564)	\$ (91,616,579)	\$ (131,407,806)	\$ (111,023,753)	\$ (82,445,948)	\$ (113,282,344)

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets										
Governmental Activities Property Taxes Sales Taxes Grants and contributions	\$ 91,394,021 28,257,192	\$ 94,804,284 29,292,574	\$ 93,571,238 30,442,155	\$ 94,819,998 15,043,485	\$ 91,907,959 330,889	\$ 96,129,087 105,253	\$ 101,550,345 31,232	\$ 109,147,291 27,661	\$ 116,478,416 109,728	\$ 119,334,712 46,453
not restricted Unrestricted investment earnings Special item - decrease in other post-	9,638,402 4,093,395	8,868,758 1,378,709	9,588,551 883,768	7,944,710 540,155	8,414,711 293,213	8,478,141 269,080	8,513,761 495,848	9,342,544 581,229	9,452,285 1,495,650	9,215,559 5,557,428
employment benefit cost Transfers In / (Out) Gain/(Loss) on Sale of Capital	(250,000)	- (2,500)	-	-	-	27,520,071 -	1,353,498 -	-	-	-
Assets Miscellaneous	4,460 3,352,570	(98,017) 1,833,934	1,841,926	1,557,747	3,320,779	2,366,433	1,955,858	1,467,657	2,202,199	3,631,771
Total Governmental Activities	136,490,040	136,077,742	136,327,638	119,906,095	104,267,551	134,868,065	113,900,542	120,566,382	129,738,278	137,785,923
Business-Type Activities Unrestricted Investments Earnings Special item - decrease in other post- employment	48,779	11,282	11,231	4,835	4,169	3,133	14,710	19,694	150,396	272,185
benefit cost Transfers In / (Out) Gain/(Loss) on Sale of Capital	250,000	2,500	-	-	-	1,230,929	38,502 -	-	-	-
Assets Miscellaneous	478	6,262	50,000	(3,741)		1,079	1,995	3,444		
Total Business-Type Activities	299,257	20,044	61,231	1,094	4,169	1,235,141	55,207	23,138	150,396	272,185
Total Government	\$ 136,789,297	\$ 136,097,786	\$ 136,388,869	\$ 119,907,189	\$ 104,271,720	\$ 136,103,206	\$ 113,955,749	\$ 120,589,520	\$ 129,888,674	\$ 138,058,108
Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities	\$ 32,317,851 715,311	\$ 37,243,500 (57,327)	\$ 44,580,157 380,201	\$ 26,459,611 (206,035)	\$ 18,505,568 (1,648,423)	\$ 48,605,851 5,748,781	\$ (16,942,127) 2,013,018	\$ 38,534,378 (390,806)	\$ 47,706,274 (263,548)	\$ 21,990,160 2,985,604
Total Government Changes in Net Position	\$ 33,033,162	\$ 37,186,173	\$ 44,960,358	\$ 26,253,576	\$ 16,857,145	\$ 54,354,632	\$ (14,929,109)	\$ 38,143,572	\$ 47,442,726	\$ 24,975,764

FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
General Fund Reserved Unreserved	\$ 2,023,487 16,217,306									
Total General Fund	\$ 18,240,793									
All Other Governmental Funds Reserved Unreserved, Reported In: Special revenue funds	\$ 140,360,312 -									
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$ 140,360,312									
Total All Governmental Funds	\$ 158,601,105									
General Fund Nonspendable Committed		\$ 2,829,512 960,216	\$ 2,227,326 150,788	\$ 2,061,612 218,526	\$ 1,289,814 186,084	\$ 1,607,787 23,537	\$ 1,198,811 247,507	\$ 1,980,794 313,641	\$ 1,653,435 451,287	\$ 1,441,679 1,104,309
Assigned Unassigned		- 14,930,011	23,697 19,940,197	1,733,143 20,207,988	1,047,473 21,249,298	381,041 24,682,018	452,883 26,653,761	1,700,200 23,772,760	3,298,504 26,474,071	3,550,651 37,214,289
Total General Fund		18,719,739	22,342,008	24,221,269	23,772,669	26,694,383	28,552,962	27,767,395	31,877,297	43,310,928
All Other Governmental Funds		2 440 050	4 200 204	4 400 440	2.544.005	4 404 049	70.000	00.000	224 224	400.405
Nonspendable Restricted		2,418,050 126,929,680	1,268,394 124,459,879	1,199,446 108,228,779	2,514,805 92,038,827	4,464,642 98,868,411	72,968 87,145,361	99,269 132,176,998	224,324 130,293,307	162,165 128,557,920
Committed Unassigned (Deficit)		4,466 (1,361)	32,889 (28,933)	56,058 365,494	67,748	94,222	94,911	52,595	177,312	307,580
Total All Other Governmental Funds		129,350,835	125,732,229	109,849,777	94,621,380	103,427,275	87,313,240	132,328,862	130,694,943	129,027,665
Total All Governmental Funds		\$ 148,070,574	\$ 148,074,237	\$ 134,071,046	\$ 118,394,049	\$ 130,121,658	\$ 115,866,202	\$ 160,096,257	\$ 162,572,240	\$ 172,338,593

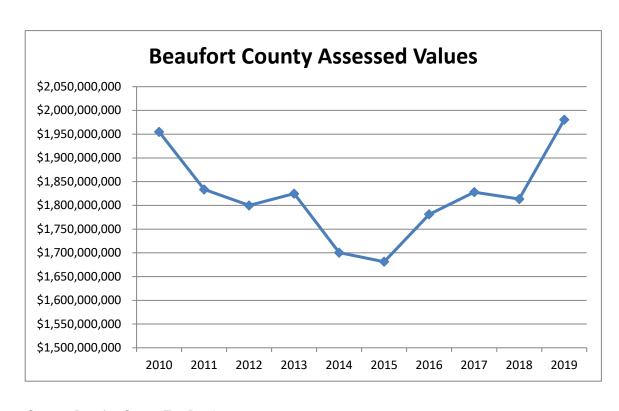
GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, became effective for fiscal year 2011 and established fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to honor constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds.

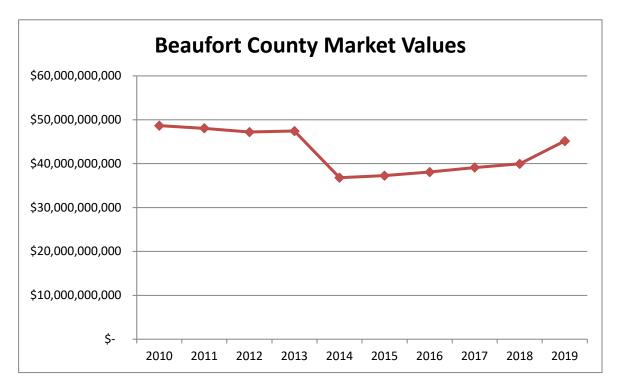
CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Revenues										
Property Taxes	\$ 91,228,738	\$ 94,610,886	\$ 93,350,153	\$ 94,786,696	\$ 92,501,314	\$ 95,351,350	\$ 101,676,345	\$ 109,274,083	\$ 116,505,253	\$ 119,682,659
Licenses and Permits	8,024,048	7,960,357	9,924,740	10,705,122	11,348,536	12,074,801	12,655,858	18,366,032	17,355,544	16,891,099
Intergovernmental	48,903,105	49,050,084	51,984,989	45,588,253	36,414,751	36,611,786	33,572,097	35,530,696	57,821,939	34,902,586
Charges for Services	15,672,535	16,342,605	15,221,171	17,105,139	15,467,080	16,387,825	17,731,291	19,578,971	18,962,662	20,168,722
Fines and Forfeitures	1,483,077	1,126,116	1,015,739	898,436	1,007,091	1,073,474	1,344,423	922,497	1,347,402	1,257,718
Interest	1,175,420	782,749	883,768	540,155	293,213	269,082	495,852	581,160	1,495,652	2,708,652
Miscellaneous	3,352,568	1,833,934	1,841,926	1,557,747	3,320,779	2,365,713	1,955,857	1,492,658	2,208,149	3,816,470
Total Revenues	169,839,491	171,706,731	174,222,486	171,181,548	160,352,764	164,134,031	169,431,723	185,746,097	215,696,601	199,427,906
Expenditures		.								
General Government	26,791,534	24,479,751	23,497,733	23,658,058	24,808,234	25,358,150	37,126,529	39,552,934	39,290,337	45,821,182
Public Safety	42,542,591	42,639,887	43,222,080	44,182,336	46,846,910	48,381,271	45,583,499	45,115,821	47,216,422	48,294,980
Public Works	15,414,631	16,027,746	14,792,685	17,550,180	14,480,016	15,958,306	13,617,653	14,495,178	16,088,640	15,934,931
Public Health	12,045,705	11,598,713	11,218,245	11,306,171	10,758,045	10,490,248	11,487,899	11,742,116	12,815,828	13,891,165
Public Welfare	1,823,168	2,494,653	1,915,122	1,794,172	2,720,482	2,525,257	2,108,695	2,342,367	2,093,114	2,648,095
Cultural and Recreation	13,734,989	12,897,385	11,210,985	13,132,712	12,323,751	11,961,423	10,946,319	11,039,804	12,050,466	13,609,581
Disaster related expenditures	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	38,727,223	1,920,614	950,677
Debt Service - Principal	7,565,000	10,170,000	11,820,000	72,805,000	14,280,980	13,453,464	14,121,038	17,613,699	49,291,451	15,579,303
Debt Service - Interest and Fees	10,926,464	11,491,994	11,698,673	10,443,924	8,142,957	8,754,441	8,444,266	7,857,324	7,981,433	7,951,999
Capital Projects	76,482,615	59,155,593	49,619,275	43,528,784	41,668,386	36,170,318	44,421,752	38,110,477	23,813,730	35,956,124
Total Expenditures	207,326,697	190,955,722	178,994,798	238,401,337	176,029,761	173,052,878	187,857,650	226,596,943	212,562,035	200,638,037
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over expenditures	(37,487,206)	(19,248,991)	(4,772,312)	(67,219,789)	(15,676,997)	(8,918,847)	(18,425,927)	(40,850,846)	3,134,566	(1,210,131)
over experiorares	(37,467,200)	(19,240,991)	(4,772,312)	(07,219,769)	(15,676,997)	(0,910,047)	(10,425,927)	(40,030,040)	3,134,300	(1,210,131)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Issuance of Bonds	48,755,000	8,125,000	12,500,000	49,265,000	-	19,450,000	-	51,000,000	-	11,250,000
Issuance of BANs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	30,250,000	-	-
Debt Service-Principal - Refinancing										
of BANs	(48,755,000)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Issuance of Refunding Debt	-	-	15,295,000	58,335,000	-	22,570,000	17,950,000	6,110,000	-	-
Payments to Refunding Debt										
Escrow Agent	-	-	(17,312,305)	(65,909,303)	-	3	(19,091,723)	(6,405,000)	-	-
Issuance of Long-term Debt	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,000,000	-	-	-
Bond Premiums	2,917,975	595,960	2,368,280	11,525,901	-	3,438,394	1,312,194	4,794,335	-	609,072
Transfers In	19,413,742	13,351,316	15,409,058	27,323,615	23,928,262	19,629,618	8,759,152	11,158,117	10,965,003	10,853,793
Transfers Out	(19,663,742)	(13,353,816)	(15,409,058)	(27,323,615)	(23,928,262)	(19,629,618)	(8,759,152)	(11,826,551)	(11,623,586)	(11,641,881)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,667,975	8,718,460	12,850,975	53,216,598	-	45,458,397	4,170,471	85,080,901	(658,583)	11,070,984
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (34,819,231)	\$ (10,530,531)	\$ 8,078,663	\$ (14,003,191)	\$ (15,676,997)	\$ 36,539,550	\$ (14,255,456)	\$ 44,230,055	\$ 2,475,983	\$ 9,860,853
Net Change in Fund Dalance	Ψ (34,018,231)	ψ (10,000,001)	Ψ 0,070,003	ψ (14,003,191)	ψ (15,070,997)	ψ 30,33 9,330	ψ (14,200,400)	Ψ 44,230,033	Ψ 2,470,903	ψ 9,000,000
Debt Service as a Percentage of										
Non-capital Expenditures	14.1%	16.4%	18.2%	42.7%	16.7%	16.2%	15.7%	13.5%	30.3%	14.3%

ASSESSED VALUE AND MARKET VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Real P	roperty		Personal	Prope	erty		То	tals	
Fiscal	Assessed	Market		 Assessed		Market		Assessed	Market	Total Direct
Year	Value	Value		 Value		Value		Value	Value	Tax Rate
2010	\$ 1,720,365,297	\$ 45,978,771,345	3.74%	\$ 234,553,487	\$	2,691,291,572	8.72%	\$ 1,954,918,784	\$ 48,670,062,917	45.96
2011	1,610,653,303	45,535,333,122	3.54%	222,826,243		2,522,695,723	8.83%	1,833,479,546	48,058,028,845	47.54
2012	1,614,373,168	45,028,233,052	3.59%	185,451,491		2,186,088,790	8.48%	1,799,824,659	47,214,321,842	47.54
2013	1,614,166,744	44,735,468,004	3.61%	210,531,440		2,692,952,990	7.82%	1,824,698,184	47,428,420,994	48.52
2014	1,503,246,950	34,226,412,913	4.39%	197,121,500		2,573,608,850	7.66%	1,700,368,450	36,800,021,763	56.30
2015	1,456,623,792	34,326,777,040	4.24%	224,587,180		2,943,436,442	7.63%	1,681,210,972	37,270,213,482	56.86
2016	1,537,918,460	34,954,579,643	4.40%	243,102,990		3,146,262,710	7.73%	1,781,021,450	38,100,842,353	59.15
2017	1,569,859,790	35,756,421,947	4.39%	258,073,760		3,352,079,267	7.70%	1,827,933,550	39,108,501,214	61.27
2018	1,575,924,542	36,784,111,791	4.28%	237,358,677		3,177,004,620	7.47%	1,813,283,219	39,961,116,411	63.39
2019	1,746,777,223	42,176,881,298	4.14%	233,576,952		2,987,568,570	7.82%	1,980,354,175	45,164,449,868	62.78





Source: Beaufort County Tax Database

PROPERTY TAX MILLAGES - ALL OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

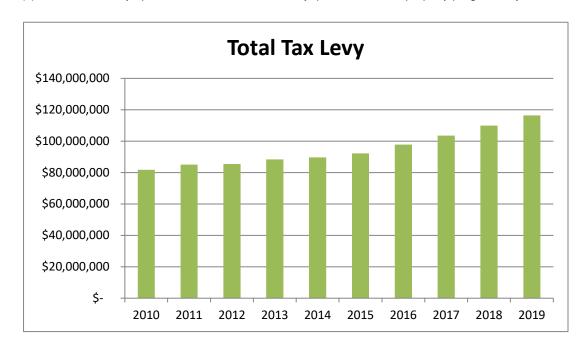
	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
County Wide Levies										
County - Operations	40.21	40.21	40.21	40.21	46.48	46.48	48.77	50.89	50.61	50.03
County - Higher Education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.40	2.37
County - Debt Service County-Purchase of Real Property	3.62	4.57	4.57	4.44	5.48	5.48	5.48	5.48	5.58	5.58
Program	2.13	2.76	2.76	3.87	4.34	4.90	4.90	4.90	4.80	4.80
Total Direct Tax Rate	45.96	47.54	47.54	48.52	56.30	56.86	59.15	61.27	63.39	62.78
School - Operations	90.26	90.26	90.26	92.26	97.45	103.50	103.50	111.50	113.50	104.60
School - Debt Service	24.43	26.33	28.00	28.00	31.71	31.71	31.71	31.71	31.71	31.71
Municipal Levies										
City of Beaufort	60.62	60.62	60.62	60.62	66.61	72.62	72.61	73.57	73.57	74.59
Town of Port Royal	69.00	69.00	69.00	69.00	69.00	69.00	72.00	72.00	74.00	74.00
Town of Bluffton	38.00	38.00	38.00	38.00	44.35	44.35	44.35	42.35	40.35	38.50
Town of Hilton Head	18.54	18.54	19.33	19.33	20.83	21.35	22.18	22.18	28.36	27.72
Town of Yemassee	70.00	70.00	70.00	70.00	70.00	70.00	70.00	70.00	71.00	66.63
Fire Levies										
Bluffton Fire - Operation	19.67	19.67	19.67	20.49	24.02	24.02	24.02	24.64	24.70	24.10
Bluffton Fire - Debt Service	0.37	0.38	0.38	-	-	-	1.22	1.10	1.04	1.45
Burton Fire - Operations	55.87	55.87	55.87	58.21	60.18	60.18	60.66	62.42	64.53	68.82
Burton Fire - Debt Service	5.53	5.53	5.53	5.53	5.74	5.74	5.26	5.26	5.26	5.15
Daufuskie Island Fire - Operations	30.11	30.71	31.74	33.07	52.57	54.72	56.98	58.44	60.27	60.27
Daufuskie Island Fire - Debt Service	2.23	-	-	-	2.00	2.00	2.00	-	-	-
Lady's Island/St. Helena - Operations	30.39	31.00	32.04	33.34	34.82	35.94	36.94	37.92	39.26	39.30
Lady's Island/St. Helena - Debt Service	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	2.30	2.36	2.20	2.20	2.11	2.00
Sheldon Fire - Operations	32.09	32.22	32.22	33.11	34.53	35.82	36.33	36.86	38.32	37.18
Sheldon Fire - Debt Services	2.14	2.18	2.18	2.18	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20	3.21	3.21

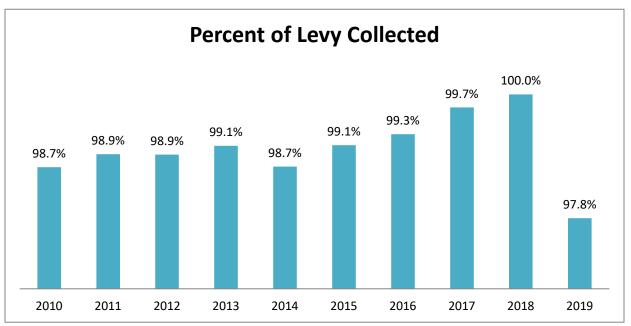
Source: Beaufort County Auditor

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Total Levy (1)	Current Tax Collections	Percent of Levy Collected	Collections in Subsequent Years	Total Tax Collections	Total Collections As Percent of Levy
2010	\$ 81,772,052	\$ 79,374,355	97.1%	\$ 1,314,447	\$ 80,688,802	98.7%
2011	85,105,603	82,724,674	97.2%	1,451,021	84,175,695	98.9%
2012	85,514,629	83,110,564	97.2%	1,463,404	84,573,968	98.9%
2013	88,456,976	85,269,158	96.4%	2,355,141	87,624,299	99.1%
2014	89,653,758	87,379,532	97.5%	1,095,086	88,474,618	98.7%
2015	92,202,243	90,049,646	97.7%	1,295,851	91,345,497	99.1%
2016	97,769,937	95,721,602	97.9%	1,332,188	97,053,790	99.3%
2017	103,505,678	101,605,727	98.2%	1,635,557	103,241,284	99.7%
2018	109,981,918	108,108,802	98.3%	1,850,320	109,959,122	100.0%
2019	116,392,375	113,789,436	97.8%	-	113,789,436	97.8%

(1) - Includes County operations and maintenance levy, purchase of real property program levy, solid waste and recycling program levy, and debt service levy.

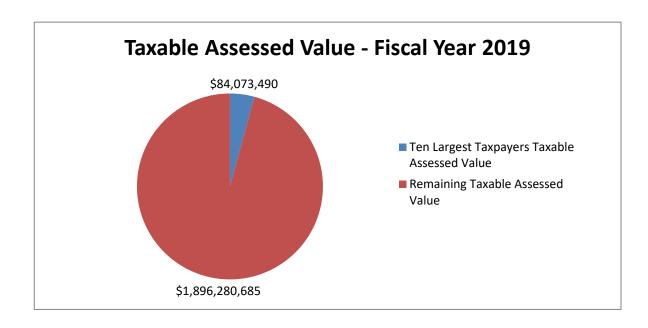


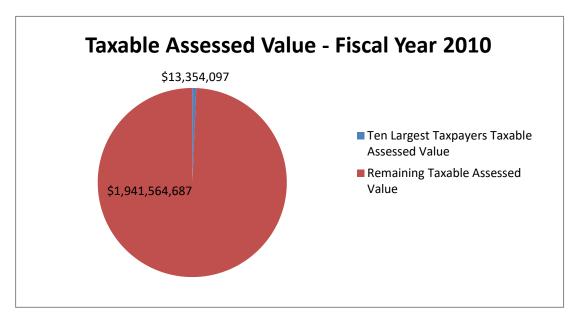


Source: Beaufort County Treasurer

TEN LARGEST TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

			2019	Fiscal Year			2	2010 Fiscal Yea	nr
	Taxes	Taxable Assessed		Percentage of Total	Percentage of Total	<u> </u>	Taxable Assessed		Percentage of Total
Taxpayer	Paid	Value	Rank	Taxes Levied	Assessed Value		Value	Rank	Assessed Value
South Carolina Electric & Gas	\$ 6,591,471	\$ 25,941,180	1	5.66%	1.31%	\$	3,351,877	2	4.10%
Marriott Ownership Resorts, Inc.	3,915,083	16,833,450	2	3.36%	0.85%		3,731,409	1	4.56%
Palmetto Electric Cooperative, Inc.	2,437,091	10,685,890	3	2.09%	0.54%		1,861,416	3	2.28%
Bluffton Telephone Company	1,256,154	5,386,220	4	1.08%	0.27%		630,603	6	0.77%
Columbia Properties Hilton Head LLC	1,164,078	4,880,580	5	1.00%	0.25%		881,867	4	1.08%
Hargray Telephone Company	1,048,687	4,659,090	6	0.90%	0.24%		495,017	9	0.61%
SCG Hilton Head Property LLC	1,021,930	4,335,720	7	0.88%	0.22%		870,360	5	1.06%
PBLH LLC	914,677	3,425,070	8	0.79%	0.17%		N/A	N/A	N/A
Sea Pines Resort LLC	870,326	5,135,140	9	0.75%	0.26%		588,569	7	0.72%
Shelter Cove III LLC	683,166	2,791,150	10	0.59%	0.14%		N/A	N/A	N/A
Greenwood Development Corp.	N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A		576,958	8	0.71%
Hargray, Inc	 N/A	 N/A		N/A	N/A		366,021	10	0.45%
Total	\$ 19,902,663	\$ 84,073,490		17.10%	4.25%	\$	13,354,097		16.34%



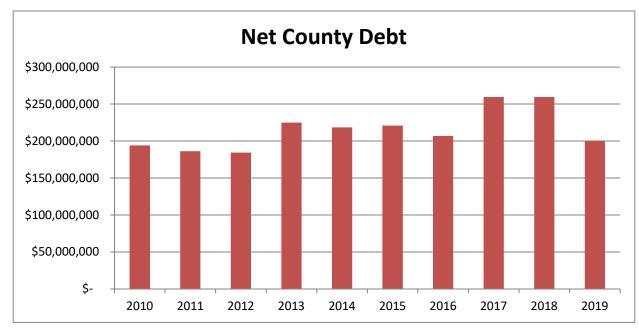


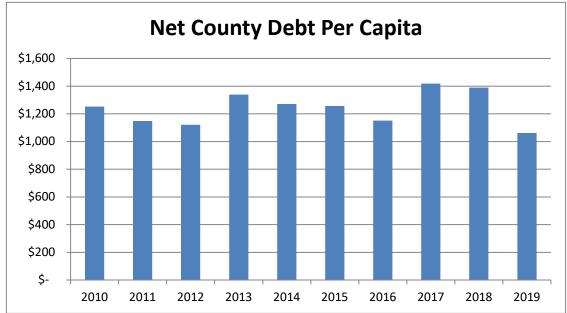
Source: Beaufort County Treasurer

RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Estimated Population (1)	Assessed Value	General Obligation Bonds	Less: Debt Service Funds	Net County Debt	Ratio of Net County Debt to Assessed Value	Net County Per Ca	Debt
2010	155,215	\$ 1,954,918,784	\$ 201,355,000	\$ 7,107,378	\$ 194,247,622	9.94%	\$	1,251
2011	162,233	1,833,479,546	200,555,000	14,234,168	186,320,832	10.16%		1,148
2012	164,684	1,799,824,659	190,915,000	6,428,998	184,486,002	10.25%		1,120
2013	168,049	1,824,698,184	235,811,387	10,729,541	225,081,846	12.34%		1,339
2014	171,838	1,700,368,450	228,837,985	10,426,750	218,411,235	12.84%		1,271
2015	175,852	1,681,210,972	233,933,174	12,920,104	221,013,070	13.15%		1,257
2016	179,589	1,781,021,450	219,434,622	12,640,471	206,794,151	11.61%		1,151
2017	183,149	1,827,933,550	283,501,455	23,799,011	259,702,444	14.21%		1,418
2018	186,844	1,813,283,219	283,501,455	23,799,011	259,702,444	14.32%		1,390
2019	188,715	1,980,354,175	225,667,326	25,419,232	200,248,094	10.11%		1,061

(1) - Source: U.S. Census Bureau





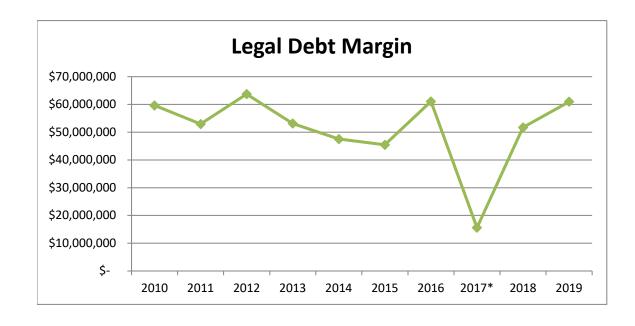
COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN JUNE 30, 2019

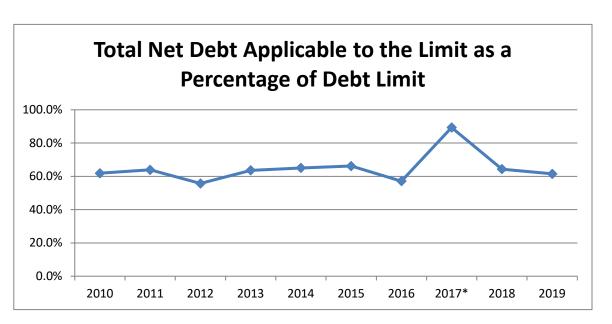
Assessed Value - 2018 Tax Year (Fiscal Year 2019)		\$ 1,980,354,175 x 8%
Constitutional Debt Limit Outstanding Subject to Debt Limit		158,428,334 97,459,059
Legal Debt Limit Remaining Without a Referendum		\$ 60,969,275
Total Outstanding General Obligation Debt Less General Obligation Debt Issued Under Referendum Less General Obligation Debt Issued Paid by Other Sources Less Premiums related to General Obligation Debt Total Outstanding Debt Subject to Debt Limit	\$ 225,667, (86,244, (30,126, (11,837,; \$ 97,459,	877) 833) 857)

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN DETAIL LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Debt Limit	Total Net Debt Applicable to Debt Limit	Legal Debt Margin	Total Net Debt Applicable to the Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit
2010	\$ 156,393,503	\$ 96,733,089	\$ 59,660,414	61.9%
2011	146,678,364	93,722,603	52,955,761	63.9%
2012	143,985,973	80,253,597	63,732,376	55.7%
2013	145,975,855	92,854,428	53,121,427	63.6%
2014	136,029,476	88,506,497	47,522,979	65.1%
2015	134,496,878	89,034,715	45,462,163	66.2%
2016	142,481,716	81,400,573	61,081,143	57.1%
2017*	146,234,684	130,644,358	15,590,326	89.3%
2018	145,062,658	93,347,579	51,715,079	64.3%
2019	158,428,334	97,459,059	60,969,275	61.5%

^{*} GO BAN in the amount of \$30.25 million issued for Hurricane Matthew disaster related expenses.



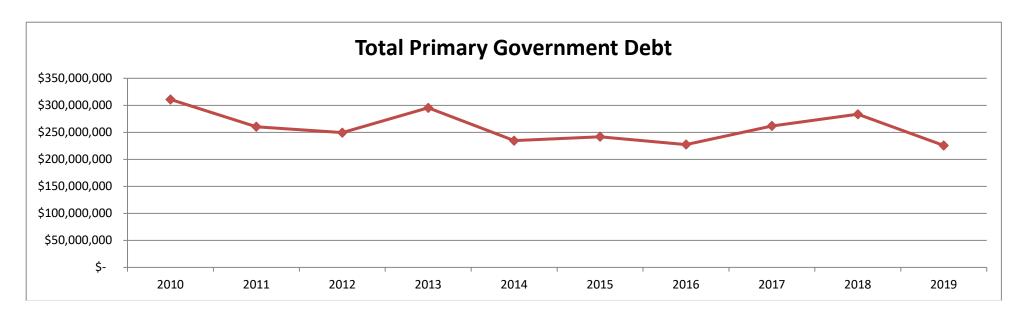


RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Governmental Activities								Tatal		
Fiscal Year	Estimated Population (1)	General Obligation Bonds	TIF Revenue Bonds and BANs	Capital Leases	Mortgage	Total Primary Government Debt	Per Capita Personal Income (1)	Estimated Total Personal Income (2)	Percentage of Total Personal Income	Total Primary Governme Debt Per Capit	ent
2010	155,215	\$ 201,355,000	\$ 109,330,000	\$ 178,390	\$ -	\$ 310,863,390	\$ 41,662	\$ 6,466,567,330	4.81%	\$ 2,0	,003
2011	162,233	200,555,000	59,715,000	-	-	260,270,000	43,584	7,070,763,072	3.68%	1,	,604
2012	164,684	190,915,000	58,470,000	-	-	249,385,000	45,122	7,430,871,448	3.36%	1,	,514
2013	168,049	235,811,387	59,410,000	-	-	295,221,387	45,222	7,599,511,878	3.88%	1,	,757
2014	171,838	228,837,985	5,685,000	-	-	234,522,985	46,137	7,928,089,806	2.96%	1,	,365
2015	175,852	233,933,174	5,767,750	2,148,791	-	241,849,715	47,664	8,381,809,728	2.89%	1,	,375
2016	179,589	220,921,444	4,586,750	1,790,659	-	227,298,853	49,914	8,964,005,346	2.54%	1,	,266
2017	183,149	227,555,765	30,250,000	-	4,000,000	261,805,765	52,147	9,550,670,903	2.74%	1,	,429
2018	186,844	249,251,455	-	-	-	283,501,455	53,766	10,045,854,504	2.82%	1,	,517
2019	188,715	225,667,326	-	-	-	225,667,326	56,711	10,702,216,365	2.11%	1,	,196

(1) - Source: U.S. Census Bureau

(2) - Calculated by multiplying the estimated population by the per capita income.



COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT JUNE 30, 2019

	Gross Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to Beaufort County	Amount Applicable to Beaufort County
Beaufort County School District	\$ 294,338,417	100%	\$ 294,338,417
City of Beaufort	39,897,737	100%	39,897,737
Town of Bluffton	11,889,275	100%	11,889,275
Town of Hilton Head	141,344,265	100%	141,344,265
Town of Port Royal	341,852	100%	341,852
Broad Creek Public Service District	- *	100%	-
Fripp Island Public Service District	- *	100%	-
Hilton Head No. 1 Public Service District	11,426,744	100%	11,426,744
Burton Fire District	_ *	100%	-
Bluffton Fire District	13,337,254	100%	13,337,254
Lady's Island/St. Helena Island Fire District	- *	100%	-
Sheldon Fire District	184,009_	100%	184,009
Subtotal of Overlapping Debt	512,759,553		512,759,553
Beaufort County Direct Debt			225,667,326
Total of Direct and Overlapping Debt			\$ 738,426,879

Source: Debt outstanding provided by each governmental unit.

Note: As all of this debt is within Beaufort County, the percentage of applicable debt to the County is 100%. This process recognizes that, when considering the County's ability to issue long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident and, therefore, responsible for repaying debt of each overlapping government.

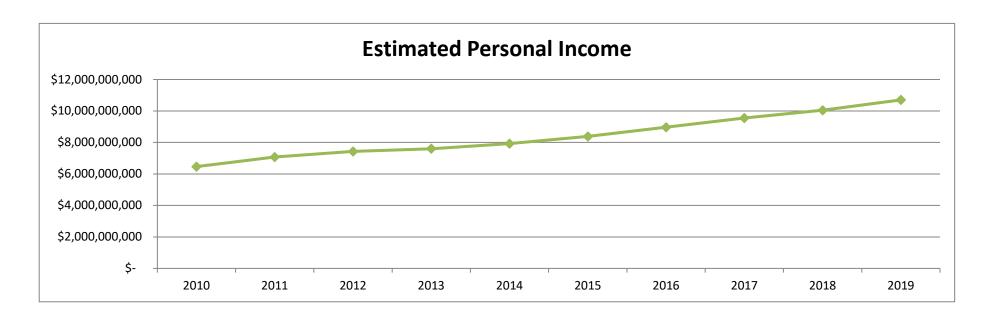
^{*} Data not available

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Estimated Population (1)	P	er Capita ersonal come (1)	 Estimated Personal Income	Unemployment Margin	Unemployment Rate (2)
2010	155,215	\$	41,662	\$ 6,466,567,330	113,553	5.2%
2011	162,233		43,584	7,070,763,072	118,649	9.1%
2012	164,684		45,122	7,430,871,448	119,562	8.8%
2013	168,049		45,222	7,599,511,878	122,827	8.8%
2014	171,838		46,137	7,928,089,806	125,701	7.9%
2015	175,852		47,664	8,381,809,728	128,188	5.6%
2016	179,589		49,914	8,964,005,346	129,675	5.0%
2017	183,149		52,147	9,550,670,903	131,002	4.0%
2018	186,844		53,766	10,045,854,504	133,078	3.4%
2019	188,715		56,711	10,702,216,365	132,004	3.3%

(1) - **Source:** United States Census Bureau

(2) - Source: United States Department of Labor - Bureau of Labor Statistics



PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

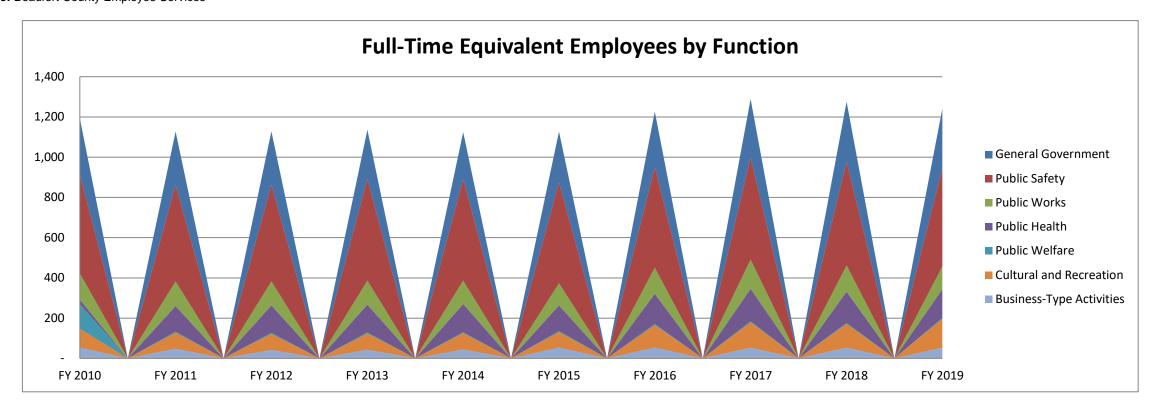
		2019			2010	
			Percentage			Percentage
			of Total			of Total
			County			County
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Beaufort County School District	2,788	*	*	3,500	1	5.9%
Beaufort County	2,788	*	*	1,193	2	2.1%
Department of Defense	*	*	*	7,358	3	12.3%
Beaufort Memorial Hospital	*	*	*	1,250	4	2.2%
Marine Corp Community Services	*	*	*	770	5	1.3%
Hilton Head Medical Center	*	*	*	557	6	0.9%
Wal-Mart Associates, Inc.	*	*	*	400	7	0.7%
Care Core	*	*	*	396	8	0.7%
Cybress Club, Inc.	*	*	*	350	9	0.6%
Mariners Inn	*	*	*	200	10	0.3%
Sodexo, Inc.	*	*	*	200	10	0.3%

^{*} Specific information related to those employers was deemed confidential by the South Carolina Department of Employment & Workforce.

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
General Government	281	264	266	244	232	252	275	291	297	297
Public Safety	490	480	479	505	505	501	501	507	516	487
Public Works	130	123	120	120	117	111	130	145	130	113
Public Health	24	127	136	138	140	127	150	161	156	142
Public Welfare	121	6	6	6	5	6	6	6	5	6
Cultural and Recreation	93	79	79	80	81	76	111	126	118	143
Business-Type Activities	54	48	42	43	44	54	54	53	53	53
Total Full-Time Employees	1,193	1,127	1,128	1,136	1,124	1,127	1,227	1,289	1,275	1,241

Source: Beaufort County Employee Services



CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
General Government										
Number of Parcels Owned	219	225	234	245	249	284	293	299	302	312
Acreage of County-Owned Land	11,872	11,968	13,739	15,161	15,247	15,344	15,682	15,890	15,894	15,967
Miles of Paved (Maintained) Road	194	197	200	202	205	208	211	211	211	211
Miles of Unimproved Road	112	109	106	104	101	98	95	95	95	95
Total Miles of Road	306	306	306	306	306	306	306	306	306	306
Number of Vehicles	50	34	39	59	47	48	56	58	61	65
Public Safety										
Number of Vehicles	323	347	345	388	388	387	377	408	425	433
Public Works										
Number of Vehicles	93	93	90	92	91	89	98	105	112	113
Public Health										
Number of Vehicles	58	59	57	63	60	63	70	71	78	87
Public Welfare										
Number of Vehicles	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	5	5	5
Cultural & Recreation										
Total Acreage of Parks and Leisure Service-Owned Land	930	930	930	930	930	930	930	930	930	930
Number of Community Centers	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
Number of Playgrounds	19	19	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
Number of Football Fields	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Number of Gymnasiums	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Number of Basketball Courts	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	18	18
Number of Tennis Courts	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21
Number of Baseball/Softball Fields	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34
Number of Soccer Fields	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
Number of Passive Parks	6	6	6	6	6	3	6	6	6	6
Number of Racquetball Courts	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	4	4
Number of Fitness Centers	1	_ 1	1	_ 1	1	1	1	_ 1	2	2
Number of Boat Landings	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
Number of Vehicles	28	27	28	31	31	31	31	31	35	35

Source: Beaufort County

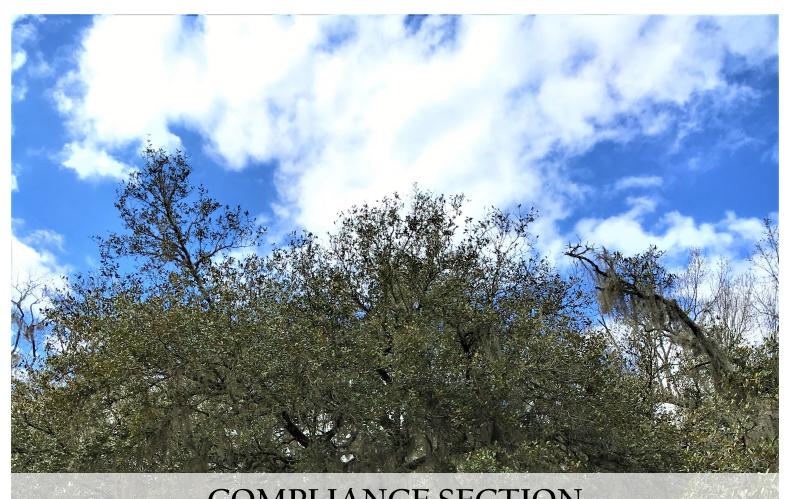
OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	EV 2040	EV 2044	EV 2042	EV 2042	EV 2044	EV 2045	EV 2046	EV 2047	EV 2040	EV 2040
Detention Center (1)	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017	FY 2018	FY 2019
Inmates booked	N/A	4,142	3,907							
Average Daily Population (ADP)	N/A	177	180							
Avorago Bany i opulation (ABI)	1471	14//	14//	14// (14//	14//	14/1	14/7	111	100
Emergency Medical Services (1)										
Number of Calls Responded to	15,829	15,207	13,799	12,744	14,906	14,350	15,121	15,507	15,751	16,360
Building Codes and Enforcement (1)										
Permits issued	N/A	3,299	4,023							
Plans reviewed	N/A	1,056	1,136							
Inspections completed	N/A	14,061	14,319							
Violations issued	N/A	1,710								
Complaints received	N/A	114								
Animal Services (1)										
Intake	N/A	4,983	4,770	4,524	4,274	3,271	3,276	3,116	3,408	3,013
Euthanasia rate	N/A	3,120	1,750	1,228	1,046	731	566	385	436	364
Mosquito Control (1)										
Service requests	N/A	611	966							
2017100 10440010	1471	14/71	14//	14/71	,, .	14//	,, .	. 4// 1	011	000
Parks and Recreation (1)										
Athletic registrations - youth	N/A	5,328								
Athletic registrations - adults	N/A	1,421								
Pool admissions	N/A	13,280								
Registered Voters (2)										
Beaufort County	94,143	98,145	100,320	111,168	100,320	101,761	113,271	115,600	119,685	122,447
State of South Carolina	2,584,503	2,677,766	2,722,280	2,932,402	2,722,287	2,948,772	3,153,521	3,196,012	3,085,276	3,147,589

(1) - **Source:** Beaufort County

(2) - Source: South Carolina State Election Commission

N/A - Data Not Available



COMPLIANCE SECTION





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

County Council
of Beaufort County
Beaufort, South Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of **Beaufort County, South Carolina** (the "County"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Beaufort County, South Carolina's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 29, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mauldin & Jerkins, LLC

Savannah, Georgia February 29, 2020



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

County Council
of Beaufort County
Beaufort, South Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited **Beaufort County**, **South Carolina's** (the "County") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. The County's major federal program is identified in the summary of audit results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the County's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for the major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mauldin & Jerkins, LLC

Savannah, Georgia February 29, 2020

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Federal CFDA Number	Project / Award Number		Federal Award xpended	Th	Passed nrough to precipients
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development	Hamber	Number		хреписи	<u> </u>	recipients
Passed through SC Department of Commerce Bonaire Estates Sewer Extension	14.228	4-CI-16-001	\$	751,485	\$	751,485
HOME Investments Partnership Program - Lowcountry Regional HOME Consortium	14.239	M17-DC-45-0210		388,058		388,058
Total Housing and Urban Development			\$	1,139,543	\$	1,139,543
U.S. Department of Justice						
State Criminal Alien Assistance Program	16.606	2019-AP-BX-0526	\$	68,089	\$	
DNA Backlog Reduction Program Fiscal Year 2017 DNA Capacity Enhancement and Backlog Reduction (CEBR) Program	16.741	2017-DN-BX-0067		818		-
Fiscal Year 2018 DNA Capacity Enhancement and Backlog Reduction (CEBR) Program	16.741	2018-DN-BX-0061		10,000		-
Total U.S. Department of Justice			\$	78,907	\$	
U.S. Department of Transportation Direct Programs: Federal Aviation Administration, Airport Improvement Programs						
Lady's Island Airport, Expand GA Apron (5,400 SY) Design, Extend Runway Safety Area (175 feet X 150 feet) Design, Extend Parallel Taxiway (2,300 feet) Design, and Remove Obstructions in Runway 7 Approach	20.106	3-45-0008-013-2017	\$	142,492	\$	-
Lady's Island Airport, Rehabilitate Runway 7/25 Lighting (Including PAPI's, REILs and Electrical Vault); Rehabilitate Taxiway Lighting (Including Lighted Signs)	20.106	3-45-0008-014-2018		143,861		_
Hilton Head Island Airport, Relocate Taxiway A, Expand GA Apron, Remove Obstructions and Acquire Land	20.106	3-45-0030-037-2015		388,503		-
Hilton Head Island Airport, Runway 21 Extension, Taxiway F Infield Drainage Improvements and Mitigation, Runway 21 EMAS, Runway 03 Extension	20.106	3-45-0030-039-2016		2,909,619		-
Hilton Head Island Airport, Extend Runway 3 (297 feet - includes EMAS) - Phase II, Acquire Land for Runway OFA and Taxiway A Relocation (Partial Reimbursement for Relocation Expenses)	20.106	3-45-0030-040-2017		752,693		_
Hilton Head Island Airport, Acquire Land (Fee Simple, Easement and Relocation - Runway OFA and Taxiway A and F)	20.106	3-45-0030-040-2017		1,981,716		_
Total Airport Improvement Program	20.100	3-43-0030-042-2010		6,318,884		-
Transit Services Programs Cluster Passed through SC Department of Transportation Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities Total Transit Services Programs Cluster	20.513	PT-95510-A9		50,000		<u>-</u>
Passed through South Carolina Emergency Management Division Hazardous Materials Emergency Preparedness Planning Grant Total U.S. Department of Transportation	20.703	HM-HMP-0566-16-03	\$	18,894 6,387,778	\$	-
Institute of Museums and Library Services Passed through South Carolina State Library Library Services and Technology Act - Library Management Skills Institute - Helser-Howard Total Institute of Museums and Library Services	45.310	IID-18-23	\$	2,094 2,094	\$	<u>-</u>
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Passed through SC Department of Health and Environmental Control Okatie West Water Quality Retrofit Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency	66.460	C9994629-14/EQ-6-279	\$ \$	175,010 175,010	\$	-

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Federal CFDA Number	Project / Award Number	Federal Award Expended	Passed Through to Subrecipients
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			_	
Passed through SC Department of Social Services				
Child Support Enforcement IV-D Transaction Reimbursement	93.563	1901SCCES	\$ 274,485	\$ -
Child Support Enforcement IV-D Incentive Payments	93.563	1901SCCES	58,432	-
Child Support Enforcement IV-D Service of Process Payments	93.563	1901SCCES	14,223	-
Child Support Enforcement IV-D Filing Fees	93.563	1901SCCES	23,826	
Total Child Support Enforcement			370,966	-
Passed through SC Health and Human Services Finance Commission				
Collaborator / Coordinator - Medicaid Contract	93.778	A20200545A	98,586	-
Total Medicaid Cluster	333	7.202000.071	\$ 98,586	\$ -
Total Modicala Glacier			ψ 90,300	<u> </u>
Passed through SC Department of Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse Services (SC DAODAS)				
SC DAODAS Block Grant	93.959	BEA-BG-19	\$ 382,574	\$ -
SAPT BG Assessment	93.959	BEA-BG-19	16,000	-
SAPT BG SynarYouth Tobacco Buys	93.959	BEA-BG-19	1,177	-
Total Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment (SAPT) Pass-Through				
from SC DAODAS			399,751	-
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			\$ 869,303	\$ -
U.S. Department of Homeland Security Passed through the Office of the SC Adjutant General, Emergency Management Division FEMA Disaster Grant - Public Assistance - Hurricane Matthew FEMA Disaster Grant - Public Assistance - Hurricane Irma Total Emergency Management Division	97.036 97.036	FEMA-4286-DR-SC FEMA-4346-DR-SC	\$ 5,435,981 14,470 5,450,451	\$ - -
Depend through the Office of the SC Adjutant Constal				
Passed through the Office of the SC Adjutant General Fiscal Year 2017 Local Emergency Management Performance Grant	97.042	17EMPG01	5,001	
Fiscal Year 2018 Local Emergency Management Performance Grant	97.042	18EMPG01	75,925	- -
Total Local Emergency Management Performance	07.10.12	102 001	80,926	
Passed through SC Law Enforcement Division				
Low Country Regional WMD Bomb Squad, Beaufort County, SC	97.067	18SHSP03	20,528	-
Low Country Regional WMD SWAT Team, Beaufort County, SC	97.067	18SHSP10	28,791	-
Low Country Regional Medical Assistance Team - Beaufort County, SC	97.067	18SHSP32	33,242	-
Low Country Regional WMD Bomb Squad, Beaufort County, SC	97.067	17SHSP03	67,167	-
Low Country Regional WMD SWAT Team, Beaufort County, SC	97.067	17SHSP10	36,497	-
Low Country Regional Medical Assistance Team - Beaufort County, SC	97.067	17SHSP32	492	-
Low Country Regional WMD Bomb Squad, Beaufort County, SC	97.067	16SHSP04	75,898	-
Total Passed through SC Law Enforcement Division			262,615	-
Transportation Security Administration				
Law Enforcement Officer Reimbursement Agreement Program	97.090	HSTS0216HSLR742	51,450	_
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security	27.000		\$ 5,845,442	\$ -
. Stat. Stor Bopartmont of Homoland Gooding			ψ 3,010,172	*
Grand Total of Fiscal Year 2019 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 14,498,077	\$ 1,139,543

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Beaufort County, South Carolina (the "County"), and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting for governmental fund types and the accrual basis of accounting for the proprietary fund types. The County reporting entity is defined in Note 1 to the County's basic financial statements. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in the schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

De-Minimis Indirect Cost Rate

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the County did not use the 10% de-Minimis indirect cost rate.

Non-Cash Awards

There were no federal awards expended in the form of noncash assistance during the fiscal year. There were also no loans or loan guarantees outstanding at year-end.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

SECTION I SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

<u>Financial Statements</u>		
Type of auditor's report issued		Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:		
Material weaknesses identified?		Yes <u>X</u> No
Significant deficiencies identified not considered	I	
to be material weaknesses?		Yes _X_ None Reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements	noted?	Yes <u>X</u> No
Federal Awards		
Internal control over major programs:		
Material weaknesses identified?		Yes <u>X</u> No
Significant deficiencies identified not considered	I	
to be material weaknesses?		Yes <u>X</u> No
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance fo	or major programs	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to	be reported in	
accordance with the Uniform Guidance		Yes <u>X</u> No
Identification of major programs:		
CFDA Number	Name of Federal Program or 0	Cluster
20.106	U.S. Department of Transpor	
20.100	•	
	Federal Aviation Administratio	n, Airport Improvement Programs
14.228	U.S. Department of Housing	and Urban Development
	Bonaire Estates Sewer Extens	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Ty	pe A and Type B programs:	\$750,000
·		
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		Yes X No

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

SECTION II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

None reported.

SECTION III FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None reported.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

None reported.



