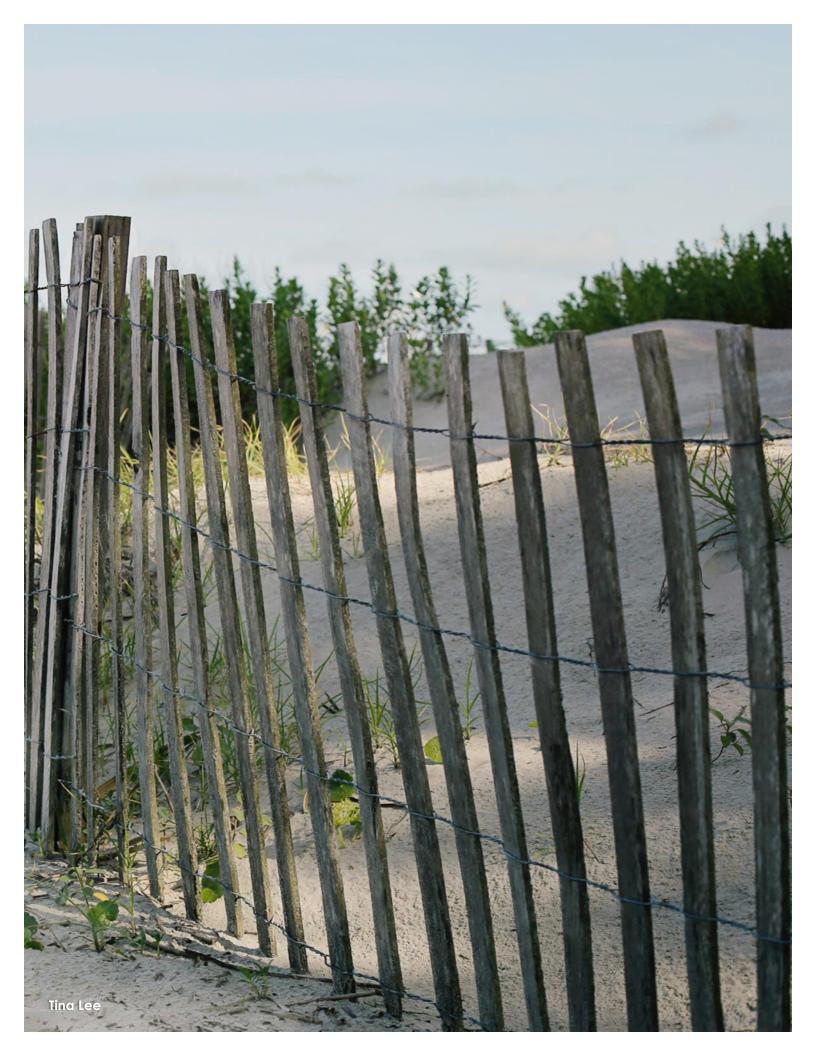


**Commitment to Transparency** 

Beaufort County is pleased to present this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR), which has also been posted at our website (www.bcgov.net). The CAFR is intended to give readers an idea of what Beaufort County strives to accomplish in its financial reporting and public programs and services. The goal of the CAFR is to present correct and complete data so that County finances will be understood and to visually show the value of what the numbers represent—a treasured quality of life and amazing outdoor environment, illustrated herein with photographs of images taken locally. The CAFR offers an effective and transparent venue for delivering this important information. Transparency in government is essential for building public trust and is one of Beaufort County's top priorities. We are proud of the recognition Beaufort County has received for its commitment to transparency and excellence, including consistent Certificates of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting from the Government Finance Officers Association.





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**County Council of Beaufort County** 

Multi-Government Center ◆ 100 Ribaut Road
Post Office Drawer 1228
Beaufort, South Carolina 29901-1228
Telephone (843) 255-1000 FAX (843) 255-9422

June 26, 2018

To the Chairman, Members of Beaufort County Council, And Citizens of Beaufort County Beaufort, South Carolina

Presented herein is the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of Beaufort County, South Carolina for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. This report has been prepared by the County's Finance Department, and the responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the County. We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material aspects; that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the County as measured by the financial activity of its various funds; and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the County's financial affairs are included.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Mauldin & Jenkins LLC, a firm of licensed certified public accountants, has issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the County's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2017. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

## PROFILE OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT

Beaufort County, which was founded in 1769, operates under the Council/Administrator form of government with Council members elected for four-year terms from each of the eleven single-member districts. This report includes all funds of Beaufort County that are controlled by this governing body, and are considered to be the "reporting entity" known as Beaufort County. The services provided by this reporting entity, and therefore reflected in this financial report, include, but are not limited to: General Government (general administrative services, tax assessment and collection, courts and criminal justice administration, economic development); Public Safety (law enforcement, detention center, emergency medical services, emergency management, building codes enforcement, animal services); Public Works (facilities and grounds maintenance, roads and drainage, engineering, solid waste); Public Health (mosquito control, alcohol and drug abuse programs, disabilities and

special needs programs, various subsidies); Public Welfare (veterans services, social services, various subsidies); and Cultural and Recreation (library, parks and leisure services, education subsidies).

In light of GASB Statement 61, The Financial Reporting Entity, the County has excluded the school district, the various public service districts, the fire districts, and the municipalities located within its boundaries as County Council does not exercise oversight responsibility, and accordingly each entity has sufficient discretion in the management of its own affairs. The County Treasurer does collect property taxes and other forms of revenue on behalf of these other political entities. The results of the fiduciary responsibility are reported on the combined financial statements as Agency Funds.

#### LOCAL ECONOMY

Beaufort County is located in the southeastern corner of the State of South Carolina, known as the "Lowcountry." With a total area of approximately 923 square miles, of which approximately 576 square miles or 62% is land and approximately 347 square miles or 38% is water, it is bordered to the south and east by the Atlantic Ocean, to the west by Jasper County, and to the north by Hampton and Colleton Counties. Beaufort County stretches nearly 30 miles along the Atlantic Ocean and includes 64 major islands and hundreds of small islands.

The County is one of the fastest growing areas in South Carolina, with an estimated population of 183,149 in 2017, up from 86,425 in 1990. The County is a center for tourism, retirement and the associated services, and the military in South Carolina. The County has a balanced and very stable economy, created by a diversity of public and private employers, with the unemployment rate well below the statewide average and that of the neighboring counties. The local tax base has grown an average of approximately 2% per year over the last five years (discounting the reassessment years).

In addition to the established resort community of Hilton Head Island, there are several major developments established in southern Beaufort County. These developments include Sun City Hilton Head, with more than 15,000 residents expected at build-out; Spring Island, Callawassie Island, Colleton River Plantation, Belfair, Berkeley Hall, Palmetto Bluff and Westbury Park. As expected, these developments have sparked an increase in commercial construction along the Highway 278 corridor, including a Home Depot, a Lowe's, an expanded Factory Outlet Mall, a Dick's Sporting Goods store, a Target department store, and several major supermarkets. At the end of fiscal year 2016, a Sam's Club Wholesale store and Wal-mart Superstore were under construction in southern Beaufort County. In addition to these two retailers expanding in southern Beaufort County, Buckwalter Place in Bluffton is the planned location for a Kroger Marketplace store that will be the anchor for a 34-acre mixed use development that also includes restaurant and retail space, multi-family housing and public common areas. Likewise, in northern Beaufort County, communities continue to develop at Dataw Island, Lady's Island, Cat Island, Brays Island, and Habersham and throughout the City of Beaufort, as well as the Town of Port Royal.

Beaufort County is also the location for three major military installations, the U.S. Marine Corps Recruit Depot located at Parris Island, the Marine Corps Air Station-Beaufort, and the Beaufort Naval Hospital. These locations have benefited by the Department of Defense closing certain other military bases in the nation.

#### **MAJOR INITIATIVES**

Our number one goal is to make sure that Beaufort County remains financially sound and that we maintain a respectable contingency account to take care of the true emergencies that do arise from time to time; and to provide for a sufficient fund balance to enable our cash flow to carry us through those months prior to the billing and collection of property tax revenues. We have taken a systematic, businesslike approach to the running of Beaufort County. Additionally, we want to preserve our current "Aa1" Moody's and "AA+" Standard & Poor's bond ratings.

In December 1997, the County adopted a Comprehensive Plan for Beaufort County. A portion of this plan is a comprehensive land use study which proposes various "preservation areas and greenways". As a result, the County taxpayers approved four bond referendums totaling \$135,000,000 for the purchase of rural and critical lands. The County has issued the entire \$135 million of General Obligation bonds approved by the referendums. The County had expenditures of \$10,323,433 for this initiative during fiscal year 2017.

In November 2004, County voters approved a 1% sales tax referendum, with the proceeds, along with County road impact fees, funding various major road projects throughout Beaufort County. These projects include the expansion of the Bluffton Parkway, Boundary Street improvements and the widening of South Carolina Highway 170. In addition to the sales tax and impact fee revenue, the County has obtained partial grant funding for these projects as well. The County had expenditures of \$10,301,699 for these projects during fiscal year 2017.

#### LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

In November 2014, the County issued \$19,450,000 of general obligation bonds bearing interest rates of 2.0% to 3.25% and with varying maturity dates through 2034. The proceeds of these bonds are currently being used for various planned facility upgrades including roof replacements, HVAC replacement, technology upgrades, a new Animal Services Facility that will be centrally located within the County, as well as Hilton Head Island Airport Projects. The County had expenditures of \$2,503,136 for these projects during fiscal year 2017.

In March 2016, the County issued \$17,950,000 of general obligation advance refunding bonds bearing interest rates of 2.0% to 4.0% and with varying maturity dates through 2027. The bond proceeds were used to advance refund \$18,375,000 of outstanding 2007A general obligation bonds which had interest rates ranging from 4.0% to 4.75%.

In 2017, the County issued \$51,000,000 of general obligation bonds bearing interest rates of 3.13% to 5% and with varying maturity dates through 2037. \$31 million of the proceeds of these bonds will be used for various County and Stormwater Utility capital projects and \$20 million of the proceeds of these bonds will be used for the County's rural and critical land projects, as approved by referendum in November 2014.

In 2017, the County issued \$6,110,000 of general obligation refunding bonds bearing interest rates of 5.0% and with varying maturity dates through 2020. The net proceeds of \$6,424,372 (including a \$362,230 premium and after payment of \$47,858 in underwriting fees and other issuance costs) were used to provide funds for the defeasance of the 2007B general obligation bonds in the amount of \$6,405,000 bearing interest rates of 4.0% to 5.0%. As a result, the 2007B general obligation bonds are considered to be fully defeased.

In 2017, the County issued \$30,250,000 of general obligation bond anticipation notes bearing interest rates of 1.4% and with a maturity date of June 2018. The proceeds were used to provide short-term cash flow as a result of debris removal efforts impacted by Hurricane Matthew. The County intends to receive sufficient reimbursements from the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) to repay the notes in June 2018.

## **RELEVANT FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

The management of Beaufort County is responsible for developing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the County are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The County's accounting system has given consideration to the adequacy of internal accounting controls. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance regarding the safeguarding of assets against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and the reliability of financial records for preparing financial statements and maintaining accountability for assets. This concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived and that the evaluation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. Accordingly, management believes that the County's internal accounting controls adequately safeguard assets and provide reasonable assurance of proper recording of financial transactions.

## **AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Beaufort County, South Carolina for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. This was the eighth consecutive year that the government has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

State statues require an annual audit by independent certified public accountants or independent public accountants. The accounting firm of Mauldin & Jenkins LLC was selected and approved by County Council. In addition to meeting the requirements set forth in the statutes, the audit also was designed to meet the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards ("Uniform Guidance"). The auditor's report on the financial statements is included in the financial section of this report. The auditor's reports, pertinent to the requirements of the Uniform Guidance, are included in the Single Audit Section.

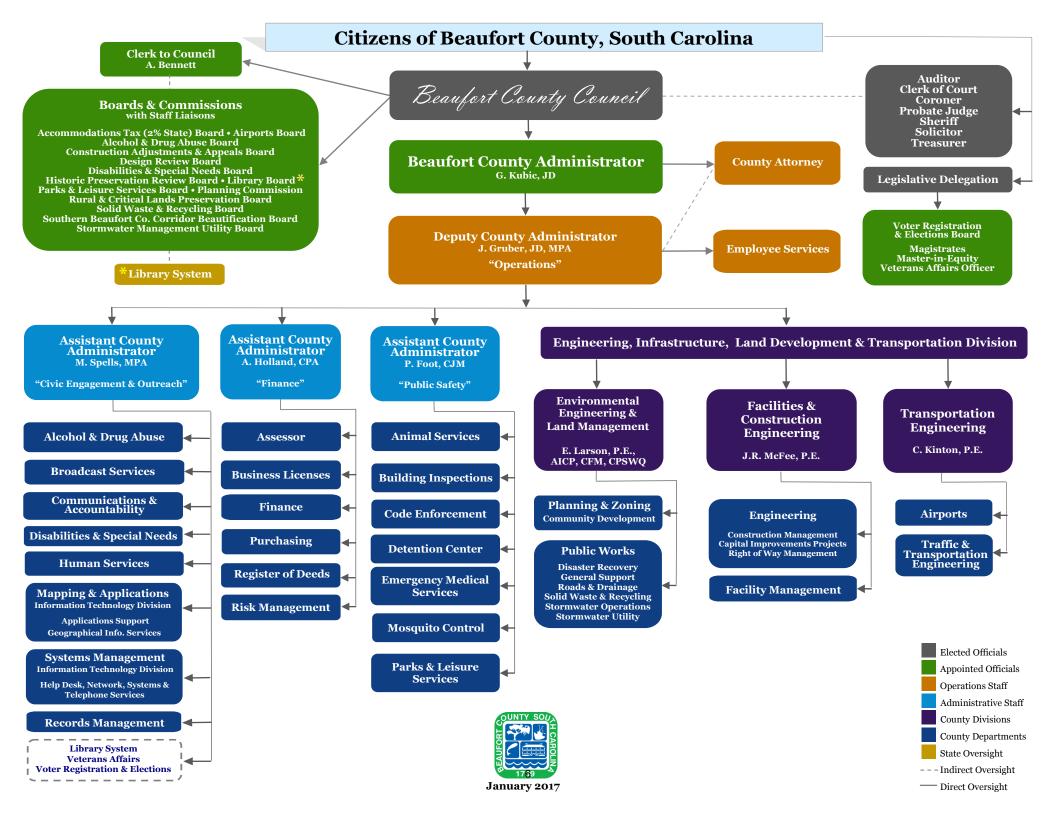
The preparation of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report could not have been accomplished without the professional and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Finance Department throughout the fiscal year. We sincerely appreciate the efforts of other department heads and their employees who contributed to this report.

Additionally, we would like to express our appreciation to the County Administrator and to County Council for their continued support and understanding of the benefits of professional financial operations and reporting.

Respectfully submitted,

Alicia Holland, CPA, CGMA

Assistant County Administrator, Finance



## **Elected and Appointed Officials**

for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

## **Beaufort County Council**

D. Paul Sommerville Chairman, District 2

Gerald W. Stewart Vice Chairman, District 6

Gerald Dawson, District 1
York Glover, Sr., District 3
Alice G. Howard, District 4
Brian E. Flewelling, District 5
Michael E. Covert, District 7
Rick Caporale, District 8
Roberts "Tabor" Vaux, Jr., District 9
Steven G. Fobes, District 10
Stewart H. Rodman, District 11

## Other Elected Officials

James Beckert, Auditor
Jerri Ann Roseneau, Clerk of Court
J. Edward Allen, Coroner
Kenneth E. Fulp, Jr., Probate Court
P.J. Tanner, Sheriff
Isaac "Duffie" Stone, Solicitor
Maria Walls, CPA, Treasurer

## **Appointed Officials**

Gary T. Kubic, County Administrator
Joshua A. Gruber, Deputy County Administrator
Ashley M. Bennett, Clerk to Council



## Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

Presented to

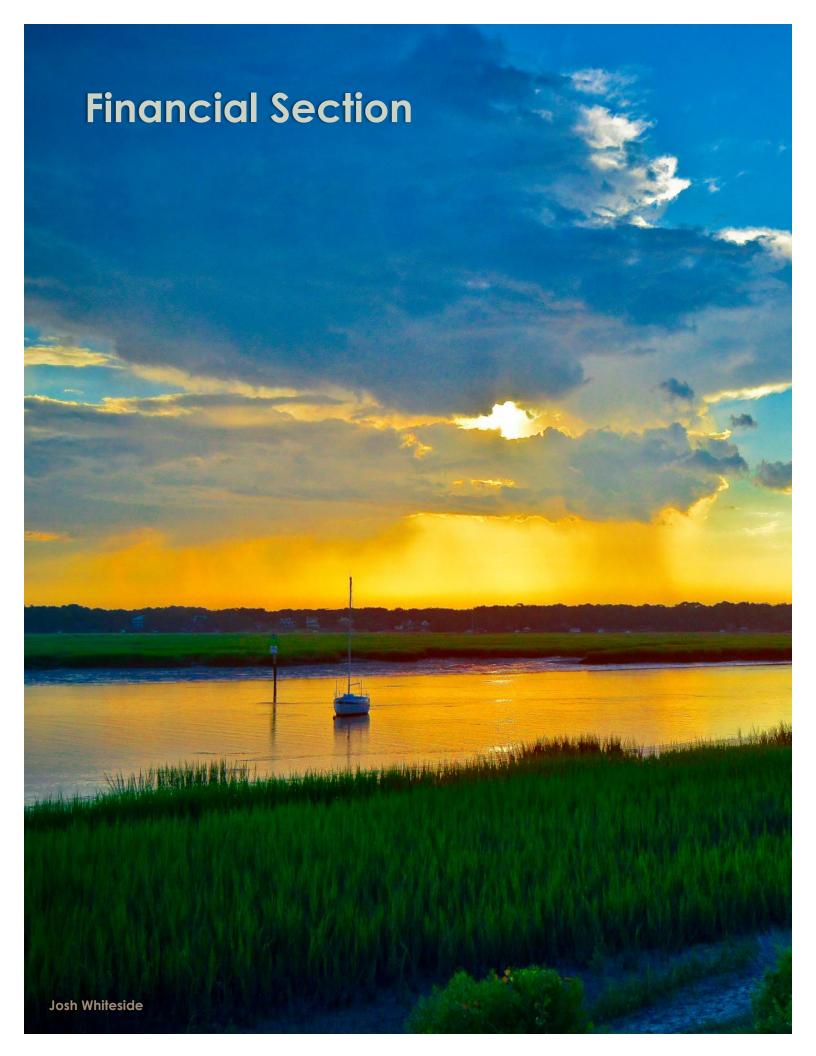
# **Beaufort County South Carolina**

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2016

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO





## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

County Council
of Beaufort County
Beaufort, South Carolina

## **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of **Beaufort County**, **South Carolina** (the "County"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Beaufort County, South Carolina's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Beaufort County, South Carolina as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis (on pages 12 through 26), the Schedule of Modified Approach for Airport Infrastructure Assets (on page 67), the Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (on page 68), the Schedule of the County's Contributions to the South Carolina Retirement System (on page 69), and the Budgetary Comparison Schedule of the General Fund (on pages 70 through 72) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Beaufort County, South Carolina's basic financial statements. The introductory section, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, the budgetary comparison schedules, the combining statement of changes in assets and liabilities – agency funds, and the statistical section listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The summary schedule of court fines, assessments and surcharges is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the State of South Carolina, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (the Uniform Guidance), and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, the budgetary comparison schedules, the combining statement of changes in assets and liabilities – agency funds, the summary schedule of court fines, assessments and surcharges, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, the budgetary comparison schedules, the combining statement of changes in assets and liabilities – agency funds, the summary schedule of court fines, assessments and surcharges, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 26, 2018, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Macon, Georgia June 26, 2018 Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC



As management of Beaufort County, South Carolina (the County), we offer the readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Beaufort County, South Carolina for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. We encourage the readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages 1 through 5 of this report.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of Beaufort County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at June 30, 2017 by \$339,300,040 (net position). The County's net position is categorized in three categories. Of the total net position \$278,950,953 is the County's investment in capital assets less the related debt, \$132,328,862 is restricted for specific purposes and (\$71,979,775) is the County's unrestricted deficit.
- The government's total net position decreased by \$8,295,338 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 with a \$10,276,287 decrease resulting from governmental activities and a \$1,980,949 increase resulting from business type activities.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$160,096,257, an increase of \$44,230,055 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 15 percent, \$23,772,760 is available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the County's unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$23,772,760, or approximately 21 percent of the general fund expenditures and transfers out.
- Beaufort County's net capital assets increased by \$17,904,194 during the current fiscal year. The increase in governmental activities
  net capital assets of \$17,800,964 was mostly the result of road project improvements and additions, purchases of property through the
  Real Property Purchase Program, the expansion of a recreation facility in the southern part of the County, various county facility
  significant repairs and maintenance, and information technology equipment. The increase in business type activities net capital assets
  of \$103,230 was mostly the result of land acquisition for the Hilton Head Island Airport runway extension project.

#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-wide financial statements** – The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the County's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the County include general government, public safety, public works, public health, public welfare, and cultural and recreation. The business-type activities include the Stormwater Utility, the Lady's Island Airport, and the Hilton Head Island Airport. The business-type activities function for all practical purposes as departments of the County, and therefore have been included as integral parts of the primary government.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 27 through 28 of this report.

**Fund financial statements** – A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of Beaufort County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the County's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, the County wide general obligation bonds fund, and the sales tax projects fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* following the notes to the financial statements in this report.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic fund financial statements for governmental funds can be found on pages 29 through 32 of this report.

**Proprietary funds** – The County maintains four different types of proprietary funds, three of which are *enterprise funds*. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions *as business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for its Stormwater Utility, Lady's Island Airport, and Hilton Head Island Airport operations. These funds report the services provided by the County for which the County charges a user fee or charge intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs.

Proprietary fund financial statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for Stormwater Utility, Lady's Island Airport, and the Hilton Head Island Airport, all of which are considered to be major funds of the County.

Internal service funds are an accounting mechanism to accumulate and allocate costs internally for the County. The County uses internal service funds to account for its garage.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 33 through 36 of this report.

**Fiduciary funds** – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs. The accounting used for the fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The statement of fiduciary net position can be found on page 37 of this report.

**Notes to the financial statements** – The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in both the government-wide and the fund financial statements. The notes are presented on pages 38 through 66 of the report.

Other supplemental information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain supplemental information that further supports the financial statements.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented within this section of this report and can be found on pages 73 through 139.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of Beaufort County, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$339,300,040 as of June 30, 2017.

Of this amount, \$278,950,953 (approximately 82 percent) reflects the County's investment in capital assets (land, buildings and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses these capital assets to provide a variety of services to citizens. Accordingly, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to repay the debt.

An additional \$132,328,862 of the County's net position (approximately 39 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position is a deficit of \$71,979,775.

At the end of the current fiscal year, Beaufort County is able to report positive balances in two categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The third category of net position is an unrestricted deficit for governmental activities of \$69,322,749 and business-type activities of \$2,657,026. These unrestricted deficits in net position are a result of the implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68 and No. 71 during fiscal year 2015 as well as the increased pension liability reported in fiscal year 2017.

#### Beaufort County's Net Position

June 30, 2017 and 2016

	Government	al Activities	Business-Type Activities				Total			
	2017	2016	2017		2016		2017		2016	Percent Change
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets	\$ 175,840,973 530,040,174	\$ 129,977,532 512,239,210	\$ 12,772,464 28,226,279	\$	6,210,799 28,123,049	\$	188,613,437 558,266,453	\$	136,188,331 540,362,259	38.5% 3.3%
Total Assets Total Deferred outflows of	\$ 705,881,147	\$ 642,216,742	\$ 40,998,743	\$	34,333,848	\$	746,879,890	\$	676,550,590	10.4%
resources	\$ 24,882,888	\$ 13,633,068	\$ 703,159	\$	342,182	\$	25,586,047	\$	13,975,250	<u>83.1</u> %
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 350,023,205	\$ 300,990,983	\$ 4,120,359	\$	3,592,931	\$	354,143,564	\$	304,583,914	16.3%
Other Liabilities	65,917,475	29,297,840	11,972,444		7,430,811	_	77,889,919		36,728,651	112.1%
Total Liabilities	\$ 415,940,680	\$ 330,288,823	\$ 16,092,803	\$	11,023,742	\$	432,033,483	\$	341,312,565	<u>26.6</u> %
Total Deferred inflows of										
resources	\$ 1,092,568	\$ 1,553,913	\$ 39,846	\$	63,984	\$	1,132,414	\$	1,617,897	- <u>30.0</u> %
Net Position:				_		_		_		
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted	\$ 250,724,674	\$ 297,559,730	\$ 28,226,279	\$	28,123,049	\$	278,950,953	\$	325,682,779	-14.3% 77.8%
Unrestricted (Deficit)	132,328,862 (69,322,749)	74,429,250 (47,981,906)	(2,657,026)	_	(4,534,745)	_	132,328,862 (71,979,775)	_	74,429,250 (52,516,651)	
Total Net Position	\$ 313,730,787	\$ 324,007,074	\$ 25,569,253	\$	23,588,304	\$	339,300,040	\$	347,595,378	<u>-2.4</u> %

The County's total net position decreased by \$8.3 million during the 2017 fiscal year. Key elements of this decrease are as follows:

- The County's net capital assets increased by \$17.9 million as compared to fiscal year 2016. This increase occurred mostly from the County's \$10.3 million investment in infrastructure related to 1% sales tax referendum road projects and grants, \$10.3 million in purchases of land and conservation easements through the County's rural and critical lands referendum program, \$9.4 million investment in infrastructure related to the County's road improvement program funded by gasoline tax and the motor vehicle fee, and \$2.5 million of capital expenditures related to the expansion of a recreation facility in the southern part of the County, various county facility significant repairs and maintenance, and information technology equipment. See the capital assets and debt administration section below for more detail.
- The County's long-term liabilities increased by \$48 million. This increase is attributable to the issuance of \$51 million and retirement of \$19 million of general obligation bonds during fiscal year 2017. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68 and No. 71 the County reported \$116.7 million as its proportionate share of pension liability as of June 30, 2017, an increase of \$16.5 million as compared to June 30, 2016.
- In fiscal year 2017, the County had \$1.1 million of deferred inflows of resources related to the inclusion of the County's proportionate share of its pension liability in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, the net pension change in projected investment earnings and expected pension experience as well as the deferred amounts from changes in the County's proportionate share. This was a \$500 thousand decrease as compared to fiscal year 2016.

## Beaufort County's Changes in Net Position

### For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

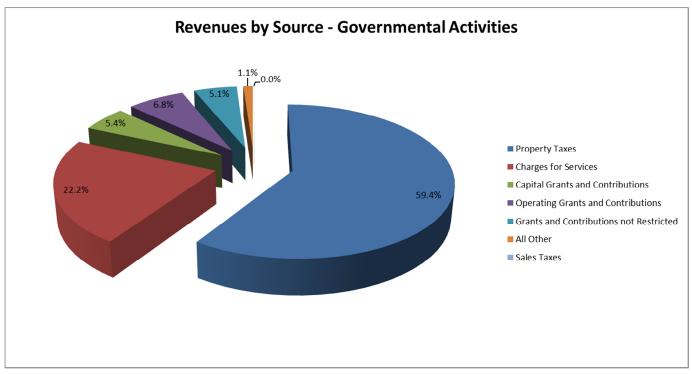
	Government	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Revenues:							
Program Revenues:							
Charges for Services	\$ 40,826,231	\$ 32,494,876	\$ 7,991,557	\$ 7,561,395	\$ 48,817,788	\$ 40,056,271	
Operating Grants and Contributions	12,444,349	11,249,681	50,560	65,440	12,494,909	11,315,121	
Capital Grants and Contributions	9,881,571	17,613,148	10,095,453	9,782,233	19,977,024	27,395,381	
General Revenues:							
Property Taxes	109,147,291	101,550,345	-	-	109,147,291	101,550,345	
Sales Taxes	27,661	31,232	-	-	27,661	31,232	
Grants and Contributions	9,342,544	8,513,761	-	-	9,342,544	8,513,761	
Unrestricted Investment Earnings	581,229	495,848	19,694	14,710	600,923	510,558	
Special item - decrease in other							
postemployment benefit cost	-	1,353,498	-	38,502	-	1,392,000	
Miscellaneous	1,467,657	1,955,858	3,444	1,995	1,471,101	1,957,853	
Total Revenues	183,718,533	175,258,247	18,160,708	17,464,275	201,879,241	192,722,522	
Program Expenses:							
Governmental Activities:							
General Government	48,649,308	42,236,133	-	-	48,649,308	42,236,133	
Public Safety	87,661,802	48,929,013	-	-	87,661,802	48,929,013	
Public Works	23,251,203	22,106,941	-	-	23,251,203	22,106,941	
Public Health	12,440,379	12,128,941	-	-	12,440,379	12,128,941	
Public Welfare	2,342,367	2,108,695	-	-	2,342,367	2,108,695	
Cultural and Recreation	14,006,380	13,887,875	-	-	14,006,380	13,887,875	
Interest	5,643,381	6,222,321	-	-	5,643,381	6,222,321	
Business-Type Activities:							
Stormwater Utility	-	-	4,063,867	3,663,825	4,063,867	3,663,825	
Lady's Island Airport	-	-	610,714	901,521	610,714	901,521	
Hilton Head Airport			11,505,178	8,330,082	11,505,178	8,330,082	
Total Expenses	193,994,820	147,619,919	16,179,759	12,895,428	210,174,579	160,515,347	
Change in Net Position	(10,276,287)	27,638,328	1,980,949	4,568,847	(8,295,338)	32,207,175	
Net Position, Beginning, as originally reported	324,007,074	294,157,984	23,588,304	19,019,457	347,595,378	313,177,441	
Prior Period Adjustment	-	2,210,762	-	-	-	2,210,762	
Net Position, Beginning, as restated	324,007,074	296,368,746	23,588,304	19,019,457	347,595,378	315,388,203	
Net Position, Ending	\$313,730,787	\$324,007,074	\$25,569,253	\$23,588,304	\$339,300,040	\$347,595,378	

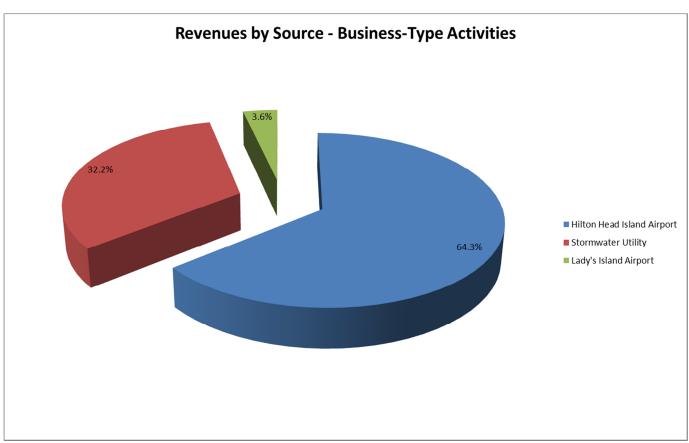
Governmental activities decreased the County's net position by \$10.3 million, thereby accounting for 124% of the total decline in the net position of the County. Key elements in fiscal year 2017's activity are as follows:

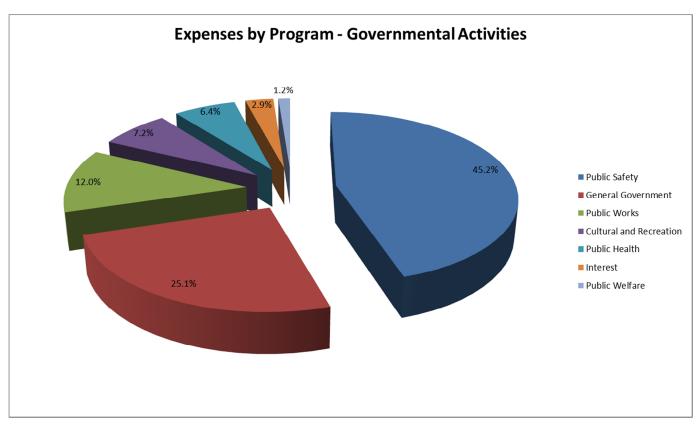
- Hurricane Matthew directly impacted the South Carolina coast in October 2016. As a result, Beaufort County incurred \$38.7 million of
  disaster related expenditures during fiscal year 2017. President Barack Obama signed a federal disaster declaration for twenty-four
  (24) South Carolina counties including Beaufort County on October 11 2016. Beaufort County applied and was awarded a FEMA grant
  to reimburse the County via federal and state funding for approximately 95% of the disaster related expenditures incurred during fiscal
  year 2017.
- Charges for services revenues increased by \$8.3 million (or 25.6%) in fiscal year 2017 as compared to fiscal year 2016. The main contributing factor of this increase is the growth throughout the County resulting in increased Business License and Register of Deeds recording fee revenues as well as Emergency Medical Services fees and impact fees.
- Property tax revenues increased by \$7.6 million (or 7.5%) in fiscal year 2017 as compared to fiscal year 2016. This increase is attributable to the County recovering from the recession that began in 2007 and a slight millage rate increase in fiscal year 2017 as compared to fiscal year 2016.
- Capital grants and contributions received by the County decreased by \$7.7 million (or 43.9%) in fiscal year 2017 as compared to fiscal
  year 2016. This decrease is a result of the completion of major infrastructure projects such as the South Carolina Highway 170
   Widening project, the Bluffton Parkway Phase 5A Segment 2 (Bluffton Parkway Flyover Bridge) project and the Boundary Street
   Redevelopment project funded by federal and state grants.

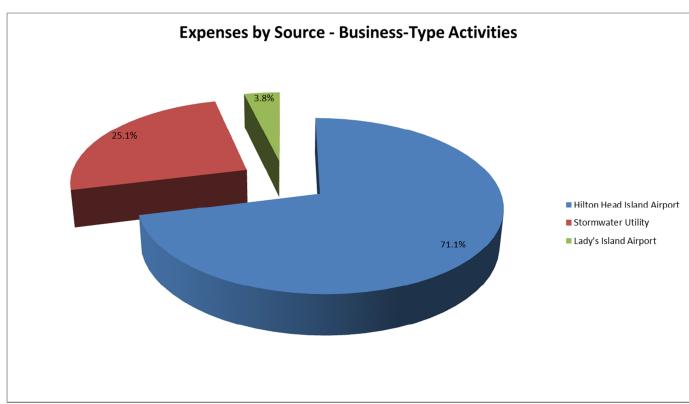
Business-type activities increased the County's net position by nearly \$2 million, accounting for 24% of the total growth in the net position of the County. Key elements of this decrease are as follows:

- The Hilton Head Island Airport's revenues increased \$400 thousand in fiscal year 2017, as compared to fiscal year 2016. This net
  increase is a result of a \$500 thousand increase in capital grants and contributions due to the increase of FAA funded project activity
  related to the runway extension project.
- The Hilton Head Island Airport expenses also increased by \$3.2 million in fiscal year 2017, as compared to fiscal year 2016. The operating expenses decreased by nearly \$400 thousand in fiscal year 2017 as compared to fiscal year 2016 while the non-operating expenses increased by \$3.6 million due to increased activity in grant funded projects.
- In fiscal year 2017, the Stormwater Utility's revenues increased by \$438 thousand as compared to fiscal year 2016. The Stormwater Utility's expenses increased by \$400 thousand in fiscal year 2017 as compared to fiscal year 2016.
- The Lady's Island Airport's revenues decreased \$143 thousand in fiscal year 2017, as compared to fiscal year 2016. This net decrease is a result of a \$180 thousand decrease in capital grants and contributions due to the timing of capital grant funding provided by the FAA and SCAC. Operating revenues increased by \$37 thousand. The Lady's Island Airport expenses decreased in fiscal year 2017 by \$290 thousand as compared to fiscal year 2016. The operating expenses decreased by \$26 thousand in fiscal year 2017 as compared to fiscal year 2016 while the non-operating expenses decreased by \$264 thousand due to the timing of capital grant funded projects.









#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

As noted earlier, Beaufort County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental funds** – The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$160,096,257, an increase of \$44,230,055, in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 15 percent of this total fund balance, \$23,772,760 constitutes *unassigned fund balance*, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance totaling \$136,323,497 is either nonspendable, restricted, committed, or assigned for specific spending. This includes \$2,080,063 "not in spendable form" for items that are not expected to be converted to cash within one year, such as prepaid items. The remainder includes \$134,243,434 restricted, committed, or assigned for programs.

**General Fund** – The general fund is the main operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned portion of the fund balance of the general fund was \$23,772,760, while the total fund balance was \$27,767,395. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, a comparison is made of both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents approximately 21 percent of total general fund expenditures and transfers out, while the total fund balance represents approximately 24 percent of total general fund expenditures and transfers out. Refer to pages 22 to 23 for the key elements of fiscal year 2017's general fund activity.

County Wide General Obligation Bonds Fund – At the end of the current fiscal year, the total fund balance of the county wide general obligation bonds fund was \$20,492,165. The county wide general obligation bonds fund balance is restricted for debt service. This fund recognized revenues of \$9,927,116, total expenditures of \$10,463,463, and \$9,499,335 in other financing sources, for a net change in fund balance of \$8,962,988. The County has a debt fund balance policy requiring millage to be set at annual required debt service levels and for the fund balance to cover the following twelve (12) months of the County's interest only payments.

**Rural and Critical Lands Program Fund** – At the end of the current fiscal year, the total fund balance of the rural and critical lands program fund was \$15,075,311, all of which was restricted for capital projects related to land preservation. The rural and critical lands program fund recognized revenues of \$33,030, total expenditures of \$10,323,433, and \$20,000,000 in other financing sources, for a net change in fund balance of \$9,709,597.

2017 General Obligation Bond Projects Fund – At the end of the current fiscal year, the total fund balance of the 2017 general obligation bond projects fund was \$25,991,800, all of which was restricted for capital projects. The 2017 general obligation bond projects fund recognized total expenditures of \$8,200, and \$26,000,000 in other financing sources, for a net change in fund balance of \$25,991,800. The 2017 general obligation bond projects fund is a result of the County's 2017 General Obligation Bond issuance and includes a major road improvement project on Jenkins Island on the north end of Hilton Head Island, a new Animal Services Campus located near the geographic center of the County, two (2) new Emergency Medical Services facilities in the southern portion of the County, security upgrades to the County's Detention Center and public safety communications equipment.

Further details of the County's major funds are shown on Schedule "A" and further details of the County's nonmajor governmental funds are shown on Schedules "B", "C", "D" and "E".

**Proprietary funds** – The focus of the County's proprietary funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County proprietary funds' financing requirements. As restrictions, commitments, and other limitations on net position significantly affect the availability of fund resources for future use, unreserved net position may serve as a useful measure of a government's proprietary net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's proprietary funds reported combined ending net position of \$25,569,253, which is an increase of \$1,980,949 in comparison with the prior year. The proprietary funds recognized operating revenues of \$7,995,001 and operating expenses of \$6,335,048. Non-operating revenues and expenses totaled (\$9,774,457), while capital contributions totaled \$10,095,453 in fiscal year 2017, for a change in net position of \$1,980,949.

**Stormwater Utility** – At the end of the current fiscal year, the net position of the stormwater utility fund was \$4,896,124, of which \$2,151,546 was invested in capital assets, net of related debt, leaving a balance of \$2,744,578 in unrestricted net position. The stormwater utility fund recognized operating revenues of \$5,822,159, total operating expenses of \$4,063,867, and \$19,226 in net non-operating revenues, for an increase in net position of \$1,777,518. The increase in net position within the Stormwater Utility Fund for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016, was directly related to increased stormwater fees. On August 10, 2015, Council passed an ordinance amending the utility's rate structure and adjusting utility rates to meet increasing demands on the Stormwater Management Utility in the areas of federally mandated municipal separate Stormsewer Systems (MS4) permitting, capital project needs, and cost of service of operations and maintenance.

Lady's Island Airport – At the end of the current fiscal year, the net position of the Lady's Island Airport fund was \$3,307,541, of which \$3,775,340 was invested in capital assets, net of related debt, leaving a deficit balance of \$467,799 in unrestricted net position. The Lady's Island Airport recognized operating revenues of \$567,029, total operating expenses of \$517,691, \$92,948 in net non-operating expenses and \$80,348 in capital contributions for an increase in net position of \$36,738. The increase in the Lady's Island Airport fund balance in the 2017 fiscal year was mostly the result of increased operating revenues combined with decreased operating expenses.

Hilton Head Island Airport – At the end of the current fiscal year, the net position of the Hilton Head Island Airport fund was \$17,365,588, of which \$22,299,393 was invested in capital assets, net of related debt, leaving a deficit balance of \$4,933,805 in unrestricted net position. The Hilton Head Island Airport recognized operating revenues of \$1,605,813, total operating expenses of \$1,753,490, \$9,700,735 in net non-operating expenses and \$10,015,105 in capital contributions for an increase in net position of \$166,693. The increase in net position within the Hilton Head Island Airport fund in the 2017 fiscal year was directly related to the Airport obtaining FAA grant funding for prior and current fiscal year grant related expenditures as well as decreased operating expenses.

#### GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

### Original Budget to Final Budget Comparison for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

					Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive
_	Origin	al Budget	Final I	Budget	1)	Negative)
Revenues:	ф 00	140 574	¢ 00 4	40 574	Φ.	
Taxes Licenses and Permits		9,416,574 8,429,000	. ,	16,574 29,000	\$	-
Intergovernmental		0,429,000 0,197,645	,	29,000 97,645		-
Charges for Services		,602,715		97,045 02,715		-
Fines and Forfeitures		750,000	,	50,000		_
Interest		52,805		52,805		_
Miscellaneous		251,136		51,136		_
Total Revenues	114	,699,875		99,875		-
Expenditures:						
General Government	36	5,642,418	36.8	02,836		(160,418)
Public Safety		2,643,615		43,615		-
Public Works		,012,465	,	12,465		_
Public Health		2,588,892	,	24,801		(35,909)
Public Welfare		858,480	8	58,480		-
Cultural and Recreation	10	,835,532	10,8	35,532		-
Capital	3	3,866,388	3,8	95,061		(28,673)
Total Expenditures	112	2,447,790	112,6	72,790		(225,000)
Excess (deficiency) of Revenues Over						
Expenditures	2	2,252,085	2,0	27,085		(225,000)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers In	1	,568,750	1,5	68,750		-
Transfers Out	(3	3,820,835)	(3,9	32,910)		(112,075)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2	2,252,085)	(2,3	64,160)		(112,075)
Net Change in Fund Balance		-	(3	37,075)		(337,075)
Fund Balance - beginning	28	3,552,962	28,5	52,962		
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 28	3,552,962	\$28,2	15,887	\$	(337,075)

The general fund original budget's net position varied from its final budget's net position by \$337 thousand. This variation is due to two (2) ordinances established during fiscal year 2017 that amended the original budget ordinance and increased expenditure appropriation levels related to supplemental appropriations as follows:

- On August 22, 2016, Council adopted an ordinance providing a supplemental appropriation in the amount of \$112,075 for the Daufuskie Island Ferry Service to the County's barrier island.
- On September 26, 2016, Council adopted an ordinance providing a supplemental appropriation for a financial incentive
  package with a value of \$225,000 to a manufacturing business for expansion of its current manufacturing operations in
  Beaufort County.

### Final Budget to Actual Comparison for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

			Variance with Final
	E: 15		Budget Positive
Davisson	Final Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues: Taxes	¢ 00 446 E74	¢00 400 400	\$ 991.606
· ·	\$89,416,574	\$90,408,180	,
Licenses and Permits	3,429,000	3,783,566	354,566
Intergovernmental	9,197,645	9,073,332	(124,313)
Charges for Services Fines and Forfeitures	11,602,715	12,932,986	1,330,271
	750,000	687,234	(62,766)
Interest	52,805	122,859	70,054
Miscellaneous	251,136	405,252	154,116
Total Revenues	114,699,875	117,413,409	2,713,534
Expenditures:			
General Government	36,802,836	33,758,616	3,044,220
Public Safety	42,643,615	42,207,355	436,260
Public Works	15,012,465	13,448,750	1,563,715
Public Health	2,624,801	2,341,646	283,155
Public Welfare	858,480	850,124	8,356
Cultural and Recreation	10,835,532	10,524,835	310,697
Disaster related	-	38,727,223	(38,727,223)
Capital	3,895,061	3,546,981	348,080
Total Expenditures	112,672,790	145,405,530	(32,732,740)
Excess (deficiency) of Revenues Over			
Expenditures	2,027,085	(27,992,121)	(30,019,206)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			00.050.000
Issuance of Bond Anticipation Note	4 500 750	30,250,000	30,250,000
Transfers In	1,568,750	1,755,870	187,120
Transfers Out	(3,932,910)	(4,799,316)	(866,406)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,364,160)	27,206,554	29,570,714
Net Change in Fund Balance	(337,075)	(785,567)	(448,492)
Fund Balance - beginning	28,552,962	28,552,962	
Fund Balance - ending	\$28,215,887	\$27,767,395	\$ (448,492)

The actual net position of the County's general fund varied from its final budget's net position by \$448 thousand. Key elements of this are as follows:

- The County's general fund actual revenues had a positive variance of \$2.7 million as compared to the final budget of fiscal year 2017. This positive variance is attributable to increased actual revenue as compared to expected revenue related to Business License, Register of Deeds and Emergency Medical Services fees.
- The County's general fund actual expenditures had a negative variance of \$32.7 million as compared to the final budget of fiscal year 2017. This negative variance is directly related to Hurricane Matthew and the related disaster expenditures.

  These expenditures will be reimbursed by FEMA through the public assistance program.
- In June 2017, the County issued a General Obligation Bond Anticipation Note in the amount of \$30.25 million to provide a short-term financing source for the disaster related expenditures until the FEMA reimbursements were received.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets – Beaufort County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2017 was \$558,266,452 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land and easements, buildings and improvements, infrastructure, and equipment. The total increase in the County's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 3.3 percent (in which governmental activities capital assets increased by 3 percent and business-type activities capital assets increased by 0.3 percent).

In lieu of annual depreciation, the County has elected to use the modified approach for its airport infrastructure assets, which include runways, taxiways, and aprons. As of June 30, 2017, 100 percent of airport infrastructure assets were in a fair or better condition.

Additional information on the County's modified approach for airport infrastructure assets can be found on Schedule 1 on page 67 of this report.

### Beaufort County's Capital Assets

(Net of Depreciation)

June 30, 2017 and 2016

	Government	rernmental Activities Business-Type Ac		Business-Type Activities		otal
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
Land	\$123,983,640	\$114,931,381	\$11,532,675	\$11,417,675	\$135,516,315	\$126,349,056
Easements	18,059,927	18,059,927	-	-	18,059,927	18,059,927
Construction in Progress	36,600,936	124, 158, 272	257,890	257,890	36,858,826	124,416,162
Buildings and Improvements	96,490,061	97,833,789	5,231,064	5,787,985	101,721,125	103,621,774
Infrastructure	238,933,132	143,375,766	9,229,801	9,229,801	248,162,933	152,605,567
Equipment	15,972,478	13,880,075	1,974,848	1,429,698	17,947,326	15,309,773
Total Capital Assets	\$530,040,174	\$512,239,210	\$28,226,278	\$28,123,049	\$558,266,452	\$540,362,259

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- The County added \$10.3 million in governmental activities infrastructure and construction in progress related to 1% sales tax referendum road projects such as South Carolina Highway 170 Widening, Bluffton Parkway and Flyover and Boundary Street Redevelopment. An additional \$9.4 million of governmental activities infrastructure and construction in progress related to the improvement of various secondary roads throughout the County.
- The County purchased approximately \$10.3 million in governmental activities land and easements for the County's rural and critical lands program during the 2017 fiscal year.
- \$6 million was invested in governmental activities various county facilities improvements and repairs and fleet and equipment replacement and addition.
- The Hilton Head Island Airport acquired land during fiscal year 2017 related to the ongoing runway extension project.

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in note 4 on pages 49 through 50 of this report.

**Long-Term Debt** – At the end of the current fiscal year, Beaufort County had \$283,501,455 of total long-term debt outstanding. The total amount of debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the government.

#### Beaufort County's Outstanding Debt

June 30, 2017 and 2016

	Government	Governmental Activities				
	2017	2016				
General Obligation Bonds	\$233,200,823	\$196,814,520				
General Obligation BAN	30,250,000	-				
TIF Revenue Bonds	-	3,295,000				
Mortgage	4,000,000	4,000,000				
Capital Lease	-	1,432,527				
Premiums	16,050,632	13,892,575				
Total Outstanding Debt	\$283,501,455	\$219,434,622				
Deferred Charge on Refundings	<u>\$ 4,185,955</u>	\$ 4,755,142				

Major outstanding debt events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- County Council approved a general obligation bond anticipation note during fiscal year 2017 to provide short term financing for disaster related expenditures as a result of Hurricane Matthew.
- General Obligation Bonds were approved by County Council during fiscal year 2017 and issued at the end of this fiscal
  year in the amount of \$51 million. These bonds provided \$26 million of bond proceeds for various County capital projects,
   \$20 million of bond proceeds for the Rural and Critical Lands Program and \$5 million of bond proceeds for the Stormwater
  Utility MS4 initiative.
- County Council also approved a general obligation bond refunding during fiscal year 2017. At the end of fiscal year 2017, the County issued the refunding bonds in the amount of \$6,110,000. These new bonds refunded the 2007B General Obligations Bonds.

The County maintains an underlying, uninsured "AA+" bond rating from Standard & Poor's Rating Group for all of its general obligation bonds, an underlying, uninsured "Aa1" bond rating from Moody's Investors Service for all of its general obligation bonds, and an underlying, uninsured "AA" bond rating from Fitch for its 2003 through 2007B general obligations bonds.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to 8 percent of its total assessed valuation less debt issued by referendum and debt issued and paid by other sources. The current debt limitation for the County is \$145,459,091. Beaufort County was \$14,814,732 under this legal limit at June 30, 2017.

Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in note 5 on pages 51 through 55 of this report.

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

- The unemployment rate for Beaufort County was 4.0 percent at June 30, 2017, which is lower than the rate of 5.0 percent a year ago. This compares favorably with the State of South Carolina's average unemployment rate of 4.2 percent at June 30, 2017 and with the national average unemployment rate of 4.4 percent at June 30, 2017.
- The cost of living in this region still compares favorably to other areas of the country.

All of these factors were considered in preparing Beaufort County's budget for the 2017 fiscal year. As of June 30, 2017, the County's unassigned general fund balance was \$23,772,760. During fiscal year 2017, there was a decrease to the County's general fund balance in the amount of \$785,567.

### REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Beaufort County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Department, Post Office Box 1228, Beaufort, SC 29901-1228.

#### BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2017

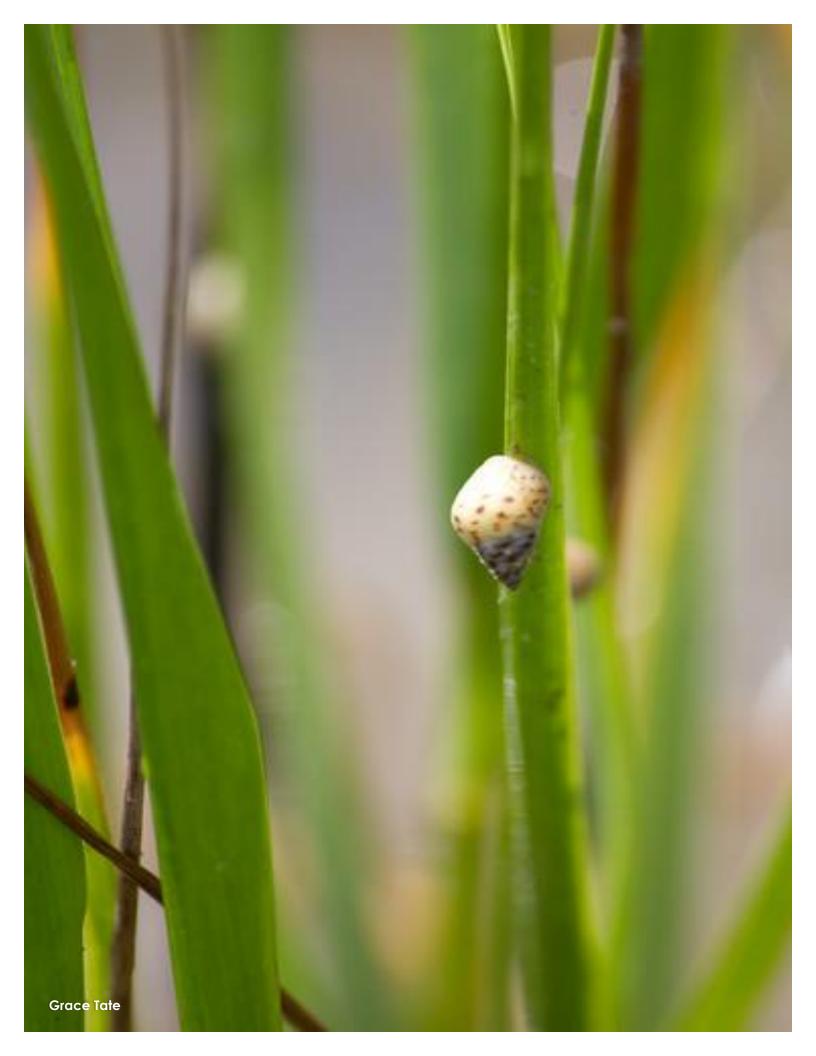
	GovernmentalActivities			siness-Type Activities	Totals		
ASSETS							
Current Assets Cash and Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	58,179,273	\$	10,010,750	\$	68,190,023	
Receivables, Net		4,274,691		2,565,780		6,840,471	
Due from Other Governments  Notes Receivable		4,536,371 80,702		-		4,536,371 80,702	
Inventories		-		142,018		142,018	
Prepaid Items		2,081,784		53,916		2,135,700	
		69,152,821		12,772,464		81,925,285	
Noncurrent Assets		FF 007 4F4				55 007 454	
Equity in Pooled Investments  Notes Receivable		55,687,154 51,000,998				55,687,154 51,000,998	
Notes (Notes Name		106,688,152				106,688,152	
Capital Assets							
Non-Depreciable		178,644,503		21,020,366		199,664,869	
Depreciable		351,395,671		7,205,913		358,601,584	
		530,040,174		28,226,279		558,266,453	
Total Noncurrent Assets		636,728,326		28,226,279		664,954,605	
Total Assets		705,881,147		40,998,743		746,879,890	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred Charge on Refundings		4,185,955		_		4,185,955	
Contributions to pension plan		7,119,228		241,457		7,360,685	
Deferred amounts from changes in proportionate share		1,675,542		59,785		1,735,327	
Pension earnings differences		10,567,751		357,318		10,925,069	
Pension experience differences		1,334,412		44,599		1,379,011	
Total deferred outflows of resources		24,882,888		703,159		25,586,047	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	730,764,035	\$	41,701,902	\$	772,465,937	
LIABILITIES							
Current Liabilities							
Accounts Payable		18,543,769		2,079,144		20,622,913	
Accrued Payroll		3,072,434		102,792		3,175,226	
Accrued Liabilities Accrued Compensated Absences		772,526 432,864		14,055		772,526 446,919	
Internal Balances		(9,776,453)		9,776,453		-	
Accrued Interest Payable		2,289,580		-		2,289,580	
Current Portion of Long Term Debt		49,291,451		-		49,291,451	
Due to Others		1,291,304		- 44.070.444		1,291,304	
Noncurrent Liabilities		65,917,475		11,972,444		77,889,919	
Accrued Compensated Absences		3,174,339		103,067		3,277,406	
Net Pension Liability		112,638,862		4,017,292		116,656,154	
Long-Term Obligations		234,210,004		<u> </u>		234,210,004	
		350,023,205		4,120,359		354,143,564	
Total Liabilities		415,940,680		16,092,803		432,033,483	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Net change in expected pension experience		81,824		3,645		85,469	
Deferred amounts from changes in proportionate share		1,010,744		36,201		1,046,945	
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,092,568		39,846		1,132,414	
NET POSITION							
Net Investment in capital assets		250,724,674		28,226,279		278,950,953	
Restricted for: General Government Programs		13,025,769				13,025,769	
Public Safety Programs		5,988,895		-		5,988,895	
Public Works Programs		20,972,701		-		20,972,701	
Public Health Programs		3,489,526		-		3,489,526	
Public Welfare Programs		21,326		-		21,326	
Cultural and Recreational Programs		7,283,789 57 747 845		-		7,283,789 57,747,845	
Capital Projects  Debt Service		57,747,845 23,799,011		-		57,747,845 23,799,011	
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(69,322,749)		(2,657,026)		(71,979,775)	
Total Net Position	\$	313,730,787	\$	25,569,253	\$	339,300,040	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$	730,764,035	\$	41,701,902	\$	772,465,937	
. 3.2	Ψ	100,104,000	Ψ	71,101,502	Ψ	. , 2, 400, 301	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

												es in Net Positior	1	
					Prog	ram Revenues					Prima	ary Government		
				Charges for	Оре	erating Grants	Ca	pital Grants		Sovernmental	Βι	usiness Type		
		Expenses		Services	and	Contributions	and	Contributions		Activities		Activities		Totals
Functions/Programs														
Governmental Activities														
General Government	\$	48,649,308	\$	18,431,740	\$	2,176,732	\$	=	\$	(28,040,836)	\$	-	\$	(28,040,836)
Public Safety	·	87,661,802	·	8,674,298	•	1,486,837	·	925,401	·	(76,575,266)	•	_	•	(76,575,266)
Public Works		23,251,203		9,444,459		170,329		8,956,170		(4,680,245)		-		(4,680,245)
Public Health		12,440,379		626,822		7,312,951		-		(4,500,606)		-		(4,500,606)
Public Welfare		2,342,367		170,795		873,442		_		(1,298,130)		_		(1,298,130)
Cultural and Recreation		14,006,380		3,478,117		424,058		_		(10,104,205)		_		(10,104,205)
Interest		5,643,381		-		-		_		(5,643,381)		_		(5,643,381)
Total Governmental Activities		193,994,820		40,826,231		12,444,349		9,881,571						
Total Governmental Activities		193,994,820		40,828,231		12,444,349		9,881,371		(130,842,669)		<u>-</u>		(130,842,669)
Business-Type Activities														
Stormwater Utility		4,063,867		5,818,715		_		_		_		1,754,848		1,754,848
Lady's Island Airport		610,714		567,029		_		80,348		_		36,663		36,663
Hilton Head Airport		11,505,178		1,605,813		50,560		10,015,105		-		166,300		166,300
Total Business-Type Activities	-	16,179,759	-	7,991,557		50,560	-	10,095,453	-			1,957,811		1,957,811
Total Business-Type Activities		10,173,733		7,991,007	-	30,300		10,033,433			-	1,337,011		1,557,611
Total	\$	210,174,579	\$	48,817,788	\$	12,494,909	\$	19,977,024	\$	(130,842,669)	\$	1,957,811	\$	(128,884,858)
General Revenues														
Property Taxes									\$	109,147,291	\$	_	\$	109,147,291
Sales Taxes										27,661		_		27,661
Grants and Contributions Not Restricted										9,342,544		_		9,342,544
Unrestricted Investment Earnings										581,229		19,694		600,923
Miscellaneous										1,467,657		3,444		1,471,101
Total General Revenues										120,566,382		23,138		120,589,520
										_	'			
Change in Net Position										(10,276,287)		1,980,949		(8,295,338)
Net Position, Beginning										324,007,074		23,588,304	_	347,595,378
Net Position, Ending									\$	313,730,787	\$	25,569,253	\$	339,300,040



# BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2017

	General	County Wide General Obligation Bonds	Rural and Critical Lands Program	2017 General Obligation Bond Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 33,286,797	\$ 7,050,095	\$ 1,326,610	\$ -	\$ 72,202,924	\$ 113,866,426
Receivables, Net	3,499,074	266,701	-	-	336,861	4,102,636
Due from Other Governments	1,517,647	-	-	_	3,018,724	4,536,371
Due from Other Funds	1,505,898	-	-	_		1,505,898
Advances to Enterprise Funds	-	8,270,555	-	_	-	8,270,555
Notes receivable	-	5,081,700	20,000,000	26,000,000	-	51,081,700
Prepaid Items	1,980,794	, , -	-	· · ·	99,269	2,080,063
Total Assets	\$ 41,790,210	\$ 20,669,051	\$ 21,326,610	\$ 26,000,000	\$ 75,657,778	\$ 185,443,649
	, , , , , ,	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	, , , , , , ,	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	·	, , , , , , ,
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	\$ 8,536,667	\$ 6,951	\$ 6,251,299	\$ 8,200	\$ 3,508,061	\$ 18,311,178
Accrued Payroll	2,444,398	-	-	_	628,036	3,072,434
Accrued Liabilities	772,526	-	-	-	-	772,526
Due to Others	691,165	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u> _	<u>-</u>	600,139	1,291,304
Total Liabilities	12,444,756	6,951	6,251,299	8,200	4,736,236	23,447,442
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	1,578,059	169,935	<u>-</u> _	<u> </u>	151,956	1,899,950
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,578,059	169,935	-	-	151,956	1,899,950
FUND BALANCE						
Nonspendable	1,980,794	-	-	-	99,269	2,080,063
Restricted	-	20,492,165	15,075,311	25,991,800	70,617,722	132,176,998
Committed	313,641	=	=	-	52,595	366,236
Assigned	1,700,200	-	-	-	-	1,700,200
Unassigned	23,772,760	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>			23,772,760
Total Fund Balances	27,767,395	20,492,165	15,075,311	25,991,800	70,769,586	160,096,257
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,						
and fund balances	\$ 41,790,210	\$ 20,669,051	\$ 21,326,610	\$ 26,000,000	\$ 75,657,778	\$ 185,443,649

\$ 313,730,787

# BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2017

Total Governmental Fund Balances (Exhibit 3) \$ 160,096,257 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of Net Position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds (\$530,040,174 less internal service net investment in capital assets of \$58,814). 529,981,360 Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as deferred in governmental funds. **Property Taxes** 1,899,950 Deferred charge on refundings of debt 4,185,955 Contributions to pension plan 7,119,228 Deferred amounts from changes in proportionate share 1,675,542 Pension earnings differences 10,567,751 Pension experience differences 1,334,412 Net change in expected pension experience (81,824)Deferred amounts from changes in proportionate share (1,010,744)Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds. (402,037,100) Accrued Interest Payable (2,289,580)Current Portion of Long Term Debt (49,291,451)**Accrued Compensated Absences** (3,607,203)(112,638,862) Net Pension Liability (234,210,004) Long-term obligations

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Net Position of Governmental Activities

### BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		General		County Wide General Obligation Bonds		ral and Critical ands Program	2017 General Obligation Bond Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues	_			20.100		<u> </u>			
Property Taxes	\$	90,408,180	\$	9,576,419	\$	_	\$ -	\$ 9,289,484	\$ 109,274,083
Licenses and Permits		3,783,566		-		-	_	14,582,466	18,366,032
Intergovernmental		9,073,332		247,530		-	-	26,209,834	35,530,696
Charges for Services		12,932,986		-		-	-	6,645,985	19,578,971
Fines and Forfeitures		687,234		-		-	-	235,263	922,497
Interest		122,859		103,167		33,030	-	322,104	581,160
Miscellaneous		405,252		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		1,087,406	1,492,658
Total Revenues	_	117,413,409	_	9,927,116		33,030	<u>-</u>	58,372,542	185,746,097
Expenditures									
General Government Services		33,758,616		-		-	-	5,794,318	39,552,934
Public Safety Services		42,207,355		-		-	_	2,908,466	45,115,821
Public Works Services		13,448,750		-		-	-	1,046,428	14,495,178
Public Health Services		2,341,646		-		-	-	9,400,470	11,742,116
Public Welfare Services		850,124		-		-	-	1,492,243	2,342,367
Cultural and Recreation Services		10,524,835		-		-	-	514,969	11,039,804
Disaster related expenditures		38,727,223		-		-	-	-	38,727,223
Debt Service - Principal		-		6,809,539		-	-	10,804,160	17,613,699
Debt Service - Interest and Fees		-		3,653,924		-	-	4,203,400	7,857,324
Capital Projects		3,546,981		<u>-</u>		10,323,433	8,200	24,231,863	38,110,477
Total Expenditures		145,405,530	_	10,463,463		10,323,433	8,200	60,396,317	226,596,943
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(27,992,121)		(536,347)		(10,290,403)	(8,200)	(2,023,775)	(40,850,846)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Issuance of Bonds		-		5,000,000		20,000,000	26,000,000	-	51,000,000
Issuance of Bond Anticipation Notes		30,250,000		-		-	-	-	30,250,000
Issuance of Refunding Debt		-		6,110,000		-	-	-	6,110,000
Payments to Refunding Debt Escrow Agent		-		(6,405,000)		-	-	-	(6,405,000)
Bond Premiums		-		4,794,335		-	-	-	4,794,335
Transfers In		1,755,870		-		-	-	9,402,247	11,158,117
Transfers Out		(4,799,316)		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(7,027,235)	(11,826,551)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		27,206,554	_	9,499,335		20,000,000	26,000,000	2,375,012	85,080,901
Net Change in Fund Balance		(785,567)		8,962,988		9,709,597	25,991,800	351,237	44,230,055
Fund Balance - beginning		28,552,962		11,529,177		5,365,714		70,418,349	115,866,202
Fund Balance - ending	\$	27,767,395	\$	20,492,165	\$	15,075,311	\$ 25,991,800	\$ 70,769,586	\$ 160,096,257

(3,689,206)

# BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit 2) are different because:

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Exhibit 4)	\$ 44,230,055	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities,		
the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation		
expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay excluded depreciation in the curent period.		
Capital Outlay	38,110,477	
Depreciation (\$20,226,680 less \$9,711 internal service fund depreciation)	(20,216,969)	
In the statement of activities, the loss on disposal of capital assets is reported. Conversely,		
governmental funds do not report any gain or loss on disposal of capital assets.		
Net Book Value of Capital Assets Disposed	(82,835)	
Because some revenue will not be collected for several months after the County's fiscal		
year ends, they are not considered "available" revenues in the governmental funds		
Decrease in Deferred Property Taxes	(126,792)	
Decrease in Deferred Capital Grant Contribution	(3,847,645)	
The issuance of long-term debt (bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental		
funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial		
resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any affect on net position. Also,		
governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first		
issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This		
amount is net of the effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	(64,636,018)	
Issuance of Long-Term Bonds		(51,000,000)
Issuance of Short-Term Bond Anticipation Notes		(30,250,000)
Refunding Bond Proceeds		(6,110,000)
Payments to Refunding Debt Escrow Agent		6,405,000
Bond Principal Payments		17,613,699
Addition of Bond Premiums on Long-Term Bonds		(4,794,335)
Amortization of Bond Premiums		2,636,278
Amortization of Deferred Charge on Advance Refundings		(569,187)
Capital Lease Payments		1,432,527
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial		
resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds		
Increase in Accrued Interest	146,852	
Decrease in Accrued Compensated Absences	(147,976)	
	(0.000.00)	

The net revenue (expense) of certain activities of internal service funds reported with governmental activities (16,230)

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities 
\$\frac{\$(10,276,287)}{}\$

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Increase in Pension Expense

## BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2017

					Internal
			ities - Enterprise	Funds	Service Fund
	Stormwater Utility	Lady's Island Airport	Hilton Head Airport	Totals	Garage
ASSETS	Othity	Airport	Allport	Totals	Garage
Current Assets					
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$10,010,300	\$ 250	\$ 200	\$ 10,010,750	\$ -
Receivables, Operating	208,004	13,461	102,913	324,378	172,055
Receivables, Federal and State Grants	-	4,229	2,237,173	2,241,402	-
Inventories	75,174	66,844	-	142,018	-
Prepayments	22,648	6,585	24,683	53,916	1,721
Total Current Assets	10,316,126	91,369	2,364,969	12,772,464	173,776
Capital Assets	4,705,439	4,833,031	32,201,172	41,739,642	445,159
Accumulated Depreciation	(2,553,893)	(1,057,691)	(9,901,779)	(13,513,363)	(386,345)
	2,151,546	3,775,340	22,299,393	28,226,279	58,814
Total Assets	12,467,672	3,866,709	24,664,362	40,998,743	232,590
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Contributions to pension plan	157,425	10,574	73,458	241,457	-
Deferred amounts from changes in proportionate share	40,821	2,760	16,204	59,785	-
Pension earnings differences	232,278	15,596	109,444	357,318	-
Pension experience differences	28,667	1,921	14,011	44,599	-
Total deferred outflows of resources	459,191	30,851	213,117	703,159	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$12,926,863	\$3,897,560	\$24,877,479	\$ 41,701,902	\$ 232,590
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities					
Account Payable	\$ 111,800	\$ 15,792	\$ 1,951,552	\$ 2,079,144	\$ 232,590
Accrued Payroll	68,919	4,871	29,002	102,792	-
Accrued Compensated Absences	9,644	912	3,499	14,055	-
Due to General Fund	-	374,502	1,131,396	1,505,898	-
Current Portion of Due to Debt Service Fund			161,455	161,455	
Total Current Liabilities	190,363	396,077	3,276,904	3,863,344	232,590
Noncurrent Liabilities					
Accrued Compensated Absences	70,719	6,692	25,656	103,067	-
Net Pension Liability	2,741,940	185,371	1,089,981	4,017,292	-
Due to Debt Service Fund	5,000,000		3,109,100	8,109,100	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	7,812,659	192,063	4,224,737	12,229,459	<del>-</del>
Total Liabilities	8,003,022	588,140	7,501,641	16,092,803	232,590
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Net change in expected pension experience	2,919	201	525	3,645	-
Deferred amounts from changes in proportionate share	24,798	1,678	9,725	36,201	-
Total deferred inflows of resources	27,717	1,879	10,250	39,846	
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	2,151,546	3,775,340	22,299,393	28,226,279	58,814
Unrestricted (Deficit)	2,744,578	(467,799)	(4,933,805)	(2,657,026)	(58,814)
Total Net Position	\$ 4,896,124	\$3,307,541	\$17,365,588	\$ 25,569,253	\$ -
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$12,926,863	\$3,897,560	\$24,877,479	\$ 41,701,902	\$ 232,590

# BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

			Internal Service Fund		
	Stormwater	Lady's Island	ies - Enterprise Funds Hilton Head		
	Utility	Airport	Airport	Totals	Garage
Operating Revenues					
Garage Billings	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 148,578
Fuel and Oil Sales	=	403,296	=	403,296	836,174
Stormwater Utility Fees	4,956,407	=	=	4,956,407	-
Stormwater Utility Project Billings	862,308	=	=	862,308	-
Fixed Base Operator Revenue	=	=	314,544	314,544	-
Passenger Facility Charges	=	=	126,607	126,607	-
Operating Agreements/Commission Revenue	=	1,182	403,035	404,217	-
Concession Sales	-	3,121	-	3,121	-
Firefighting/Security Fees	-	-	281,731	281,731	-
Landing Fees	-	13,850	53,117	66,967	-
Parking/Taxi Fees	=	=	16,692	16,692	-
Rentals	=	=	194,367	194,367	-
Hangar Rentals	=	130,570	178,855	309,425	-
Other Charges	3,444	15,010	36,865	55,319	
Total Operating Revenues	5,822,159	567,029	1,605,813	7,995,001	984,752
Operating Expenses					
Costs of Sales and Services	-	248,297	-	248,297	-
Personnel	2,504,523	148,995	639,758	3,293,276	-
Purchased Services	991,111	53,934	475,692	1,520,737	835,892
Supplies	357,099	8,836	71,486	437,421	823,813
Depreciation	211,134	57,629	566,554	835,317	9,711
Total Operating Expenses	4,063,867	517,691	1,753,490	6,335,048	1,669,416
Operating (Loss) Income	1,758,292	49,338	(147,677)	1,659,953	(684,664)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)					
Operating grant - Transportation Security Administration	-	-	50,560	50,560	-
Interfund Transfer from General Fund	-	-	-	-	668,434
Non-Operating Grant Expenses	<u>-</u>	(93,023)	(9,663,843)	(9,756,866)	· -
Interest Income	19,226	75	393	19,694	_
Interest Expense	-	-	(87,845)	(87,845)	_
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	19,226	(92,948)	(9,700,735)	(9,774,457)	668,434
(Loss) Income before capital contributions and special items	1,777,518	(43,610)	(9,848,412)	(8,114,504)	(16,230)
Capital Contributions					
Capital Grants - Federal Aviation Administration	-	76,119	9,405,574	9,481,693	-
Capital Grants - South Carolina Aeronautical	<u>-</u>	4,229	609,531	613,760	<del>-</del>
Commission					
Total Capital Contributions		80,348	10,015,105	10,095,453	
Change in Net Position	1,777,518	36,738	166,693	1,980,949	(16,230)
Net Position, Beginning	3,118,606	3,270,803	17,198,895	23,588,304	16,230

Net Position, Ending

3,307,541

4,896,124

\$ 17,365<u>,</u>588

25,569,253

# BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Internal Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds Service Fund Stormwater Lady's Island Hilton Head Utility Airport Airport Totals Garage Cash Flows from Operating Activities: 577,505 Cash Received from Customers and Users \$ 5,731,391 1,415,249 7,724,145 1,018,846 Cash Paid to Employees (2,101,587)(138,938)(895,552)(3,136,077)(1,687,280)Cash Paid to Suppliers (1,545,102)(425,967)(539,612)(2,510,681)Total Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities 2,084,702 12,600 (19,915)2,077,387 (668, 434)Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: Operating Grant - TSA 50,560 50,560 Interfund transfer from the General Fund 668,434 (9,756,866)Non-Operating Grant Expenses (93,023)(9,663,843)Principal Payment on Note Payable (157,397)(157,397)Interest Paid on Note Payable (87,845)(87,845)Total Provided by (Used For) Noncapital Financing Activities (93,023)(9,858,525)(9,951,548)668,434 Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: **FAA Grants** 76,119 9,405,574 9,481,693 **SCAC Grants** 4,229 609,531 613,760 Advance from Debt Service Fund 5,000,000 5,000,000 Purchase of Capital Assets (801,489)(137,058)(938, 547)80,348 Total Provided By Capital and Related Activities 4,198,511 9,878,047 14,156,906 Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest Earned 75 19,226 393 19,694 Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents 6,302,439 6,302,439 Cash and Cash Equivalents, July 1, 2016 200 3,707,861 250 3,708,311 Cash and Cash Equivalents, June 30, 2017 10,010,300 200 10,010,750 250

# BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Bus	ds	Internal Service Fund		
	Stormwater	Lady's Island	Hilton Head		
	Utility	Airport	Airport	Totals	Garage
Reconciliation of Operating (Loss) Income to Net Cash Flows Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities:					
Operating (Loss) Income	\$ 1,758,292	2 \$ 49,338	\$ (147,677)	\$ 1,659,953	\$ (684,664)
Adjustments to Reconcile:  Depreciation	211,13	4 57,629	566,554	835,317	9,711
Depreciation	211,134	57,029	300,334	033,317	9,711
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:					
Decrease (Increase) in Accounts Receivable	(90,768	3) 10,476	(190,564)	(270,856)	34,094
Decrease (Increase) in Inventories	32,073	3 (15,177)	-	16,896	-
Increase in Other Current Assets	(3,15	5) (1,073)	(1,039)	(5,267)	(462)
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	(225,809	9) (10,525)	379,414	143,080	(27,113)
Decrease in Due to General Fund		- (88,125)	(370,809)	(458,934)	-
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Payroll	13,800	1,098	(319)	14,579	-
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Compensated Absences	2,609	1,956	(2,020)	2,545	-
Increase (Decrease) in pension deferred inflows/outflows and liability	386,520	7,003	(253,455)	140,074	<del>-</del>
	115,270	(94,367)	(438,792)	(417,883)	6,519
Net Cash Flow Provided by (Used for)					
Operating Activities	\$ 2,084,702	2 \$ 12,600	\$ (19,915)	\$ 2,077,387	\$ (668,434)

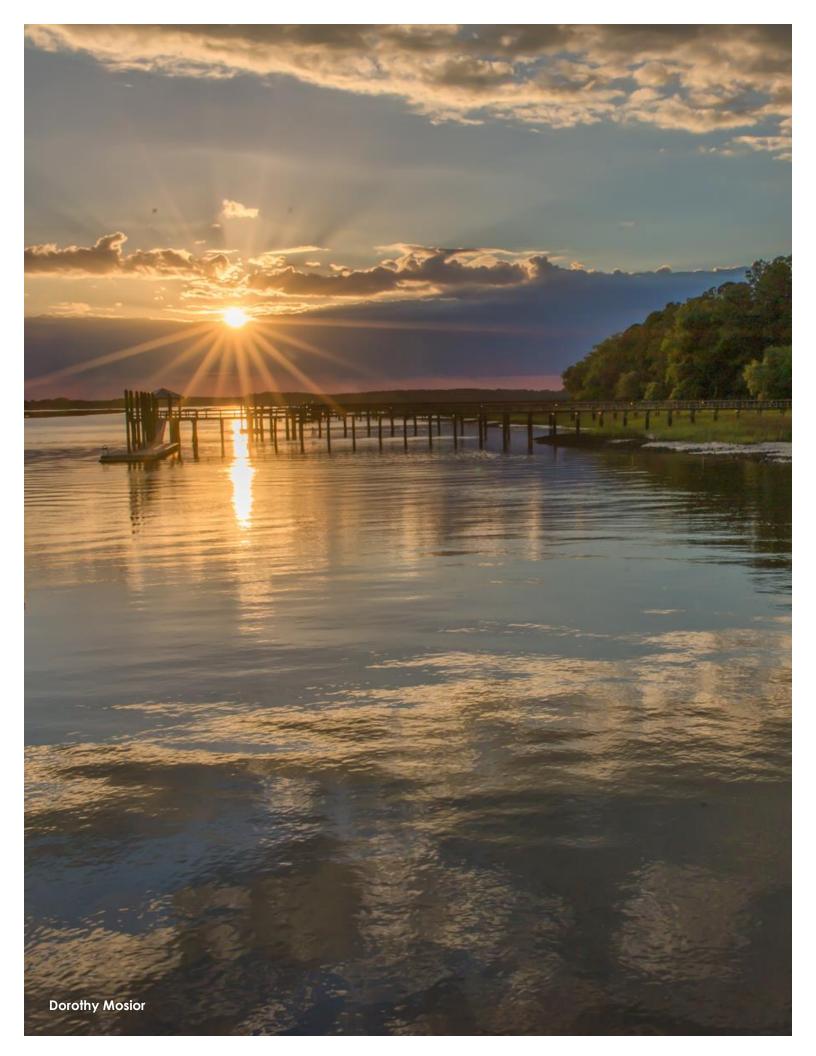
# BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AGENCY FUNDS June 30, 2017

**ASSETS** 

Cash and Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments \$ 104,360,789

**LIABILITIES** 

Due to other taxing districts and agencies \$ 104,360,789



For the Year Ended June 30. 2017

#### 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of Beaufort County, South Carolina, have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles (GAAP) generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

#### Reporting Entity

Beaufort County operates under the Council/Administrator form of government with Council members elected for four-year terms from each of the eleven single-member districts. This report includes all funds of Beaufort County that are controlled by this governing body, and are considered to be the "reporting entity" known as Beaufort County.

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the County as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from the statements. The statements distinguish between those activities of the County that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities for the County at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the County's governmental activities and for the business-type activities of the County. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient for the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program, and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the County, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the County.

#### Fund Financial Statements

During the year, the County segregates transactions related to certain County functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the County at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as is the proprietary fund. The fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using no measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

#### 1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – Continued:</u>

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The *general fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *county wide general obligation bond fund* accounts for the debt service of the bonds issued for various capital projects throughout the County.

The *rural and critical lands program fund* accounts for the expenditures of the rural and critical lands program. This program began in 2000 and preserves real property to preserve the rural character of Beaufort County and to protect other environmentally sensitive areas such as wetlands, marsh lands and headwater areas.

The **2017 general obligation bond projects fund** accounts for bond proceeds intended to fund capital expenditures. The projects funded by these bond proceeds include public safety communications equipment, critical road improvements in the southern portion of the County, a new animal services campus centrally located in the County, new facilities for emergency medical services and detention center security upgrades.

The County reports the following enterprise funds as major proprietary funds:

The **stormwater utility fund** is used to account for all revenue and expenses related to the County's Stormwater Utility operations.

The *Lady's Island Airport fund* is used to account for all revenue and expenses related to the County's Lady's Island Airport.

The *Hilton Head Island Airport fund* is used to account for all revenue and expenses related to the County's Hilton Head Island Airport.

The County's proprietary funds also include an *Internal Service Fund* to account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the County or to other governments, on a user charge basis. This fund includes the County Garage, which accounts for the maintenance and repair of vehicles.

Additionally, the government reports the following non-major fund types:

#### Special Revenue Funds

The special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, or major capital projects) that are legally restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service and capital projects.

#### **Debt Service Funds**

Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of restricted resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal and interest.

#### Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds are used to account for financial restricted resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

### Agency Funds

The agency funds account for monies held on behalf of school districts, special districts, and other agencies that use the County as a depository or property taxes are collected on behalf of the other governments. These funds are custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

#### 1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – Continued:</u>

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the government's garage function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned

Amount reported as *program revenues* include (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the County enterprise fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

<u>Net Position</u> - Net position represents the difference between assets, liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows of resources. Net position invested in net capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the County or through external restriction imposed by creditors, grantors, laws, or regulations of other governments. Net position invested in net capital assets was as follows:

	Governmental	Business Type
Net Capital Assets	\$530,040,174	\$ 28,226,279
Less: Current Portion of Long Term Debt	(51,428,836)	-
Long-Term Obligations	(232,072,619)	-
Add Deferred Charge on Refundings	4,185,955	
	\$250,724,674	\$ 28,226,279

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources - In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The government has four items that qualify for reporting in this category. These items include the deferred charge on refundings, contributions to the pension plan, pension earnings differences and pension experience differences. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. Additionally, changes in net pension liability due to liability experience not included in pension expense and employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date of the net pension liability are reported as deferred outflows of resources. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. Unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from two sources: property taxes and capital grant contributions. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. Additionally, changes in net pension liability due to actual versus projected investment earnings not included in pension expense are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the government-wide statement of net position.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – Continued:</u>

<u>Net position flow assumption</u> - Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption

must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider

restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

Cash and cash equivalents - The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits,

and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments - The County maintains a pooled cash and investment account for all funds for

accounting and investment purposes. This gives the County the ability to invest idle cash for short periods of time and to earn

the most favorable available rate of return. The "equity in pooled cash and investments" represents the amount of pooled cash and investments owned by each fund of the County. Certain individual funds may reflect a cash deficit, from time to time.

These cash deficits are not considered an equity transfer since the transfer has not been approved by County Council and is

considered to be temporary in nature.

Investments - Investments consist of certificates of deposit and repurchase agreements. With the majority of the County's

investments maturing in less than 1 year, all investments are recorded at cost, which approximates fair value.

Receivables - All receivables are reported at their gross value and when appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that

is uncollectible.

Inventories - Inventories consist of fuels and supplies (enterprise funds) and are stated at the lower of "first-in, first-out" cost or

market.

Capital Assets - Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are reported at historical cost or

estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at acquisition value as of the date received rather than fair market

value. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is calculated on the

straight-line basis starting in the month of purchase/completion over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings Improvements 25 Years

Infrastructure

25 Years

Equipment

25 Years 5 - 10 Years

In lieu of annual depreciation, the County has elected to use the "modified approach" for its infrastructure assets within its

Hilton Head Island Airport and its Lady's Island Airport, which consists of reporting as required supplemental information (RSI) the current assessed condition of the assets pursuant to its runway, taxiway, and apron management system and the

estimated annual amounts to maintain and preserve such assets along with actual amounts expensed during the period.

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For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

#### 1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – Continued:</u>

<u>Long-Term Obligations</u> – In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable government activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as bond proceeds. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as interest on investments while discounts and issuance costs are reported as interest and fees expenditures.

<u>Compensated Absences</u> – The County accrues compensated absences and associated employee-related costs when earned by the employee. The general fund is used to liquidate the liability for non-proprietary fund accrued compensated absences.

<u>Due to and from Other Funds/Internal Balances</u> – Interfund receivables and payables in the fund financial statements and internal balances in the government-wide financial statements arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

<u>Revenues</u> – Substantially all governmental fund revenues are accrued. Property taxes are billed and collected within the same period in which the taxes are levied.

Expenditures – Expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred.

<u>Use of Estimates</u> – The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the County's financial position and results of operations and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

<u>Budgets and Budgetary Accounting</u> - The County uses GAAP as the basis for its budgeting and uses the following procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- (1) The County Administrator submits to County Council, prior to June 1, proposed operating, special revenue, debt service, and capital improvement (CIP) budgets for the fiscal year commencing July 1. The operating, special revenue, debt service, and CIP budgets include proposed expenditures, revenues, and financing sources.
- (2) The Council requires such changes to be made as it deems necessary, provided the budget remains in balance and is subject to the notice of hearing requirements of Section 4-9-140 of the South Carolina Statutes.
- (3) Public hearings are held pursuant to Section 4-9-140 of the South Carolina Statutes in order for the Council to adopt the tentative and final budget.
- (4) Prior to July 1, the operating, special revenue, debt service and CIP budgets are legally enacted through passage of an ordinance setting forth anticipated revenues and appropriations by fund.
- (5) The County Administrator or his designee is authorized to transfer funds among operating accounts or among capital accounts within a department. All transfers over \$25,000 between departments and programs or between operating and capital accounts must be authorized by the Council in accordance with Section 4-9-140 of the South Carolina Statutes. In accordance with County Ordinance 2012/07, Section 10, amounts of \$25,000 or less can be approved by the County Administrator and/or his designee. Any transfer in excess of \$25,000 for individual expenditures or in excess of \$50,000 cumulatively during any fiscal year is to be authorized by County Council, or its designee.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

#### 1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies – Continued:</u>

- (6) Formal budgetary integration is employed as a measurement control device for all governmental funds of the County.

  The legal level of budgetary control (i.e. the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the department level.
- (7) Budgets for the governmental fund types are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.
- (8) Revenues in excess of the current budget ordinance may be expended as directed by the revenue source or for the purpose for which the funds were generated without further approval by County Council, as per Section 14 of County Ordinance 2006/14.

#### 2. Cash and Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments

State Statute authorizes the County to invest in (1) obligations of the United States and agencies thereof; (2) general obligations of the State of South Carolina or any of its political units provided such obligations are rated as an "A" or better by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. and Standard and Poor's Corporation or their respective successors; (3) interest bearing accounts in financial institutions to the extent that same are insured by an agency of the Federal Government; (4) certificates of deposit where the certificates are collaterally secured by securities of the type described above, held by a third party as escrow agent or custodian, of a market value not less than the amount of the certificates of deposit so secured, including interest, provided, however, such collateral shall not be required to the extent the same are insured by an agency of the Federal Government; (5) or deposit accounts with banking institutions insured and secured in the same manner. The Statutes provide that all authorized investments shall have maturities consistent with the time or times when the invested monies will be needed in cash.

### A. <u>Deposits</u>

Deposits include cash and cash equivalents on deposit in banks and non-negotiable certificates of deposit. All deposits under the control of the County Treasurer are fully insured or collateralized. As of June 30, 2017, reported amount of the County's deposits was \$34.3 million and the bank balance was \$26.4 million. The \$26.4 million bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance or collateralized with securities held by the counterparty's trust department, line of credit, or agent in the County's name.

### B. Investments

Investment policy

All of the County's investments are presented at fair value. Securities are valued at the last reported sales price as provided by an independent pricing service. Investment income consists of realized and unrealized appreciation (depreciation) in the fair value of investments and interest income earned.

As of June 30, 2017, the County had the following investments and maturities:

			Investment Maturities					
Investment Type	Fair Value		Less than 1 year		More than 1 year but less than 5 years		More than 5	
Certificates of Deposit	\$	5,515,061	\$	5,515,061	\$	-	\$	-
Money Market Funds		19,884,870		19,884,870		-		-
Municipal Bonds		3,323,735		255,656	1,	006,824	2,0	061,255
U.S. Government Agencies Securities		86,184,819		33,565,744	43,	264,155	9,3	354,920
State of S.C. Treasurer's Investment Pool	_	79,051,032		79,051,032		-		
Total Investments held in the County's name	\$	193,959,517	\$	138,272,363	\$44,	270,979	\$11,4	116,175

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

### 2. <u>Cash and Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments – continued:</u>

The County's investments measured and reported at fair value are classified according to the following hierarchy:

Level 1 – Investments reflect prices quoted in active markets.

Level 2 – Investments reflect prices that are based on a similar observable asset either directly or indirectly, which may include inputs in markets that are not considered to be active.

Level 3 – Investments reflect prices based upon unobservable sources.

The categorization of investments within the hierarchy is based upon the pricing transparency of the instrument and should not be perceived as the particular investment's risk. Money market mutual funds classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued directly from a predetermined primary external pricing vendor. Assets classified in Level 2 are subject to pricing by an alternative pricing source due to lack of information available by the primary vendor.

			Fair Value Measurements Using						
	Fa	ir Value as of	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets		Significant Other Observable Inputs		Unob	nificant servable outs	
Investments by Fair Value Level	6/30/2017			(Level 1)		(Level 2)		vel 3)	
Certificates of Deposit	\$	5,515,061	\$	5,515,061	\$	-	\$	-	
Money Market Funds		19,884,870		19,884,870		-		-	
Municipal Bonds		3,323,735		-	3,	323,735			
U.S. Government Agencies Securities		86,184,819		-	86,	184,819		-	
Total Investments by Fair Value Level		114,908,485		25,399,931	89,	508,554			
Investments Measured at the Net Asset Value (NAV)									
State of S.C. Treasurer's Investment Pool	_	79,051,032							
Total Investments at the NAV	_	79,051,032							
Total Investments held in the County's name	\$	193,959,517							

#### B. <u>Investments</u>

The South Carolina Local Government Investment Pool ("State of S.C. Treasurer's Investment Pool") investments are invested with the South Carolina State Treasurer's Office, which established the South Carolina Pool pursuant to Section 6-6-10 of the South Carolina Code. The Pool is an investment trust fund, in which public monies in excel of current needs, which are under the custody of any county treasurer or any governing body of a political subdivision of the State, may be deposited. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools", investments are carried at fair value determined annually based upon quoted market prices for identical or similar investments. The total fair value of the Pool is apportioned to the entities with funds invested on an equal basis for each share owned, which are acquired at a cost of \$1.00. Funds may be deposited by Pool participants at any time and may be withdrawn upon 24 hours' notice. Financial Statements for the Pool may be obtained by writing the Office of State Treasurer, Local Government Investment Pool, Post Office Box 11778, Columbia, South Carolina 29211.

#### Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial Credit Risk for investments is the risk that in the event of a failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the County will not be able to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The primary government's repurchase agreements are fully collateralized with U.S. Government Securities. The County's policy with respect to custodial credit risk is that all of the County's investments must be insured or collateralized.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

#### 2. Cash and Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments - continued:

#### Credit Risk

As of June 30, 2017, the County's investments in U.S. Government Agencies Securities are rated Aaa by Moody's Investors. Statutes also allow the State Treasurer to assist local governments in investing funds. The State Treasurer also provides oversight for the State Treasurer's Investment Pool which is unrated, of which; the fair value of the County's investments is the same as the value of the pooled shares. The County's investment in the money market fund, repurchase agreement, and certificate of deposit are also unrated. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations to the County. The County's credit risk policy to mitigate the potential loss of principal is to purchase only high investment grade fixed-income securities. The County's repurchase agreements are fully collateralized by U.S. Government Securities and are not subject to credit risk.

#### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in the interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The County's respective maturity dates are as noted above. The County does not have a policy with respect to interest rate risk.

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investments in a single issuer. The county does not have a policy for reducing this risk to any single issuer. As of June 30, 2017, the County had 40.75% of its investments invested with the State of S.C. Treasurer's investment pool and 58.92% with MorganStanley SmithBarney.

The County does not invest in foreign securities or have transactions with foreign currency, and as a result does not have a policy for foreign currency risk.

#### 3. Receivables/Due from Other Governments/Note Receivable

All property taxes receivable are shown net of allowances for uncollectibles. The County considers all taxes to be collectible; therefore, no allowance for uncollectibles has been established.

Rural and

The following details receivables -net by fund:

	General Fund	(	unty Wide General ation Bonds	Critical Lands Program		2017 General Obligation Bond Projects		Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Property Tax Receivable	\$ 2,664,082	\$	266,701	\$	-	\$	-	\$	283,751
Accounts Receivable - Other	834,992		-				-		53,110
	\$ 3,499,074	\$	266,701	\$	-	\$	-	\$	336,861
		Sto	ormwater Utility		Lady's Island Airport		ton Head Airport	Fun	mal Service nd - Garage
Licenses and Fees Receivable		\$	208,004	\$	13,461	\$	102,913	\$	172,055
		\$	208,004	\$	13,461	\$	102,913	\$	172,055

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

## 3. Receivables/Due from Other Governments/Note Receivable- Continued:

The following details the due from other governments and bond receivables by fund as of June 30, 2017:

		County Wide	Rural and	2017 General	Nonmajor		
	0	General	Critical Lands	Obligation Bond	Governmental		
	General Fund	Obligation Bonds	Program	Projects	Funds		
General Government Programs	\$ 1,517,647	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 301,698		
Public Safety Programs	-	-	-	-	490,469		
Public Works Programs	-	-	-	-	193,817		
Public Health Programs	-	-	-	-	142,835		
Public Welfare Programs	-	-	-	-	24,060		
Cultural & Recreational Programs	-	-	-	-	-		
Capital Projects	-	-	-	-	1,865,845		
Bond Proceeds and Premiums		4,271,765	20,000,000	26,000,000			
	\$ 1,517,647	\$ 4,271,765	\$20,000,000	\$ 26,000,000	\$ 3,018,724		

In November 2006, the County issued \$17,500,000 in General Obligation bonds bearing interest rates of 3.5% to 8.0% and with varying maturities through 2026. The Technical College of the Lowcountry's portion of this bond is \$1,500,000.

The following reflects the future minimum payments receivable at June 30, 2017, under this note receivable:

Fiscal Year Ending	Amount
2018	\$ 102,724
2019	102,724
2020	102,724
2021	102,724
2022	102,724
2023-2027	 410,895
Total Minimum Note Payments	924,515
Less Amount Representing Interest	 (114,580)
Present Value of Minimum Note Payments	809,935
Less Current Portion	(80,702)
Long-Term Portion	\$ 729,233

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

### 3. Receivables/Due from Other Governments/Note Receivable- Continued:

### Note Receivable from Hilton Head Airport Fund

In September 2007, the County issued a note for \$1,800,000 for the balance owed for the construction of hangars at the Hilton Head Island Airport. The note is payable in quarterly payments of \$24,185, including interest at 2.07% through June 2032.

Annual requirements to amortize the note receivable from Hilton Head Airport Fund outstanding at June 30, 2017, are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	Note Payable to Debt Service Fund		Principal		Interest	
2018	\$	96,740	\$	71,528	\$	25,212
2019		96,740		73,020		23,720
2020		96,740		74,543		22,197
2021		96,740		76,098		20,642
2022		96,740		77,685		19,055
2023-2027		483,700		413,426		70,274
2028-2032		483,700		458,384		25,316
Total	\$ 1	1,451,100	\$	1,244,684	\$	206,416

In November 2014, the County issued a note for \$2,260,000 for various capital projects at the Hilton Head Island Airport. The Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) provides grants that are 90% funded. The other 10% of project costs are provided by the South Carolina Aeronautical Commission (SCAC) and the Hilton Head Island Airport, 5% each. The proceeds from this note are intended to offset the Airport's share of costs for these projects. The note is payable in quarterly payments of \$37,125, including interest at 2.94% through December 2034.

Annual requirements to amortize the note receivable from Hilton Head Airport Fund outstanding at June 30, 2017, are as follows:

		e Payable to Debt			
Fiscal Year Ending	Se	rvice Fund	Principal	Interest	
2018	\$	148,502	\$ 89,927	\$	58,575
2019		148,502	92,600		55,902
2020		148,502	95,353		53,149
2021		148,502	98,187		50,315
2022		148,502	101,106		47,396
2023-2027		742,510	552,437		190,073
2028-2032		742,510	639,574		102,936
2033-2037		371,264	356,687		14,577
Total	\$	2,598,794	\$ 2,025,871	\$	572,923

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

## 3. Receivables/Due from Other Governments/Note Receivable- Continued:

## Note Receivable from Stormwater Utility Fund

In June 2017, the County issued a bond for \$5,000,000 to provide capital funding for the MS4 Stormwater initiative. The bond is payable in semi-annual payments, including interest at 2.88% through June 2037.

Annual requirements to amortize the note receivable from Stormwater Utility Fund outstanding at June 30, 2017, are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	Note Payable to Debt Service Fund	Principal	Interest
2018	\$ 85,244	\$ -	\$ 85,244
2019	188,268	-	188,268
2020	188,268	-	188,268
2021	188,268	-	188,268
2022	247,092	58,824	188,268
2023-2027	1,529,088	631,866	897,222
2028-2032	2,542,646	1,949,511	593,135
2033-2037	2,584,428	2,359,799	224,629
Total	\$ 7,553,302	\$ 5,000,000	\$2,553,302

### Interfund balances between the General Fund and the Proprietary Funds

As of June 30, 2017, the amount due to the General Fund from the Proprietary Funds was \$1,505,898. The amount due from the Lady's Island Airport and the Hilton Head Airport was \$374,502 and \$1,131,396, respectively.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

### 4. <u>Capital Assets</u>

## **Governmental Activities**

	Balance June 30, 2016 Additions		Additions Disposals or Transfers		Balance June 3			
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated:	•	111 001 001	•	0.050.050	•		•	100 000 010
Land	\$	114,931,381	\$	9,052,259	\$	-	\$	123,983,640
Easements		18,059,927		-		-		18,059,927
Construction in Progress	_	124,158,272	_	24,690,702	112	,248,038		36,600,936
Total Capital Assets not Being								
Depreciated		257,149,580	_	33,742,961	112	,248,038		178,644,503
Other Capital Assets:								
Buildings & Improvements		190,183,795		5,646,134		-		195,829,929
Infrastructure		186,754,293		103,926,447		-		290,680,740
Equipment		78,340,480		7,042,975		968,660		84,414,795
Total Other Capital Assets	_	455,278,568	_	116,615,556		968,660		570,925,464
Less Accumulated Depreciation								
Accumulated Depreciation -								
Buildings & Improvements		92,350,006		6,989,862		-		99,339,868
Accumulated Depreciation -								
Infrastructure		43,378,527		8,369,081		-		51,747,608
Accumulated Depreciation -								
Equipment		64,460,405		4,867,737		885,825		68,442,317
Total Accumulated Depreciation		200,188,938		20,226,680		885,825		219,529,793
Other Capital Assets, Net		255,089,630	_	96,388,876		82,835	_	351,395,671
Governmental Activities Capital Assets,								
Net	\$	512,239,210	\$	130,131,837	\$112	,330,873	\$	530,040,174
			_					

For the capital assets of the governmental activities, depreciation is computed on the straight-line method of depreciation over the estimated useful lives of the assets, which range from five to twenty-five years. Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2017 was \$20,226,680 and the accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2017 was \$219,529,793.

The depreciation expense was allocated as follows:

General Government	\$ 3,805,786
Public Safety	3,977,412
Public Works	8,756,022
Public Health	698,267
Cultural and Recreation	 2,989,193
Total	\$ 20,226,680

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

## 4. <u>Capital Assets- Continued:</u>

## **Business-Type Activities**

	Bala	ance June 30, 2016	A	dditions	sals or sfers	Bala	ance June 30, 2017
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated: Land Infrastructure Construction in Progress	\$	11,417,675 9,229,801 257,890	\$	115,000	\$ - - -	\$	11,532,675 9,229,801 257,890
Total Capital Assets not Being Depreciated		20,905,366		115,000	 		21,020,366
Other Capital Assets:							
Buildings & Improvements		14,193,462		-	-		14,193,462
Equipment		5,702,267		823,547	 		6,525,814
Total Other Capital Assets		19,895,729		823,547	-		20,719,276
Less Accumulated Depreciation Accumulated Depreciation -							
Buildings & Improvements Accumulated Depreciation -		8,405,477		556,921	-		8,962,398
Equipment		4,272,569		278,397	 		4,550,966
Total Accumulated Depreciation		12,678,046		835,318	-	·	13,513,364
Other Capital Assets, Net		7,217,683		(11,771)	 		7,205,912
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	28,123,049	\$	103,229	\$ 	\$	28,226,278

For the capital assets of the business–type activities, depreciation is computed on the straight-line method of depreciation over the estimated useful lives of the assets, which range from five to twenty-five years. Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2017 was \$835,318 and the accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2017 was \$13,513,364.

The depreciation expense was allocated as follows:

Total	\$ 835,318
Hilton Head Airport	 566,554
Lady's Island Airport	57,629
Stormwater Utility	\$ 211,135

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

#### 5. Long-Term Obligations

		overnmental
		Activities
General Obligation Bonds	\$	233,200,823
General Obligation Bond Anticipation Note	\$	30,250,000
Mortgage		4,000,000
Premiums		16,050,632
	\$	283,501,455
	<del></del>	
Deferred Charge on Refundings	\$	4,185,955

#### **General Obligation Bonds**

In March 2010, the County issued \$48,755,000 of general obligation bonds and Build America General Obligation Bonds bearing interest rates of 2.0% to 5.625% and with maturity dates through 2029. The proceeds of these bonds were used to pay off the related bond anticipation notes that were issued in March 2009. \$20,000,000 of the proceeds of the bond anticipation notes were used for the County's rural and critical lands projects and \$28,755,000 of the proceeds were used for various County projects.

In November 2010, the County issued \$8,125,000 of general obligation refunding bonds bearing interest rates of 2.0% to 4.0% and with varying maturity dates through 2022. The refunding bonds provide resources to purchase U.S. Government State and Local Government Series Securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for most future debt service payments on the 2002 County Bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be partially defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying value of the old debt by \$547,943, as the transaction resulted in an economic gain of \$420,749.

In December 2011, the County issued \$10,000,000 of general obligation bonds bearing interest rates of 2.0% to 3.5% and with varying maturity dates through 2031. The proceeds of these bonds were used for the County's rural and critical lands projects, as approved by referendum in November 2006.

In January 2012, the County issued \$15,295,000 of general obligation refunding bonds bearing interest rates of 2.0% to 4.0% and with varying maturity dates through 2023. The refunding bonds provide resources to purchase U.S. Government State and Local Government Series Securities that were placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of generating resources for most future debt service payments on the 2003 County Bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be partially defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying value of the old debt by \$1,400,206, as the transaction resulted in an economic gain of \$2,196,519.

In August 2012, the County issued \$25,185,000 of general obligation refunding bonds bearing interest rates of 2.0% to 5.0% and with varying maturity dates through 2025. The proceeds were used to advance refund \$27,050,000 of outstanding 2005 general obligation bonds which had interest rates ranging from 3.0% to 5.0%. The net proceeds of \$28,882,311 (including a \$3,938,020 premium and after payment of \$240,709 in underwriting fees and other issuance costs) were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide funds for the future debt service payments on the refunded bonds. As a result, the 2005 general obligation bonds are considered to be partially defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying value of the old debt by \$1,832,311, as the transaction resulted in an economic gain of \$4,316,298.

In October 2012, the County issued \$6,000,000 of general obligation bonds through the United States Department of Agriculture bearing an interest rate of 3.5% and with varying maturity dates through 2052. The proceeds of these bonds were used for the County's St. Helena Library project.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

In May 2013, the County issued \$7,580,000 of general obligation bonds bearing interest rates of 1.5% to 4.0% and with varying maturity dates through 2033. The proceeds of these bonds were used to pay off the related bond anticipation notes of \$2,500,000 and \$5,000,000 that were issued in May 2012 and October 2012, respectively.

In May 2013, the County issued \$25,000,000 of general obligation bonds bearing interest rates of 1.5% to 5.0% and with varying maturity dates through 2029. The proceeds of these bonds were used for the County's rural and critical land projects, as approved by referendum in November 2012.

In May 2013, the County issued \$33,150,000 of general obligation refunding bonds bearing interest rates of 1.5% to 5.0% and with varying maturity dates through 2026. The proceeds were used to advance refund \$11,250,000 and \$21,900,000 of outstanding 2006 and 2006B general obligation bonds which had interest rates ranging from 3.5% to 8.0% and 4.0% to 6.75%, respectively. The net proceeds of \$37,026,992 (including a \$4,174,601 premium and after payment of \$297,609 in underwriting fees and other issuance costs) were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide funds for the future debt service payments on the refunded bonds. As a result, the 2006 and 2006B general obligation bonds are considered to be partially defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying value of the old debt by \$3,876,919, as the transaction resulted in an economic gain of \$2,013,870.

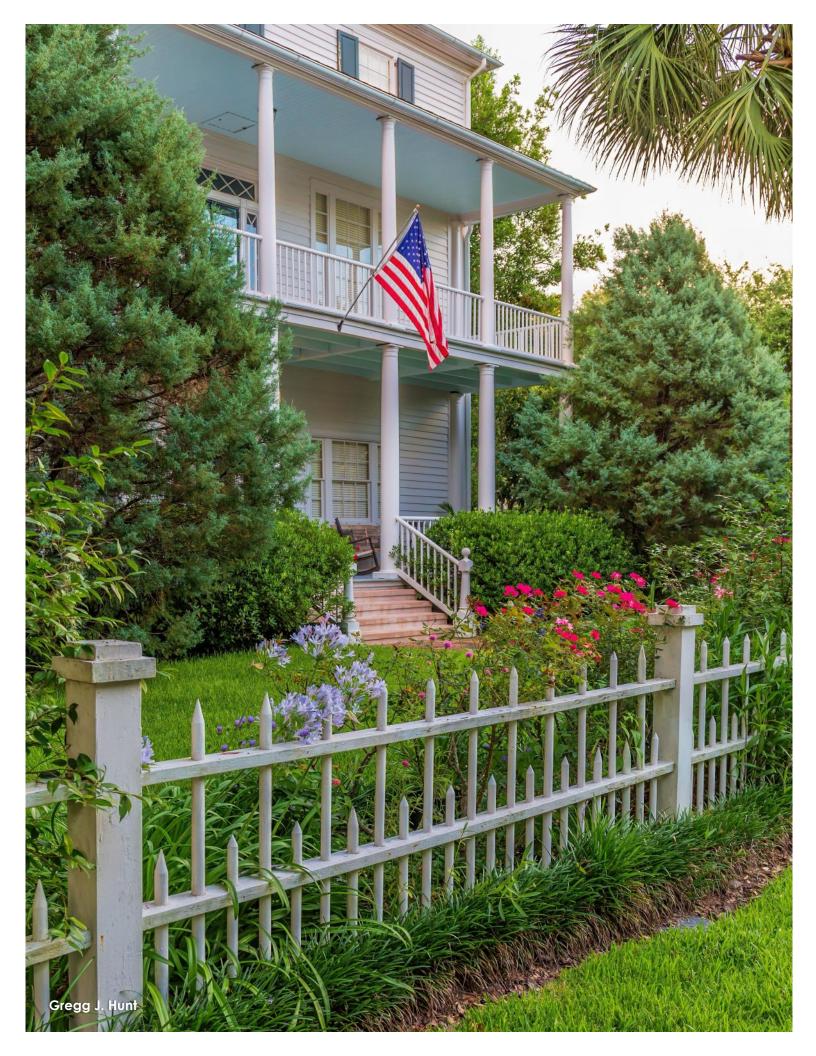
In November 2014, the County issued \$19,450,000 of general obligation bonds bearing interest rates of 2% to 5% and with varying maturity dates through 2034. The proceeds of these bonds will be used for various County and Hilton Head Island Airport capital projects.

In November 2014, the County issued \$22,570,000 of general obligation refunding bonds bearing interest rates of 2.5% to 4% and with varying maturity dates through 2029. The proceeds of these bonds will be used to advance refund the outstanding 2010B Build America General Obligation Bonds. The net proceeds of \$25,106,406 (including a \$2,246,455 premium after payment of \$289,951 in underwriting fees and other issuance costs) were deposited with an escrow agent to refund the bonds. As a result, the 2010B general obligation bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying value of the old debt by \$225,674, as the transaction resulted in an economic gain of \$2,439,944.

In March 2016, the County issued \$17,950,000 of general obligation refunding bonds bearing interest rates of 2.0% to 4.0% and with varying maturity dates through 2027. The proceeds were used to advance refund \$18,375,000 of outstanding 2007 general obligation bonds which had interest rates ranging from 4.0% to 5.0%. The net proceeds of \$19,200,267 (including a \$1,312,194 premium and after payment of \$168,556 in underwriting fees and other issuance costs) were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide funds for the future debt service payments on the refunded bonds. As a result, the 2007 general obligation bonds are considered to be partially defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. The prior debt service, \$24,241,000, exceeded the refunding debt service, \$21,453,453, and results in cash flow savings in the amount of \$2,787,547. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying value of the old debt by \$716,723, as the transaction resulted in an economic gain of \$2,551,735.

In June 2017, the County issued \$51,000,000 of general obligation bonds bearing interest rates of 3.13% to 5% and with varying maturity dates through 2037. \$31 million of the proceeds of these bonds will be used for various County and Stormwater Utility capital projects and \$20 million of the proceeds of these bonds will be used for the County's rural and critical land projects, as approved by referendum in November 2014.

In June 2017, the County issued \$6,110,000 of general obligation refunding bonds bearing interest rates of 5.0% and with varying maturity dates through 2020. The net proceeds of \$6,424,372 (including a \$362,230 premium and after payment of \$47,858 in underwriting fees and other issuance costs) were used to provide funds for the defeasance of the 2007B general obligation bonds in the amount of \$6,405,000 bearing interest rates of 4.0% to 5.0%. As a result, the 2007B general obligation bonds are considered to be fully defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position. The prior debt service, \$6,794,700, exceeded the refunding debt service, \$6,556,679, and results in cash flow savings in the amount of \$238,021. The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying value of the old debt by \$14,945, as the transaction resulted in an economic gain of \$237,486.



For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

## 5. <u>Long Term Obligations – Continued</u>:

In June 2017, the County issued \$30,250,000 of general obligation bond anticipation notes bearing interest rates of 1.4% and with a maturity date of June 2018. The proceeds were used to provide short-term cash flow as a result of debris removal efforts impacted by Hurricane Matthew. The County intends to receive sufficient reimbursements from the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) to repay the notes in June 2018.

The 2006, 2006B, 2007, 2007B, 2010A, 2010C, 2011, 2012A, 2012C, 2012E, 2013A, 2013B, 2013C, 2014A, and 2014B general obligation bonds are collateralized by the full faith and credit of the County and are payable from ad valorem taxes.

General obligation bonds accounted for in the County's Statement of Net Position consist of the following at June 30, 2017:

Description	Rates	Dates	Maturity	Original Issue	Outstanding at June 30, 2017
2010A County Bonds	2.0% - 5.0%	3/1 and 9/1	2029	24,205,000	9,385,000
2010C County Bonds	2.0% - 4.0%	2/1 and 8/1	2022	8,125,000	4,795,000
2011 County Bonds	2.0% - 3.5%	3/1 and 9/1	2031	10,000,000	9,645,000
2012A County Bonds	2.0% - 4.0%	3/1 and 9/1	2023	15,295,000	9,795,000
2012C County Bonds	2.0% - 5.0%	2/1 and 8/1	2025	25,185,000	22,525,000
2012E County Bonds	3.5%	10/12	2052	6,000,000	5,700,823
2013A County Bonds	1.5% - 4.0%	5/1 and 11/1	2033	7,580,000	6,040,000
2013B County Bonds	1.5% - 4.0%	5/1 and 11/1	2029	25,000,000	20,020,000
2013C County Bonds	1.5% - 5.0%	3/1 and 9/1	2026	33,150,000	30,385,000
2014A County Bonds	2.0% - 5.0%	3/1 and 9/1	2034	19,450,000	17,280,000
2014B County Bonds	2.5% - 4.0%	3/1 and 9/1	2029	22,570,000	22,570,000
2016A County Bonds	2.0% - 4.0%	3/1 and 9/1	2027	17,950,000	17,950,000
2017A County Bonds	3.0% - 5.0%	2/1 and 8/1	2037	51,000,000	51,000,000
2017B County Bonds	5.0%	2/1 and 8/1	2020	6,110,000	6,110,000
2017 County Bond Anticipation Notes	1.4%	6/29	2018	30,250,000	30,250,000
				\$301,870,000	\$ 263,450,823

A schedule of the debt service requirements associated with the general obligation bonds is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 45,291,451	\$ 7,871,807	\$ 53,163,258
2019	15,579,302	8,121,429	23,700,731
2020	16,182,253	7,539,053	23,721,306
2021	17,235,306	6,853,300	24,088,606
2022	17,908,467	6,166,439	24,074,906
2023-2027	71,743,757	20,827,521	92,571,278
2028-2032	46,626,120	9,894,865	56,520,985
2033-2037	29,486,757	3,156,393	32,643,150
Thereafter	3,397,410	1,098,270	4,495,680
Total	\$ 263,450,823	\$ 71,529,077	\$334,979,900

Total interest paid on bonds outstanding for the year ended June 30, 2017 was \$7,360,339.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

### 5. <u>Long Term Obligations – Continued</u>:

#### **Mortgage**

In September 2015, the County entered into a \$4,000,000 intergovernmental loan agreement with the South Carolina Public Service Authority to acquire land and design and construct a 40,000 square foot building located on property adjacent to property currently owned and utilized by the County. The initial interest rate on this mortgage is two (2%) percent, per year for the initial five (5) years. Each year thereafter for the remaining term of the mortgage, the interest rate for any outstanding principal balance will be the current interest rate in effect on ten (10) year U.S. Treasury Notes.

The mortgage accounted for in the County's Statement of Net Position consists of the following at June 30, 2017:

Description	Rates	Dates	Maturity	Original Issue	June 30, 2017
Mortgage	2.00%	9/15	2017	4,000,000	4,000,000
				\$ 4,000,000	\$ 4,000,000

A schedule of the debt service requirements associated with the mortgage is as follows:

	Fiscal Year Ending	Principal	I	Interest	Total
2018	_	4,000,000		80,000	4,080,000
Total		\$ 4,000,000	\$	80,000	\$ 4,080,000

#### **Total Governmental Activities Debt**

A schedule of the debt service requirements associated with the total governmental activities debt is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 49,291,451	\$ 7,951,807	\$ 57,243,258
2019	15,579,302	8,121,429	23,700,731
2020	16,182,253	7,539,053	23,721,306
2021	17,235,306	6,853,300	24,088,606
2022	17,908,467	6,166,439	24,074,906
2023-2027	71,743,757	20,827,521	92,571,278
2028-2032	46,626,120	9,894,865	56,520,985
2033-2037	29,486,757	3,156,393	32,643,150
Thereafter	3,397,410	1,098,270	4,495,680
Total	\$ 267,450,823	\$ 71,609,077	\$339,059,900

## Governmental Activities Changes in Long-Term Obligations

	Balance June			Balance June
	30, 2016	Additions	Retirements	30, 2017
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 196,814,520	\$ 57,110,000	\$ 20,723,697	\$233,200,823
General Obligation Bond Anticipation Note	-	30,250,000	-	30,250,000
TIF Revenue Bonds	3,295,000	-	3,295,000	-
Mortgage	4,000,000	-	-	4,000,000
Capital Lease	1,432,527	-	1,432,527	-
Premiums	13,892,575	4,794,335	2,636,278	16,050,632
Total	\$ 219,434,622	\$ 92,154,335	\$ 28,087,502	\$ 283,501,455
Deferred Charge on Refundings	\$ 4,755,142	<u> -                                   </u>	\$ 569,187	\$ 4,185,955

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

### 5. <u>Long Term Obligations – Continued</u>:

# Current Portion of Long Term Obligations

The current portion of long term obligations is computed as follows:

General Obligation Bonds	\$ 15,041,451
General Obligation Bond Anticipation Note	30,250,000
Mortgage	4,000,000
Premiums	2,137,385
	\$ 51,428,836
Deferred Charge on Refundings	\$ 569.187

## 6. <u>Accrued Compensated Absences</u>

The County considers accrued compensated absences to be reported as a current and long term liability. For governmental activities, compensated absences payable are liquidated by the general fund.

### Governmental Activities Changes in Current and Long -Term Obligations

Bala	ance June 30,				Bal	lance June 30,	A	Amount Due in
	2016	Additions	F	Retirements		2017		One Year
\$	3,459,227	\$ 2,374,995	\$	2,227,019	\$	3,607,203	\$	432,864

### Business-Type Activities Changes in Current and Long -Term Obligations

Balan	ce June 30,				Bala	nce June 30,	An	nount Due in
	2016	Additions	Re	tirements		2017	(	One Year
\$	114,577	\$ 84,571	\$	82,026	\$	117,122	\$	14,055

### 7. Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers (in/out) were used to move resources to/from other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, or other requirements. These transfers were permanent in nature and as such there are not any anticipated repayments. The following interfund transfers were made during the year ended June 30, 2017.

Recipient Fund	Transferring Fund	Amount
General Fund	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	1,707,103
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	General Fund	4,082,113
Internal Service Fund	General Fund	668,434
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	198,713
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	273,419
Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	2,701,219
Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	Nonmajor Capital Projects Fund	2,195,550
		\$11,826,551

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

#### 8. Operating Leases

The County leases certain office space and machinery and equipment under cancelable operating leases. Under the terms of the lease agreements, the County's obligation to continue rental obligations is contingent upon the continued appropriation of funds by the County for that purpose. Total rental expenses for the year ended June 30, 2017 were approximately \$143,000.

The following is a schedule of minimum commitments for operating lease payments:

Fiscal Year Ending	Amount
2018	\$ 127,026
2019	612
2020	12
2021	12
2022	12
2023-2028	36
Total	\$ 127,710

#### 9. <u>Deferred Compensation Plans</u>

All state and local government employees can participate in a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code 457. The plan, administered by the state public employee retirement system through a state approved nongovernmental third party, permits governmental employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to an employee until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Contributions by employees under the 457 program totaled \$296,982 for the year ended June 30, 2017. There are no employer contributions made by the County to this plan. Participant account balances are not included in these financial statements.

County employees may participate in a 401(k) or a Roth 401(k) deferred compensation plans available to state and local governmental employees through the state public employee retirement system. The 401(k) and Roth 401(k) programs are administered by a state approved nongovernmental third party. Contributions by employees under the 401(k) and Roth 401(k) programs totaled \$631,281 and \$11,480, respectively, for the year ended June 30, 2017. There are no employer contributions made by the County to these plans. Participant account balances are not included in these financial statements.

### 10. <u>Self-Insured Health Insurance</u>

The County is self-insured for health claims incurred by employees and/or their dependents. The plan establishes a "Stop Loss" of \$200,000 per person per contract year. There are not any individuals excluded from the stop loss coverage with a specific deductible. At June 30, 2017, claims due and payable total approximately \$772,526 and are recorded as a liability and expenditure within the General Fund.

The following indicates claims versus premiums for the past fiscal year:

		Current Year Claims		
For the Year	Beginning	and Changes in	Claim	Ending
Ended June 30,	Liability	Estimate	Payments	Liability
2017	\$ -	\$ 13,911,455	\$13.138.929	\$ 772.526

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For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

#### 11. Pension Plans

The South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority (PEBA), which was created July 1, 2012, administers the various retirement systems and retirement programs managed by its Retirement Division. PEBA has an 11-member Board of Directors, appointed by the Governor and General Assembly leadership, which serves as co-trustee and co-fiduciary of the systems and the trust funds. By law, the Budget and Control Board (State Fiscal Accountability Authority effective July 1, 2015), which consists of five elected officials, also reviews certain PEBA Board decisions regarding the funding of the South Carolina Retirement Systems (Systems) and serves as a co-trustee of the Systems in conducting that review.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Systems and additions to/deductions from the Systems fiduciary net position have been determined on the accrual basis of accounting as they are reported by the Systems in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). For this purpose, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Benefit and refund expenses are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Investments are reported at fair value.

PEBA issues a Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) containing financial statements and required supplementary information for the Systems' Pension Trust Funds. The CAFR is publicly available through the Retirement Benefits' link on PEBA's website at www.peba.sc.gov, or a copy may be obtained by submitting a request to PEBA, 202 Arbor Lake Drive, Columbia, SC 29223. PEBA is considered a division of the primary government of the state of South Carolina and therefore, retirement trust fund financial information is also included in the comprehensive annual financial report of the state.

#### Plan Description:

The South Carolina Retirement System (SCRS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, was established effective July 1, 1945, pursuant to the provisions of Section 9-1-20 of the South Carolina Code of Laws for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other benefits for employees of the state, its public school districts, and political subdivisions.

The State Optional Retirement Program (State ORP) is a defined contribution plan that is offered as an alternative to SCRS to certain newly hired state, public school, and higher education employees. State ORP participants direct the investment of their funds into a plan administered by one of four investment providers.

The South Carolina Police Officers Retirement System (PORS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, was established effective July 1, 1962, pursuant to the provisions of Section 9-11-20 of the South Carolina Code of Laws for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other benefits for police officers and firemen of the state and its political subdivisions.

#### Membership:

Membership requirements are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. A brief summary of the requirements under each system is presented below.

- SCRS Generally, all employees of covered employers are required to participate in and contribute to the system as a condition of employment. This plan covers general employees and teachers and individuals newly elected to the South Carolina General Assembly beginning with the November 2012 general election. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership prior to July 1, 2012, is a Class Two member. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership on or after July 1, 2012, is a Class Three member.
- State ORP As an alternative to membership in SCRS, newly hired state, public school, and higher education employees and individuals newly elected to the S.C. General Assembly beginning with the November 2012 general election have the option to participate in the State Optional Retirement Program (State ORP), which is a defined contribution plan. State ORP participants direct the investment of their funds into a plan administered by one of four investment providers. PEBA assumes no liability for State ORP benefits. Rather, the benefits are the liability of the investment providers. For this reason, State ORP programs are not part of the retirement systems' trust funds for financial statement purposes. Employee and Employer contributions to the State ORP are at the same rates as SCRS. A direct remittance is required from the employers to the

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

#### 11. Pension Plans – continued:

member's account with investment providers for the employee contribution and a portion of the employer contribution (5 percent). A direct remittance is also required to SCRS for the remaining portion of the employer contribution and an incidental death benefit contribution, if applicable, which is retained by SCRS.

• **PORS** - To be eligible for PORS membership, an employee must be required by the terms of his employment, by election or appointment, to preserve public order, protect life and property, and detect crimes in the state; to prevent and control property destruction by fire; or to serve as a peace officer employed by the Department of Corrections, the Department of Juvenile Justice, or the Department of Mental Health. Probate judges and coroners may elect membership in PORS. Magistrates are required to participate in PORS for service as a magistrate. PORS members, other than magistrates and probate judges, must also earn at least \$2,000 per year and devote at least 1,600 hours per year to this work, unless exempted by statute. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership prior to July 1, 2012, is a Class Two member. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership on or after July 1, 2012, is a Class Three member.

#### Benefits:

Benefit terms are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. PEBA does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms without a legislative change in the code of laws. Key elements of the benefit calculation include the benefit multiplier, years of service, and average final compensation. A brief summary of the benefit terms for each system is presented below.

• SCRS - A Class Two member who has separated from service with at least five or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 65 or with 28 years credited service regardless of age. A member may elect early retirement with reduced pension benefits payable at age 55 with 25 years of service credit. A Class Three member who has separated from service with at least eight or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension upon satisfying the Rule of 90 requirement that the total of the member's age and the member's creditable service equals at least 90 years. Both Class Two and Class Three members are eligible to receive a reduced deferred annuity at age 60 if they satisfy the five- or eight-year earned service requirement, respectively. An incidental death benefit is also available to beneficiaries of active and retired members of employers who participate in the death benefit program.

The annual retirement allowance of eligible retirees or their surviving annuitants is increased by the lesser of one percent or five hundred dollars every July 1. Only those annuitants in receipt of a benefit on July 1 of the preceding year are eligible to receive the increase. Members who retire under the early retirement provisions at age 55 with 25 years of service are not eligible for the benefit adjustment until the second July 1 after reaching age 60 or the second July 1 after the date they would have had 28 years of service credit had they not retired.

• PORS - A Class Two member who has separated from service with at least five or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 55 or with 25 years of service regardless of age. A Class Three member who has separated from service with at least eight or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 55 or with 27 years of service regardless of age. Both Class Two and Class Three members are eligible to receive a deferred annuity at age 55 with five or eight years of earned service, respectively. An incidental death benefit is also available to beneficiaries of active and retired members of employers who participate in the death benefit program. Accidental death benefits are also provided upon the death of an active member working for a covered employer whose death was a natural and proximate result of an injury incurred while in the performance of duty.

The retirement allowance of eligible retirees or their surviving annuitants is increased by the lesser of one percent or five hundred dollars every July 1. Only those annuitants in receipt of a benefit on July 1 of the preceding year are eligible to receive the increase.

#### Contributions:

Contributions are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. Upon recommendation by the actuary in the annual actuarial valuation, the PEBA Board may adopt and present to the Budget and Control Board for approval an increase in the SCRS and PORS employer and employee contribution rates, but any such increase may not result in a differential between the

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

### 11. <u>Pension Plans – continued:</u>

employee and total employer contribution rate that exceeds 2.9 percent of earnable compensation for SCRS and 5 percent for PORS. An increase in the contribution rates adopted by the Board may not provide for an increase of more than one-half of one percent in any one year. If the scheduled employee and employer contributions provided in statute or the rates last adopted by the Board are insufficient to maintain a thirty year amortization schedule of the unfunded liabilities of the plans, the Board shall increase the contribution rates in equal percentage amounts for the employer and employee as necessary to maintain the thirty-year amortization period; and, this increase is not limited to one-half of one percent per year.

#### • Required **employee** contribution rates<sup>1</sup> are as follows:

SCRS	Fiscal Year 2017	Fiscal Year 2016
Employee Class Two	8.66%	8.16%
Employee Class Three	8.66%	8.16%
State ORP		
Employee	8.66%	8.16%
PORS		
Employee Class Two	9.24%	8.74%
Employee Class Three	9.24%	8.74%
• Required <u>employer</u> contribution rates <sup>1</sup> are as follows:		
SCRS		
Employer Class Two	11.41%	10.91%
Employer Class Three	11.41%	10.91%
Employer Incidental Death Benefit	0.15%	0.15%
State ORP		
Employer Contribution <sup>2</sup>	11.41%	10.91%
Employer Incidental Death Benefit	0.15%	0.15%
PORS		
Employer Class Two	13.84%	13.34%
Employer Class Three	13.84%	13.34%
Employer Incidental Death Benefit	0.20%	0.20%
Employer Accidental Death Benefit	0.20%	0.20%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Calculated on earnable compensation as defined in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws.

Contributions to the SCRS and PORS pension plans from the County were \$4.5 million and \$2.9 million for the year ended June 30, 2017, respectively.

### Actuarial assumptions and methods:

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and future salary increases. Actuarial assumptions and methods used during the annual valuation process are subject to periodic revision, typically with an experience study, as actual results over an extended period of time are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Of this employer contribution, 5% of earnable compensation must be remitted by the employer directly to the ORP vendor to be allocated to the member's account with the remainder of the employer contribution remitted to the SCRS.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

#### 11. Pension Plans – continued:

South Carolina state statute requires that an actuarial experience study be completed at least once in each five-year period. An experience report on the Systems was most recently issued as of July 1, 2015. The June 30, 2016, total pension liability, net pension liability, and sensitivity information were determined by the Systems consulting actuary, Gabriel, Roeder, Smith and Company (GRS) and are based on the July 1, 2015, actuarial valuations, as adopted by the PEBA Board and SFAA which utilized membership data as of July 1, 2015. The total pension liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date to the Systems' fiscal year end June 30, 2016, using generally accepted acturarial principles. Information included in the following schedules is based on the certification provided by GRS.

#### Actuarial assumptions and methods (continued):

The following provides a summary of the actuarial assumptions and methods used in the July 1, 2015, valuations for SCRS and PORS.

	SCRS	PORS
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return <sup>1</sup>	7.5%	7.5%
Projected salary increases	3.5% to 12.5% (varies by service) <sup>1</sup>	4.0% to 10.0% (varies by service) <sup>1</sup>
Benefit adjustments	lesser of 1% or \$500 annually	lesser of 1% or \$500 annually
<sup>1</sup> Includes inflation at 2.75%		

The post-retiree mortality assumption is dependent upon the member's job category and gender. This assumption includes base rates which are automatically adjusted for future improvement in mortality using published Scale AA projected from the year 2000. Assumptions used in the July 1, 2015, valuations for SCRS and PORS are as follows.

Former Job Class	Males	Females		
Educators	RP-2000 Males (with White Collar adjustment) multiplied by 110%	RP-2000 Females (with White Collar adjustment) multiplied by 95%		
General Employees and Members of the General Assembly	RP-2000 Males multiplied by 100%	RP-2000 Females multiplied by 90%		
Public Safety and Firefighters	RP-2000 Males (with Blue Collar adjustment) multiplied by 115%	RP-2000 Females (with Blue Collar adjustment) multiplied by 115%		

#### Net pension liability:

At June 30, 2017, the County reported liabilities of \$78,700,803 and \$37,955,351 for its proportionate shares of the SCRS and PORS net pension liabilities, respectively. The net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liabilities used to calculate the net pension liabilities were determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2015 projected forward to June 30, 2016. The County's proportionate shares of the net pension liabilities were based on a projection of the County's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2016, the County's proportionate shares of the SCRS and PORS plans were 0.368452% and 1.49638%, which was the same as its proportionate shares of the net pension liabilities measured as of June 30, 2015, respectively.

#### Pension expense:

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the County recognized pension expense of the SCRS and PORS plans of \$7,053,942 and \$4,134,062, respectively.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

#### 11. Pension Plans (continued)

#### <u>Deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources:</u>

At June 30, 2017, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to its pension liabilities from the following sources for each of the respective plans:

	SCRS				
		red outflows resources	Deferred inflows of resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	815,826	\$	85,469	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		6,621,266		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		1,171,733		712,140	
County Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		4,489,430		-	
Total	\$	13,098,255	\$	797,609	

	PORS				
	20.0.	red outflows resources	Deferred inflows of resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	563,185	\$	-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		4,303,803		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		563,594		334,805	
County Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		2,871,255			
Total	\$	8,301,837	\$	334,805	

The \$4,489,430 and \$2,871,255 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from County contributions paid subsequent to the measurement date for the SCRS and PORS plans, respectively, during the year ended June 30, 2017 will be recognized as reduction of the net pension liabilities in the year ending June 30, 2018.

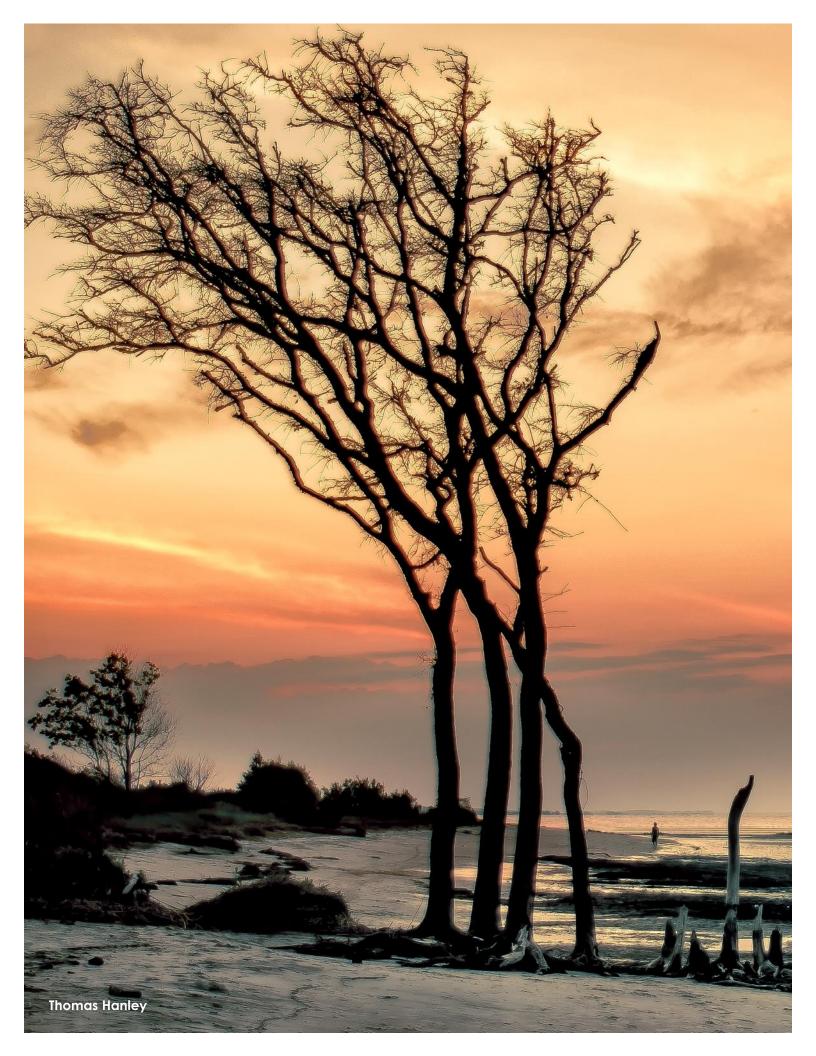
Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows for the SCRS and PORS plans, respectively:

Year ended June 30,	SCRS	PORS		
2018	\$ 1,871,987	\$	1,129,857	
2019	1,445,550		1,101,309	
2020	2,961,153		1,780,393	
2021	1,532,526		1,084,218	

#### Pension plan fiduciary net position:

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB No. 67 less that System's fiduciary net position. NPL totals, as of June 30, 2016, for SCRS and PORS are presented below.

System	To	otal Pension Liability	Pla	an Fiduciary Net Position	mployers' Net nsion Liability (Asset)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension
SCRS	\$	167,115,880	\$	88,415,077	\$ 78,700,803	52.9%
PORS		95,955,549		58,000,198	37,955,351	60.4%



For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

#### 11. Pension Plans (continued)

The total pension liability is calculated by the Systems' actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the Systems' financial statements. The net pension liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB 67 in the Systems' notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information. Liability calculations performed by the Systems' actuary for the purpose of satisfying the requirements of GASB Nos. 67 and 68 are not applicable for other purposes, such as determining the plans' funding requirements.

#### Long-term Expected Rate of Return:

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments, as used in the July 1, 2015, actuarial valuations, was based upon the 30 year capital markets outlook at the end of the third quarter 2015. The long-term expected rate of returns represent assumptions developed using an arithmetic building block approach primarily based on consensus expectations and market based inputs. Expected returns are net of investment fees.

The expected returns, along with the expected inflation rate, form the basis for the target asset allocation as adopted beginning January 1, 2016. The long-term expected rate of return is produced by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation and is summarized in the table below. For actuarial purposes, the 7.50 percent assumed annual investment rate of return used in the calculation of the total pension liability includes a 4.75 percent real rate of return and a 2.75 percent inflation component.

	Target Asset	Expected	Long Term	
	Allocation	Arithmetic Real	Expected Portfolio	
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return	Real Rate of Return	
Global Equity	43.0%			
Global Public Equity	34.0%	6.52%	2.22%	
Private Equity	9.0%	9.30%	0.84%	
Real Assets	8.0%			
Real Estate	5.0%	4.32%	0.22%	
Commodities	3.0%	4.56%	0.13%	
Opportunistic	20.0%			
GTAA/Risk Parity	10.0%	3.90%	0.39%	
HF (Low Beta)	10.0%	3.87%	0.39%	
Diversified Credit	17.0%			
Mixed Credit	5.0%	3.52%	0.17%	
Emerging Markets Debt	5.0%	4.91%	0.25%	
Private Debt	7.0%	4.47%	0.31%	
Conservative Fixed Income	12.0%			
Core Fixed Income	10.0%	1.72%	0.17%	
Cash and Short Duration (Net)	2.0%	0.71%	0.01%	
Total Expected Real Return	100.0%	-	5.10%	
Inflation for Actuarial Purposes			2.75%	
Total Expected Nominal Return			7.85%	

#### Discount rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the funding policy specified in the South Carolina State Code of Laws will remain unchanged in future years. Based on those assumptions, each System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

#### 11. Pension Plans – continued:

#### Sensitivity analysis:

The following table presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liabilities of the respective plans calculated using the discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.00 percent lower (6.50 percent) or 1.00 percent higher (8.50 percent) than the current rate.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate										
System	1.00% Decrease (6.50%)		(7.500/)		1.00% Increase (8.50%)					
SCRS	\$	98,177,097	\$	78,700,803	\$	62,487,523				
PORS	\$	49,743,672		37,955,351		27,361,237				

#### Additional Financial and Actuarial Information:

Detailed information regarding the fiduciary net position of the plans administered by PEBA is available in the Systems' audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 (including the unmodified audit opinion on the financial statements). Additional actuarial information is available in the accounting and financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016.

#### 12. <u>Accrued Compensated Absences and Other Benefits</u>

Effective February 15, 1993, Beaufort County adopted a new leave policy for all employees. The TOWP/SCA policy was replaced with a policy granting Personal Leave Days and Personal Disability Leave. Under the new policy, employees were entitled to a maximum Personal Leave balance of 280 hours. Upon termination, employees will be paid for all unused, unpaid Personal Leave up to this maximum. The liability recorded at June 30, 2017, to cover unused, unpaid Personal Leave including fringe benefits totaled \$3,724,325.

The County reports \$432,107 as a current liability and \$3,174,339 as a long-term liability for governmental activities, while \$14,055 as a current liability and \$103,067 as a long-term liability for business-type activities.

All leave hours accrued in excess of this Personal Leave maximum were accrued to the employee's Personal Disability leave account. A maximum of 360 hours may be maintained in an employee's Personal Disability leave account. The only accrual to this balance occurs when an employee's Personal Leave account exceeds 280 hours, at which time excess hours are "rolled over" to the Personal Disability leave account. Personal Disability leave is to be used in the case of an extended or life threatening illness. This account can only be used once all accrued hours in the Personal Leave account have been used to a balance of 80 hours or less. The employee must present a doctor's statement verifying the disability or illness in order to utilize his/her Personal Disability leave. Employees with remaining SCA leave balances may retain those balances. The same rules governing the use of Personal Disability leave apply to the use of SCA leave. Upon termination of employment with Beaufort County, no payment for any unused SCA or Personal Disability leave will be made.

The County does not provide postemployment health care benefits except those mandated by the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act (COBRA). The requirements established by COBRA are fully funded by employees who elect coverage under the Act, and no direct costs are incurred by the County.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

#### 13. Fund Balances

As prescribed by GASB Statement No. 54, governmental funds report fund balance in classifications based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds can be spent. As of June 30, 2017, fund balances for government funds are made up of the following:

- Nonspendable Fund Balance includes amounts that are (a) not in spendable form, or (b) legally or contractually
  required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be
  converted to cash, for example: inventories, prepaid amounts, and long-term notes receivable.
- Restricted Fund Balance includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external
  resource providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may effectively be changed or lifted
  only with the consent of the resource providers.
- Committed Fund Balance includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes determined by a formal
  action of the County's highest level of decision-making authority, County Council. Commitments may be changed or
  lifted only by the County taking the same formal action that imposes the constraint originally.
- Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the County for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. County Council has by resolution authorized the County Administrator to assign fund balance. County Council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.
- Unassigned Fund Balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all amounts not contained
  in the other classifications. Unassigned amounts are technically available for any purpose.

In circumstances when an expenditure is made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, fund balance is generally depleted in the order of restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Beaufort County Council is the County's highest level of decision-making authority that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

The County considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for the purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted amounts are available. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned amounts could be used, the County considers expenditures to be used in this respective order.

The County has established a General Fund fund balance policy, through Ordinance No. 2014/6, that requires the maintenance of a fund balance of at least 30% of the total General Fund expenditures of the previous fiscal year as an unassigned General Fund fund balance.

The County has established a Debt Service Fund balance policy, through Ordinance No. 2014/7, that requires the maintenance of a fund balance that covers the County's interest payments, occurring on August 1<sup>st</sup> and September 1<sup>st</sup> of every fiscal year.

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

#### 13. Fund Balances – Continued

Fund balances for all the major and nonmajor funds as of June 30, 2017, were distributed as follows:

	General Fund	County Wide General Obligation Bonds	Rural and Critical Lands Program	2017 General Obligation Bond Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable:						
Prepaid Items	\$ 1,980,794	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 99,269	\$ 2,080,063
	1,980,794				99,269	2,080,063
Restricted:						
General Government Grants	-	-	-	-	13,021,579	13,021,579
Public Safety Grants	-	-	-	-	5,933,066	5,933,066
Public Works Grants	-	-	-	-	20,972,701	20,972,701
Public Health Grants	-	-	-	-	3,450,276	3,450,276
Public Welfare Grants	-	-	-	-	21,326	21,326
Cultural & Recreation Grants	-	-	-	-	7,231,194	7,231,194
Capital Projects	-	-	15,075,311	25,991,800	16,680,734	57,747,845
Debt Service		20,492,165			3,306,846	23,799,011
		20,492,165	15,075,311	25,991,800	70,617,722	132,176,998
Committed:						
Parks and Leisure Capital Program	-	-	-	-	52,595	52,595
General Government Facility						
Improvements	313,641					313,641
	313,641				52,595	366,236
Assigned:						
General Government	1,513,857	-	-	-	-	1,513,857
Traffic Engineering	48,768		-	-	-	48,768
Parks and Leisure Special Events	137,575	-	-	-	-	137,575
	1,700,200					1,700,200
Unassigned	23,772,760					23,772,760
	\$ 27,767,395	\$ 20,492,165	\$15,075,311	\$25,991,800	\$70,769,586	\$160,096,257

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

#### 14. Commitments and Contingencies

Arbitrage rules - State and local bonds issued after 1984 are subject to arbitrage restrictions as enacted by the Federal Government. To retain the bonds' tax exempt status, local governments must comply with the regulations as adopted by the government and expend all of the bond proceeds within designated periods which could be up to three years. The County believes it is in compliance with all arbitrage rules.

As of June 30, 2017, the County has outstanding construction contracts of \$45,090,312.

#### 15. Risk Management and Litigation

The County is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; thefts of; damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster. The County manages risk through employee educational and prevention programs and through the purchase of casualty and liability insurance. All risk management activities are accounted for in the General Fund.

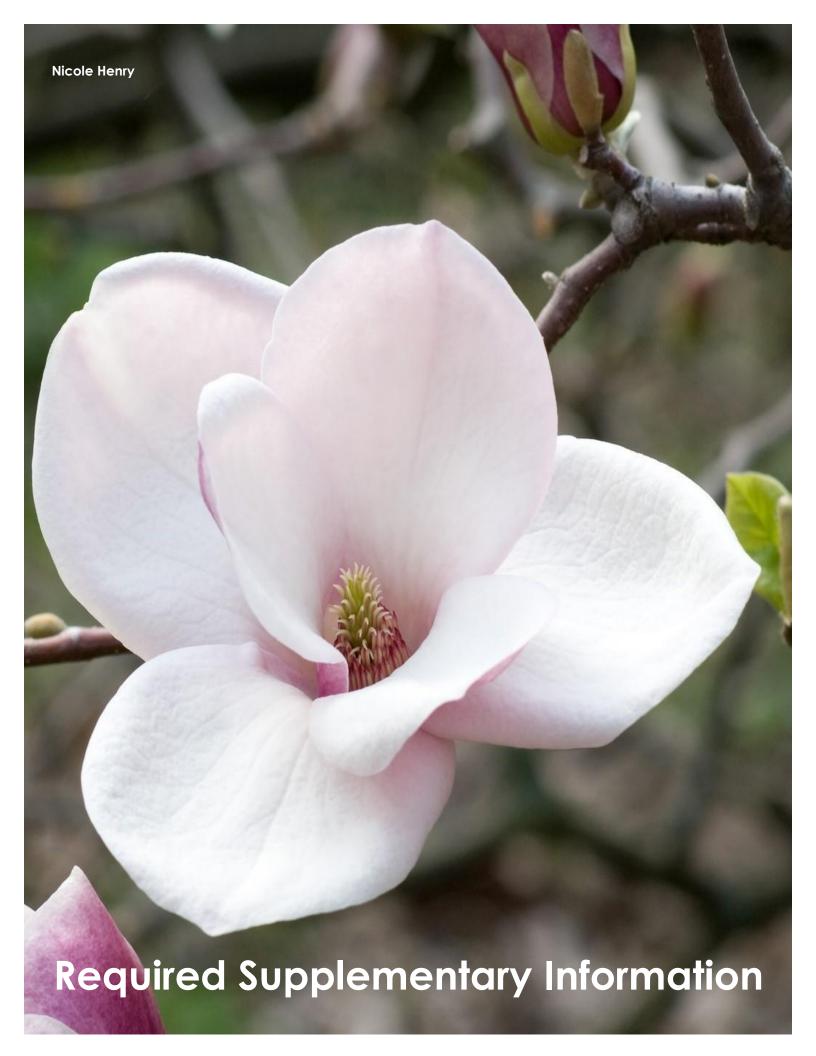
For all of these risks, the County is a member of the State of South Carolina Insurance Reserve Fund, a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for local governments. The County pays an annual premium to the State Insurance Reserve Fund for its insurance coverage. The State Insurance Reserve Fund is self-sustaining through member premiums and reinsures through commercial companies for certain claims.

Expenditures and claims are recognized when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. In determining claims, events that might create claims, but for which none have been reported are considered.

The County is a party to several lawsuits which seek to recover property taxes paid under protest and to overturn property sold at "tax sales." The County's attorney estimates that the amount of actual or potential claims against the County at June 30, 2017 will not materially affect the financial conditions of the County. Therefore, the General Fund contains no provision for estimated claims.

The County is a party to a lawsuit regarding the termination of other post-employment healthcare insurance coverage for which management cannot determine the outcome. Therefore, there is no provision provided in the financial statements.

The County has not significantly reduced insurance coverage from the previous year nor has it settled claims in excess of insurance coverage for the last three years that were material.



#### BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MODIFIED APPROACH FOR AIRPORT INFRASTRUCTURE ASSETS June 30, 2017

Beaufort County's airports infrastructure assets consist of approximately 25% airport runways, 25% airport taxiways, and 50% airport aprons. The condition of the runways, taxiways, and aprons is measured using several distress factors found in pavement surfaces. The airports' pavement management system uses a measurement scale that is based on a condition index. For the Lady's Island Airport, the South Carolina Aeronautics Commission (SCAC) condition scale is used to classify runways, taxiways, and aprons. The SCAC condition scale is as follows: good or better condition (70 - 100), fair condition (50 - 69), and substandard condition (less than 50). For the Hilton Head Island Airport, the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) condition scale is used to classify runways, taxiways, and aprons. The FAA condition scale is as follows: excellent condition (5), good condition (4), fair condition (3), poor condition (2), and failed condition (1). It is the County's policy to maintain the runways, taxiways, and aprons at a fair condition or better. Condition assessments are determined every year by the County at both airports, the SCAC at the Lady's Island Airport, and the FAA at the Hilton Head Island Airport. The County's runways, taxiways, and aprons have an estimated useful life, without resurfacing, of 25 years. Due to the strong safety concerns of airplanes landing, taking off, and taxiing on these surfaces, all surfaces are repaired immediately if and when there is a need for such repairs.

Actual maintenance of runways, taxiways, and aprons involves scraping and providing improved surface materials on an as needed basis or filling cracks within the pavement on an as needed basis.

	FY 2017	FY 2016	FY 2015
Percent of Runways in Fair or Better Condition	100%	100%	100%
Percent of Taxiways in Fair or Better Condition	100%	100%	100%
Percent of Aprons in Fair or Better Condition	100%	100%	100%
Percent of Annual Resurfacing of Runways Completed	0%	0%	0%
Percent of Annual Resurfacing of Taxiways Completed	0%	0%	0%
Percent of Annual Resurfacing of Aprons Completed	0%	0%	0%

The County estimates maintenance expense in the amount of \$650,000 to be incurred every five (5) years for paving costs in order to maintain and preserve at (or above) the condition level established and disclosed above. The County adopted the modified approach for its airport infrastructure assets in fiscal year 2011. There were no actual maintenance and preservation costs for fiscal years 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014 and 2015.

During Fiscal Year 2017 and 2016, the Hilton Head Island Airport expended \$9.2 million and \$4.3 million, respectively, related to the relocation of taxiways A and F and replacement of the general aviation (GA) ramp and the runway extension project. The County anticipates that the runways, taxiways and aprons will be preserved as part of the runway extension project.

#### BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY\* June 30, 2017

#### **SCRS**

			County's		County's proportionate	
		County's	proportionate	County's	share of the net pension	Plan fiduciary
		proportion of	share of the	covered	liability as a percentage of	net position of
		the net pension	net pension	employee	its covered-employee	the total
		liability	liability	payroll	payroll	pension liability
	6/30/2017	0.37%	78,700,803	35,677,230	220.59%	52.90%
	6/30/2016	0.36%	68,288,822	33,748,204	202.35%	57.00%
	6/30/2015	0.37%	63,288,017	33,248,858	190.35%	59.90%
PORS			County's		County's proportionate	
		County's proportion of	proportionate share of the	County's covered	share of the net pension liability as a percentage of	Plan fiduciary net position of

employee

payroll

19,093,765

17,974,479

18,070,889

its covered-employee

payroll

198.78%

177.32%

157.91%

the total

pension liability

60.40%

64.60%

67.50%

net pension

liability

37,955,351

31,872,585

28,534,997

the net pension

liability

1.50%

1.46%

1.49%

6/30/2017

6/30/2016

6/30/2015

<sup>\*</sup>Note: Information is obtained from South Carolina Retirement System Annual Report. The pension schedules are intended to show information for ten (10) years. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

### BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE SOUTH CAROLINA RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS June 30, 2017

#### **SCRS**

	Contractually required contribution	Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	Contribution deficiency (excess)	County's covered- employee payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll
6/30/2017	4,488,733	(4,488,733)	-	38,829,871	11.56%
6/30/2016	3,945,902	(3,945,902)	-	35,677,230	11.06%
6/30/2015	3,678,554	(3,678,554)	-	33,748,204	10.90%
6/30/2014	3,521,517	(3,521,517)	-	33,248,858	10.59%
6/30/2013	3,469,387	(3,469,387)	-	31,963,087	10.85%
6/30/2012	3,047,691	(3,047,691)	-	34,421,016	8.85%
6/30/2011	3,232,140	(3,232,140)	-	34,335,421	9.41%
6/30/2010	3,224,101	(3,224,101)	-	34,201,255	9.43%
6/30/2009	3,211,502	(3,211,502)	-	31,727,748	10.12%
6/30/2008	2,922,132	(2,922,132)	-	27,769,529	10.52%

#### **PORS**

	Contractually required contribution	Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	Contribution deficiency (excess)	County's covered- employee payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll
6/30/2017	2,873,395	(2,873,395)	-	20,178,336	14.24%
6/30/2016	2,623,483	(2,623,483)	-	19,093,765	13.74%
6/30/2015	2,410,378	(2,410,378)	-	17,974,479	13.41%
6/30/2014	2,320,302	(2,320,302)	-	18,070,889	12.84%
6/30/2013	2,190,358	(2,190,358)	-	17,479,163	12.53%
6/30/2012	2,056,075	(2,056,075)	-	17,777,568	11.57%
6/30/2011	2,049,754	(2,049,754)	-	16,927,063	12.11%
6/30/2010	1,870,440	(1,870,440)	-	16,516,394	11.32%
6/30/2009	1,825,061	(1,825,061)	-	15,038,476	12.14%
6/30/2008	1,609,117	(1,609,117)	-	14,166,392	11.36%

#### BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

							ance from
		d Amounts					al Budget
Revenues	Original	FI	nal		Actual	Positiv	e / (Negative)
Property Taxes							
Current Taxes	\$ 79,593,117	\$ 79	9,593,117	\$	78,795,811	\$	(797,306)
Delinquent Taxes	3,026,440		3,026,440	*	3,455,333	•	428,893
Automobile Taxes	5,572,125		5,572,125		5,994,604		422,479
Penalties	1,224,892		1,224,892		2,162,432		937,540
Total Property Taxes	89,416,574	8	9,416,574		90,408,180		991,606
Licenses and Permits							
Business Licenses	1,650,000		1,650,000		2,113,190		463,190
Building Permits	1,143,800	,	1,143,800		1,012,756		(131,044)
Cable Franchise Fees Marriage Licenses	450,000 90,000		450,000 90,000		512,481 56,989		62,481 (33,011)
Other Licenses and Permits	95,200		95,200		88,150		(7,050)
Total Licenses and Permits	3,429,000	;	3,429,000		3,783,566		354,566
Intergovernmental							
State Aid to Subdivisions	7,152,193		7,152,193		6,293,704		(858,489)
Homestead Exemption	1,602,269		1,602,269		1,781,336		`179,067
Merchants' Inventory Tax	186,308		186,308		186,309		1
Manufacturers Tax	36,000		36,000		117,805		81,805
Motor Carrier Tax	100,000		100,000		149,724		49,724
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	85,000		85,000		98,193		13,193
Veterans Office Stipend	4,000		4,000		5,371		1,371
Registration and Election	3,000		3,000		11,564		8,564
Salary Supplements	7,875		7,875		7,875		-
Local Traffic Signal Maintenance Local, State and Federal Grant Funds	20,000		20,000		247,547 165,000		227,547 165.000
Pollution Control Penalties	1,000		1,000		8,904		7,904
Total Intergovernmental	9,197,645		9,197,645		9,073,332		(124,313)
Charges for Services							
Register of Deeds Fees	3,606,907		3,606,907		4,183,358		576,451
Sheriff's Service Contracts and Fees	2,864,593		2,864,593		3,083,410		218,817
Emergency Medical Service Fees	2,579,000		2,579,000		2,971,176		392,176
Court Support Services	1,698,126		1,698,126		1,514,875		(183,251)
Recreation Fees	554,408		554,408		547,647		(6,761)
Administrative Services	241,681		241,681		564,962		323,281
DSO / Rezoning / CRB Fees	50,000		50,000		61,058		11,058
Solid Waste Disposal Fees	5,000		5,000		6,500		1,500
Animal Shelter Fees	3,000		3,000				(3,000)
Total Charges for Services	11,602,715	1	1,602,715		12,932,986		1,330,271
Fines and Forfeitures	44.000						
Clerk of Court Fines	11,300		11,300		14,682		3,382
Bond Escreatment	55,000		55,000		15,276		(39,724)
Magistrates' Court Fines	607,700		607,700 75,000		562,788 92,928		(44,912) 17,928
Library Fines Forfeitures	75,000 1,000		1,000		1,560		560
Total Fines and Forfeitures	750,000	-	750,000		687,234		(62,766)
Interest earned on investments	52,805		52,805		122,859		70,054
Miscellaneous							
Rental of County Property	78,000		78,000		121,684		43,684
Sale of County Property	121,136		121,136		258,050		136,914
Miscellaneous	52,000		52,000		25,518		(26,482)
Total Miscellaneous	251,136		251,136		405,252		154,116
Total Revenues	114,699,875	11	4,699,875		117,413,409		2,713,534

#### BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		,		
				Variance from
_	Budgeted Ar			Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive / (Negative)
Expenditures				
General Government				
Elected and State Appointed Officials	4 004 005	4 004 005	4 000 074	00.004
Magistrates Court	1,894,965	1,894,965	1,830,971	63,994
Clerk of Court & Family Court	1,110,126	1,110,126	1,049,153	60,973
Treasurer	1,090,405	1,090,405	1,214,984	(124,579)
Solicitor Brokete Court	1,245,000	1,245,000	1,245,000	(7.055)
Probate Court	761,622	761,622	769,577	(7,955)
County Council	623,418	848,418	925,349	(76,931)
Auditor	855,551	855,551	801,395	54,156
Coroner Mandan in Familia	502,785	502,785	563,439	(60,654)
Master in Equity	314,129	314,129	277,079	37,050 73,744
Department of Social Services	147,349	147,349	73,605	,
Legislative Delegation	65,175	65,175	37,494	27,681
Total Elected and State Appointed Officials	8,610,525	8,835,525	8,788,046	47,479
Administrative Services	0.700.000	0.700.000	070 000	4.040.000
County Administrator	2,792,869	2,792,869	873,833	1,919,036
Communications and Accountability	397,273	397,273	360,463	36,810
Broadcast Services	306,476	306,476	331,720	(25,244)
County Attorney	380,021	380,021	388,397	(8,376)
Finance, Risk Management & Purchasing Assessor	1,055,621	1,055,621	953,073	102,548
	2,141,021	2,134,521 506,613	2,148,695 499,199	(14,174) 7,414
Register of Deeds Community Planning and Development	506,613 786,620	758,738	699,320	7,414 59,418
Business License	59,523	59,523	50,065	9,458
Voter Registration and Elections	630,761	630,761	575,547	55,214
Management and Geographical Information Systems	3,226,755	3,226,755	3,441,167	(214,412)
Records Management	589,812	559,612	440,216	119,396
Employee Services	990,724	990,724	686,445	304,279
Nondepartmental	13,708,225	13,708,225	13,205,910	502,315
Total Administrative Services	27,572,314	27,507,732	24,654,050	2,853,682
Total Administrative Services	21,312,314	21,301,132	24,034,030	2,033,002
Economic and Regional Development				
Lowcountry Council of Governments	144,579	144.579	150.623	(6,044)
Economic Development	290,000	290,000	140,897	149,103
Small Business Center	25,000	25,000	25,000	-
Total Economic and Regional Development	459,579	459,579	316,520	143,059
rotal 2001011110 and roughout 201010pilloni	100,010	100,010	0.0,020	. 10,000
Total General Government Services	36,642,418	36,802,836	33,758,616	3,044,220
Public Safety Services				
Sheriff's Office	21,777,093	21,777,093	21,583,367	193,726
Emergency and Traffic Management	6,563,833	6,563,833	6,164,372	399,461
Emergency Medical Services	6,264,401	6,264,401	6,473,830	(209,429)
Detention Center	5,551,832	5,551,832	5,584,741	(32,909)
Building Codes and Enforcement	1,087,874	1,087,874	942,803	145,071
Animal Services	827,793	827,793	924,024	(96,231)
Traffic and Transportation Engineering	570,789	570,789	534,218	36,571
Total Public Safety Services	42,643,615	42,643,615	42,207,355	436,260
. Jan. 1 abile Curety Convices	12,010,010	12,010,010	12,201,000	100,200

#### BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		,		
				Variance from
		d Amounts		Final Budget
Dublic Wada Camira	Original	Final	Actual	Positive / (Negative)
Public Works Services	2.249.813	0.040.040	0.404.404	145 710
Public Works General Support Engineering	2,249,613	2,249,813 353,370	2,104,101 327,254	145,712 26,116
Facilities Maintenance	6,292,748	6,292,748	5,118,616	1,174,132
Solid Waste and Recycling	6,116,534	6,116,534	5,898,779	217,755
Total Public Works Services	15,012,465	15,012,465	13,448,750	1,563,715
Public Health Services				
	4.507.000	4 540 004	4 000 040	000 455
Mosquito Control Medical Indigent Act Contributions	1,507,892 1,081,000	1,543,801 1,081,000	1,260,646 1,081,000	283,155
Total Public Health Services	2,588,892	2,624,801		202.455
Total Public Health Services	2,588,892	2,624,801	2,341,646	283,155
Public Welfare Services				
Veterans Affairs Office	164,480	164,480	157,517	6,963
Human Services Alliance	638,000	638,000	636,607	1,393
HUD Home Consortiurm	56,000	56,000	56,000	, <u>-</u>
Total Public Welfare Services	858,480	858,480	850,124	8,356
Cultural and Recreation Services				
Parks and Leisure Services	3,113,584	3,113,584	2,698,550	415,034
Libraries	3,721,948	3,721,948	3,826,285	(104,337)
Education Allocation	4,000,000	4,000,000	4,000,000	<u>-</u> _
Total Cultural and Recreation Services	10,835,532	10,835,532	10,524,835	310,697
Disaster related expenditures	<u>-</u> _		38,727,223	(38,727,223)
Capital Outlay	3,866,388	3,895,061	3,546,981	348,080
Total Expenditures	112,447,790	112,672,790	145,405,530	(32,732,740)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER /				
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	2,252,085	2,027,085	(27,992,121)	35,446,274
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Issuance of BAN	-	-	30,250,000	(30,250,000)
Transfers in	1,568,750	1,568,750	1,755,870	(187,120)
Transfers out	(3,820,835)	(3,932,910)	(4,799,316)	866,406
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(2,252,085)	(2,364,160)	27,206,554	(29,570,714)
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	(337,075)	(785,567)	448,492
Fund Balance - beginning	28,552,962	28,552,962	28,552,962	<del>_</del>
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 28,552,962	\$ 28,215,887	\$ 27,767,395	\$ 448,492



# BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL - COUNTY WIDE GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Final Budget			Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues						
Property Taxes	\$ 9	9,494,028	\$	9,576,419	\$	82,391
Intergovernmental		246,500		247,530		1,030
Interest		103,000		103,167		167
Total Revenues		9,843,528		9,927,116		83,588
Expenditures						
Debt Service - Principal	(	6,809,539		6,809,539		-
Debt Service - Interest and Fees	;	3,654,404		3,653,924		480
Total Debt Service Expenditures	10	0,463,943		10,463,463		480
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(620,415)		(536,347)		84,068
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Issuance of Bonds		5,000,000		5,000,000		-
Refunding Bond Proceeds	(	6,110,000		6,110,000		-
Payments to Refunding Debt Escrow Agent	(6	6,405,000)		(6,405,000)		-
Bond Premiums		4,794,335		4,794,335		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		9,499,335		9,499,335		<u>-</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	8	8,878,920		8,962,988		84,068
Fund Balance - beginning	1	1,529,177		11,529,177		<u> </u>
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 20	0,408,097	\$	20,492,165	\$	84,068

#### BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL - RURAL AND CRITICAL LANDS PROGRAM For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues Interest Total Revenues	\$ 30,500 30,500	\$ 33,030 33,030	\$ 2,530 2,530	
Expenditures Capital Projects	20,222,826	10,323,433	9,899,393	
Excess (deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(20,192,326)	(10,290,403)	9,901,923	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Issuance of Bonds Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	20,000,000	20,000,000		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(192,326)	9,709,597	9,901,923	
Fund Balance - beginning	5,365,714	5,365,714		
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 5,173,388	\$ 15,075,311	\$ 9,901,923	

#### BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL - 2017 GENERAL OBLIGATION BOND PROJECTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Interest	<u> </u>	\$ -	<u> </u>
Total Revenues	<del>-</del>	<u> </u>	
Expenditures			
Capital Projects	10,000	8,200	1,800
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(10,000)	(8,200)	(1,800)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Issuance of Bonds	26,000,000	26,000,000	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	26,000,000	26,000,000	<del>_</del>
Net Change in Fund Balance	25,990,000	25,991,800	(1,800)
Fund Balance - beginning	<del>_</del>	<u>-</u>	<del>-</del>
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 25,990,000	\$ 25,991,800	\$ (1,800)

# BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2017

ACCETC	Rev	ecial enue nds	Debt Service Funds		vice Projects			Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
ASSETS  Cash and Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 53.	103,495	\$	3,306,846	\$	15,792,583	\$	72,202,924
Receivables, Net		336,861	Φ	3,300,040	Φ	15,792,565	Φ	336,861
Due from Other Governments		152,879		-		1,865,845		3,018,724
Prepaid Items	١,	99,269		_		1,000,040		99,269
Total Assets	¢ 54	692,504	\$	3,306,846	\$	17,658,428	\$	75,657,778
<u>LIABILITIES</u>								
Accounts Payable	\$ 2,	532,919	\$	-	\$	975,142	\$	3,508,061
Accrued Payroll		625,484		-		2,552		628,036
Due to Others		600,139		<u>-</u>				600,139
Total Liabilities	3,	758,542				977,694	_	4,736,236
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		151,956		<u>-</u>		-		151,956
Total deferred inflows of resources		151,956			_		_	151,956
FUND BALANCE								
Nonspendable		99,269		-		-		99,269
Restricted	50,	630,142		3,306,846		16,680,734		70,617,722
Committed		52,595			_	<u>-</u>		52,595
Total Fund Balance	50,	782,006		3,306,846		16,680,734	_	70,769,586
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	<u>\$ 54,</u>	692,504	\$	3,306,846	\$	17,658,428	\$	75,657,778

## BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

		Specia	I Revenue Funds	
	Final Budget		Actual	 Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Property Taxes	\$ 8,960,632	\$	8,560,393	\$ (400,239)
Licenses and Permits	9,990,500		14,582,466	4,591,966
Intergovernmental	17,226,120		17,030,460	(195,660)
Charge for Services	4,878,439		6,645,985	1,767,546
Fines and Forfeitures	275,200		235,263	(39,937)
Interest	12,550		206,283	193,733
Miscellaneous	 1,087,116		1,075,941	 (11,175)
Total Revenues	 42,430,557		48,336,791	 5,906,234
Expenditures				
General Government	5,878,332		5,794,318	84,014
Public Safety	2,721,697		2,908,466	(186,769)
Public Works	519,810		1,046,428	(526,618)
Public Health	10,408,104		9,400,470	1,007,634
Public Welfare	1,398,464		1,492,243	(93,779)
Cultural and Recreation	1,221,741		514,969	706,772
Capital Projects	 7,754,740		11,038,658	 (3,283,918)
Total Expenditures	 29,902,888		32,195,552	 (2,292,664)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	12,527,669		16,141,239	3,613,570
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Debt Service - Principal	(5,665,025)		(5,671,823)	(6,798)
Debt Service - Interest and Fees	(3,282,354)		(3,291,430)	(9,076)
Transfers In	4,061,648		4,505,478	443,830
Transfers Out	 (4,495,424)		(4,558,266)	 (62,842)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (9,381,155)		(9,016,041)	 365,114
Net Change in Fund Balance	3,146,514		7,125,198	3,978,684
Fund Balance - beginning	 43,656,808		43,656,808	 <u>-</u>
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 46,803,322	\$	50,782,006	\$ 3,978,684

#### BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

		Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive Negative)
Revenues	<u>-</u>			
Property Taxes	\$	266,773	\$ 540,192	\$ 273,419
Interest		500	 <u>-</u>	 (500)
Total Revenues		267,273	 540,192	 272,919
Expenditures				
Debt Service - Principal		5,132,337	5,132,337	-
Debt Service - Interest and Fees		911,970	 911,970	 <u>-</u>
Total Expenditures		6,044,307	 6,044,307	 <u>-</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(5,777,034)	(5,504,115)	272,919
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In		2,701,217	4,896,769	2,195,552
Transfers Out		<u>-</u>	 (273,419)	 (273,419)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		2,701,217	 4,623,350	 1,922,133
Net Change in Fund Balance		(3,075,817)	(880,765)	2,195,052
Fund Balance - beginning		4,187,611	 4,187,611	 <u>-</u>
Fund Balance - ending	\$	1,111,794	\$ 3,306,846	\$ 2,195,052

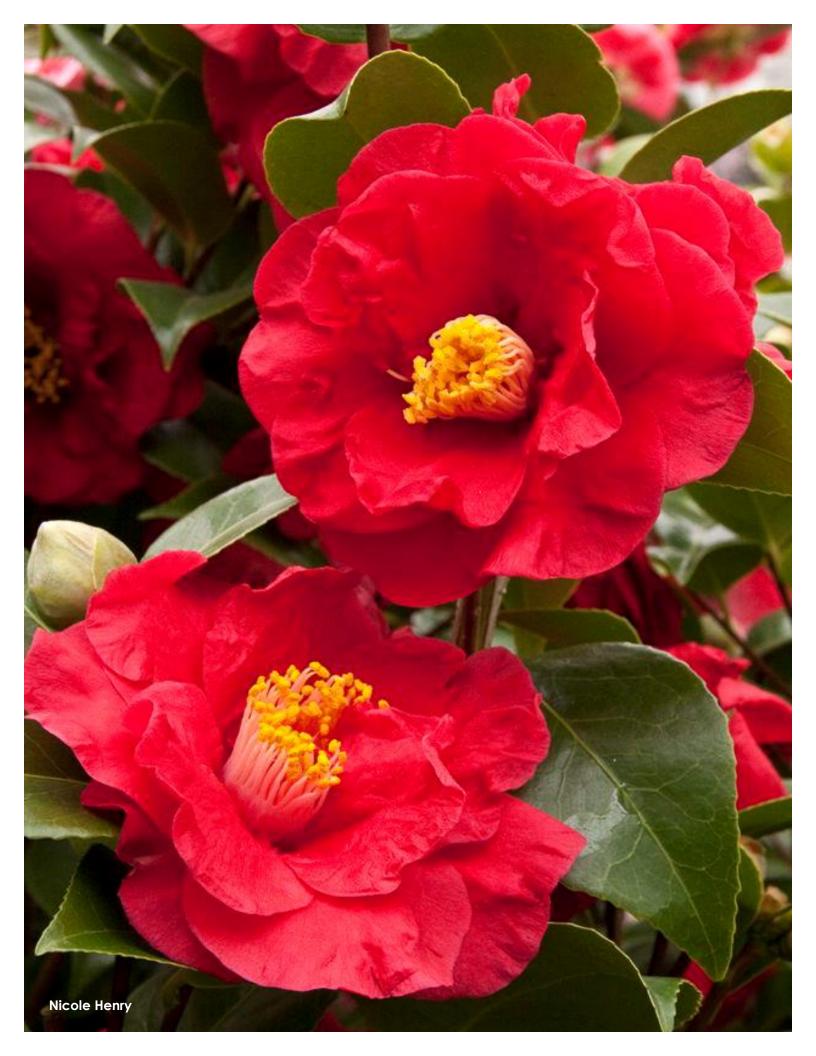
## BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds

					Variance	
		Final	Positive			
		Budget	 Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues						
Property Taxes	\$	75,000	\$ 188,899	\$	113,899	
Intergovernmental		-	9,179,374		9,179,374	
Interest		65,500	115,821		50,321	
Miscellaneous		<u>-</u>	 11,465		11,465	
Total Revenues		140,500	 9,495,559		9,355,059	
Expenditures						
Capital Projects		37,750,175	 13,193,205		24,556,970	
Total Expenditures		37,750,175	 13,193,205		24,556,970	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(37,609,675)	(3,697,646)		33,912,029	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers Out			 (2,195,550)		(2,195,550)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		<u>-</u>	 (2,195,550)		(2,195,550)	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(37,609,675)	(5,893,196)		31,716,479	
Fund Balance - beginning		22,573,930	 22,573,930		<u>-</u>	
Fund Balance - ending	\$	(15,035,745)	\$ 16,680,734	\$	31,716,479	

COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA
PENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
PRESENTAL FUNDS
Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds						
		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues							
Property Taxes	\$	9,302,405	\$	9,289,484	\$	(12,921)	
Licenses and Permits		9,990,500		14,582,466		4,591,966	
Intergovernmental		17,226,120		26,209,834		8,983,714	
Charge for Services		4,878,439		6,645,985		1,767,546	
Fines and Forfeitures		275,200		235,263		(39,937)	
Interest		78,550		322,104		243,554	
Miscellaneous		1,087,116		1,087,406		290	
Total Revenues		42,838,330		58,372,542	_	15,534,212	
Expenditures							
General Government		5,878,332		5,794,318		84,014	
Public Safety		2,721,697		2,908,466		(186,769)	
Public Works		519,810		1,046,428		(526,618)	
Public Health		10,408,104		9,400,470		1,007,634	
Public Welfare		1,398,464		1,492,243		(93,779)	
Cultural and Recreation		1,221,741		514,969		706,772	
Debt Service - Principal		10,797,362		10,804,160		(6,798)	
Debt Service - Interest and Fees		4,194,324		4,203,400		(9,076)	
Capital Projects		45,504,915		24,231,863		21,273,052	
Total Expenditures		82,644,749		60,396,317		22,248,432	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(39,806,419)		(2,023,775)		37,782,644	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers In		6,762,865		9,402,247		2,639,382	
Transfers Out		(4,495,424)		(7,027,235)		(2,531,811)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		2,267,441		2,375,012		107,571	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(37,538,978)		351,237		37,890,215	
Fund Balance - beginning		70,418,349		70,418,349		<del>_</del>	
Fund Balance - ending	\$	32,879,371	\$	70,769,586	\$	37,890,215	



# BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET ALL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS June 30, 2017

						Cultural	
	General	Public	Public	Public	Public	and	
	Government	Safety	Works	Health	Welfare	Recreational	
	Programs	Programs	Programs	Programs	Programs	Programs	Total
ASSETS .							
Cash and Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 13,006,521	\$ 6,671,102	\$ 21,539,772	\$ 4,210,512	\$ 77,152	\$ 7,598,436	\$ 53,103,495
Receivables, Net	283,751	52,700	-	410	-	-	336,861
Due from Other Governments	301,698	490,469	193,817	142,835	24,060	-	1,152,879
Prepaid Items	4,190	55,829		39,250		<u>-</u> _	99,269
Total Assets	\$ 13,596,160	\$ 7,270,100	\$ 21,733,589	\$ 4,393,007	\$ 101,212	\$ 7,598,436	\$ 54,692,504
LIABILITIES							
Accounts Payable	\$ 307,126	\$ 473,996	\$ 759,808	\$ 605,611	\$ 71,731	\$ 314,647	\$ 2,532,919
Accrued Payroll	111,309	252,657	1,080	252,283	8,155	-	625,484
Due to Others	-	554,552	-	45,587	-	-	600,139
Total Liabilities	418,435	1,281,205	760,888	903,481	79,886	314,647	3,758,542
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Deferred Property Tax Revenues	151,956	-	-	-	-	-	151,956
Total deferred inflows of resources	151,956						151,956
FUND BALANCE							
Nonspendable	4,190	55,829	-	39,250	-	-	99,269
Restricted	13,021,579	5,933,066	20,972,701	3,450,276	21,326	7,231,194	50,630,142
Committed	<u>-</u> _		<u> </u>	<u>-</u>		52,595	52,595
Total Fund Balances	13,025,769	5,988,895	20,972,701	3,489,526	21,326	7,283,789	50,782,006
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 13,596,160	\$ 7,270,100	\$ 21,733,589	\$ 4,393,007	\$ 101,212	\$ 7,598,436	\$ 54,692,504

	General Government Programs								
			Variance						
	Final		Positive						
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)						
Revenues									
Property Taxes	\$ 8,960,632	\$ 8,560,393	\$ (400,239)						
Licenses and Permits	4,900,000	5,237,314	337,314						
Intergovernmental	2,286,000	2,203,788	(82,212)						
Charge for Services	1,075,000	1,433,148	358,148						
Fines and Forfietures	50,000	64,176	14,176						
Interest	4,700	49,991	45,291						
Miscellaneous	642,300	596,885	(45,415)						
Total Revenues	17,918,632	18,145,695	227,063						
Expenditures									
General Government	5,878,332	5,794,318	84,014						
Capital	-	59,099	(59,099)						
Total Expenditures	5,878,332	5,853,417	24,915						
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	12,040,300	12,292,278	251,978						
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Debt Service - Principal	(5,195,328)	(5,195,328)	-						
Debt Service - Interest and Fees	(3,032,982)	(3,054,246)	(21,264)						
Transfers In	749,293	860,547	111,254						
Transfers Out	(3,621,250)	(3,842,472)	(221,222)						
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(11,100,267)	(11,231,499)	(131,232)						
Net Change in Fund Balance	940,033	1,060,779	120,746						
Fund Balance - beginning	11,964,990	11,964,990							
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 12,905,023	\$ 13,025,769	\$ 120,746						

	Public Safety Programs							
						Variance		
		Final				Positive		
		Budget		Actual		(Negative)		
Revenues								
Licenses and Permits	\$	25,000	\$	34,750	\$	9,750		
Intergovernmental	Ф	1,829,157	Φ	2,412,239	Ф	583,082		
Charge for Services		730,000		1,443,125		713,125		
Fines and Forfietures		225,200		171,087		(54,113)		
Interest		2,230		21,007		18,777		
Miscellaneous		154,640		173,331		18,691		
Total Revenues	_		_					
Total Revenues		2,966,227		4,255,539	_	1,289,312		
Expenditures								
Public Safety		2,721,697		2,908,466		(186,769)		
Capital		413,819		890,820		(477,001)		
Total Expenditures		3,135,516		3,799,286		(663,770)		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(169,289)		456,253		625,542		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers In		171,542		171,542				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		171,542		171,542		<u>-</u>		
Net Change in Fund Balance		2,253		627,795		625,542		
Fund Balance - beginning		5,361,100		5,361,100	_			
Fund Balance - ending	\$	5,363,353	\$	5,988,895	\$	625,542		

	Public Works Programs							
		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues								
Licenses and Permits	\$	3,640,000	\$	6,453,946	\$	2,813,946		
Intergovernmental		4,639,000		3,822,431		(816,569)		
Charge for Services		2,302,000		2,984,013		682,013		
Interest		3,150		94,039		90,889		
Miscellaneous		32,500		37,240		4,740		
Total Revenues		10,616,650		13,391,669	_	2,775,019		
Expenditures								
Public Works		519,810		1,046,428		(526,618)		
Capital		6,082,060		9,397,675		(3,315,615)		
Total Expenditures		6,601,870		10,444,103	_	(3,842,233)		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		4,014,780		2,947,566		(1,067,214)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers In		-		230,395		230,395		
Transfers Out		(701,217)		(701,217)				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,074,347)		(838,510)	_	235,837		
Net Change in Fund Balance		2,940,433		2,109,056		(831,377)		
Fund Balance - beginning		18,863,645	_	18,863,645	_	<u>-</u>		
Fund Balance - ending	\$	21,804,078	\$	20,972,701	\$	(831,377)		

	Public Health Programs							
		Final Budget	Actual			Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$	6,837,731	\$	7,324,871	\$	487,140		
Charge for Services		624,239		614,903		(9,336)		
Interest		100		15,990		15,890		
Miscellaneous	_	238,665		223,970	_	(14,695)		
Total Revenues	_	7,700,735		8,179,734	_	478,999		
Expenditures								
Public Health		10,408,104		9,400,470		1,007,634		
Capital		704,000		168,587		535,413		
Total Expenditures	_	11,112,104	_	9,569,057	_	1,543,047		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(3,411,369)		(1,389,323)		2,022,046		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers In		2,822,957		2,664,577		(158,380)		
Transfers Out		(172,957)		(14,577)	_	158,380		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	2,650,000		2,650,000	_	<del>-</del>		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(761,369)		1,260,677		2,022,046		
Net Change in Fully Dalance		(101,309)		1,200,011		2,022,040		
Fund Balance - beginning	_	2,228,849	_	2,228,849	_	<del>-</del>		
Fund Balance - ending	\$	1,467,480	\$	3,489,526	\$	2,022,046		

		F	ms	ns		
		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues						
Intergovernmental	\$	944,232	\$	868,072	\$	(76,160)
Charge for Services		117,200		170,796		53,596
Miscellaneous		16,411		16,855		444
Total Revenues		1,077,843	_	1,055,723	_	(22,120)
Expenditures						
Public Welfare		1,398,464		1,492,243		(93,779)
Total Expenditures		1,398,464		1,492,243	_	(93,779)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(320,621)		(436,520)		(115,899)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers In		317,856		433,643	_	115,787
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		317,856		433,643		115,787
Not Change in Fund Palance		(2.765)		(2.077)		(112)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(2,765)		(2,877)		(112)
Fund Balance - beginning		24,203		24,203	_	<u>-</u>
Fund Balance - ending	\$	21,438	\$	21,326	\$	(112)

		Cultu	rograms			
	_	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues						
Licenses and Permits	\$	1,425,500	\$ 2,856,456	\$	1,430,956	
Intergovernmental		690,000	399,059		(290,941)	
Charge for Services		30,000	-		(30,000)	
Interest		2,370	25,256		22,886	
Miscellaneous		2,600	27,660		25,060	
Total Revenues		2,150,470	 3,308,431	_	1,157,961	
Expenditures						
Cultural and Recreation		1,221,741	514,969		706,772	
Capital		554,861	522,477		32,384	
Total Expenditures	_	1,776,602	1,037,446		739,156	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		373,868	2,270,985		1,897,117	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Debt Service - Principal		(190,254)	(194,111)		(3,857)	
Debt Service - Interest and Fees		(155,685)	(151,880)		3,805	
Transfers In		<u> </u>	144,774		144,774	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(345,939)	 (201,217)		144,722	
Net Change in Fund Balance		27,929	2,069,768		2,041,839	
Fund Balance - beginning		5,214,021	 5,214,021			
Fund Balance - ending	\$	5,241,950	\$ 7,283,789	\$	2,041,839	

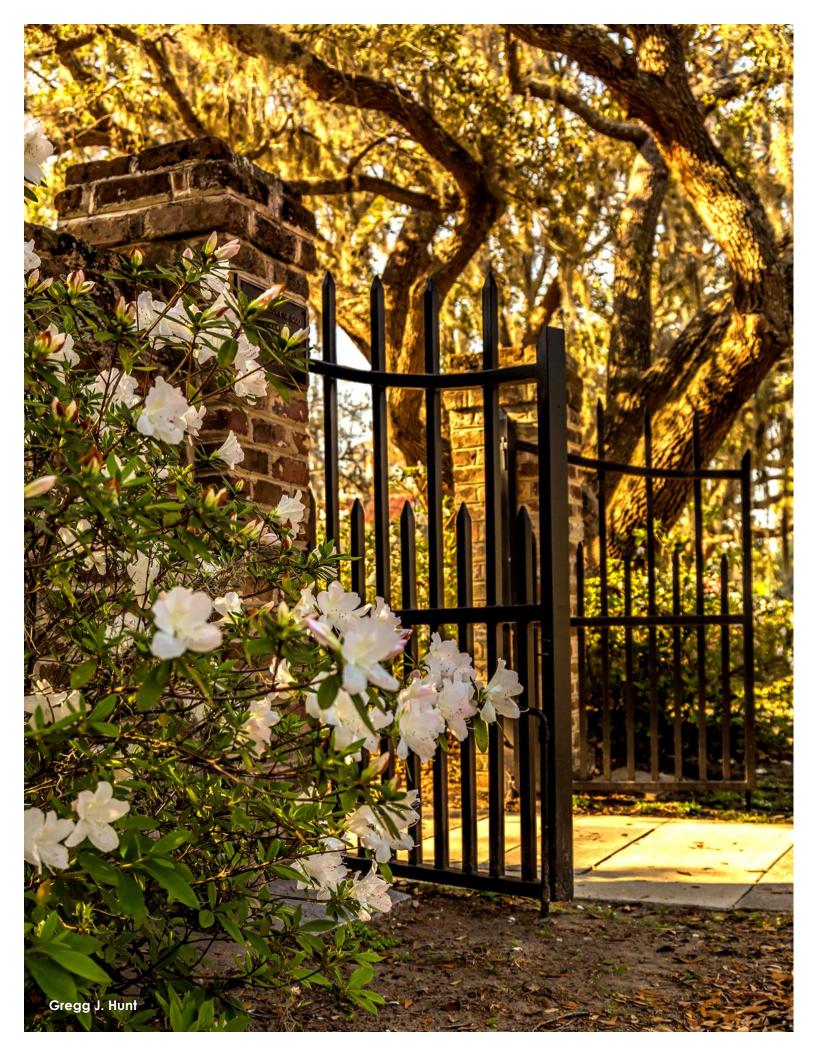
#### BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

#### ALL NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Property Taxes	\$ 8,960,632	\$ 8,560,393	\$ (400,239)
Licenses and Permits	9,990,500	14,582,466	4,591,966
Intergovernmental	17,226,120	17,030,460	(195,660)
Charge for Services	4,878,439	6,645,985	1,767,546
Fines and Forfietures	275,200	235,263	(39,937)
Interest	12,550	206,283	193,733
Miscellaneous	1,087,116	1,075,941	(11,175)
Total Revenues	42,430,557	48,336,791	5,906,234
Expenditures			
General Government	5,878,332	5,794,318	84,014
Public Safety	2,721,697	2,908,466	(186,769)
Public Works	519,810	1,046,428	(526,618)
Public Health	10,408,104	9,400,470	1,007,634
Public Welfare	1,398,464	1,492,243	(93,779)
Cultural and Recreation	1,221,741	514,969	706,772
Capital	7,754,740	11,038,658	(3,283,918)
Total Expenditures	29,902,888	32,195,552	(2,292,664)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	12,527,669	16,141,239	3,613,570
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Debt Service - Principal	(5,665,025)	(5,671,823)	(6,798)
Debt Service - Interest and Fees	(3,282,354)	(3,291,430)	(9,076)
Transfers In	4,061,648	4,505,478	443,830
Transfers Out	(4,495,424)	(4,558,266)	(62,842)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(9,381,155)	(9,016,041)	365,114
Net Change in Fund Balance	3,146,514	7,125,198	3,978,684
Fund Balance - beginning	43,656,808	43,656,808	
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 46,803,322	\$ 50,782,006	\$ 3,978,684

#### BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - GENERAL GOVERNMENT PROGRAMS June 30, 2017

	State Accommodations Tax Program	Purchase of Real Property Program	Local Accommodations Tax Program	Local Hospitality Tax Program	Local Admissions Fee Program	Treasurer Execution Fees	Clerk of Court Incentive	Clerk of Court Unit Cost	Employer Group Benefit Trust	Public Defender Trust	Reforestation Trust	Total
ASSETS  Cash and Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Receivables, Net Due from Other Governments Prepaid Items Total Assets	\$ - 15,000 268,625 - \$ 283,625	\$ 618,305 238,751 - - \$ 857,056	\$ 2,499,359 - - - \$ 2,499,359	\$ 5,319,298 - - - - \$ 5,319,298	\$ 944,644 - - - \$ 944,644	\$ 2,275,861 - - 894 \$ 2,276,755	\$ 247,202 - 1,295 - \$ 248,497	\$ - 30,000 31,778 - \$ 61,778	\$ 324,369 - - - \$ 324,369	\$ 255,903 - - 3,296 \$ 259,199	\$ 521,580 - - - - \$ 521,580	\$ 13,006,521 283,751 301,698 4,190 \$ 13,596,160
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Accrued Payroll Total liabilities	\$ 142,658 - 142,658	\$ 11,103 - 11,103	\$ 1,232 1,153 2,385	\$ 1,850 1,646 3,496	\$ 1,232 2,133 3,365	\$ 27,104 21,292 48,396	\$ 1,392 - - 1,392	\$ 54,734 7,044 61,778	\$ 17,803 - 17,803	\$ 48,018 78,041 126,059	\$ - - -	\$ 307,126 111,309 418,435
<u>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES</u> Unavailable revenue - property taxes Total deferred inflows of resources		151,956 151,956								<del>-</del>	<u>-</u>	151,956 151,956
FUND BALANCE  Nonspenable Restricted  Total Fund Balance	140,967 140,967	693,997 693,997	2,496,974 2,496,974	5,315,802 5,315,802	941,279 941,279	894 2,227,465 2,228,359	247,105 247,105	- - -	306,566 306,566	3,296 129,844 133,140	521,580 521,580	4,190 13,021,579 13,025,769
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 283,625	\$ 857,056	\$ 2,499,359	\$ 5,319,298	\$ 944,644	\$ 2,276,755	\$ 248,497	\$ 61,778	\$ 324,369	\$ 259,199	\$ 521,580	\$ 13,596,160



# BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - GENERAL GOVERNMENT PROGRAMS For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	State Accomodations Tax Program								
		Final Budget		Actual		√ariance Positive Negative)			
Revenues									
Intergovernmental	\$	950,000	\$	782,057	\$	(167,943)			
Interest		100		215		115			
Total Revenues		950,100		782,272	_	(167,828)			
Expenditures									
General Government									
Other		828,850		798,617	_	30,233			
Total Expenditures		828,850		798,617		30,233			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		121,250		(16,345)		(137,595)			
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers Out		(121,250)		(112,103)		9,147			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(121,250)		(112,103)	_	9,147			
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		(128,448)		(128,448)			
Fund Balance - beginning		269,415		269,415	_	<u>-</u>			
Fund Balance - ending	\$	269,415	\$	140,967	\$	(128,448)			

# BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - GENERAL GOVERNMENT GRANTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Purchase of Real Property Program								
				,	Variance				
	Final					Positive			
		Budget		Actual	(	Negative)			
Revenues									
Property Taxes	\$	8,960,632	\$	8,560,393	\$	(400,239)			
Intergovernmental		185,000		186,495		1,495			
Interest		500		2,696		2,196			
Miscellaneous		10,800		8,006		(2,794)			
Total Revenues		9,156,932		8,757,590	_	(399,342)			
Expenditures									
General Government									
Purchased Services		211,000		44,459		166,541			
Total Expenditures		211,000		44,459		166,541			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		8,945,932		8,713,131		(232,801)			
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Debt Service - Principal		(5,195,328)		(5,195,328)		-			
Debt Service - Interest and Fees		(3,032,982)		(3,054,246)		(21,264)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(8,228,310)		(8,249,574)		(21,264)			
Net Change in Fund Balance		717,622		463,557		(254,065)			
Fund Balance - beginning		230,440		230,440		<u>-</u>			
Fund Balance - ending	\$	948,062	\$	693,997	\$	(254,065)			

	Local Accomodations Tax Program								
		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive Negative)			
Revenues									
Licenses and Permits	\$	1,500,000	\$	1,310,936	\$	(189,064)			
Interest		850		10,487		9,637			
Total Revenues		1,500,850		1,321,423	_	(179,427)			
Expenditures									
General Government									
Personnel		49,240		47,212		2,028			
Purchased Services		8,243		5,750		2,493			
Supplies		1,850		600		1,250			
Capital		-		4,043		(4,043)			
Other		850,000		966,841		(116,841)			
Total Expenditures		909,333		1,024,446	_	(115,113)			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		591,517		296,977		(294,540)			
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers Out				(145,000)		(145,000)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		<u>-</u> ,		(145,000)		(145,000)			
Net Change in Fund Balance		591,517		151,977		(439,540)			
Fund Balance - beginning		2,344,997		2,344,997		<u>-</u>			
Fund Balance - ending	\$	2,936,514	\$	2,496,974	\$	(439,540)			

	Local Hospitality Tax Program										
	Final Budget			Actual	Ī	/ariance Positive legative)					
Revenues											
Licenses and Permits	\$	1,900,000	\$	2,241,842	\$	341,842					
Interest		<u> </u>	_	20,295		20,295					
Total Revenues		1,900,000		2,262,137		362,137					
Expenditures											
General Government											
Personnel		59,404		46,296		13,108					
Purchased Services		8,243		6,369		1,874					
Supplies		1,850		624		1,226					
Capital		<u> </u>		4,043		(4,043)					
Total Expenditures		69,497		57,332		12,165					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		1,830,503		2,204,805		374,302					
Other Financing Sources (Uses)											
Transfers In		50,000		50,000		-					
Transfers Out		(1,500,000)		(1,585,369)		(85,369)					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,450,000)		(1,535,369)		(85,369)					
Net Change in Fund Balance		380,503		669,436		288,933					
Fund Balance - beginning		4,646,366		4,646,366	-	<u>-</u>					
Fund Balance - ending	\$	5,026,869	\$	5,315,802	\$	288,933					

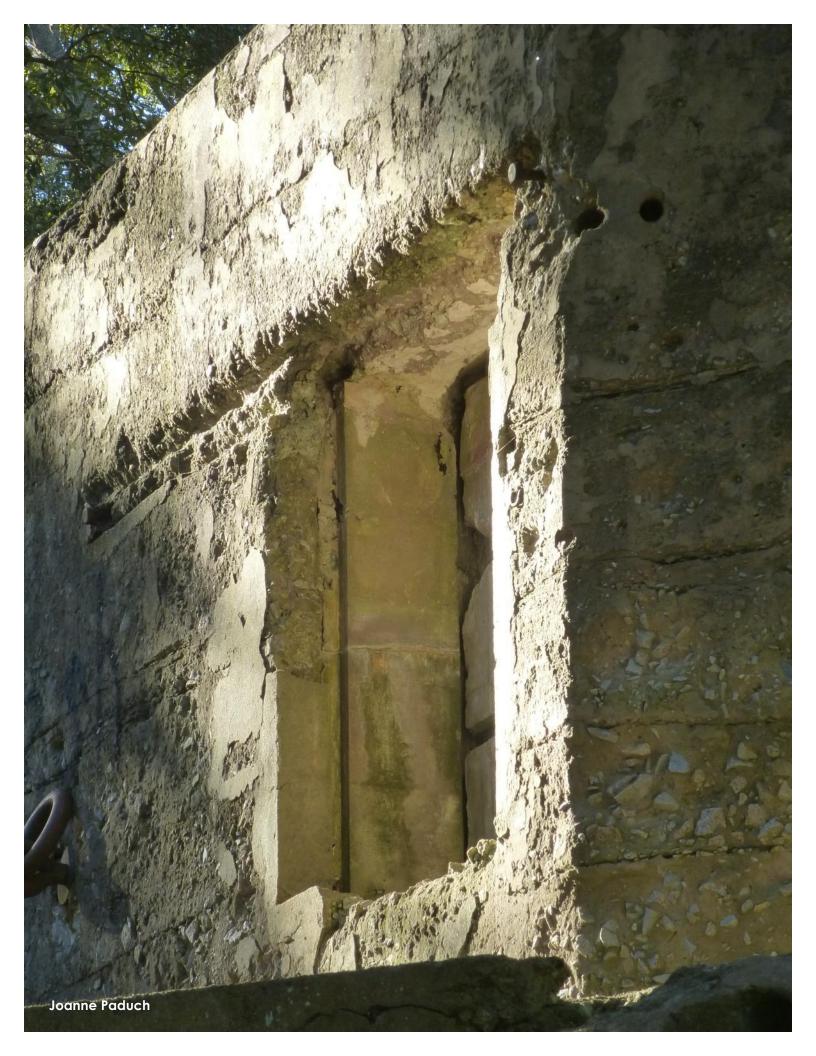
	Local Admissions Fee Program									
	Final Budget					/ariance Positive				
				Actual	(Negative)					
Revenues		Budget		7 totadi	(Hogalive)					
Licenses and Permits	\$	1,500,000	\$	1,684,536	\$	184,536				
Interest		2,000		1,648		(352)				
Total Revenues		1,502,000	_	1,686,184		184,184				
Expenditures										
General Government										
Personnel		49,240		46,296		2,944				
Purchased Services		6,743		5,718		1,025				
Supplies		1,850		600		1,250				
Capital		<u> </u>		4,043		(4,043)				
Total Expenditures		57,833		56,657		1,176				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		1,444,167		1,629,527		185,360				
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfers Out		(2,000,000)		(2,000,000)		<u>-</u>				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(2,000,000)		(2,000,000)						
Net Change in Fund Balance		(555,833)		(370,473)		185,360				
Fund Balance - beginning		1,311,752		1,311,752						
Fund Balance - ending	\$	755,919	\$	941,279	\$	185,360				

	Treasurer Execution Fees									
	Final Budget			Actual		/ariance Positive Negative)				
Revenues		Daaget		Hotaai	(regative)					
Charges for Services	\$	1,075,000	\$	1,433,148	\$	358,148				
Interest		500		8,376		7,876				
Miscellaneous		10,000		35,445		25,445				
Total Revenues		1,085,500		1,476,969	_	391,469				
Expenditures										
General Government		074 400		500.004		404.050				
Personnel Purchased Services		671,183		569,831		101,352				
Supplies		395,517 18,800		410,274 19,891		(14,757) (1,091)				
Capital		10,000		9,940		(9,940)				
Other		_		6,669		(6,669)				
Total Expenditures		1,085,500		1,016,605		68,895				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		-		460,364		460,364				
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfers Out				_						
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>						
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		460,364		460,364				
Fund Balance - beginning		1,767,995		1,767,995						
Fund Balance - ending	\$	1,767,995	\$	2,228,359	\$	460,364				

	Clerk of Court Incentives									
		Final Budget		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)					
Revenues	•	00.000	•	50.070	•	00.070				
Intergovernmental Interest	\$	36,000 50	\$	59,673 880	\$	23,673 830				
Total Revenues		36,050		60,553		24,503				
Expenditures General Government										
Purchased Services		-		8,505		(8,505)				
Supplies		36,050		22,490		13,560				
Total Expenditures		36,050		30,995		5,055				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		-		29,558		29,558				
Fund Balance - beginning		217,547		217,547						
Fund Balance - ending	\$	217,547	\$	247,105	\$	29,558				

	Clerk of Court Unit Cost									
		Final Budget		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)					
Revenues										
Intergovernmental	\$	215,000	\$	164,926	\$	(50,074)				
Total Revenues		215,000		164,926		(50,074)				
Expenditures										
General Government										
Personnel		191,450		250,426		(58,976)				
Purchased Services		19,700		25,332		(5,632)				
Supplies		3,850		422		3,428				
Total Expenditures		215,000		276,180		(61,180)				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		-		(111,254)		(111,254)				
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfers In		-		111,254		111,254				
Transfers Out	-									
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				111,254		111,254				
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		-				
Fund Balance - beginning		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>				
Fund Balance - ending	\$		\$	<u> </u>	\$					

	Employer Group Benefit Trust								
	Final Budget			Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)				
Revenues									
Interest	\$	100	\$	1,277	\$	1,177			
Miscellaneous		200,000		190,758		(9,242)			
Total Revenues		200,100		192,035		(8,065)			
Expenditures General Government									
Other		200,100		196,581		3,519			
Total Expenditures		200,100		196,581		3,519			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		-		(4,546)		(4,546)			
Fund Balance - beginning		311,112		311,112		<u>-</u>			
Fund Balance - ending	\$	311,112	\$	306,566	\$	(4,546)			



	Public Defender Trust								
		Final Budget		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)				
Revenues									
Intergovernmental	\$	900,000	\$	1,010,637	\$	110,637			
Interest		500		1,811		1,311			
Miscellaneous		421,500		362,676		(58,824)			
Total Revenues		1,322,000		1,375,124		53,124			
Expenditures									
General Government									
Personnel		2,112,019		2,107,278		4,741			
Purchased Services		81,350		106,049		(24,699)			
Supplies		21,700		24,831		(3,131)			
Capital		<u>-</u>		37,030		(37,030)			
Total Expenditures		2,215,069		2,275,188		(60,119)			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(893,069)		(900,064)		(6,995)			
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers In		699,293		699,293		<u>-</u>			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		699,293	_	699,293					
Net Change in Fund Balance		(193,776)		(200,771)		(6,995)			
Fund Balance - beginning		333,911		333,911					
Fund Balance - ending	\$	140,135	\$	133,140	\$	(6,995)			

	Reforestation Trust									
		Final Budget		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)					
Revenues										
Fines and Forfeitures	\$	50,000	\$	64,176	\$	14,176				
Interest		100		2,306		2,206				
Total Revenues		50,100		66,482		16,382				
Expenditures General Government										
Purchased Services		50,100		76,357		(26,257)				
	-									
Total Expenditures		50,100		76,357		(26,257)				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		-		(9,875)		(9,875)				
Fund Balance - beginning		531,455		531,455		<u>-</u>				
Fund Balance - ending	\$	531,455	\$	521,580	\$	(9,875)				

	Total								
		Final Budget		Actual		/ariance Positive Negative)			
Revenues									
Property Taxes	\$	8,960,632	\$	8,560,393	\$	(400,239)			
Licenses and Permits		4,900,000		5,237,314		337,314			
Intergovernmental		2,286,000		2,203,788		(82,212)			
Charges for Services		1,075,000		1,433,148		358,148			
Fines and Forfeitures		50,000		64,176		14,176			
Interest		4,700		49,991		45,291			
Miscellaneous		642,300		596,885		(45,415)			
Total Revenues		17,918,632		18,145,695		227,063			
Expenditures									
General Government									
Personnel		3,132,536		3,067,339		65,197			
Purchased Services		780,896		688,813		92,083			
Supplies		85,950		69,458		16,492			
Capital		-		59,099		(59,099)			
Other		1,878,950		1,968,708		(89,758)			
Total Expenditures		5,878,332		5,853,417		24,915			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		12,040,300		12,292,278		251,978			
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Debt Service - Principal		(5,195,328)		(5,195,328)		-			
Debt Service - Interest and Fees		(3,032,982)		(3,054,246)		(21,264)			
Transfers In		749,293		860,547		111,254			
Transfers Out		(3,621,250)		(3,842,472)	_	(221,222)			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(11,100,267)		(11,231,499)		(131,232)			
Net Change in Fund Balance		940,033		1,060,779		120,746			
Fund Balance - beginning		11,964,990		11,964,990		<u>-</u>			
Fund Balance - ending	\$	12,905,023	\$	13,025,769	\$	120,746			

#### BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - PUBLIC SAFTEY PROGRAMS June 30, 2017

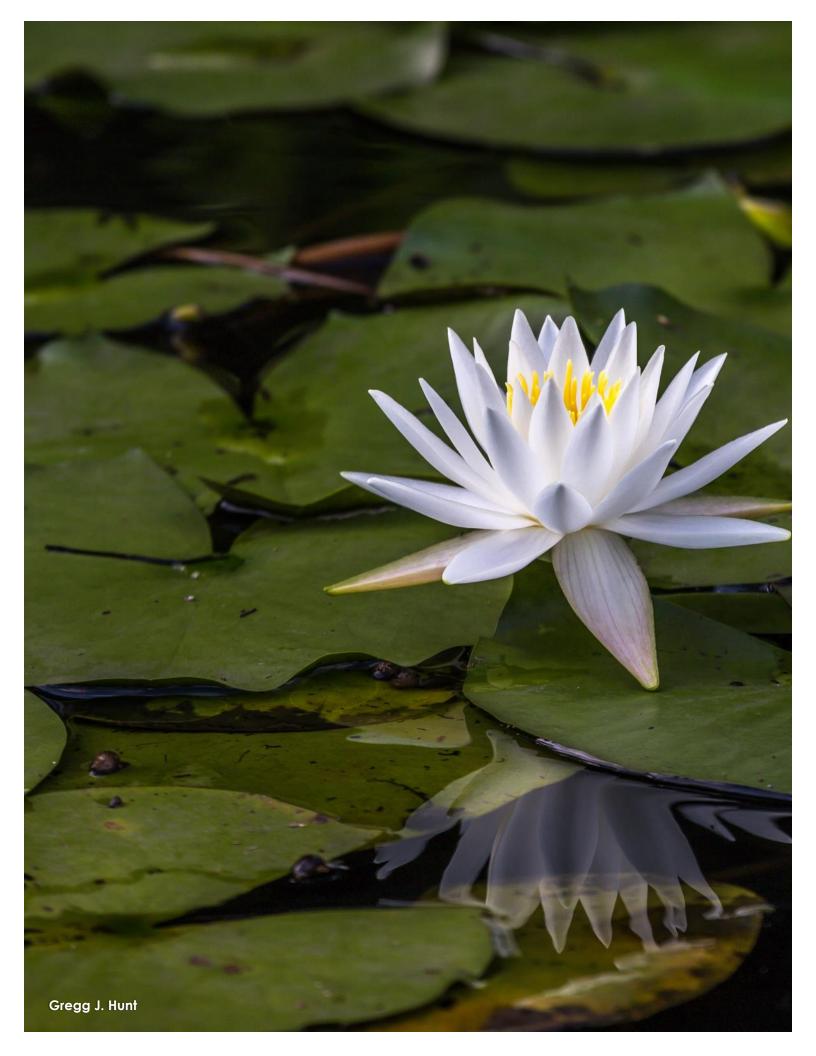
	_	E-911 Telephone Program		Victims ssistance Program	Sheriff's Office Special Projects		,		Total	
ASSETS  Cash and Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Receivables, Net Due from Other Governments Prepaid Items Total Assets	\$	3,977,339 19,875 412,824 51,201 4,461,239	\$ \$	465,049 15,886 - - - 480,935	\$	1,617,600 16,822 11,220 4,628 1,650,270	\$ \$	611,114 117 66,425 - 677,656	\$ \$	6,671,102 52,700 490,469 55,829 7,270,100
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Accrued Payroll Due to Others Total Liabilities	\$	68,419 14,857 - 83,276	\$	2,338 213,458 - 215,796	\$	25,225 23,262 511,575 560,062	\$	378,014 1,080 42,977 422,071	\$	473,996 252,657 554,552 1,281,205
FUND BALANCE Nonspendable Restricted Total Fund Balance		51,201 4,326,762 4,377,963		265,139 265,139		4,628 1,085,580 1,090,208		255,585 255,585		55,829 5,933,066 5,988,895
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	4,461,239	\$	480,935	\$	1,650,270	\$	677,656	\$	7,270,100

	E-911 Telephone Program							
	Final	Actual	Variance Positive					
Revenues Intergovernmental Charges for Services Interest Total Revenues	\$ 914,292 540,000 2,000 1,456,292	\$ 891,652 1,251,931 16,310 2,159,893	(Negative) \$ (22,640)     711,931     14,310     703,601					
Expenditures Public Safety Personnel Purchased Services Supplies Capital	322,252 911,603 22,680 57,000	417,341 939,219 38,594 222,612	(95,089) (27,616) (15,914) (165,612)					
Other Total Expenditures	142,757 1,456,292	129,604 1,747,370	13,153 (291,078)					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	-	412,523	412,523					
Fund Balance - beginning	3,965,440	3,965,440						
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 3,965,440	\$ 4,377,963	\$ 412,523					

	Victims Assistance Program					
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)			
Revenues Intergovernmental Fines and Forfeitures Interest Total Revenues	\$ 48,207 135,200 - 183,407	\$ 79,708 132,882 1,587 214,177	\$ 31,501 (2,318) 1,587 30,770			
Expenditures Public Safety Personnel Other	211,546 -	198,894 6,672	12,652 (6,672)			
Total Expenditures	211,546	205,566	5,980			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(28,139)	8,611	36,750			
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	28,139 28,139	28,139 28,139				
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	36,750	36,750			
Fund Balance - beginning	228,389	228,389				
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 228,389	\$ 265,139	\$ 36,750			

	Sheriff's Office Special Projects						
	Final Budget			Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues Licenses and Permits Intergovernmental Charges for Services Fines and Forfeitures Interest Miscellaneous Total Revenues	\$	25,000 482,839 190,000 90,000 165 40,440 828,444	\$	34,750 530,556 191,194 38,205 2,065 53,770 850,540	\$	9,750 47,717 1,194 (51,795) 1,900 13,330 22,096	
Expenditures Public Safety Personnel Purchased Services		748,963 38,252		588,531 74,325		160,432 (36,073)	
Supplies Capital Other		18,500 50,000 113,879		25,205 53,924 122,720		(6,705) (3,924) (8,841)	
Total Expenditures	_	969,594		864,705		104,889	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(141,150)		(14,165)		126,985	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		143,403 143,403		143,403 143,403		<u>-</u>	
Net Change in Fund Balance		2,253		129,238		126,985	
Fund Balance - beginning		960,970	_	960,970		<u>-</u>	
Fund Balance - ending	\$	963,223	\$	1,090,208	\$	126,985	

	Public Safety Grants					
	Final Budget			Actual	ı	/ariance Positive Vegative)
Revenues						
Intergovernmental	\$	383,819	\$	910,323	\$	526,504
Interest		65		1,045		980
Miscellaneous		114,200		119,561		5,361
Total Revenues	_	498,084	_	1,030,929		532,845
Expenditures Public Safety						
Purchased Services		37,545		124,511		(86,966)
Supplies		24,000		94,356		(70,356)
Capital		306,819		614,284		(307,465)
Other		129,720		148,494		(18,774)
Total Expenditures		498,084	_	981,645	_	(483,561)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		-		49,284		49,284
Fund Balance - beginning	_	206,301	_	206,301	_	<u>-</u>
Fund Balance - ending	\$	206,301	\$	255,585	\$	49,284



	Total				
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues					
Licenses and Permits	\$ 25,000	\$ 34,750	\$ 9,750		
Intergovernmental	1,829,157	2,412,239	583,082		
Charges for Services	730,000	1,443,125	713,125		
Fines and Forfeitures	225,200	171,087	(54,113)		
Interest	2,230	21,007	18,777		
Miscellaneous	154,640	173,331	18,691		
Total Revenues	2,966,227	4,255,539	1,289,312		
Expenditures Public Safety	4 202 704	4 204 700	77.005		
Personnel Purchased Services	1,282,761	1,204,766	77,995		
Supplies	987,400 65,180	1,138,055 158,155	(150,655) (92,975)		
Capital	413,819	890,820	(477,001)		
Other	386,356	407,490	(21,134)		
Total Expenditures	3,135,516	3,799,286	(663,770)		
Total Experiorales	3,133,310	3,199,200	(003,770)		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(169,289)	456,253	625,542		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers In	171,542	171,542	-		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	171,542	171,542	-		
• , ,					
Net Change in Fund Balance	2,253	627,795	625,542		
Fund Balance - beginning	5,361,100	5,361,100	<del>_</del>		
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 5,363,353	\$ 5,988,895	\$ 625,542		

#### BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - PUBLIC WORKS PROGRAMS June 30, 2017

	Solid Waste & Recycling Grants	County Road Improvement Program	Barton's Run Agreement	Del Webb Boat Ramp Repair Fees	Road Impact Fees	Total
ASSETS Cash and Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments Due from Other Governments Total Assets	\$ 273,057 19,608 \$ 292,665	\$ 9,495,173 174,209 \$ 9,669,382	\$ 26,258 \$ 26,258	\$ 2,994 - \$ 2,994	\$11,742,290 - \$11,742,290	\$21,539,772 193,817 \$21,733,589
<u>LIABILITIES</u> Accounts Payable Accrued Payroll Total Liabilities	\$ 13,245 - 13,245	\$ 737,771 1,080 738,851	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ 8,792 - - - - - - - - -	\$ 759,808 1,080 760,888
FUND BALANCE Restricted Total Fund Balance	279,420 279,420	8,930,531 8,930,531	26,258 26,258	2,994 2,994	11,733,498 11,733,498	20,972,701
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 292,665	\$ 9,669,382	\$ 26,258	\$ 2,994	\$11,742,290	\$21,733,589

	Solid Waste and Recycling Grants						
		Final Budget		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	\$	139,000	\$	170,329	\$	31,329	
Miscellaneous		12,000		12,000			
Total Revenues		151,000		182,329		31,329	
Expenditures							
Public Works							
Purchased Services		98,750		38,655		60,095	
Supplies		34,000		81,657		(47,657)	
Capital		18,250				18,250	
Total Expenditures		151,000		120,312		30,688	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		-		62,017		62,017	
Fund Balance - beginning		217,403		217,403		<u>-</u>	
Fund Balance - ending	\$	217,403	\$	279,420	\$	62,017	

	County Road Improvement Program					
			Variance			
	Final		Positive			
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)			
Revenues						
Intergovernmental	\$ 4,500,000	\$ 3,652,102	\$ (847,898)			
Charges for Services	2,300,000	2,981,313	681,313			
Interest	2,000	62,043	60,043			
Miscellaneous	20,000	25,000	5,000			
Total Revenues	6,822,000	6,720,458	(101,542)			
Expenditures						
Public Works						
Personnel	34,559	150,148	(115,589)			
Purchased Services	211,501	733,074	(521,573)			
Supplies	141,000	25,332	115,668			
Capital	6,061,810	9,397,675	(3,335,865)			
Total Expenditures	6,448,870	10,306,229	(3,335,865)			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	373,130	(3,585,771)	(3,437,407)			
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Debt Service - Principal	(279,443	) (282,384)	(2,941)			
Debt Service - Interest and Fees	(93,687	) (85,304)	8,383			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(373,130	(367,688)				
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	(3,953,459)	(3,437,407)			
Fund Balance - beginning	12,883,990	12,883,990				
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 12,883,990	\$ 8,930,531	\$ (3,437,407)			

	Barton's Run Agreement						
		Final Budget		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues							
Charges for Services	\$	2,000	\$	2,700	\$	700	
Interest				100		100	
Total Revenues		2,000		2,800		800	
Expenditures Public Works							
Capital		2,000		<u>-</u>		2,000	
Total Expenditures		2,000		<u>-</u>		2,000	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		-		2,800		2,800	
Fund Balance - beginning		23,458		23,458		<u>-</u>	
Fund Balance - ending	\$	23,458	\$	26,258	\$	2,800	

	Del Webb Boat Ramp Repair Fees						
		inal udget	A	ctual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues							
Interest	\$	-	\$	12	\$	12	
Miscellaneous		500		240		(260)	
Total Revenues		500		252		(248)	
Expenditures Public Works							
Capital		-		-		-	
Total Expenditures							
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		500		252		(248)	
Fund Balance - beginning		2,742		2,742		<u>-</u>	
Fund Balance - ending	\$	3,242	\$	2,994	\$	(248)	

	Road Impact Fees						
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)				
Revenues Licenses and Permits Interest		,150	6,453,946 31,884	\$	2,813,946 30,734		
Total Revenues	3,641	<u> </u>	6,485,830		2,844,680		
Expenditures Public Works							
Purchased Services		<u> </u>	17,562	_	(17,562)		
Total Expenditures		<u> </u>	17,562		(17,562)		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	3,641	,150	6,468,268		2,827,118		
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers In Transfers Out Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(701 (701	- , <u>217</u> ) ,217)	230,395 (701,217) (470,822)	_	230,395		
		<u></u>	(*** 5,5==)				
Net Change in Fund Balance	2,939	•	5,997,446		3,057,513		
Fund Balance - beginning	5,736	,052	5,736,052	_			
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 8,675	,985 <u>\$</u>	11,733,498	\$	3,057,513		

			Total			
					Variance	
	Final			Positive		
	Budget		Actual	(	(Negative)	
Revenues	 		_			
Licenses and Permits	\$ 3,640,000	\$	6,453,946	\$	2,813,946	
Intergovernmental	4,639,000		3,822,431		(816,569)	
Charges for Services	2,302,000		2,984,013		682,013	
Interest	3,150		94,039		90,889	
Miscellaneous	 32,500		37,240		4,740	
Total Revenues	 10,616,650		13,391,669		2,775,019	
Expenditures						
Public Works						
Personnel	34,559		150,148		(115,589)	
Purchased Services	310,251		789,291		(479,040)	
Supplies	175,000		106,989		68,011	
Capital	 6,082,060		9,397,675		(3,315,615)	
Total Expenditures	 6,601,870		10,444,103	_	(3,842,233)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	4,014,780		2,947,566		(1,067,214)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Debt Service - Principal	(279,443)		(282,384)		(2,941)	
Debt Service - Interest and Fees	(93,687)		(85,304)		8,383	
Transfers In	-		230,395		230,395	
Transfers Out	 (701,217)		(701,217)	_		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (1,074,347)		(838,510)		235,837	
Net Change in Fund Balance	2,940,433		2,109,056		(831,377)	
Fund Balance - beginning	 18,863,645		18,863,645	_	<u>-</u>	
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 21,804,078	\$	20,972,701	\$	(831,377)	

# BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - PUBLIC HEALTH PROGRAMS June 30, 2017

	Alcohol and Drug Abuse	Disabilities and Special Needs	T-4-1
	Department	Department	Total
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Cash and Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 870,956	\$ 3,339,556	\$ 4,210,512
Receivables, Net	-	410	410
Due from Other Governments	142,835	-	142,835
Prepaid Items	3,399	35,851	39,250
Total Assets	\$ 1,017,190	\$ 3,375,817	\$ 4,393,007
<u>LIABILITIES</u>			
Accounts Payable	\$ 195,463	\$ 410,148	\$ 605,611
Accrued Payroll	45,217	207,066	252,283
Due to Others	<u>-</u>	45,587	45,587
Total Liabilities	240,680	662,801	903,481
FUND BALANCE			
Nonspendable	3,399	35,851	39,250
Restricted	773,111	2,677,165	3,450,276
Total Fund Balance	776,510	2,713,016	3,489,526
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 1,017,190	\$ 3,375,817	\$ 4,393,007

#### BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA

#### COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - PUBLIC HEALTH PROGRAMS

	Alcohol and Drug Abuse Department						
		\	/ariance				
		Final			ı	Positive	
		Budget		Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	\$	711,844	\$	880,827	\$	168,983	
Charges for Services		280,654		285,411		4,757	
Interest		100		2,592		2,492	
Miscellaneous		1,500		791		(709)	
Total Revenues		994,098		1,169,621		175,523	
Expenditures							
Public Health							
Personnel		1,237,440		1,252,453		(15,013)	
Purchased Services		138,600		90,609		47,991	
Supplies		70,677		35,767		34,910	
Total Expenditures		1,446,717		1,378,829	_	67,888	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(452,619)		(209,208)		243,411	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers In		572,957		414,577		(158,380)	
Transfers Out		(172,957)		(14,577)		158,380	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		400,000		400,000		-	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(52,619)		190,792		243,411	
Fund Balance - beginning		585,718		585,718			
Fund Balance - ending	\$	533,099	\$	776,510	\$	243,411	

#### BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA

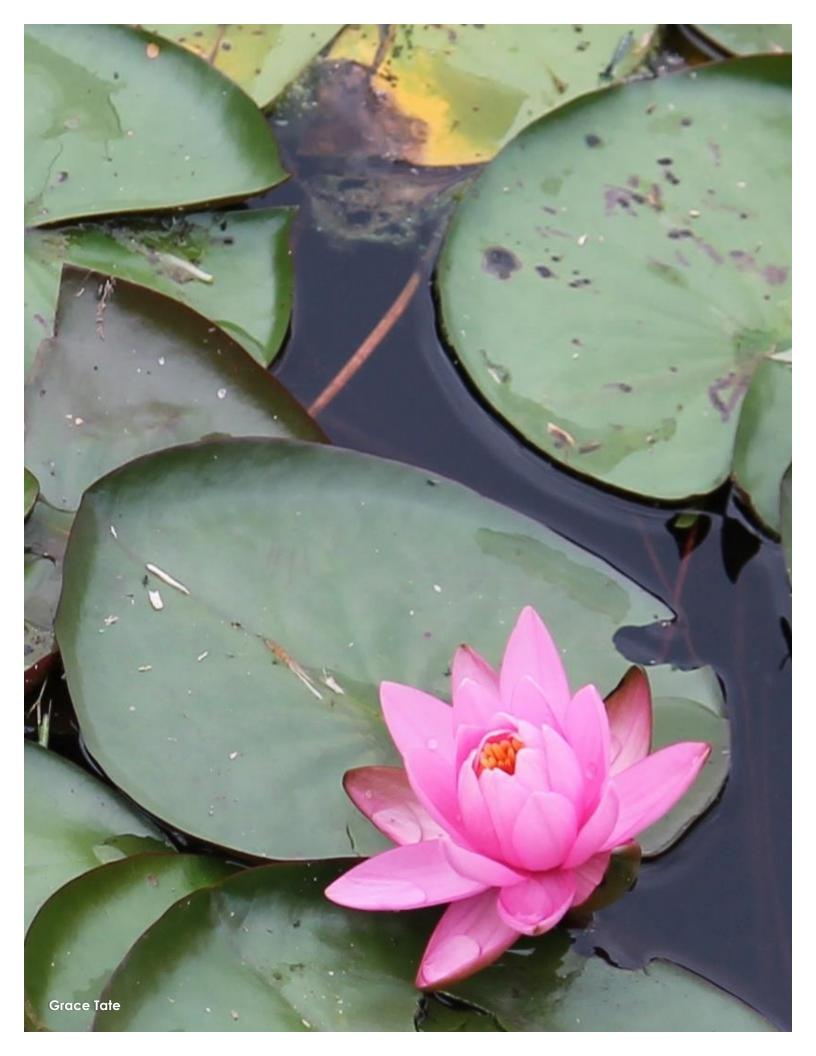
#### COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - PUBLIC HEALTH PROGRAMS

		Disabilities and Special Needs Department						
						√ariance		
		Final				Positive		
	Budget			Actual	(1	Negative)		
Revenues		_		_				
Intergovernmental	\$	6,125,887	\$	6,444,044	\$	318,157		
Charges for Services		343,585		329,492		(14,093)		
Interest		-		13,398		13,398		
Miscellaneous		237,165		223,179		(13,986)		
Total Revenues		6,706,637		7,010,113		303,476		
Expenditures								
Public Health								
Personnel		6,911,778		5,941,002		970,776		
Purchased Services		1,638,209		1,727,666		(89,457)		
Supplies		411,400		352,973		58,427		
Capital		704,000		168,587	_	535,413		
Total Expenditures		9,665,387		8,190,228		1,475,159		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(2,958,750)		(1,180,115)		1,778,635		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers In		2,250,000		2,250,000		_		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		2,250,000		2,250,000		<u>-</u>		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(708,750)		1,069,885		1,778,635		
Fund Balance - beginning		1,643,131		1,643,131				
Fund Balance - ending	\$	934,381	\$	2,713,016	\$	1,778,635		

#### BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA

#### COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - PUBLIC HEALTH PROGRAMS

	Total						
	Final				Variance Positive		
		Budget		Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	\$	6,837,731	\$	7,324,871	\$	487,140	
Charges for Services		624,239		614,903		(9,336)	
Interest		100		15,990		15,890	
Miscellaneous		238,665		223,970		(14,695)	
Total Revenues	_	7,700,735		8,179,734		478,999	
Expenditures							
Public Health							
Personnel		8,149,218		7,193,455		955,763	
Purchased Services		1,776,809		1,818,275		(41,466)	
Supplies		482,077		388,740		93,337	
Capital		704,000		168,587		535,413	
Total Expenditures		11,112,104		9,569,057	_	1,543,047	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(3,411,369)		(1,389,323)		2,022,046	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers In		2,822,957		2,664,577		(158,380)	
Transfers Out		(172,957)		(14,577)		158,380	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		2,650,000		2,650,000			
Net Change in Fund Balance		(761,369)		1,260,677		2,022,046	
Fund Balance - beginning		2,228,849		2,228,849			
Fund Balance - ending	\$	1,467,480	\$	3,489,526	\$	2,022,046	



#### BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - CULTURAL AND RECREATION PROGRAMS

	PALS Capital Program							
		Final Budget		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)			
Revenues								
Charges for Services	\$	30,000	\$	-	\$	(30,000)		
Interest		25		241		216		
Total Revenues		30,025		241		(29,784)		
Expenditures  Cultural and Recreation								
Supplies		_		42,557		(42,557)		
Total Expenditures		<u>-</u>		42,557		(42,557)		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		30,025		(42,316)		(72,341)		
Fund Balance - beginning		94,911		94,911		<u>-</u>		
Fund Balance - ending	\$	124,936	\$	52,595	\$	(72,341)		

# BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - PUBLIC WELFARE PROGRAMS June 30, 2017

							Col	laborative	
	Da	aufuskie		HUD	(	DBG	Org	ganization	
		Ferry		Homes	١	Nater	for	Services	
		Grant	F	rogram		Grants	to	o Youth	Total
ASSETS									
Cash and Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	43,933	\$	-	\$	5,300	\$	27,919	\$ 77,152
Due from Other Governments				19,159				4,901	 24,060
Total Assets	\$	43,933	\$	19,159	\$	5,300	\$	32,820	\$ 101,212
LIABILITIES									
Accounts Payable	\$	43,933	\$	19,159	\$	3,450	\$	5,189	\$ 71,731
Accrued Payroll				<u>-</u>		_		8,155	 8,155
Total Liabilities		43,933		19,159		3,450		13,344	 79,886
FUND BALANCE									
Restricted		-		-		1,850		19,476	21,326
Total Fund Balance		-				1,850		19,476	 21,326
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	43,933	\$	19,159	\$	5,300	\$	32,820	\$ 101,212

	Daufuskie Ferry Grant								
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)						
Revenues									
Intergovernmental	\$ 80,000	\$ 80,000	\$ -						
Charges for Services	35,000	47,137	12,137						
Total Revenues	115,000	127,137	12,137						
Expenditures									
Public Welfare	005.004	440.700	(405.450)						
Other	285,621	410,780	(125,159)						
Total Expenditures	285,621	410,780	(125,159)						
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(170,621)	(283,643)	(113,022)						
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers In	167,856	283,643	115,787						
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	167,856	283,643	115,787						
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,765)	-	2,765						
Fund Balance - beginning									
Fund Balance - ending	\$ (2,765)	\$ -	\$ 2,765						

	HUD Homes Program							
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)					
Revenues Intergovernmental	\$ 700,000	\$ 600,840	\$ (99,160)					
Total Revenues	700,000	600,840	(99,160)					
Expenditures Public Welfare Other Total Expenditures	700,000 700,000	600,840 600,840	99,160 99,160					
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	-					
Fund Balance - beginning								
Fund Balance - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -					

	CDBG Water Grants						
		Final udget	,	Actual	Р	ariance ositive egative)	
Revenues Intergovernmental Total Revenues	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	
Expenditures Public Welfare Purchased Services Total Expenditures	_	<u>-</u> <u>-</u>		3,450 3,450		(3,450) (3,450)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		-		(3,450)		(3,450)	
Fund Balance - beginning		5,300		5,300			
Fund Balance - ending	\$	5,300	\$	1,850	\$	(3,450)	

	Collaborative Organization for Services to Youth							
			Variance					
	Final		Positive					
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)					
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$ 164,232	\$ 187,232	\$ 23,000					
Charges for Services	82,200	123,659	41,459					
Miscellaneous	16,411	16,855	444					
Total Revenues	262,843	327,746	64,903					
Expenditures								
Public Welfare								
Personnel	217,212	213,207	4,005					
Purchased Services	114,643	168,900	(54,257)					
Supplies	1,372	1,450	(78)					
Other	79,616	93,616	(14,000)					
Total Expenditures	412,843	477,173	(64,330)					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(150,000)	(149,427)	573					
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers In	150,000	150,000	<u> </u>					
Transfers Out	-	-	-					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	150,000	150,000						
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	573	573					
Fund Balance - beginning	18,903	18,903	<del>-</del>					
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 18,903	\$ 19,476	\$ 573					

# BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - PUBLIC WELFARE PROGRAMS For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Totals	
			Variance
	Final		Positive
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues			
Intergovernmental	\$ 944,232	\$ 868,072	\$ (76,160)
Charges for Services	117,200	170,796	53,596
Miscellaneous	16,411	16,855	444
Total Revenues	1,077,843	1,055,723	(22,120)
Expenditures			
Public Welfare			
Personnel	217,212	213,207	4,005
Purchased Services	114,643	172,350	(57,707)
Supplies	1,372	1,450	(78)
Other	1,065,237	1,105,236	(39,999)
Total Expenditures	1,398,464	1,492,243	(93,779)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(320,621)	(436,520)	(115,899)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers In	317,856	433,643	115,787
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	317,856	433,643	115,787
Net Change in Fund Balance	(2,765)	(2,877)	(112)
Fund Balance - beginning	24,203	24,203	
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 21,438	\$ 21,326	\$ (112)



### BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

### NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - CULTURAL AND RECREATION PROGRAMS ${\sf June~30,2017}$

	_ibrary Grants		Library Trusts		Library Impact Fees		PALS Capital Program		PALS Impact Fees	LS PARD Grant	N F	S Sumn Nutrition Program Grant			Total
<u>ASSETS</u>															
Cash and Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 80,879	\$	245,202	\$	3,050,487	\$	68,755	\$	4,061,203	\$ 91,910	\$			\$	7,598,436
Total Assets	\$ 80,879	\$	245,202	\$	3,050,487	\$	68,755	\$	4,061,203	\$ 91,910	\$		_	\$	7,598,436
<u>LIABILITIES</u>															
Accounts Payable	\$ 37,820	\$	59	\$	7,824	\$	16,160	\$	251,084	\$ 1,700	\$			\$	314,647
Total Liabilities	 37,820	_	59	_	7,824	-	16,160	_	251,084	 1,700			_=	_	314,647
FUND BALANCE															
Restricted	43,059		245,143		3,042,663		-		3,810,119	90,210			-		7,231,194
Committed	 			_			52,595	_							52,595
Total Fund Balance	 43,059		245,143	_	3,042,663	_	52,595	_	3,810,119	 90,210	_			_	7,283,789
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 80,879	\$	245,202	\$	3,050,487	\$	68,755	\$	4,061,203	\$ 91,910	\$		_	\$	7,598,436

## BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - CULTURAL AND RECREATION PROGRAMS For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Library Grants						
		Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)			
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	\$	290,000	\$	301,569	\$	11,569	
Interest		20		217		197	
Miscellaneous		-		25,000		25,000	
Total Revenues		290,020		326,786	-	36,766	
Expenditures							
Cultural and Recreation							
Purchased Services		-		16,711		(16,711)	
Supplies		290,020		302,608		(12,588)	
Total Expenditures		290,020		319,319		(29,299)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		-		7,467		7,467	
Fund Balance - beginning		35,592		35,592		<u>-</u>	
Fund Balance - ending	\$	35,592	\$	43,059	\$	7,467	

## BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - CULTURAL AND RECREATION PROGRAMS For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

			Lib	rary Trusts		
		Final Budget		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues						
Interest	\$	-	\$	965	\$	965
Miscellaneous		-		1,850		1,850
Total Revenues		<u> </u>		2,815		2,815
Expenditures  Cultural and Recreation						
Supplies		-		9,362		(9,362)
Other		_		454		(454)
Total Expenditures				9,816		(9,816)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		-		(7,001)		(7,001)
Fund Balance - beginning		252,144		252,144		<u>-</u>
Fund Balance - ending	\$	252,144	\$	245,143	\$	(7,001)

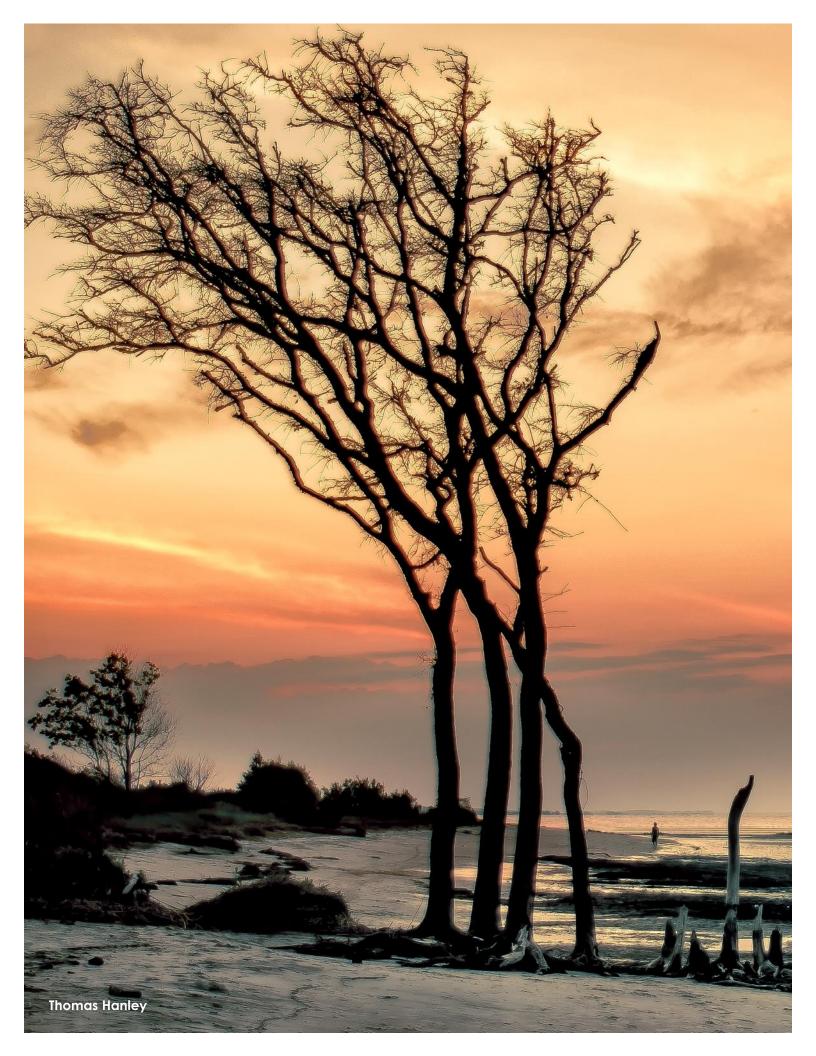
#### BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA

### COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - CULTURAL AND RECREATION PROGRAMS For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Library Impact Fees						
						Variance	
		Final				Positive	
		Budget		Actual	(Negative)		
Revenues				_			
Licenses and Permits	\$	475,500	\$	1,008,898	\$	533,398	
Interest		1,025		10,753		9,728	
Miscellaneous		2,600		810		(1,790)	
Total Revenues		479,125	_	1,020,461		541,336	
Expenditures							
Cultural and Recreation							
Purchased Services		-		317		(317)	
Supplies		481,221		29,089		452,132	
Capital		<u>-</u>		143,545		(143,545)	
Total Expenditures		481,221		172,951		308,270	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(2,096)		847,510		849,606	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers In				43,024		43,024	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		<u>-</u>		43,024		43,024	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(2,096)		890,534		892,630	
Fund Balance - beginning		2,152,129		2,152,129		<u>-</u>	
Fund Balance - ending	\$	2,150,033	\$	3,042,663	\$	892,630	

## BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - CULTURAL AND RECREATION PROGRAMS For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	PALS Impact Fees						
		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues							
Licenses and Permits	\$	950,000	\$	1,847,558	\$	897,558	
Interest		1,300	_	13,080		11,780	
Total Revenues		951,300		1,860,638		909,338	
Expenditures  Cultural and Recreation							
Purchased Services		50,500				50,500	
Capital		554,861		376,534		178,327	
Total Expenditures		605,361		376,534		228,827	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		345,939		1,484,104		1,138,165	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Debt Service - Principal		(190,254)		(194,111)		3,857	
Debt Service - Interest and Fees		(155,685)		(151,880)		(3,805)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(345,939)		(345,991)		52	
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		1,138,113		1,138,217	
Fund Balance - beginning		2,672,006		2,672,006		<u>-</u>	
Fund Balance - ending	\$	2,672,006	\$	3,810,119	\$	1,138,217	



## BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - CULTURAL AND RECREATION PROGRAMS For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		PARD Grant	
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Intergovernmental	<u> </u>	\$ -	\$ -
Total Revenues			
Expenditures			
Cultural and Recreation			
Capital		2,398	(2,398)
Total Expenditures		2,398	(2,398)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	-	(2,398)	(2,398)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers In	<u>-</u>	85,369	85,369
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		85,369	85,369
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	82,971	82,971
Fund Balance - beginning	7,239	7,239	
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 7,239	\$ 90,210	\$ 82,971

#### BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA

### COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - CULTURAL AND RECREATION PROGRAMS For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	PALS Summer Nutrition Program Grant						
	Final Budget			Actual		Variance Positive Negative)	
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	\$	400,000	\$	97,490	\$	(302,510)	
Total Revenues		400,000		97,490		(302,510)	
Expenditures							
Cultural and Recreation							
Personnel		67,000		20,281		46,719	
Purchased Services		331,800		93,590		238,210	
Supplies		1,200		=		1,200	
Total Expenditures		400,000		113,871		286,129	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		-		(16,381)		(16,381)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers In		<u>-</u>		16,381		16,381	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				16,381		16,381	
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		-	
Fund Balance - beginning				<u>-</u>			
Fund Balance - ending	\$	<u> </u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	

## BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - CULTURAL AND RECREATION PROGRAMS For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

			Total			
					Variance	
	Final			Positive		
		Budget	 Actual	(	Negative)	
Revenues						
Licenses and Permits	\$	1,425,500	\$ 2,856,456	\$	1,430,956	
Intergovernmental		690,000	399,059		(290,941)	
Charges for Services		30,000	-		(30,000)	
Interest		2,370	25,256		22,886	
Miscellaneous		2,600	 27,660		25,060	
Total Revenues		2,150,470	 3,308,431		1,157,961	
Expenditures						
Cultural and Recreation						
Personnel		67,000	20,281		46,719	
Purchased Services		382,300	110,618		271,682	
Supplies		772,441	383,616		388,825	
Capital		554,861	522,477		32,384	
Other		<u>-</u>	 454		(454)	
Total Expenditures	_	1,776,602	 1,037,446		739,156	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		373,868	2,270,985		1,897,117	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Debt Service - Principal		(190,254)	(194,111)		3,857	
Debt Service - Interest and Fees		(155,685)	(151,880)		(3,805)	
Transfers In		<u> </u>	 144,774		144,774	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	(345,939)	 (201,217)		144,826	
Net Change in Fund Balance		27,929	2,069,768		2,041,943	
Fund Balance - beginning		5,214,021	 5,214,021		<u>-</u>	
Fund Balance - ending	\$	5,241,950	\$ 7,283,789	\$	2,041,943	

# BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA BALANCE SHEET ALL NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS June 30, 2017

	Bluffton Parkway Bonds	Bluffton County TIF Bonds	Total
ASSETS  Cash and Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments  Total Assets	\$ 3,306,846 \$ 3,306,846	<u>\$ -</u> \$ -	\$ 3,306,846 \$ 3,306,846
LIABILITIES  Accounts Payable  Total Liabilities	\$ - -	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ - -
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES  Unavailable revenue - property taxes  Total deferred inflows of resources			
FUND BALANCE Restricted	3,306,846		3,306,846
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 3,306,846	\$ -	\$ 3,306,846

#### BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ALL NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	E	Bluffton Parkway Bonds						
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)					
Revenues								
Interest	\$ 500	\$ -	\$ (500)					
Total Revenues	500		(500)					
Expenditures								
Debt Service - Principal	1,837,337	1,837,337	-					
Debt Service - Interest and Fees	863,880	863,880						
Total Debt Service Expenditures	2,701,217	2,701,217						
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(2,700,717)	(2,701,217)	(500)					
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers In	2,701,217	4,896,769	2,195,552					
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,701,217	4,896,769	2,195,552					
Net Change in Fund Balance	500	2,195,552	2,195,052					
Fund Balance - beginning	1,111,294	1,111,294						
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 1,111,794	\$ 3,306,846	\$ 2,195,052					

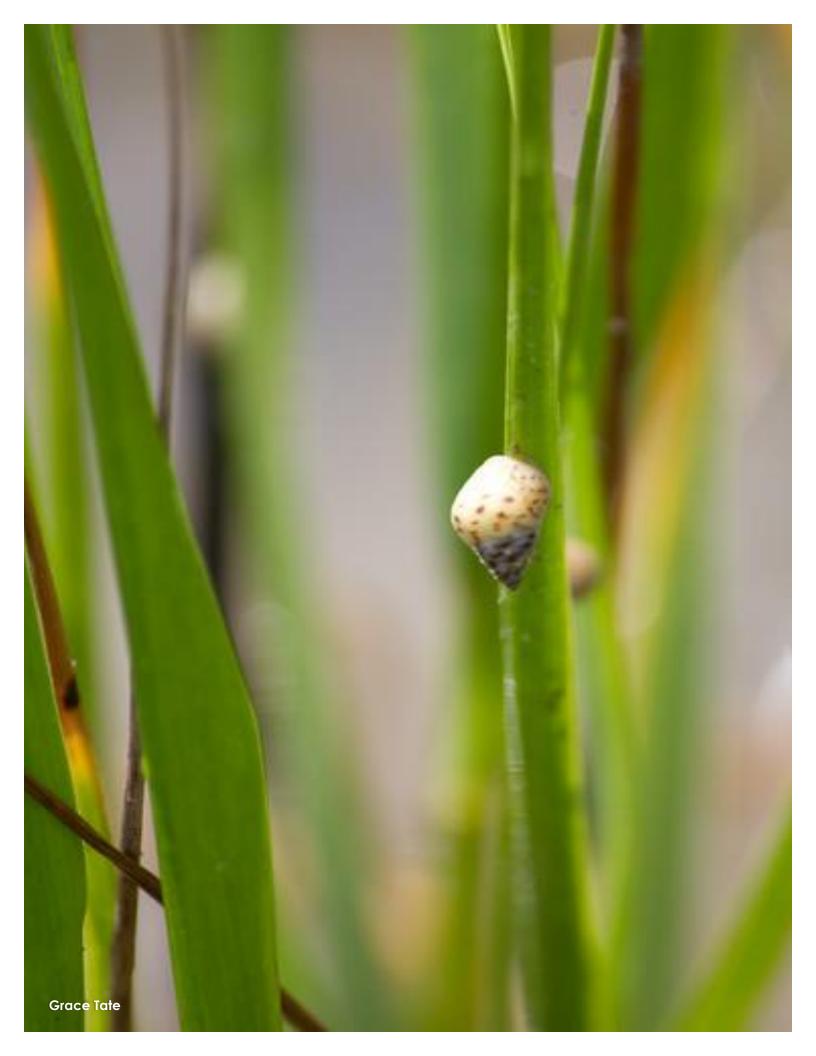
# BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ALL NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Bluffton - County TIF Bonds						
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)				
Revenues							
Property Taxes	\$ 266,773	\$ 540,192	\$ 273,419				
Total Revenues	266,773	540,192	273,419				
Expenditures							
Debt Service - Principal	3,295,000	3,295,000	-				
Debt Service - Interest and Fees	48,090	48,090	<u> </u>				
Total Debt Service Expenditures	3,343,090	3,343,090					
Excess (deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(3,076,317)	(2,802,898)	273,419				
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers Out		(273,419)	(273,419)				
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u> </u>	(273,419)	(273,419)				
Net Change in Fund Balance	(3,076,317)	(3,076,317)	-				
Fund Balance - beginning	3,076,317	3,076,317					
Fund Balance - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				

# BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ALL NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Total	
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Property Taxes	\$ 266,773	\$ 540,192	\$ 273,419
Interest	500		(500)
Total Revenues	267,273	540,192	272,919
Expenditures			
Debt Service - Principal	5,132,337	5,132,337	-
Debt Service - Interest and Fees	911,970	911,970	<u>-</u>
Total Debt Service Expenditures	6,044,307	6,044,307	
Excess (deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(5,777,034)	(5,504,115)	272,919
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers In	2,701,217	4,896,769	2,195,552
Transfers Out	<u> </u>	(273,419)	(273,419)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	2,701,217	4,623,350	1,922,133
Net Change in Fund Balance	(3,075,817)	(880,765)	2,195,052
Fund Balance - beginning	4,187,611	4,187,611	
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 1,111,794	\$ 3,306,846	\$ 2,195,052



#### BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET ALL NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS June 30, 2017

	GC	2009 D Bond ojects		2013 GO Bond Projects		2014 O Bond Projects		ulticounty ndustrial Park	2006 Sales Tax Projects		Bluffton Parkway Project	E	ninistrative Building novations		Rail Trail	Myrtle Park Phase II
ASSETS	•	10.070	•	400.000		- 400 775	•	040.570	<b>A</b> 4057.004	•		•		•	00.004	<b>4.</b> 4.707.000
Cash and Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments  Due from Other Governments	\$	12,673 <u>-</u>	\$	439,009	\$ t	5,409,775	\$	216,572	\$ 4,957,634 1,865,845	\$	- -	\$	<u> </u>	\$	28,991	\$ 4,727,929 
Total Assets	\$	12,673	\$	439,009	\$ 5	5,409,775	\$	216,572	\$ 6,823,479	\$		\$		\$	28,991	\$ 4,727,929
LIABILITIES																
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	50,991	\$	-	\$ 1,081,894	\$	-	\$	(157,743)	\$	-	\$ -
Accrued Payroll			_						2,552	_	-				-	
Total Liabilities						50,991	_		1,084,446	_		_	(157,743)			
FUND BALANCE																
Restricted for Capital Projects		12,673	_	439,009		5,358,784		216,572	5,739,033	_	-		157,743		28,991	4,727,929
Total Fund Balance		12,673	_	439,009		5,358,784	_	216,572	5,739,033	_			157,743		28,991	4,727,929
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	12,673	\$	439,009	\$ 5	5,409,775	\$	216,572	\$ 6,823,479	\$		\$		\$	28,991	\$ 4,727,929

### BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ALL NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

		2009 GO Bond Projects		2013 GO Bond Projects		2014 GO Bond Projects	ulticounty ndustrial Park	2006 Sales Tax Projects		Bluffton Parkway Project		dministrative Building Renovations	Sp	anish Moss Rail Trail		Myrtle Park Phase II	Totals
Project Authorization Prior Year's Revenues Prior Year's Expenditures	\$	<b>5,134,088</b> 5,134,088 5,121,514	\$	<b>7,555,383</b> 7,555,383 7,098,136	\$	<b>17,223,268</b> 17,223,268 9,386,836	\$ <b>373,282</b> 373,282 271,057	<b>\$ 212,073,986</b> 212,073,986 205,241,268	\$	<b>38,945,908</b> 38,945,908 36,759,403	\$	<b>26,811,670</b> 26,811,670 26,551,353	\$	<b>2,125,847</b> 2,125,847 1,939,201	\$	<b>5,901,829</b> 5,901,829 1,202,563	<b>\$ 316,145,261</b> 316,145,261 293,571,331
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	_	12,574	_	457,247	_	7,836,432	 102,225	6,832,718	_	2,186,505	_	260,317	_	186,646		4,699,266	22,573,930
		-		-		-	-			-		-		-		-	-
Revenues Property Taxes		-		-		-	188,899	-		-		-		-		-	188,899
Intergovernmental Interest Miscellaneous		- 99 -		32,842 -		- 25,488 -	- 294 2,215	9,179,374 28,640 -		9,045 -		-		- - -		- 19,413 9,250	9,179,374 115,821 11,465
Total Revenues		99		32,842		25,488	191,408	9,208,014		9,045		-		-		28,663	9,495,559
Expenditures Capital Projects			_	51,080	_	2,503,136	 77,061	10,301,699	_		_	102,574		157,655			13,193,205
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		99		(18,238)		(2,477,648)	114,347	(1,093,685)		9,045		(102,574)		(157,655)		28,663	(3,697,646)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Issuance of Bonds		-		-		-	-	-		-		-		-		-	-
Transfers In Transfers Out		-		-		-	-	-		(2,195,550)		-		-		-	- (2,195,550)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	_	_	-	_	_	 		_	(2,195,550)	_			_	_	_	(2,195,550)
Net Change in Fund Balance		99		(18,238)		(2,477,648)	114,347	(1,093,685)		(2,186,505)		(102,574)		(157,655)		28,663	(5,893,196)
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	<u>\$</u>	12,673	<u>\$</u>	439,009	\$	5,358,784	\$ 216,572	\$ 5,739,033	\$		\$	157,743	\$	28,991	<u>\$</u>	4,727,929	<b>\$ 16,680,734</b>

July 01, 2016 Additions Deductions	Balance June 30, 2017	
Broad Creek Public Service District		
Assets:  Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments  \$\frac{144,627}{2} \frac{\$2,163,551}{2} \frac{\$1,675,600}{2}	\$ 632,578	
Due to Agency: Operations \$ 73,401 \$ 1,448,243 \$ 983,292	\$ 538,352	
Water/Sewer - 32,017 - Debt Service 71,154 683,291 692,308	32,017 62,137	
Capital Projects         72	72	
<u>\$ 144,627</u>	\$ 632,578	
Fripp Island Public Service District		
Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments \$\\ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc	\$ 1,365,164	
Due to Agency: Erosion Control \$ 287,905 \$ 54,315 \$ 200,000	\$ 142,220	
Water/Sewer 337,227 370,078 364,336	342,969	
Debt Service         366,273         442,376         442,932           Fire Operations         241,766         553,075         550,000	365,717 244,841	
Fire Department 1% Funds 249,690 31,919 12,192	269,417	
<u>\$ 1,482,861</u> <u>\$ 1,451,763</u> <u>\$ 1,569,460</u>	\$ 1,365,164	
Forest Beach Public Service District		
Assets:	Φ 4.000	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments \$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	\$ 1,686	
Due to Agency: Operations \$ 24 \$ 96 \$ 96	\$ 24	
Operations         \$ 24         \$ 96           Water/Sewer         -         -	Φ 24 -	
Debt Service		
Fire Operations         1,478         5,913         5,913           Fire Debt Service         184         735         735	1,478 184	
Fire Department 1% Funds - 290,658 290,658	-	
<u>\$ 1,686</u> <u>\$ 6,744</u> <u>\$ 6,744</u>	\$ 1,686	
Hilton Head #1 Public Service District		
Assets:		
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments <u>\$ 852,736</u> <u>\$ 3,041,601</u> <u>\$ 3,090,241</u>	\$ 804,096	
Due to Agency:		
Operations \$ 83,359 \$ 956,476 \$ 960,000 Water/Sewer 40,243 467,316 478,000	\$ 79,835 29,559	
Debt Service 701,344 1,378,287 1,396,642	682,989	
Assessment A 12,989 17,571 30,000	560	
Assessment B 1,162 25,748 26,000	910	
Assessment C 3,292 77,483 77,000 Assessment D 266 30,795 31,000	3,775 61	
Assessment H11 1,801 36,548 37,999	350	
Folly Field Area Front Foot Assessment 2,252 32,043 31,600	2,695	
Front Foot Assessment Revenue Bonds         6,028         19,334         22,000	3,362	
<u>\$ 852,736</u> <u>\$ 3,041,601</u> <u>\$ 3,090,241</u>	\$ 804,096	

	Ju	Balance ly 01, 2016		Additions		Deductions	Jui	Balance ne 30, 2017
South Beach Public Service District								
Assets:								
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	49,155	\$	30,460	\$	42,937	\$	36,678
Due to Agency:								
Water/Sewer	\$	17,335	\$	15,614	\$	30,000	\$	2,949
Debt Service Fire Operations		28,582 3,056		1,904 12,216		- 12,211		30,486 3,061
Fire Debt Service		182		726		726		182
	\$	49,155	\$	30,460	\$	42,937	\$	36,678
Bluffton Fire District Assets:								
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	6,580,378	\$	14,456,003	\$	16,663,254	\$	4,373,127
Due to Agency:								
Operations	\$	2,162,364	\$	12,567,399	\$	12,925,395	\$	1,804,368
Debt Service Capital Projects		(232,711) 2,543,307		563,946 132,803		286,243 2,654,939		44,992 21,171
Fire Department 1% Fund		356,954		348,536		637,565		67,925
Fire Impact Fees		1,750,464		843,319		159,112		2,434,671
	\$	6,580,378	\$	14,456,003	\$	16,663,254	\$	4,373,127
Burton Fire District Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments  Due to Agency: Operations Debt Service Fire Department 1% Fund Fire Impact Fees	\$\$ \$\$	539,400 274,319 7,981 41,297 862,997	\$	4,903,069 4,448,402 377,114 52,922 24,631 4,903,069	\$	5,117,318 4,691,509 384,971 40,838 - 5,117,318	\$	296,293 266,462 20,065 65,928 648,748
Daufuskie Island Fire District								
Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	(122,094)	\$	1,227,279	\$	1,151,307	\$	(46,122)
Due to Agency:								
Operations	\$	(164,463)	\$	1,205,823	\$	1,140,679	\$	(99,319)
Debt Service		34,270		5,288		-		39,558
Fire Department 1% Fund Fire Impact Fees		1,758		11,733 4,435		10,628		2,863
rile illipact rees	\$	6,341 (122,094)	\$	1,227,279	\$	1,151,307	\$	10,776 (46,122)
<u>Ladys Island/St Helena Island Fire District</u> Assets:								
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	2,233,174	\$	5,932,009	\$	6,570,599	\$	1,594,584
Due to Agency:								
Operations	\$	1,079,786	\$	5,414,847	\$	5,815,518	\$	679,115
Debt Service		31,035		314,841		312,138		33,738
Fire Department 1% Fund Fire Impact Fees		516,973 605,380		90,472		442,943		164,502
i iie iiiipaci Fees	\$	2,233,174	\$	111,849 5,932,009	\$	6,570,599	\$	717,229 1,594,584
	Ψ	2,200,114	Ψ	0,002,000	Ψ	0,010,000	Ψ	1,004,004

			041.0	00, 20				
	Bala			A -1 -1:4:		S. d		Balance
	July 01	, 2016		Additions		Deductions	Jun	e 30, 2017
Shelden Fire Dietriet								
Sheldon Fire District Assets:								
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	387,153	\$	1,393,761	\$	1,394,343	\$	386,571
Due to Agency:								
Operations	\$	249,813	\$	1,289,887	\$	1,305,643	\$	234,057
Debt Service Fire Department 1% Fund		33,507 54,694		77,033 22,315		72,230 5,998		38,310 71,011
Fire Impact Fees		49,139		4,526		10,472		43,193
	\$	387,153	\$	1,393,761	\$	1,394,343	\$	386,571
City of Beaufort								
Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	52,091	\$	8,931,947	\$	8,751,982	\$	232,056
	<del> </del>		-		-		-	<del></del>
Due to Agency: Municipal	\$	52,217	\$	8,028,426	\$	7,849,030	\$	231,613
Stormwater Fees	Ψ	(126)	Ψ	841,727	Ψ	841,158	Ψ	443
Fire Department 1% Fund		<u>-</u>	_	61,794	_	61,794		-
	\$	52,091	\$	8,931,947	\$	8,751,982	\$	232,056
Town of Port Royal Assets:								
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	23,543	\$	2,507,387	\$	2,453,853	\$	77,077
Due to Agency:								
Municipal	\$	23,496	\$	2,330,758	\$	2,280,430	\$	73,824
Stormwater Fees		47		164,300		161,094		3,253
Fire Department 1% Fund	\$	23,543	\$	12,329 2,507,387	\$	12,329 2,453,853	\$	77,077
	<u>*</u>	20,010	<u>*</u>	2,001,001	<u>*</u>	2,100,000	<u>*</u>	,
Taxan of Divition								
Town of Bluffton Assets:								
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	65,010	\$	8,513,234	\$	8,428,371	\$	149,873
Due to Agency:								
Municipal	\$	65,004	\$	7,209,329	\$	7,137,925	\$	136,408
Stormwater Fees		6	_	1,303,905		1,290,446		13,465
	\$	65,010	\$	8,513,234	\$	8,428,371	\$	149,873
Town of Yemassee Assets:								
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	154	\$	33,319	\$	32,749	\$	724
Due to America								
Due to Agency: Municipal	\$	154	\$	33,177	\$	32,607	\$	724
Fire Department 1% Fund		-		142		142		- 704
	\$	154	\$	33,319	\$	32,749	\$	724
Town of Hilton Head Assets:								
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ (	758,555)	\$	27,426,565	\$	25,926,537	\$	741,473
Dura da Amariana			-					
Due to Agency: Municipal	\$ (	779,895)	\$	22,820,570	\$	21,551,820	\$	488,855
Motor Vehicle Fee	. (	-	•	770,694	•	587,350	•	183,344
Stormwater Fees Fire Operations		127 4,944		3,476,247 19,777		3,429,562 19,777		46,812 4,944
Fire Debt Service		16,269		1,249		-		17,518
Fire Department 1% Fund	•			338,028	_	338,028		_
	\$ (	758,555)	\$	27,426,565	\$	25,926,537	\$	741,473



	Balance July 01, 2016			Additions		Deductions	Balance June 30, 2017	
City of Hardeeville								
Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	44	\$	94,205	\$	94,246	\$	3
Due to Agency:								
Municipal		44		94,205		94,246		3
	\$	44	\$	94,205	\$	94,246	\$	3
Beaufort-Jasper Academy for Career Excellence	<u> </u>							
Assets:	\$	220 044	œ.	2 525 626	æ	2 202 407	•	642.000
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	<u>\$</u>	320,811	\$	3,525,636	\$	3,202,487	\$	643,960
Due to Agency:								
General	\$	(499,540)	\$	3,338,478	\$	2,274,858	\$	564,080
Special Revenue Funds Education Improvement Act		319,706 500,645		187,158		305,267 622,362		14,439 65,441
Education improvement Act	\$	320,811	\$	3,525,636	\$	3,202,487	\$	643,960
	Ψ	020,011	<u>*</u>	0,020,000	<u>*</u>	0,202,101	<u>*</u>	0.10,000
Beaufort County School District								
Assets:	•	00 400 000	•	054 077 040	•	055 700 040	•	70.050.070
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	83,103,203	\$	351,877,816	\$	355,728,949	\$	79,252,070
Due to Agency:								
General	\$	28,579,821	\$	238,484,708	\$	228,917,481	\$	38,147,048
Special Revenue Funds		571,239		15,293,252		14,569,244		1,295,247
School Lunch Program Education Improvement Act		484,798 4,843,261		7,148,174 12,743,991		8,556,356 12,756,881		(923,384) 4,830,371
Debt Service		12,029,445		57,602,997		55,175,596		14,456,846
Capital Projects		1,239,363		5,128		-		1,244,491
School 8% Projects		22,953,420		20,471,741		35,720,344		7,704,817
Facilities 2005		7,409,667		66,169		-		7,475,836
Facilities 2007		30,349		- 04.050				30,349
Facilities 2008	<u></u>	4,961,840	<u>_</u>	61,656	<u></u>	33,047	<u></u>	4,990,449
	\$	83,103,203	\$	351,877,816	\$	355,728,949	<u>\$</u>	79,252,070
Special Assessments								
Assets:		450	_	,	_	<b>F</b>		450 150
Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	152,742	\$	47,722	\$	50,005	\$	150,459
Due to Agency:								
Burlington Estates	\$	24,048	\$	99	\$	-	\$	24,147
Burlington Land		17,709		73		-		17,782
Kings Grant II O'Neal Place		20,809 14,402		86 59		-		20,895 14,461
Pleasant Farm		1,966		-		1,959		7
Robin Wood		19,593		81		-		19,674
Seabrook Point		37,439		36,638		37,439		36,638
Woodland Estates		16,765		69 10.617		10 607		16,834
Brown's Island	\$	11 152,742	\$	47,722	\$	10,607	\$	21 150,459
	Φ	102,142	Φ	41,122	Φ	50,005	Φ	100,409

	Balance July 01, 2016	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2017	
Departmentally Held Funds Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 13,167,703	\$ 34,022,514	\$ 33,874,233	<u>\$ 13,315,984</u>	
Due to Agency: Clerk of Court Master in Equity - Foreclosures Register of Deeds - Bonds Treasurer - JPC Escrow Treasurer - Bankruptcy Escrow Treasurer - Surplus Tax Escrow	\$ 3,540,682 248,581 (1,275) 331,280 284,480 8,763,955 \$ 13,167,703	\$ 2,241,744 12,886,817 18,020 75,378 262,269 18,538,286 \$ 34,022,514	\$ 2,833,511 12,611,021 34,375 308,730 18,086,596 \$ 33,874,233	\$ 2,948,915 524,377 (17,630) 406,658 238,019 9,215,645 \$ 13,315,984	
Total - All Agency Funds Assets: Equity in Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 108,599,419	<u>\$ 471,586,585</u>	\$ 475,825,215	\$ 104,360,789	
Due to Agency: General	\$ 108,599,419	\$ 471,586,585	\$ 475,825,215	\$ 104,360,789	

#### BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF FINES, FEES, ASSESSMENTS AND SURCHARGES For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

Clerk of Court Fines, Fees, Assessments and Surcharges	
Remitted to the State Treasurer	\$ 370,561
Remitted to Other Agencies	31,654
Retained by the County	138,883
Total Fines, Fees, Assessments and Surcharges Collected	\$ 541,098
Magistrate Courts Fines, Fees, Assessments and Surcharges	
Remitted to the State Treasurer	\$ 865,407
Remitted to Other Agencies	47,630
Retained by the County	756,209
Total Fines, Fees, Assessments and Surcharges Collected	\$ 1,669,246
Victims Assistance Services	
Funds Carried Forward from Prior Years	\$ 228,389
Fees and Assessments from the Clerk of Court	35,753
Fees and Assessments from the Magistrate Courts	92,229
Fees and Assessments from the Solicitor's Office	4,900
Town of Hilton Head Allocation	79,708
County General Fund Allocation	29,726
Funds Allocated to Victim Assistance Services	470,705
Victim Assistance Expenditures	(205,566)
Funds Available for Carryforward	<u>\$ 265,139</u>

### BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA ALCOHOL AND DRUG ABUSE PROGRAMS - PROFIT AND LOSS STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2017

	Central Administration	Safety Action	School Intervention	Community Based Treatment	Preventive Education	Intensive Outpatient	Drug Court	Total
Revenues								
State Mini Bottles	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 78,593	\$ 78,593	\$ 78,593	\$ 78,593	\$ -	\$ 314,372
DAODOS Block Grant:1								
IOP Uninsured Treatment	-	-	-	5,444	-	26,898	-	32,342 F
Outpatient - TB Testing	-	-	-	1,356	-	-	-	1,356 F
Outpatient	-	-	-	179,237	-	-	-	179,237 F
Outpatient Uninsured Treatment	-	-	-	12,708	-	-	-	12,708 F
Outpatient - Adolescent	-	-	7,750	23,250	-	-	-	31,000 F
Outpatient - Adolescent Uninsured Treatment	-	-	20	20	-	-	-	40 F
Outpatient - HIV	-	-	-	35,000	-	-	-	35,000 F
ADSAP	-	29,007	-	-	-	-	-	29,007 F
Adolescent Intervention	-	-	1,753	-	-	-	-	1,753 S
Primary Prevention	-	-	-	-	103,384	-	-	103,384 F
SAPT BG Assessment <sup>2</sup>	-	-	-	12,480	-	-	-	12,480 F
Synar/STEP Youth Tobacco Buys <sup>3</sup>	-	-	-	-	1,557	-	-	1,557 F
SBG (State Block Grant) <sup>4</sup>	-	6,308	-	-	-	-	-	6,308 S
COLA (Cost of Living Allowance) <sup>5</sup>	-	9,657	3,935	10,015	6,796	5,365	-	35,768 S
DSS DTS <sup>6</sup>	-	-	-	57,243	_	-	-	57,243 O
STEP UP <sup>7</sup>	_	_	_	3,352	_	_	_	3,352 0
Charges for Services - Fees	_	156,785	_	69,027	_	_	_	225,812
Charges for Services - Medicaid	_	-	_	71,519	_	_	_	71,519
Interest Income	2,592	_	_	-	_	_	_	2,592
Miscellaneous	41	-	-	-	12,750	-	-	12,791
Total Revenues	2,633	201,757	92,051	559,244	203,080	110,856		1,169,621
Expenditures								
Personnel	186,603	156,064	60,126	458,206	211,079	180,375	-	1,252,453
Purchased Services	42,100	15,719	2,632	18,128	10,819	1,211	-	90,609
Supplies	7,865	9,668	3,560	8,300	528	5,846	-	35,767
Total Expenditures	236,568	181,451	66,318	484,634	222,426	187,432	_	1,378,829
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(233,935)	20,306	25,733	74,610	(19,346)	(76,576)	-	(209,208)
Other Financing Sources	420.452						(20.452)	400.000
Transfers In (Out)	429,153						(29,153)	400,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	195,218	20,306	25,733	74,610	(19,346)	(76,576)	(29,153)	190,792
Fund Balance - beginning	175,443	83,791	89,038	246,841	44,802	(68,773)	14,576	585,718
Fund Balance - ending	\$ 370,661	\$ 104,097	\$ 114,771	\$ 321,451	\$ 25,456	\$ (145,349)	\$ (14,577)	\$ 776,510

#### Notes:

- 1: Fiscal Year 2017 Department of Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse Services (DAODAS) Block Grant is contract number BEA-BG-17 and is comprised of federal funds in the amount of \$424,074 and state funds in the amount of \$1,753, for a total annual contract amount of \$425,827 (contract number BEA-BG-17; CFDA No. 93.959).
- 2: Fiscal Year 2017 Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment Block Grant (SAPT BG) for Assessment consists of federal funds in the amount of \$12,480 (CFDA No. 93.959).
- 3: Fiscal Year 2017 Synar/STEP Youth Tobacco Buys consists of federal funds in the amount of \$1,557 (CFDA No. 93.959).
- 4: Fiscal Year 2017 DAODAS State Block Grant consists of state funds in the amount of \$6,308 (contract number BEA-SBG-17).
- 5: Fiscal Year 2017 Cost of Living Allowance (COLA) is state funds in the amount of \$35,768 (contract number BEA-COLA-17).
- 6: Fiscal Year 2017 DSS-DTS is identified as other funds in the amount of \$57,243 (contract number BER-DTS).
- 7: Fiscal Year 2017 STEP UP is identified as other funds in the amount of \$3,352 (contract number STEP UP).

#### Legend:

F - Federal Funds	438,111
S - State Funds	43,829
O - Other Funds	60,595
	\$ 542 535

#### BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA

#### Daufuskie Ferry Schedule of Budgeted to Actual

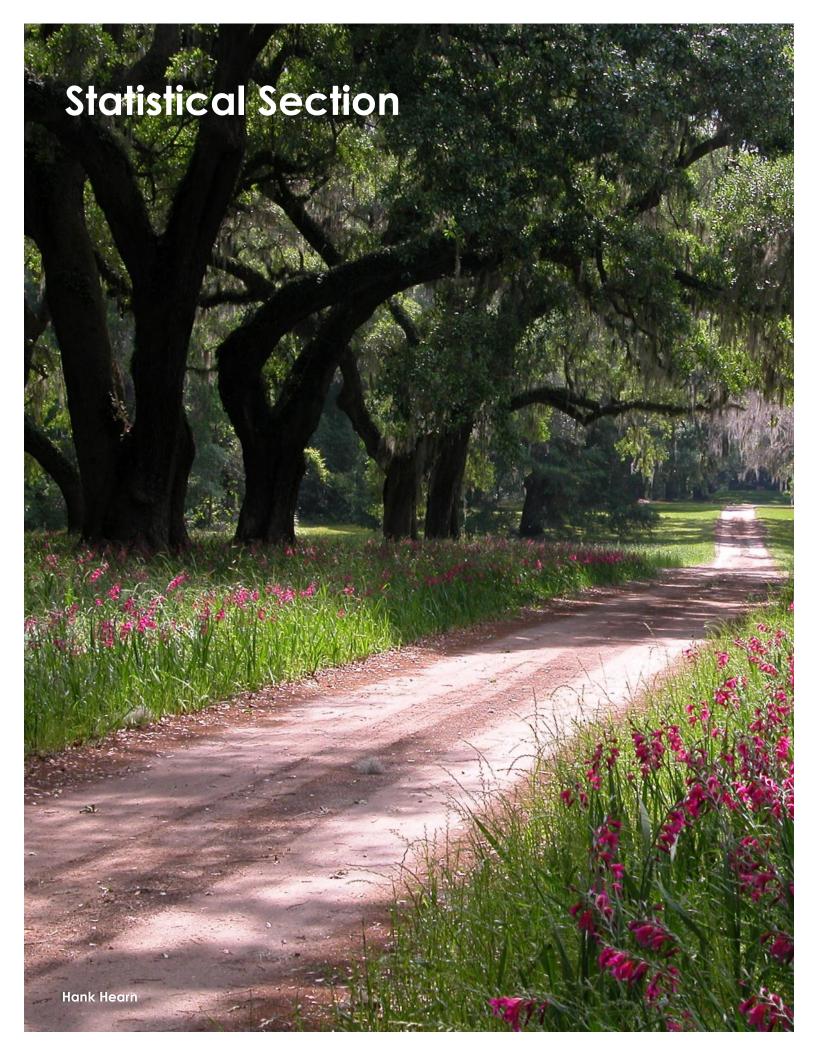
### South Carolina Department of Transportation - State Mass Transit Funds (SMTF) Contract PT-7G699-57

For the period beginning July 1, 2016 and ending June 30, 2017

	<u>Budget</u>	Actual - SMTF	Actual - Local	Total Actual	<u>Variance</u>
Revenues					
Intergovernmental <sup>1</sup>	\$ 80,000	\$ 80,000	\$ -	\$ 80,000	\$ -
Charges for Services <sup>2</sup>	50,000		47,137	47,137	(2,863)
Total Revenues	130,000	80,000	47,137	127,137	(2,863)
Expenditures					
Ferry Service	405,470	80,000	325,470	405,470	-
Parking Fees	1,110	-	1,110	1,110	-
Administration	4,200		4,200	4,200	
Total Expenditures	410,780	80,000	330,780	410,780	-
Other Financing Sources					
Transfers In <sup>2</sup>	262,075		283,643	283,643	(21,568)
Total Other Financing Sources	262,075	-	283,643	283,643	(21,568)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(18,705)	-	-	-	(24,431)
Fund Balance - beginning					
Fund Balance - ending	<u>\$ (18,705)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	\$ (24,431)

Note 1: The intergovermental revenues are provided by the South Carolina Department of Transportation, State Mass Transit Funds.

Note 2: The Charges for Services are Ridership Fees. The transfer in is funding provided by Beaufort County's General Fund.



#### BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017 STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Beaufort County comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall health.

CONTENTS		PAGE
	ds These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	148 - 153
	These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, property tax.	154 - 157
	These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	158 - 162
	and Economic Information  These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.	163 - 164
	These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.	165 - 167

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

#### BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	FY 2008	FY 2009	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Governmental Activities  Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities net position	\$ 70,906,216	\$ 82,426,443	\$ 126,759,144	\$ 150,354,190	\$ 182,140,936	\$ 235,805,103	\$ 248,042,213	\$ 258,464,624	\$ 297,559,730	\$ 250,724,674
	48,605,864	34,763,370	76,403,806	110,042,845	109,480,674	81,168,869	94,621,380	103,427,275	74,429,250	132,328,862
	45,443,709	83,769,216	27,135,536	1,807,004	2,286,272	5,092,524	(9,776,030)	(67,733,915)	(47,981,906)	(69,322,749)
	\$ 164,955,789	\$ 200,959,029	\$ 230,298,486	\$ 262,204,039	\$ 293,907,882	\$ 322,066,496	\$ 332,887,563	\$ 294,157,984	\$ 324,007,074	\$ 313,730,787
Business-Type Activities  Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted  Total business-type activities net position	\$ 21,340,684	\$ 23,074,168	\$ 23,805,330	\$ 24,456,698	\$ 23,927,764	\$ 23,961,592	\$ 23,319,358	\$ 27,565,326	\$ 28,123,049	\$ 28,226,279
	266,120	(2,067,504)	(1,764,310)	(1,979,580)	(1,466,786)	(1,180,550)	(741,276)	(8,545,869)	(4,534,745)	(2,657,026)
	\$ 21,606,804	\$ 21,006,664	\$ 22,041,020	\$ 22,477,118	\$ 22,460,978	\$ 22,781,042	\$ 22,578,082	\$ 19,019,457	\$ 23,588,304	\$ 25,569,253
Primary Government Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 92,246,900	\$ 105,500,611	\$ 150,564,474	\$ 174,810,888	\$ 206,068,700	\$ 259,766,695	\$ 271,361,571	\$ 286,029,950	\$ 325,682,779	\$ 278,950,953
	48,605,864	34,763,370	76,403,806	110,042,845	109,480,674	81,168,869	94,621,380	103,427,275	74,429,250	132,328,862
	45,709,829	81,701,712	25,371,226	(172,576)	819,486	3,911,974	(10,517,306)	(76,279,784)	(52,516,651)	(71,979,775)
Total primary government net position	<u>\$ 186,562,593</u>	\$ 221,965,693	\$ 252,339,506	<u>\$ 284,681,157</u>	<u>\$ 316,368,860</u>	\$ 344,847,538	<u>\$ 355,465,645</u>	<u>\$ 313,177,441</u>	\$ 347,595,378	\$ 339,300,040

#### BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	FY 2008	FY 2009	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Expenses										
Governmental Activities	_									
General Government	\$ 27,566,886	\$ 33,883,983	\$ 35,336,670	\$ 33,610,134	\$ 32,119,250	\$ 32,641,163	\$ 34,741,478	\$ 34,268,122	\$ 42,236,133	\$ 48,649,308
Public Safety	45,505,447	49,090,928	50,524,200	48,927,744	51,231,345	52,481,136	57,185,897	53,323,890	48,929,013	87,661,802
Public Works	21,017,930	19,920,007	20,434,597	20,753,287	19,944,114	23,403,821	22,259,047	24,696,310	22,106,941	23,251,203
Public Health	9,545,159	12,227,572	12,267,824	11,859,259	11,881,484	11,987,651	11,462,648	10,667,458	12,128,941	12,440,379
Public Welfare	2,082,811	1,935,787	2,402,787	3,143,475	2,373,551	2,317,902	3,243,469	3,023,487	2,108,695	2,342,367
Cultural and Recreation	11,682,973	16,947,113	15,963,929	15,339,501	13,863,794	16,064,581	15,583,049	14,936,898	13,887,875	14,006,380
Interest	10,691,835	10,906,551	10,812,119	11,585,371	10,596,657	9,087,049	9,293,605	6,641,311	6,222,321	5,643,381
Total Governmental Activities Expenses	128,093,041	144,911,941	147,742,126	145,218,771	142,010,195	147,983,303	153,769,193	147,557,476	147,619,919	193,994,820
Business-Type Activities										
Garage	4,778,275	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stormwater Utility	2,896,205	3,027,952	3,677,985	3,758,958	3,124,645	3,246,022	3,175,708	3,534,035	3,663,825	4,063,867
Lady's Island Airport	909,516	1,129,236	664,128	693,783	668,094	667,068	602,879	703,949	901,521	610,714
Hilton Head Airport	4,475,379	2,478,208	2,558,747	2,191,050	3,236,793	2,565,348	2,829,612	4,517,883	8,330,082	11,505,178
Total Business-Type Expenses	13,059,375	6,635,396	6,900,860	6,643,791	7,029,532	6,478,438	6,608,199	8,755,867	12,895,428	16,179,759
Total Government Expenses	\$ 141,152,416	\$ 151,547,337	\$ 154,642,986	\$ 151,862,562	\$ 149,039,727	\$ 154,461,741	\$ 160,377,392	\$ 156,313,343	\$ 160,515,347	\$ 210,174,579

#### BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	FY 2008	FY 2009	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Program Revenues Governmental Activities Charges for services	-									
General Government Public Safety	\$ 13,170,035 7,990,064	\$ 16,717,090 7,193,599	\$ 17,046,292 7,130,652	\$ 17,668,968 7,437,462	\$ 18,499,976 6,871,580	\$ 18,342,329 8,510,306	\$ 18,929,100 6,774,011	\$ 18,874,705 7,372,252	\$ 15,720,868 8,153,290	\$ 18,431,740 8,674,298
Public Works Public Health	7,016,889 410,076	3,125,389 479,704	3,502,896 551,682	3,031,913 525,615	3,680,979 525,594	4,283,664 522,846	4,319,788 535,092	4,545,834 597,297	5,865,323 591,235	9,444,459 626,822
Public Welfare Cultural and Recreation	16,525 2,809,504	22,429 1,098,497	72,702 1,279,808	40,715 1,453,157	40,913 1,602,628	64,283 1,912,336	60,147 2,035,420	87,992 2,301,655	144,682 2,019,478	170,795 3,478,117
Operating Grants and Contributions Capital Grants and Contributions	8,312,520 33,285,927	8,046,928 4,223,966	8,353,023 2,654,488	9,055,697 1,833,055	9,549,138 2,405,145	9,328,245 13,271,813	10,398,779 17,270,372	11,962,524 16,053,234	11,249,681 17,613,148	12,444,349 9,881,571
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	73,011,540	40,907,602	40,591,543	41,046,582	43,175,953	56,235,822	60,322,709	61,795,493	61,357,705	63,152,151
Business-Type Activities Charges for services										
Garage Stormwater Utility	4,913,862 3,233,196	- 2,845,833	- 3,713,687	- 3,381,644	3,209,895	3,155,000	3,190,705	3,232,499	5,393,162	5,818,715
Lady's Island Airport Hilton Head Airport	729,620 1,508,468	535,016 1,473,958	490,691 1,435,463	530,525 1,449,414	567,734 1,495,360	560,766 1,793,155	528,390 1,830,654	552,091 1,777,043	529,750 1,638,483	567,029 1,605,813
Operating Grants and Contributions Capital Grants and Contributions	244,468 1,004,624	124,881 986,411	133,223 1,862,895	134,837 1,563,425	116,234 1,562,938	112,695 1,175,792	116,090 735,231	65,450 1,476,192	65,440 9,782,233	50,560 10,095,453
Total Business-Type Activities Program Revenues	11,634,238	5,966,099	7,635,959	7,059,845	6,952,161	6,797,408	6,401,070	7,103,275	17,409,068	18,137,570
Total Government Program Revenues	\$ 84,645,778	\$ 46,873,701	\$ 48,227,502	\$ 48,106,427	\$ 50,128,114	\$ 63,033,230	\$ 66,723,779	\$ 68,898,768	\$ 78,766,773	\$ 81,289,721
Net (Expense) / Revenue	<u> </u>									
Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities	\$ (55,081,501) (1,425,137)	\$ (104,004,339) (669,297)	\$ (107,150,583) 735,099	\$ (104,172,189) 416,054	\$ (98,834,242) (77,371)	\$ (91,747,481) 318,970	\$ (93,446,484) (207,129)	\$ (85,761,983) (1,652,592)	\$ (86,262,214) 4,513,640	\$ (130,842,669) 1,957,811
Total Government Net (Expense) / Revenue	\$ (56,506,638)	\$ (104,673,636)	<u>\$ (106,415,484)</u>	\$ (103,756,135)	\$ (98,911,613)	\$ (91,428,511)	\$ (93,653,613)	\$ (87,414,575)	\$ (81,748,574)	\$ (128,884,858)

#### BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	FY 2008	FY 2009	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets										
Governmental Activities	=									
Property Taxes	\$ 55,867,689	\$ 92,725,922	\$ 91,394,021	\$ 94,804,284	\$ 93,571,238	\$ 94,819,998	\$ 91,907,959	\$ 96,129,087	\$ 101,550,345	\$ 109,147,291
Sales Taxes	25,531,506	30,440,867	28,257,192	29,292,574	30,442,155	15,043,485	330,889	105,253	31,232	27,661
Grants and contributions not restricted	9,621,104	10,353,360	9,638,402	8,868,758	9,588,551	7,944,710	8,414,711	8,478,141	8,513,761	9,342,544
Unrestricted investment earnings	4,701,846	3,728,745	4,093,395	1,378,709	883,768	540,155	293,213	269,080	495,848	581,229
Special item - decrease in other post-employment										
benefit cost	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	27,520,071	1,353,498	-
Transfers In / (Out)	1,863,867	-	(250,000)	(2,500)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Gain/(Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets	-	-	4,460	(98,017)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	9,342,263	2,758,685	3,352,570	1,833,934	1,841,926	1,557,747	3,320,779	2,366,433	1,955,858	1,467,657
Total Governmental Activities	106,928,275	140,007,579	136,490,040	136,077,742	136,327,638	119,906,095	104,267,551	134,868,065	113,900,542	120,566,382
Business-Type Activities										
Unrestricted Investments Earnings	86,760	59,803	48,779	11,282	11,231	4,835	4,169	3,133	14,710	19,694
Special item - decrease in other post-employment										
benefit cost	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	1,230,929	38,502	-
Transfers In / (Out)	(1,863,867)	-	250,000	2,500	-	_	-	· · · -	-	-
Gain/(Loss) on Sale of Capital Assets	-	-	478	6,262	50,000	(3,741)	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	270	9,354	-	-	-	-	-	1,079	1,995	3,444
Total Business-Type Activities	(1,776,837)	69,157	299,257	20,044	61,231	1,094	4,169	1,235,141	55,207	23,138
Total Government	\$ 105,151,438	\$ 140,076,736	\$ 136,789,297	\$ 136,097,786	\$ 136,388,869	\$ 119,907,189	\$ 104,271,720	\$ 136,103,206	\$ 113,955,749	\$ 120,589,520
Changes in Net Position										
Governmental Activities	\$ 51,846,774	\$ 36.003.240	\$ 29,339,457	\$ 31,905,553	\$ 37,493,396	\$ 28,158,614	\$ 10,821,067	\$ 49,106,082	\$ 27,638,328	\$ (10,276,287)
Business-Type Activities	(3,201,974)	(600,140)	1,034,356	436,098	(16,140)	320,064	(202,960)	(417,451)	4,568,847	1,980,949
Total Government Changes in Net Position	\$ 48,644,800	\$ 35,403,100	\$ 30,373,813	\$ 32,341,651	\$ 37,477,256	\$ 28,478,678	\$ 10,618,107	\$ 48,688,631	\$ 32,207,175	\$ (8,295,338)

#### BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	FY 2008	FY 2009	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
General Fund Reserved Unreserved Total General Fund	\$ 827,243 18,929,748 \$ 19,756,991	\$ 2,168,732 18,771,412 \$ 20,940,144	\$ 2,023,487 16,217,306 \$ 18,240,793							
All Other Governmental Funds Reserved Unreserved, Reported In: Special revenue funds Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$ 103,005,448	\$ 137,996,015 34,484,177	\$ 140,360,312							
Total All Other Governmental Funds  Total All Governmental Funds	\$ 135,858,417 \$ 155,615,408	\$ 172,480,192 \$ 193,420,336	\$ 140,360,312 \$ 158,601,105							
General Fund Nonspendable Committed Assigned Unassigned Total General Fund				\$ 2,829,512 960,216 14,930,011 \$ 18,719,739	\$ 2,227,326 150,788 23,697 19,940,197 \$ 22,342,008	\$ 2,061,612 218,526 1,733,143 20,207,988 \$ 24,221,269	\$ 1,289,814 186,084 1,047,473 21,249,298 \$ 23,772,669	\$ 1,607,787 23,537 381,041 24,682,018 \$ 26,694,383	\$ 1,198,811 247,507 452,883 26,653,761 \$ 28,552,962	\$ 1,980,794 313,641 1,700,200 23,772,760 \$ 27,767,395
All Other Governmental Funds Nonspendable Restricted Committed Unassigned (Deficit) Total All Other Governmental Funds				\$ 2,418,050 126,929,680 4,466 (1,361) \$ 129,350,835	\$ 1,268,394 124,459,879 32,889 (28,933) \$ 125,732,229	\$ 1,199,446 108,228,779 56,058 365,494 \$ 109,849,777	\$ 2,514,805 92,038,827 67,748 \$ 94,621,380	\$ 4,464,642 98,868,411 94,222 \$ 103,427,275	\$ 72,968 87,145,361 94,911 \$ 87,313,240	\$ 99,269 132,176,998 52,595 \$ 132,328,862
Total All Governmental Funds				\$ 148,070,574	\$ 148,074,237	\$ 134,071,046	\$ 118,394,049	\$ 130,121,658	\$ 115,866,202	\$ 160,096,257

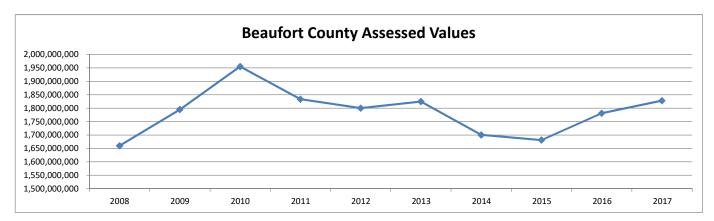
GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, became effective for fiscal year 2011 and established fund balance classifications that comprise a heirachy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to honor constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds.

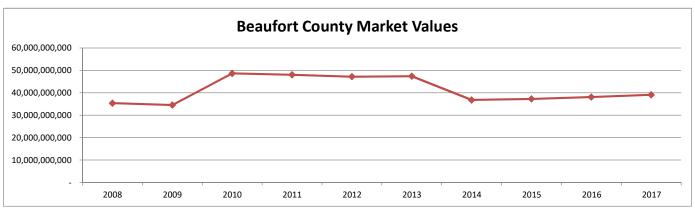
#### BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	FY 2008	FY 2009	FY 2010	FY 2011	FY 2012	FY 2013	FY 2014	FY 2015	FY 2016	FY 2017
Revenues										
Property Taxes	\$ 80,919,392	\$ 92,251,291	\$ 91,228,738	\$ 94,610,886	\$ 93,350,153	\$ 94,786,696	\$ 92,501,314	\$ 95,351,350	\$ 101,676,345	\$ 109,274,083
Licenses and Permits	15,244,516	8,289,425	8,024,048	7,960,357	9,924,740	10,705,122	11,348,536	12,074,801	12,655,858	18,366,032
Intergovernmental	51,219,551	53,065,121	48,903,105	49,050,084	51,984,989	45,588,253	36,414,751	36,611,786	33,572,097	35,530,696
Charges for Services	14,880,644	14,533,541	15,672,535	16,342,605	15,221,171	17,105,139	15,467,080	16,387,825	17,731,291	19,578,971
Fines and Forfeitures	1,287,933	1,354,535	1,483,077	1,126,116	1,015,739	898,436	1,007,091	1,073,474		922,497
	4,701,846		1,463,077	782,749	883,768	540,155	293,213	269,082	1,344,423 495,852	581,160
Interest Settlements	6,503,786	3,728,745	1,175,420	102,149	003,700	540,155	293,213	209,002	495,052	361,100
Miscellaneous		2 022 225	2 252 560	4 000 004	1 044 006	4 557 747	2 220 770	0.005.740	4.055.057	4 400 650
	3,091,560	2,932,325	3,352,568	1,833,934	1,841,926	1,557,747	3,320,779	2,365,713	1,955,857	1,492,658
Total Revenues	177,849,228	176,154,983	169,839,491	171,706,731	174,222,486	171,181,548	160,352,764	164,134,031	169,431,723	185,746,097
Expenditures										
General Government	24,281,947	26,138,110	26,791,534	24,479,751	23,497,733	23,658,058	24,808,234	25,358,150	37,126,529	39,552,934
Public Safety	42,629,557	45,642,410	42,542,591	42,639,887	43,222,080	44,182,336	46,846,910	48,381,271	45,583,499	45,115,821
Public Works	19,505,060	17,298,711	15,414,631	16,027,746	14,792,685	17,550,180	14,480,016	15,958,306	13,617,653	14,495,178
Public Health	9,648,711	12,170,658	12,045,705	11,598,713	11,218,245	11,306,171	10,758,045	10,490,248	11,487,899	11,742,116
Public Welfare	1,552,651	1,456,197	1,823,168	2,494,653	1,915,122	1,794,172	2,720,482	2,525,257	2,108,695	2,342,367
Cultural and Recreation	9,364,666	13,980,694	13,734,989	12,897,385	11,210,985	13,132,712	12,323,751	11,961,423	10,946,319	11,039,804
Disaster related expenditures	-	-	-, -,	-	-		-	-	-	38,727,223
Debt Service-Principal	7,615,000	25,395,000	7,565,000	10,170,000	11,820,000	72,805,000	14,280,980	13,453,464	14,121,038	17,613,699
Debt Service-Interest and Fees	10,119,245	11,039,289	10,926,464	11,491,994	11,698,673	10,443,924	8,142,957	8,754,441	8,444,266	7,857,324
Capital Projects	51,042,649	38,983,986	76,482,615	59,155,593	49,619,275	43,528,784	41,668,386	36,170,318	44,421,752	38,110,477
Total Expenditures	175,759,486	192,105,055	207,326,697	190,955,722	178,994,798	238,401,337	176,029,761	173,052,878	187,857,650	226,596,943
'										
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	2,089,742	(15,950,072)	(37,487,206)	(19,248,991)	(4,772,312)	(67,219,789)	(15,676,997)	(8,918,847)	(18,425,927)	(40,850,846)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Issuance of Bonds	43,030,000	53,755,000	48,755,000	8,125,000	12,500,000	49,265,000	_	19,450,000	_	51,000,000
Issuance of BANs	· · · · ·	· · ·	· · ·	· · · · -	· · · · -	· · · · -	_	-	_	30,250,000
Debt Service-Principal - Refinancing of BANs	-	_	(48,755,000)	_	_	-	_	_	_	· · ·
Issuance of Refunding Debt	-	-	-	-	15,295,000	58,335,000	-	22,570,000	17,950,000	6,110,000
Payments to Refunding Debt Escrow Agent	-	-	-	-	(17,312,305)	(65,909,303)	-	(24,811,938)	(19,091,723)	(6,405,000)
Issuance of Long-term Debt	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,000,000	-
Bond Premiums	-	_	2,917,975	595,960	2,368,280	11,525,901	_	3,438,394	1,312,194	4,794,335
Transfers In	18,842,778	17,631,847	19,413,742	13,351,316	15,409,058	27,323,615	23,928,262	19,629,618	8,759,152	11,158,117
Transfers Out	(16,978,911)	(17,631,847)	(19,663,742)	(13,353,816)	(15,409,058)	(27,323,615)	(23,928,262)	(19,629,618)	(8,759,152)	(11,826,551)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	44,893,867	53,755,000	2,667,975	8,718,460	12,850,975	53,216,598		20,646,456	4,170,471	85,080,901
Not Change in Fund Palance	f 40,000,000	£ 27.004.000	¢ (24.040.204)	¢ (40 E20 E24)	Ф 0.070.000	f (44,000,404)	₾ (4E 676 007)	Ф 44 707 CCC	Φ (44 OFF 450)	¢ 44.000.055
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 46,983,609	\$ 37,804,928	<u>\$ (34,819,231)</u>	<u>\$ (10,530,531)</u>	\$ 8,078,663	<u>\$ (14,003,191)</u>	\$ (15,676,997)	\$ 11,727,609	<u>\$ (14,255,456)</u>	\$ 44,230,055
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures	14.2%	23.8%	14.1%	16.4%	18.2%	42.7%	16.7%	16.2%	15.7%	13.5%

### BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA ASSESSED VALUE AND MARKET VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Real Property			Personal I	Property		Tot	als	
Fiscal	Assessed	Market		Assessed	Market		Assessed	Market	Total Direct
Year	Value	Value		Value	Value		Value	Value	Tax Rate
		00 750 000 010		007 500 740		= 000/		05 050 004 040	47.40
2008	1,452,621,579	32,753,008,310	4.44%	207,538,743	2,626,086,500	7.90%	1,660,160,322	35,379,094,810	47.40
2009	1,551,233,656	32,339,226,541	4.80%	243,531,884	2,212,126,019	11.01%	1,794,765,540	34,551,352,560	51.90
2010	1,720,365,297	45,978,771,345	3.74%	234,553,487	2,691,291,572	8.72%	1,954,918,784	48,670,062,917	45.96
2011	1,610,653,303	45,535,333,122	3.54%	222,826,243	2,522,695,723	8.83%	1,833,479,546	48,058,028,845	47.54
2012	1,614,373,168	45,028,233,052	3.59%	185,451,491	2,186,088,790	8.48%	1,799,824,659	47,214,321,842	47.54
2013	1,614,166,744	44,735,468,004	3.61%	210,531,440	2,692,952,990	7.82%	1,824,698,184	47,428,420,994	48.52
2014	1,503,246,950	34,226,412,913	4.39%	197,121,500	2,573,608,850	7.66%	1,700,368,450	36,800,021,763	56.30
2015	1,456,623,792	34,326,777,040	4.24%	224,587,180	2,943,436,442	7.63%	1,681,210,972	37,270,213,482	56.86
2016	1,537,918,460	34,954,579,643	4.40%	243,102,990	3,146,262,710	7.73%	1,781,021,450	38,100,842,353	59.15
2017	1,569,859,790	35,756,421,947	4.39%	258,073,760	3,352,079,267	7.70%	1,827,933,550	39,108,501,214	61.27





Source: Beaufort County Tax Database

# BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA PROPERTY TAX MILLAGES-ALL OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

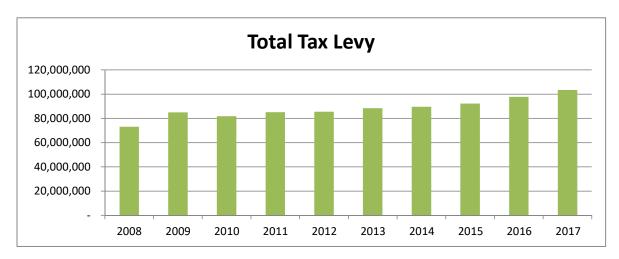
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
County-Wide Levies	·									
County-Operations	38.90	45.50	40.21	40.21	40.21	40.21	46.48	46.48	48.77	50.89
County-Debt Service	5.80	4.00	3.62	4.57	4.57	4.44	5.48	5.48	5.48	5.48
County-Purchase of Real Property Program	2.70	2.40	2.13	2.76	2.76	3.87	4.34	4.90	4.90	4.90
Total Direct Tax Rate	47.40	51.90	45.96	47.54	47.54	48.52	56.30	56.86	59.15	61.27
School-Operations	97.30	102.60	90.26	90.26	90.26	92.26	97.45	103.50	103.50	111.50
School-Operations Surcharge	2.90	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
School-Debt Service	22.60	28.00	24.43	26.33	28.00	28.00	31.71	31.71	31.71	31.71
Indigent Health Care	1.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Continuing Education	3.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<u>Municipal Levies</u>										
City of Beaufort	52.80	52.80	60.62	60.62	60.62	60.62	66.61	72.62	72.61	73.57
Town of Port Royal	74.00	74.00	69.00	69.00	69.00	69.00	69.00	69.00	72.00	72.00
Town of Bluffton	40.00	40.00	38.00	38.00	38.00	38.00	44.35	44.35	44.35	42.35
Town of Hilton Head	19.00	19.36	18.54	18.54	19.33	19.33	20.83	21.35	22.18	22.18
Town of Yemassee	68.00	68.00	70.00	70.00	70.00	70.00	70.00	70.00	70.00	70.00
Fire Levies										
Bluffton Fire-Operation	21.10	22.30	19.67	19.67	19.67	20.49	24.02	24.02	24.02	24.64
Bluffton Fire-Debt Service	0.90	0.40	0.37	0.38	0.38	-	-	-	1.22	1.10
Burton Fire-Operations	55.10	58.10	55.87	55.87	55.87	58.21	60.18	60.18	60.66	62.42
Burton Fire-Debt Service	6.00	5.00	5.53	5.53	5.53	5.53	5.74	5.74	5.26	5.26
Daufuskie Island Fire-Operations	31.50	33.20	30.11	30.71	31.74	33.07	52.57	54.72	56.98	58.44
Daufuskie Island Fire-Debt Service	2.60	2.50	2.23	-	-	-	2.00	2.00	2.00	-
Lady's Island/St. Helena-Operations	30.70	32.40	30.39	31.00	32.04	33.34	34.82	35.94	36.94	37.92
Lady's Island/St. Helena-Debt Service	1.70	1.70	1.50	1.50	1.50	1.50	2.30	2.36	2.20	2.20
Sheldon Fire-Operations	37.00	37.50	32.09	32.22	32.22	33.11	34.53	35.82	36.33	36.86
Sheldon Fire-Debt Services	2.50	2.50	2.14	2.18	2.18	2.18	2.20	2.20	2.20	2.20

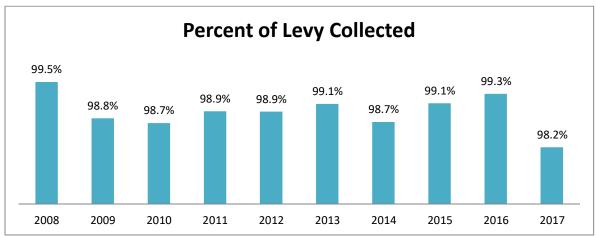
Source: Beaufort County Auditor

#### BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

						Total
		Current	Percent	Collections in	Total	Collections
Fiscal	Total	Tax	of Levy	Subsequent	Tax	As Percent
Year	Levy (1)	Collections	Collected	Years	Collections	of Levy
2008	73,087,091	72,399,594	99.1%	330,913	72,730,507	99.5%
2009	84,939,782	82,472,648	97.1%	1,417,008	83,889,656	98.8%
2010	81,772,052	79,374,355	97.1%	1,305,354	80,679,709	98.7%
2011	85,105,603	82,724,674	97.2%	1,451,021	84,175,695	98.9%
2012	85,514,629	83,110,564	97.2%	1,463,404	84,573,968	98.9%
2013	88,456,976	85,269,158	96.4%	2,355,141	87,624,299	99.1%
2014	89,653,758	87,379,532	97.5%	1,095,086	88,474,618	98.7%
2015	92,202,243	90,049,646	97.7%	1,295,851	91,345,497	99.1%
2016	97,769,937	95,721,602	97.9%	1,332,188	97,053,790	99.3%
2017	103,505,678	101,605,727	98.2%	=	101,605,727	98.2%

(1) - Includes County operations and maintenance levy, purchase of real property program levy, solid waste and recycling program levy, and debt service levy.

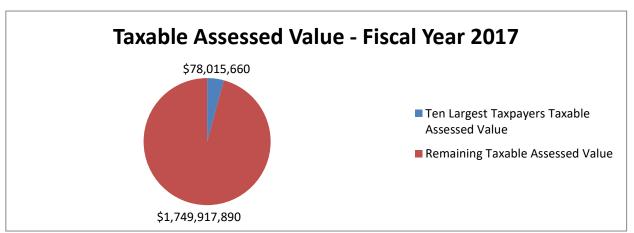


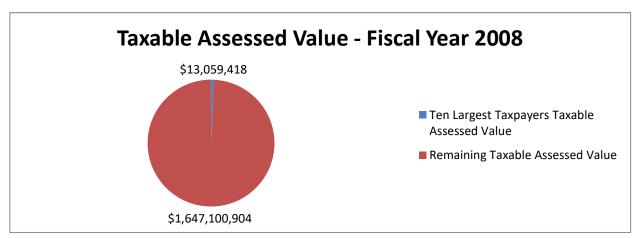


Source: Beaufort County Treasurer

#### BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA TEN LARGEST TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

	20	17 Fiscal	l Year	2008 Fiscal Year				
	Taxable		Percentage		Taxable		Percentage	
	Assessed		of Total		Assessed		of Total	
Taxpayer	Value	Rank	Assessed Value		Value	Rank	Assessed Value	
South Carolina Electric & Gas	\$ 21,324,720	1	1.17%	\$	3,166,870	2	0.19%	
Marriott Ownership Resorts, Inc.	19,134,300	2	1.05%		3,550,827	1	0.21%	
Palmetto Electric Cooperative, Inc.	10,702,290	3	0.59%		1,798,107	3	0.11%	
Bluffton Telephone Company	5,305,990	5	0.29%		N/A		N/A	
Sea Pines Resort LLC	4,778,290	6	0.26%		631,732	8	0.04%	
Columbia Properties Hilton Head LLC	4,764,090	4	0.26%		817,776	5	0.05%	
SCG Hilton Head Property LLC	4,260,000	7	0.23%		740,978	6	0.04%	
Hargray Telephone Company	2,781,270	8	0.15%		818,701	4	0.05%	
COROC/Hilton Head LLC	2,593,890	9	0.14%		407,310	10	0.02%	
Publix Super Market	2,370,820	10			N/A		N/A	
Preserve at Port Royal LLC	N/A		N/A		N/A		N/A	
Greenwood Development Corp.	N/A		N/A		719,415	7	0.04%	
United Telephone Company	N/A		N/A		407,702	9	<u>0.02</u> %	
Total	<u>\$ 78,015,660</u>		<u>4.27%</u>	\$	13,059,418		<u>0.79%</u>	



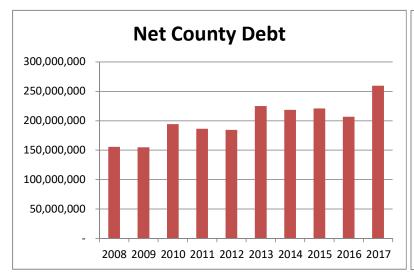


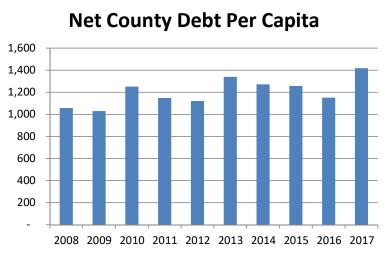
Source: Beaufort County Treasurer

# BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			General			Ratio of Net	Net
Fiscal	Estimated	Assessed	Obligation	Less: Debt	Net	County Debt to	County Debt
Year	Population (1)	Value	Bonds	Service Funds	County Debt	Assessed Value	Per Capita
2008	147,316	1,660,160,322	177,515,000	21,807,616	155,707,384	9.38%	1,057
2009	150,415	1,794,765,540	159,305,000	4,361,432	154,943,568	8.63%	1,030
2010	155,215	1,954,918,784	201,355,000	7,107,378	194,247,622	9.94%	1,251
2011	162,233	1,833,479,546	200,555,000	14,234,168	186,320,832	10.16%	1,148
2012	164,684	1,799,824,659	190,915,000	6,428,998	184,486,002	10.25%	1,120
2013	168,049	1,824,698,184	235,811,387	10,729,541	225,081,846	12.34%	1,339
2014	171,838	1,700,368,450	228,837,985	10,426,750	218,411,235	12.84%	1,271
2015	175,852	1,681,210,972	233,933,174	12,920,104	221,013,070	13.15%	1,257
2016	179,589	1,781,021,450	219,434,622	12,640,471	206,794,151	11.61%	1,151
2017	183,149	1,827,933,550	283,501,455	23,799,011	259,702,444	14.21%	1,418

(1) - Source: U.S. Census Bureau





#### BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA COMPUTATION OF LEGAL DEBT MARGIN June 30, 2017

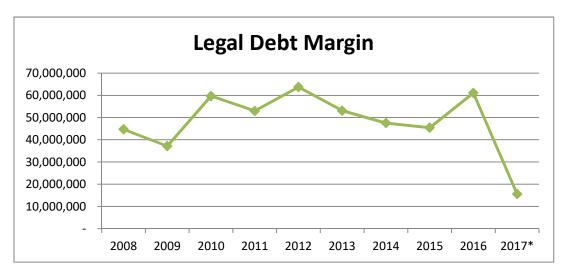
Assessed Value - 2016 Tax Year (Fiscal Year 2017)	\$ 1,827,933,550
	x 8%
Constitutional Debt Limit	146,234,684
Outstanding Subject to Debt Limit	130,644,358
Legal Debt Limit Remaining Without a Referendum	\$ 15,590,326

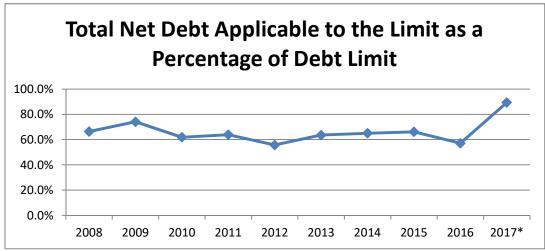
Total Outstanding General Obligation Debt	\$ 283,501,455
Less General Obligation Debt Issued Under Referendum	(97,498,831)
Less General Obligation Debt Issued Paid by Other Sources	(35,307,634)
Less Premiums related to General Obligation Debt	(16,050,632)
Less Mortgage secured by real estate	(4,000,000)
Total Outstanding Debt Subject to Debt Limit	\$ 130,644,358

#### BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA LEGAL DEBT MARGIN DETAIL LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

				Total Net Debt
				Applicable to
		Total Net Debt	Legal	the Limit as a
Fiscal	Debt	Applicable to	Debt	Percentage of
Year	Limit	Debt Limit	Margin	Debt Limit
2008	132,812,826	88,104,325	44,708,501	66.3%
2009	143,581,243	106,425,458	37,155,785	74.1%
2010	156,393,503	96,733,089	59,660,414	61.9%
2011	146,678,364	93,722,603	52,955,761	63.9%
2012	143,985,973	80,253,597	63,732,376	55.7%
2013	145,975,855	92,854,428	53,121,427	63.6%
2014	136,029,476	88,506,497	47,522,979	65.1%
2015	134,496,878	89,034,715	45,462,163	66.2%
2016	142,481,716	81,400,573	61,081,143	57.1%
2017*	146,234,684	130,644,358	15,590,326	89.3%

<sup>\*</sup> GO BAN in the amount of \$30.25 million issued for Hurricane Matthew disaster related expenses.





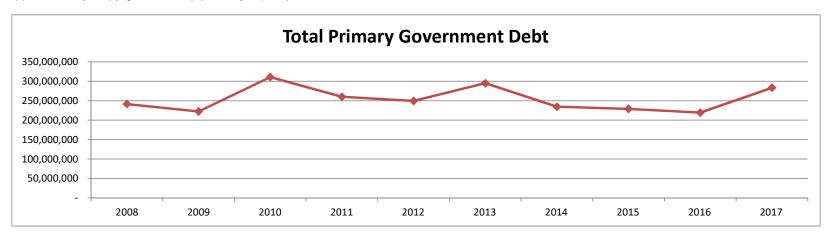
#### BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Business-Type

			Governmental Activities			Activities					
											Total
			TIF				Total				Primary
		General	Revenue				Primary	Per Capita	Estimated	Percentage of	Government
Fiscal	Estimated	Obligation	Bonds	Capital		Note	Government	Personal	Total Personal	Total	Debt
Year	Population (1)	Bonds	and BANs	Leases	Mortgage	Payable	Debt	Income (1)	Income (2)	Personal Income	Per Capita
2008	147,316	177,515,000	63,190,000	240,588	-	382,191	241,327,779	44,191	6,510,041,356	3.71%	1,638
2009	150,415	159,305,000	62,760,000	210,091	-	-	222,275,091	42,918	6,455,510,970	3.44%	1,478
2010	155,215	201,355,000	109,330,000	178,390	-	-	310,863,390	41,662	6,466,567,330	4.81%	2,003
2011	162,233	200,555,000	59,715,000	-	-	-	260,270,000	43,584	7,070,763,072	3.68%	1,604
2012	164,684	190,915,000	58,470,000	-	-	-	249,385,000	45,122	7,430,871,448	3.36%	1,514
2013	168,049	235,811,387	59,410,000	-	-	-	295,221,387	45,222	7,599,511,878	3.88%	1,757
2014	171,838	228,837,985	5,685,000	-	-	-	234,522,985	46,137	7,928,089,806	2.96%	1,365
2015	175,852	220,921,444	5,767,750	2,148,791	-	-	228,837,985	47,051	8,274,012,452	2.77%	1,301
2016	179,589	227,555,765	4,586,750	1,790,659	-	-	219,434,622	47,982	8,617,039,398	2.55%	1,222
2017	183,149	249,251,455	30,250,000	-	4,000,000	-	283,501,455	48,134	8,815,693,966	3.22%	1,548

(1) - Source: U.S. Census Bureau

(2) - Calculated by multiplying the estimated population by the per capita income.



# BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT June 30, 2017

			Percentage		
	Gross		Applicable		Amount
			to Beaufort	A	Applicable to
	De	bt Outstanding	County	Ве	eaufort County
Beaufort County School District	\$	336,493,177	100%	\$	336,493,177
City of Beaufort		11,480,000	100%		11,480,000
Town of Bluffton		15,528,284	100%		15,528,284
Town of Hilton Head		114,880,000	100%		114,880,000
Town of Port Royal		640,881	100%		640,881
Broad Creek Public Service District		-	* 100%		-
Fripp Island Public Service District		-	* 100%		-
Hilton Head No. 1 Public Service District		13,460,389	100%		13,460,389
Burton Fire District		1,382,938	100%		1,382,938
Bluffton Fire District		7,682,420	100%		7,682,420
Lady's Island/St. Helena Island Fire District		5,440,000	100%		5,440,000
Sheldon Fire District		293,077	100%		293,077
Subtotal of Overlapping Debt		507,281,166			507,281,166
Beaufort County Direct Debt					283,501,455
Total of Direct and Overlapping Debt				\$	790,782,621

Source: Debt outstanding provided by each governmental unit.

#### \* Data not available

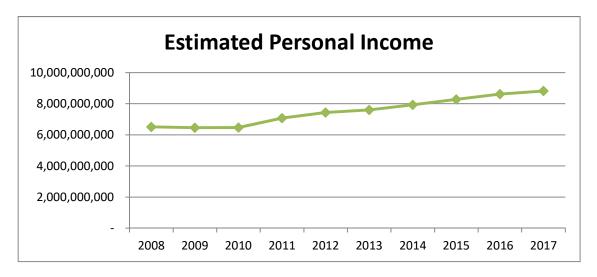
Note: As all of this debt is within Beaufort County, the percentage of applicable debt to the County is 100%. This process recognizes that, when considering the County's ability to issue long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore, responsible for repaying debt of each overlapping government.

# BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Per Capita	Estimated		
Fiscal	Estimated	Personal	Personal	Unemployment	Unemployment
Year	Population (1) Income (1)		Income	Margin	Rate (2)
2008	147,316	44,191	6,510,041,356	103,125	2.1%
2009	150,415	42,918	6,455,510,970	107,497	4.3%
2010	155,215	41,662	6,466,567,330	113,553	5.2%
2011	162,233	43,584	7,070,763,072	118,649	9.1%
2012	164,684	45,122	7,430,871,448	119,562	8.8%
2013	168,049	45,222	7,599,511,878	122,827	8.8%
2014	171,838	46,137	7,928,089,806	125,701	7.9%
2015	175,852	47,051	8,274,012,452	128,801	5.6%
2016	179,589	47,982	8,617,039,398	131,607	5.0%
2017	183,149	48,134	8,815,693,966	135,015	4.0%

(1) - Source: United States Census Bureau

(2) - Source: United States Department of Labor - Bureau of Labor Statistics



### BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS

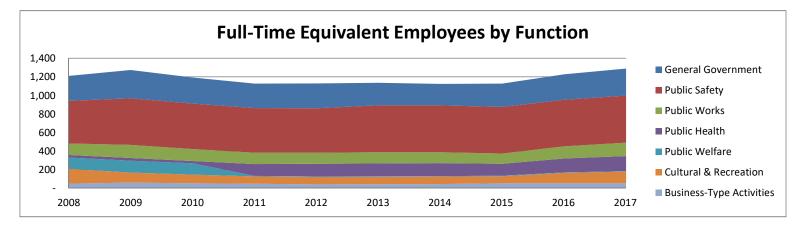
		2017		2008			
			Percentage			Percentage	
		of Total					
			County			County	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment	
Beaufort County School District	2,555	*	*	2,379	1	20.3%	
Beaufort Memorial Hospital	*	*	*	1,750	2	10.5%	
Beaufort County	1,289	*	*	1,209	3	7.0%	
Marine Corp Community Services	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Publix Super Markets, Inc.	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Sea Pines Resort	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Wal-Mart Associates, Inc.	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Tenet Physician Services of Hilton Head	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Care Core National, LLC	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Department of Defense	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Cypress Club, Inc.	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Hargray Communications Group, Inc.	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Lowes Home Centers, Inc.	*	*	*	*	*	*	
Marriott Resorts Hosp. Corp.	*	*	*	*	*	*	

<sup>\*</sup> Specific information related to those employers was deemed confidential by the South Carolina Department of Employment & Workforce.

#### BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

<u>-</u>	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
General Government	268	304	281	264	266	244	232	252	275	291
Public Safety	458	503	490	480	479	505	505	501	501	507
Public Works	125	141	130	123	120	120	117	111	130	145
Public Health	27	28	24	127	136	138	140	127	150	161
Public Welfare	122	128	121	6	6	6	5	6	6	6
Cultural & Recreation	159	109	93	79	79	80	81	76	111	126
Business-Type Activities	50	60	54	48	42	43	44	54	54	53
Total Full-Time Employees	1,209	1,273	1,193	1,127	1,128	1,136	1,124	1,127	1,227	1,289

Source: Beaufort County Employee Services



#### BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
General Government									<del>.</del>	<u> </u>
Number of Parcels Owned	199	202	219	225	234	245	249	284	293	299
Acreage of County-Owned Land	11,319	11,728	11,872	11,968	13,739	15,161	15,247	15,344	15,682	15,890
Miles of Paved (Maintained) Road	171	182	194	197	200	202	205	208	211	211
,										
Miles of Unimproved Road	304	131 313	112	109	<u>106</u> 306	104	101	98 306	95	95 306
Total Miles of Road	304	313	306	306	306	306	306	306	306	306
Number of Vehicles	30	33	50	34	39	59	47	48	56	58
Public Safety										
Number of Vehicles	312	349	323	347	345	388	388	387	377	408
Public Works										
Number of Vehicles	90	86	93	93	90	92	91	89	98	105
Public Health										
Number of Vehicles	62	59	58	59	57	63	60	63	70	71
Public Welfare										
Number of Vehicles	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3	3	5
Cultural & Recreation	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000	000
Total Acreage of Parks and Leisure Service-Owned Land	930	930	930	930	930	930	930	930	930	930
Number of Community Centers	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
Number of Playgrounds	19	19	19	19	20	20	20	20	20	20
Number of Football Fields	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Number of Gymnasiums	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Number of Basketball Courts	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
Number of Tennis Courts	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21
Number of Baseball/Softball Fields	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34
Number of Soccer Fields	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	23
Number of Passive Parks	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Number of Racquetball Courts	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Number of Fitness Centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Number of Boat Landings	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
Number of Vehicles	31	28	28	27	28	31	31	31	31	31

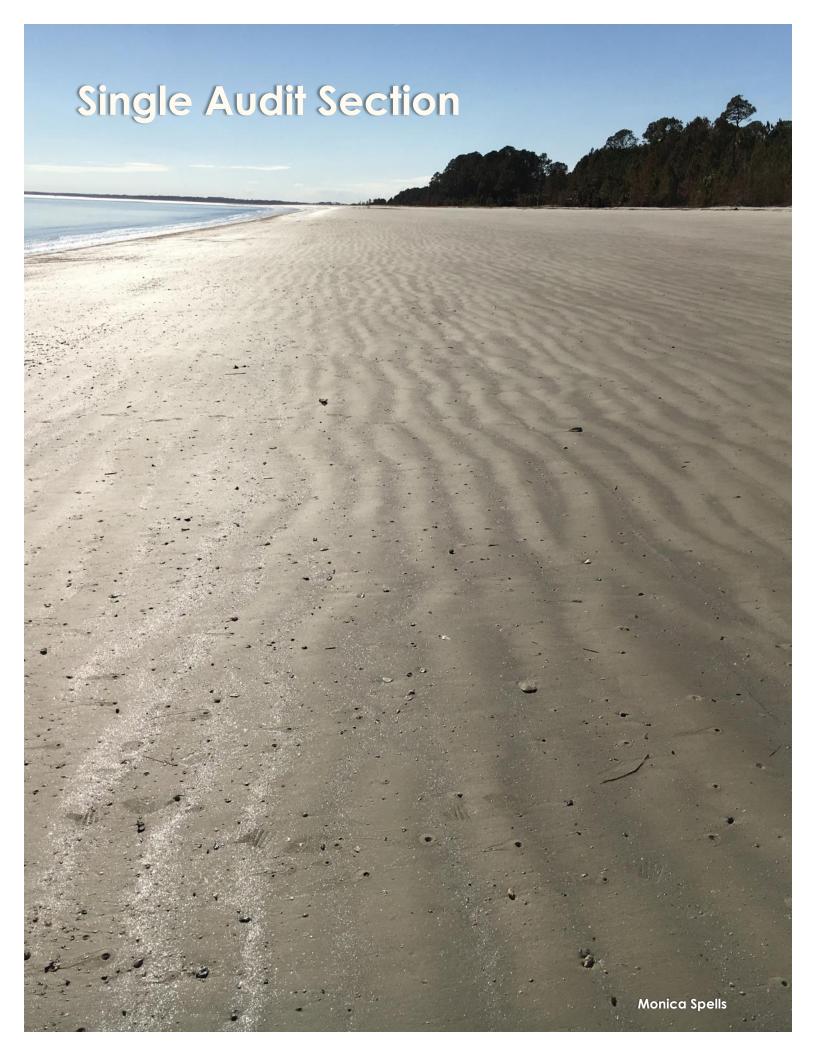
Source: Beaufort County

### BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Law Enforcement (1) Number of Warrants Number of Calls Responded to Number of Vehicle Moving Violations Cited	5,533 242,320 22,273	5,118 286,489 75,180	3,555 304,634 18,248	3,548 303,717 27,740	4,112 316,297 29,943	3,993 308,224 22,468	3,230 273,768 16,543	5,734 233,409 15,092	5,573 238,374 19,751	5,649 245,981 20,382
Emergency Medical Services (1) Number of Calls Responded to	14,785	14,825	15,829	15,207	13,799	12,744	14,906	14,350	15,121	N/A
Fire Departments (1)  Number of Calls Responded to - Beaufort Fire Department  Number of Calls Responded to - Lady's Island Fire Department  Number of Calls Responded to - Burton Fire Department  Number of Calls Responded to - Sheldon Fire Department  Number of Calls Responded to - Fripp Island Fire Department  Number of Calls Responded to - Bluffton Fire Department  Total Number of Calls Responded to - Bluffton Fire Department	2,850 2,099 2,913 693 216 3,893 12,664	2,926 2,133 3,135 686 199 4,106	2,917 2,152 3,152 663 225 4,275	2,917 2,395 3,148 794 198 4,704 14,156	3,042 2,541 3,266 842 195 4,886	3,192 2,666 3,588 866 252 5,188 15,752	2,883 2,755 3,907 982 290 5,382	2,816 2,741 N/A 648 N/A 4,757	2,983 2,676 N/A 786 N/A 5,053	N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A
Registered Voters (2) Beaufort County State of South Carolina	90,887 2,553,923	91,619 2,543,914	94,143 2,584,503	98,145 2,677,766	100,320 2,722,280	111,168 2,932,402	100,320 2,722,287	101,761 2,948,772	113,271 3,153,521	115,600 3,196,012

N/A - Information Not Available

<sup>(1) -</sup> Source: Beaufort County (2) - Source: South Carolina State Election Commission



#### BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Federal CFDA Project / Award Number Number		Federal Award Expended	Passed Through to Subrecipients	
Child Nutrition Cluster			·	· · ·	
U.S. Department of Agriculture					
Passed through SC Department of Education					
Summer Food Service Program	10.559	SF-6373	\$ 97,490	\$ -	
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development					
HOME Investments Partnership Program - Lowcountry Regional HOME Consortium	14.239	M17-DC-45-0210	600,840	600,840	
U.S. Department of Justice	40.000	004C AD DV 070E	44.005		
State Criminal Alien Assistance Program	16.606	2016-AP-BX-0705	44,685		
JAG Program Cluster					
U.S. Department of Justice					
BJA Fiscal Year 14 Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant (JAG) Program: Local	16.738	2014-DJ-BX-0724	13,387	_	
BJA Fiscal Year 15 Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant (JAG) Program: Local	16.738	2015-DJ-BX-0745	47,682	_	
BJA Fiscal Year 16 Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant (JAG) Program: Local	16.738	2016-DJ-BX-0555	54,160	_	
Total JAG Program Cluster	10.730	2010-D3-DX-0000	115,229		
Total SAOT Togram Gluster			110,220		
DNA Backlog Reduction Program U.S. Department of Justice					
NIJ Fiscal Year 16 DNA Capacity Enhancement and Backlog Reduction Program	16.741	2016-DN-BX-0075	135,000	-	
Total DNA Backlog Reduction Program			135,000		
U.S. Department of Transportation					
Direct Programs:					
Federal Aviation Administration, Airport Improvement Programs					
Lady's Island Airport, Conduct Environmental Assessment and Remove Obstructions (Design)	20.106	3-45-0008-012-2015	76,119		
	20.100	3-43-0006-012-2013	70,119	-	
Hilton Head Island Airport, Rehabiliate Apron and Remove Obstructions	20.106	3-45-0030-031-2011	65,098	_	
Hilton Head Island Airport, Relocate Taxiway A & F, Improve Airport Drainage Study, and Remove			,		
Obstructions - Environmental Assessment and ATCT Line of Sight (Design)	20.106	3-45-0030-035-2014	38,825	-	
Hilton Head Island Airport, Relocate Taxiway A, Expand GA Apron, Remove Obstructions and					
Acquire Land	20.106	3-45-0030-037-2015	3,621,974	-	
Hilton Head Island Airport, Acquire Land, Runway Object Free Areas (OFA) and Taxiway A					
Relocation	20.106	3-45-0030-038-2016	1,000,000		
Hilton Head Island Airport, Runway 21 Extension, Taxiway F Infield Drainage Improvements and					
Mitigation, Runway 21 EMAS, Runway 03 Extension	20.106	3-45-0030-039-2016	4,851,263		
Total Airport Improvement Program			9,653,279		
Tourist Our land December Objects					
Transit Services Programs Cluster					
U.S. Department of Transportation - Federal Transit Administration  Passed through SC Department of Transportation					
Enhanced Mobility of Seniors and Individuals with Disabilities	20.513	PT-75510-83	50,000	_	
Total Transit Services Programs Cluster	20.010	1 1-73310-03	50,000		
Total Transit Services Frograms Gluster			30,000		
U.S. Department of Transportation					
South Carolina Emergency Management Division					
Hazardous Materials Emergency Preparedness Planning Grant	20.703	HM-HMP-0566-16-01	8,992	_	
Figure 2000 Materials Entergency i repairedness i fallilling Orant	20.100	1 11VI-1 11VII -0000-10-01	0,332		
U.S. Department of Transportion					
Office of the Secretary (OST) Administration Secretariate					
TIGER Discretionary Grant Program - National Infrastructure Investments					
Passed through SC Department of Transportation					
FY 2012 TIGER III Boundary Street Redevelopment	20.933	TR3-20	4,617,292		

#### BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Federal CFDA Number	Project / Award Number	Federal Award Expended	Passed Through to Subrecipients
Institute of Museums and Library Services			'	-
Passed through South Carolina State Library				
Library Services and Technology Act - Summer Reading Grant	45.310	LS-00-15-0041-15 IID-15-102	992	-
Library Services and Technology Act - Kajeet Smartspot Education Broadband	45.310	LS-00-16-0041-16 IID-16-01	20,339	
Library Services and Technology Act - Summer Youth Reading Grant	45.310	LS-00-16-0041-16 IID-16-107	1,000	
Library Services and Technology Act - CE Conference Attendance ABOS - Brewer	45.310	LS-00-16-0041-16 IIIA-16-03 LS-00-16-0041-16	944	
Library Services and Technology Act - CE Conference Attend - Inman - Intro to Lib Mgmt online	45.310	IIIA-16-07	200	
Total Pass-Through South Carolina State Library			23,475	
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services  Passed through SC Department of Social Services				
Child Support Enforcement IV-D Transaction Reimbursement	93.563	C17007C	164,926	-
Child Support Enforcement IV-D Incentive Payments	93.563	C17007C	59,673	-
Child Support Enforcement IV-D Service of Process Payments	93.563	C17007C	17,705	-
Child Support Enforcement IV-D Filing Fees	93.563	C17007C	21,648	
Total Child Support Enforcement			263,952	
Medicaid Cluster  U.S. Department of Health and Human Services  Passed through SC Health and Human Services Finance Commission  Collaborator / Coordinator - Medicaid Contract	93.778	A20170545A	93,706	
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services  Passed through SC Department of Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse Services (SC DAODAS)  SC DAODAS Block Grant  SAPT BG Assessment  SAPT BG SynarYouth Tobacco Buys  Total Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment (SAPT) Pass-Through from SC DAODAS	93.959 93.959 93.959	BEA-BG-17 BEA-BG-17 BEA-BG-17	424,074 12,480 1,557 438,111	- - - - -
U.S. Department of Homeland Security				
Passed through the Office of the SC Adjutant General	07.040	45EMD004	44.075	
Fiscal Year 2015 Local Emergency Management Performance Grant Fiscal Year 2016 Local Emergency Management Performance Grant	97.042 97.042	15EMPG01 16EMPG01	11,975 51,768	-
Total Local Emergency Management Performance	97.042	TOLIMF GOT	63,743	
U.S. Department of Homeland Security Federal Emergency Management Agency				
Fiscal Year 2015 Assistance to Firefighters Grant	97.044	EMW-2015-FO-03204	306,819	
Homeland Security Cluster U.S. Department of Homeland Security Passed through SC Law Enforcement Division				
Low Country Regional Medical Assistance Team - Beaufort	97.067	15SHSP26	40,000	-
Low Country Regional Medical Assistance Team - Beaufort	97.067	16SHSP33	25,411	-
Low Country Regional WMD Bomb Team - Beaufort	97.067	16SHSP04	3,784	-
Low Country Regional WMD SWAT Team - Beaufort	97.067	16SHSP11	39,343	
Total Homeland Security Cluster			108,538	
U.S. Department of Homeland Security Transportation Security Administration				
Law Enforcement Officer Reimbursement Agreement Program	97.090	HSTS0216HSLR742	50,400	
Grand Total of Fiscal Year 2017 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards			<u>\$ 16,671,551</u>	\$ 600,840

### BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2017

#### Note 1 - Basis of presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Beaufort County, South Carolina, (the "County") for the year ended June 30, 2017 and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

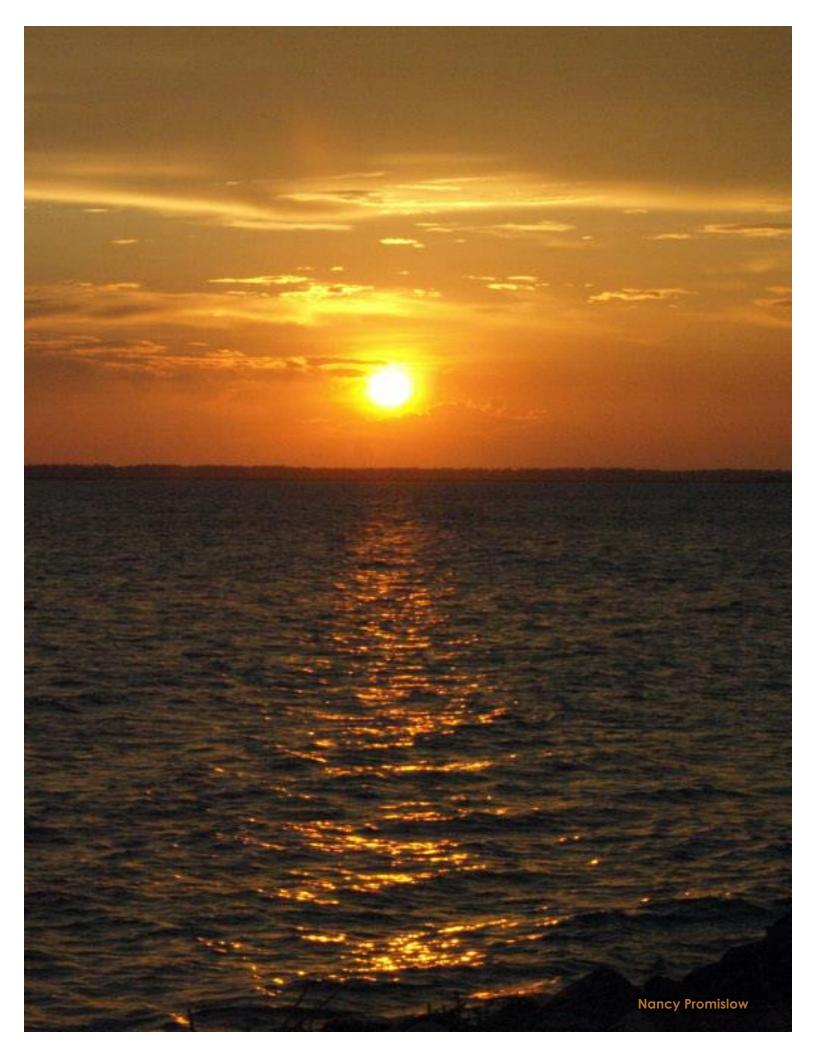
The information in the schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards. Therefore, some amounts presented in the schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

#### Note 2 - De Minimis Indirect Cost Rate

The County has elected not to use the ten percent de minimis indirect cost rate for the year ended June 30, 2017.

#### Note 3 - Non-Cash Awards

The County did not receive non-cash federal awards during the year ended June 30, 2017.





# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

County Council
of Beaufort County
Beaufort, South Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Beaufort County, South Carolina (the "County"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Beaufort County, South Carolina's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated June 26, 2018.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

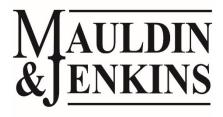
As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mauldin & Jerkins, LLC

Macon, Georgia June 26, 2018



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

County Council
of Beaufort County
Beaufort, South Carolina

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Beaufort County, South Carolina's (the "County") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017. The County's major federal program is identified in the summary of audit results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the County's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2017.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for the major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC

Macon, Georgia June 26, 2018

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#### **BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA**

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

#### SECTION I SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

<u>Financial Statements</u>				
Type of auditor's report issued	Unmodified			
Internal control over financial reporting:				
Material weaknesses identified?	Yes <u>X</u> No			
Significant deficiencies identified not considered				
to be material weaknesses?	Yes <u>X</u> None Re	eported		
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes <u>X</u> No			
<u>Federal Awards</u>				
Internal control over major programs:				
Material weaknesses identified?	Yes <u>X</u> No			
Significant deficiencies identified not considered				
to be material weaknesses?	Yes <u>X</u> No			
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major	programs Unmodified			
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be rep	orted in			
accordance with Uniform Guidance	Yes <u>X</u> No			
Identification of major programs:				
CFDA Number	Name of Federal Program or Cluster			
20.933	U.S. Department of Transportation –			
20.000	T.I.G.E.R Discretionary Grant Program			
20.106	U.S. Department of Transportation –			
20.100	Airport Improvement Program			
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A ar	nd Type B programs: \$750,000			
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes <u>X</u> No			

#### **BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA**

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

### SECTION II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

None reported.

SECTION III
FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None reported.

#### **BEAUFORT COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA**

#### SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

### SECTION IV SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

#### 2016-001 Amortization of Bond Premiums/Discounts

**Criteria:** Generally accepted accounting principles require bond premiums to be amortized under the effective interest method.

**Condition:** The County has historically amortized bond premiums under the straight-line method rather than the effective interest method.

**Context:** We addressed this matter with County officials and they were able to determine the appropriate amount of bond premiums required to be amortized under the effective interest method.

Status: Resolved.



